REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

DIVISION OF REVENUE BILL

(As introduced in the National Assembly (proposed section 76); explanatory summary of Bill published in Government Gazette No. 37337 of 21 February 2014)

(The English text is the official text of the Bill)

(MINISTER OF FINANCE)

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BILL

To provide for the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government for the 2014/15 financial year, the determination of each province's equitable share and allocations to provinces, local government and municipalities from national government's share and the responsibilities of all three spheres pursuant to such division and allocations; and to provide for matters connected therewith.

PREAMBLE

WHEREAS section 214(1) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, requires an Act of Parliament to provide for—

- (a) the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government;
- (b) the determination of each province's equitable share of the provincial share of that revenue; and
- (c) any other allocations to provinces, local government or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue, and any conditions on which those allocations may be made;

WHEREAS section 7(3) of the Money Bills Amendment Procedure and Related Matters Act, 2009 (Act No. 9 of 2009), requires the introduction of the Division of Revenue Bill at the same time as the Appropriation Bill is introduced,

B E IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:—

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CHAPTER 1

INTERPRETATION AND OBJECTS OF ACT

Interpretation

1. (1) In this Act, unless the context indicates otherwise, any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Public Finance Management Act or the 10 Municipal Finance Management Act has the meaning assigned to it in the Act in question, and-

"accreditation" means accreditation of a municipality, in terms of section 10(2) of the Housing Act, 1997 (Act No. 107 of 1997), to administer national housing programmes, read with Part 3 of the National Housing Code, 2009 (Financial 15 Interventions: Accreditation of Municipalities);

"allocation" means the equitable share allocation to the national sphere of government in Schedule 1, a province in Schedule 2 or a municipality in Schedule 3, or a conditional allocation;

"category A, B or C municipality" means a category A, B or C municipality 20 envisaged in section 155(1) of the Constitution;

"conditional allocation" means an allocation to a province or municipality from the national government's share of revenue raised nationally, envisaged in section 214(1)(c) of the Constitution, as set out in Schedule 4, 5, 6 or 7;

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"Constitution" means the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996; "corporation for public deposits account" means a bank account of the Provincial Revenue Fund held with the Corporation for Public Deposits, established by the Corporation for Public Deposits Act, 1984 (Act No. 46 of 1984);

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"Education Infrastructure Grant" means the Education Infrastructure Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 4;

"financial year" means, in relation to—

(a) a national or provincial department, the year ending 31 March; or

(b) a municipality, the year ending 30 June;

"framework" means the conditions and other information in respect of a conditional allocation published in terms of section 16 or 26;

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"Health Facility Revitalisation Grant" means the Health Facility Revitalisation Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 5;

"Human Settlements Development Grant" means the Human Settlements Development Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 5;

"Integrated City Development Grant" means the Integrated City Development 40 Grant referred to in Part B of Schedule 4;

"Integrated National Electrification Programme Grant" means the Integrated National Electrification Programme Grant referred to in Part B of Schedule 5 or Part B of Schedule 6;

"legislation" means national legislation or provincial legislation as defined in 45 section 239 of the Constitution;

"level one accreditation" means accreditation to render beneficiary management, subsidy budget planning and allocation, and priority programme management and administration, of national housing programmes;

"level three accreditation" means an executive assignment to administer all 50 aspects, including financial administration, of national housing programmes;

"level two accreditation" means accreditation to render full programme management and administration of all housing instruments and national housing programmes in addition to the responsibilities under a level one accreditation;

"medium term expenditure framework" means a budgeting framework applied	
 by the National Treasury which— (a) translates government policies and plans into a multi-year spending plan; and (b) promotes transparency, accountability and effective public financial management; 	5
"metropolitan municipality" means a metropolitan municipality as defined in	
section 1 of the Municipal Structures Act; "Municipal Finance Management Act" means the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003);	
"Municipal Structures Act," means the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No. 117 of 1998);	10
"Municipal Systems Act" means the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act,	
2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000);	
"Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant" means the Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant referred to in Part B of Schedule 5 or Part B of Schedule 6;	15
"organ of state" means an organ of state as defined in section 239 of the	
Constitution;	
"overpayment" means the transfer of more than the allocated amount of an allocation or the transfer of an allocation not in accordance with a payment	20
schedule;	
"payment schedule" means a schedule which sets out—	
(a) the amount of each transfer of an equitable share or any conditional allocation in terms of this Act to be transferred to a province or municipality in the	
2014/15 financial year;	25
(b) the date on which each transfer must be paid; and	
(c) to whom, and to which bank account, each transfer must be paid;	
"prescribe" means prescribe by regulation in terms of section 38;	
"primary bank account" in relation to—	20
(a) a province, means a bank account of the Provincial Revenue Fund, envisaged in section 21(2) of the Public Finance Management Act and which the accounting officer of the provincial treasury has certified to the National	30
Treasury; or	
(b) a municipality, means the bank account of the municipality as determined in	
terms of section 8 of the Municipal Finance Management Act; "Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant" means the Provincial Roads Mainte-	35
nance Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 4;	
"Public Finance Management Act" means the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999);	
"Public Transport Infrastructure Grant" means the Public Transport Infrastruc-	40
ture Grant referred to in Part B of Schedule 5; "Public Transport Network Operations Grant" means the Public Transport	
Network Operations Grant referred to in Part B of Schedule 5;	
"Public Transport Operations Grant" means the Public Transport Operations	
Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 4;	45
"quarter" means, in relation to—	
(a) a national or provincial department, the period from—	
(i) 1 April to 30 June;(ii) 1 July to 30 September;	
(iii) 1 October to 31 December; or	50
(iv) 1 January to 31 March; or	50
(b) a municipality—	
(i) 1 July to 30 September;	
(ii) 1 October to 31 December;	
(iii) 1 January to 31 March; or	55
(iv) 1 April to 30 June;	

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"receiving officer" means, in relation to— (a) a Schedule 4, 5 or 7 allocation transferred to a province, the accounting officer of the provincial department which receives that allocation or a portion	
thereof for expenditure via an appropriation from its Provincial Revenue Fund; or (b) a Schedule 4, 5 or 7 allocation transferred to a municipality, the accounting	5
officer of the municipality; "receiving provincial department" in relation to a Schedule 4, 5 or 7 allocation transferred to a province, means the provincial department which receives that allocation or a portion thereof for expenditure via an appropriation from its Provincial Revenue Fund;	10
"School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant" means the School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 6; "Technical Secondary Schools Recapitalisation Grant" means the Technical Secondary Schools Recapitalisation Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 5; "this Act" includes any framework or allocation published, or any regulation made, in terms of this Act;	15
"transferring national officer" means the accounting officer of a national department that transfers a Schedule 4, 5 or 7 allocation to a province or municipality or spends a Schedule 6 allocation on behalf of a province or municipality;	20
"Urban Settlements Development Grant" means the Urban Settlements Development Grant referred to in Part B of Schedule 4. (2) Any approval, certification, decision, determination, instruction, notification, notice or request in terms of this Act must be in writing.	25
Objects of Act	
 2. The objects of this Act are— (a) as required by section 214(1) of the Constitution, to provide for— (i) the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the three spheres of government; (ii) the determination of each province's equitable share of the provincial share of that revenue; 	30
 (iii) other allocations to provinces, local government or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue and conditions on which those allocations are made; (b) to promote predictability and certainty in respect of all allocations to 	35
provinces and municipalities, in order that provinces and municipalities may plan their budgets over a multi-year period and thereby promote better coordination between policy, planning and budgeting; and (c) promote transparency and accountability in the resource allocation process, by ensuring that all allocations, except Schedule 6 allocations, are reflected on the budgets of provinces and municipalities and the expenditure of conditional allocations is reported on by the receiving provincial departments and municipalities.	40
CHAPTER 2	45
EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS	
Equitable division of revenue raised nationally among spheres of government	
3. (1) Revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2014/15 financial year must be	

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divided among the national, provincial and local spheres of government for their equitable share allocations as set out in Column A of Schedule 1.

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(2) An envisaged division of revenue anticipated to be raised in respect of the 2015/16 financial year and the 2016/17 financial year, and which is subject to the provisions of the annual Division of Revenue Acts for those financial years, is set out in Column B of Schedule 1.

Equitable division of provincial share among provinces

- 4. (1) Each province's equitable share of the provincial share of revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2014/15 financial year is set out in Column A of Schedule 2.
- (2) An envisaged division for each province of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally in respect of the 2015/16 financial year and the 2016/17 financial year, and which is subject to the annual Division of Revenue Acts for those financial years, is set out in Column B of Schedule 2.
- (3) The National Treasury must transfer each province's equitable share allocation referred to in subsection (1) to the corporation for public deposits account of the province in accordance with the payment schedule determined in terms of section 23.

Equitable division of local government share among municipalities

- 5. (1) Each municipality's share of local government's equitable share of revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2014/15 financial year is set out in Column A of Schedule 3.
- (2) An envisaged division between municipalities of revenue anticipated to be raised 15 nationally in respect of the 2015/16 financial year and the 2016/17 financial year, and which is subject to the annual Division of Revenue Acts for those financial years, is set out in Column B of Schedule 3.
- (3) The National Treasury must transfer each municipality's equitable share referred to in subsection (1) to the primary bank account of the municipality in three transfers on 20 4 July 2014, 28 November 2014 and 20 March 2015, in accordance with the payment schedule determined in terms of section 23.

Shortfalls and excess revenue

- 6. (1) If the actual revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2014/15 financial year falls short of the anticipated revenue set out in Column A of Schedule 1, the national 25 government bears the shortfall.
- (2) If the actual revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2014/15 financial year exceeds the anticipated revenue set out in Column A of Schedule 1, the excess accrues to the national government, and may be used to reduce borrowing or pay debt as part of its share of revenue raised nationally.
- (3) A portion of national government's equitable share or excess revenue envisaged in subsection (2), may be appropriated through the applicable legislation envisaged in section 12 of the Money Bills Amendment Procedure and Related Matters Act, 2009 (Act No. 9 of 2009), to make further allocations to—
 - (a) national departments; or
 - (b) provinces or municipalities, as a conditional or an unconditional allocation.

CHAPTER 3

CONDITIONAL ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES AND MUNICIPALITIES

Part 1

Conditional allocations

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Conditional allocations to provinces

- 7. (1) Conditional allocations to provinces for the 2014/15 financial year from the national government's share of revenue raised nationally are set out in-
 - (a) Part A of Schedule 4, specifying allocations to provinces to supplement the funding of programmes or functions funded from provincial budgets;
 - (b) Part A of Schedule 5, specifying specific-purpose allocations to provinces;
 - (c) Part A of Schedule 6, specifying allocations-in-kind to provinces for designated special programmes; and
 - (d) Part A of Schedule 7, specifying funds that are not allocated to specific provinces, that may be released to provinces to fund immediate disaster 50 response.

(2) An envisaged division of conditional allocations to provinces from the national government's share of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally for the 2015/16 financial year and the 2016/17 financial year, which is subject to the annual Division of Revenue Acts for those years, is set out in Column B of the Schedules referred to in subsection (1).

Conditional allocations to municipalities

- **8.** (1) Conditional allocations to local government in respect of the 2014/15 financial year from the national government's share of revenue raised nationally are set out in—
 - (a) Part B of Schedule 4, specifying allocations to municipalities to supplement the funding of functions funded from municipal budgets;
 - (b) Part B of Schedule 5, specifying specific-purpose allocations to municipalities:
 - (c) Part B of Schedule 6, specifying allocations-in-kind to municipalities for designated special programmes; and
 - (d) Part B of Schedule 7, specifying funds that are not allocated to specific 15 municipalities, that may be released to municipalities to fund immediate disaster response.
- (2) An envisaged division of conditional allocations to local government from the national government's share of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally for the 2015/16 financial year and the 2016/17 financial year, which is subject to the annual 20 Division of Revenue Acts for those years, is set out in Column B of the Schedules referred to in subsection (1).
- (3) If approved by the National Treasury after consultation with the national Department of Transport, allocations for specific transport contracts for capital projects from the envisaged conditional allocations for the Public Transport Infrastructure Grant 25 listed in Column B of Part B of Schedule 5, may not be altered downwards in the Division of Revenue Acts for the 2015/16 financial year and 2016/17 financial year.
- (4) (a) A municipality may only with the approval of the National Treasury pledge, offer as security or commit to a person or institution any envisaged conditional allocation to the municipality for the 2015/16 financial year and the 2016/17 financial 30 year, for the purpose of securing a loan or any other form of financial or other support from that person or institution.
 - (b) Before making a decision, the National Treasury must—
 - (i) notify the relevant transferring national officer of the approval sought by a
 municipality and that the officer may submit comment to the National 35
 Treasury regarding the approval sought, within five working days after
 notification or such longer period as the National Treasury may approve; and
 - (ii) consider any comment so submitted by the officer.

Part 2

Duties of accounting officers in respect of Schedule 4 to 7 allocations

Duties of transferring national officer in respect of Schedule 4 allocations

- 9. (1) The transferring national officer of a Schedule 4 allocation must—
 - (a) ensure that transfers to all provinces and municipalities are—
 (i) deposited only into the primary bank account of the relevant province or municipality; and
 - (ii) made in accordance with the payment schedule determined in terms of section 23, unless allocations are withheld or stopped in terms of section 18 or 19:
 - (b) monitor financial and non-financial performance information on programmes partially or fully funded by an allocation in Part A of Schedule 4, in 50 accordance with subsection (2) and the applicable framework;
 - (c) monitor financial and non-financial performance information on the Urban Settlements Development Grant and Integrated City Development Grant against the capital budget and the service delivery and budget implementation plan;

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- (d) comply with the applicable framework;
- (e) submit a monthly provincial report on infrastructure expenditure partially or fully funded by the allocation within 30 days after the end of each month to the National Treasury, in the format determined by the National Treasury;
- (f) submit a quarterly non-financial performance report within 45 days after the end of each quarter to the National Treasury in terms of the applicable framework; and
- (g) evaluate the performance of programmes funded or partially funded by the allocation and the submission of such evaluations to the National Treasury—
 - (i) in respect of a provincial department, within four months after the end of 10 the 2014/15 financial year of the provincial department; and
 - (ii) in respect of a municipality, within seven months after the end of the 2014/15 financial year of the municipality.
- (2) Any monitoring programme or system that is utilised to monitor financial and non-financial performance information on a programme partially or fully funded by a 15 Schedule 4 allocation must—
 - (a) be approved by the National Treasury;
 - (b) not impose any excessive administrative responsibility on receiving officers beyond the provision of standard management information;
 - (c) be compatible and integrated with and not unnecessarily duplicate other 20 relevant national, provincial and local systems; and
 - (d) support compliance with section 11(2).
- (3) A transferring national officer may only transfer the Urban Settlements Development Grant to a recipient metropolitan municipality, if the municipality has submitted a built environment performance plan in terms of section 14(1).

Duties of transferring national officer in respect of Schedule 5 or 6 allocations

- 10. (1) The transferring national officer of a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation must—
 - (a) not later than 14 days after this Act takes effect, certify to the National Treasury that—
 - (i) the frameworks are reasonable and do not impose excessive administrative responsibility on receiving provincial departments and municipalities beyond the provision of standard management information;

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- (ii) any monitoring programme or system that is utilised is compatible and integrated with and does not duplicate other relevant national, provincial and local systems; and
- (iii) in respect of a Schedule 5 allocation, any business plans requested in respect of how allocations will be utilised by a province or municipality, as the case may be, have been approved before the start of the financial year;
- (b) in respect of Schedule 5 allocations—
 - (i) transfer funds only after receipt of all information required to be submitted by the receiving officer in terms of this Act and submission of all relevant information to the National Treasury;
 - (ii) transfer funds only in accordance with the payment schedule determined in terms of section 23; and
 - (iii) deposit funds only into the primary bank account of the relevant province or municipality; and
- (c) ensure that all other provisions of this Act and the relevant framework for the transfer of the allocation are complied with.
- (2) The transferring national officer must submit all relevant information and 50 documentation referred to in subsection (1)(a) to the National Treasury within 14 days after this Act takes effect.
- (3) A transferring national officer, who has not complied with subsection (1), must transfer the allocation in the manner instructed by the National Treasury, including transferring the allocation as an unconditional allocation.
- (4) Before making the first transfer of any allocation in terms of subsection (1)(b), the transferring national officer must take note of any notice in terms of section 31(1) containing the details of the relevant primary bank accounts.
- (5) The transferring national officer of a Schedule 5 allocation to a municipality is responsible for monitoring financial and non-financial performance information on 60 programmes funded by the allocation.

- (6) The transferring national officer of a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation must, as part of the reporting envisaged in section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act, submit information, in the format determined by the National Treasury, for the month in question, and for the 2014/15 financial year up to the end of that month, on— (a) the amount of funds transferred to a province or municipality; 5 (b) the amount of funds for any province or municipality withheld or stopped in terms of section 18 or 19, the reasons for the withholding or stopping and the steps taken by the transferring national officer and the receiving officer to deal with the matters or causes that necessitated the withholding or stopping of the 10 the actual expenditure incurred by the province or municipality in respect of a Schedule 5 allocation; (d) the actual expenditure incurred by the transferring national officer in respect of a Schedule 6 allocation; any matter or information that may be required by the relevant framework for 15 the particular allocation; and such other matters as the National Treasury may determine. (7) A transferring national officer must submit to the National Treasury-(a) a monthly provincial report on infrastructure expenditure partially or fully funded by the Health Facility Revitalisation Grant or Technical Secondary Schools Recapitalisation Grant within 30 days after the end of each month, in the format determined by the National Treasury; and (b) a quarterly performance report of all programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation within 45 days after the end of each quarter, in accordance with the relevant framework. 25 (8) The transferring national officer must evaluate the performance of all programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation and submit such evaluations to the National Treasury— (a) in respect of a provincial department, within four months after the end of the 2014/15 financial year of the provincial department; and 30 (b) in respect of a municipality, within seven months after the end of the 2014/15 financial year of the municipality. (9) The transferring national officer for the Public Transport Infrastructure Grant, Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant or Integrated National Electrification 35 Programme Grant to a metropolitan municipality— (a) may only transfer the grant if the municipality has submitted a built environment performance plan in terms of section 14(1); (b) must consider that built environment performance plan when monitoring and evaluating the performance of the municipality and assessing envisaged plans and allocations for the municipality. 40 (10) The transferring national officer for the Human Settlements Development Grant must-(a) in consultation with the receiving officer and the National Treasury, determine the allocations for the 2014/15 financial year and the indicative allocations for the 2015/16 financial year and the 2016/17 financial year from the Human 45 Settlements Development Grant for each municipality that has level one or two accreditation; (b) submit the allocations and indicative allocations to the National Treasury not later than 28 days after this Act takes effect; and publish by notice in the Gazette the allocations and indicative allocations 50 within 14 days after submission to the National Treasury. Duties of receiving officer in respect of Schedule 4 allocations
 - 11. (1) The receiving officer of a Schedule 4 allocation is responsible for—
 - (a) complying with the relevant framework for the Schedule 4 allocation; and
 - (b) the manner in which the Schedule 4 allocation received from a transferring 55 national officer is allocated and spent.
 - (2) The receiving officer of a municipality must—
 - (a) ensure and certify to the National Treasury that the municipality—
 - (i) indicates each programme partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation in its annual budget and that the Schedule 4 allocation is 60 specifically and exclusively appropriated in that budget according to the purpose of the allocation; and

- (ii) makes public, in terms of section 21A of the Municipal Systems Act, the conditions and other information in respect of the allocation, to facilitate performance measurement and the use of required inputs and outputs;
- (b) when submitting the municipality's statements in terms of section 71 of the Municipal Finance Management Act for September 2014, December 2014, March 2015 and June 2015, report to the transferring national officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury—
 - (i) in respect of the Urban Settlements Development Grant and the Integrated City Development Grant, on financial performance against its capital budget and the measures defined in its service delivery and budget 10 implementation plan; and
 - (ii) in respect of any other Schedule 4 allocation, on financial performance of programmes partially or fully funded by the allocation; and
- (c) within 30 days after the end of each quarter, report to the transferring national officer and the National Treasury—
 - (i) in respect of the Urban Settlements Development Grant and the Integrated City Development Grant, on non-financial performance for that quarter against the measures defined in its service delivery and budget implementation plan; and

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- (ii) in respect of any other Schedule 4 allocation, on non-financial 20 performance of programmes partially or fully funded by the allocation.
- (3) The National Treasury must make the report submitted to it in terms of subsection (2)(b) or (c) available to the transferring national officer of the Urban Settlements Development Grant, Public Transport Infrastructure Grant and Integrated National Electrification Programme Grant and the accounting officer of any other national 25 department having responsibilities relating to the applicable allocation.
- (4) The receiving officer of a provincial department must submit to the relevant provincial treasury and the transferring national officer—
 - (a) as part of the report required in section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act, reports on financial and non-financial performance of 30 programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation;
 - (b) a quarterly non-financial performance report of programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation within 30 days after the end of each quarter; and
 - (c) a monthly provincial report on infrastructure programmes partially or fully 35 funded by a Schedule 4 allocation within 15 days after the end of each month, in the format determined by the National Treasury.
- (5) The receiving officer must report on programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation against the relevant framework in its annual financial statements and annual report.
- (6) The receiving officer must evaluate the financial and non-financial performance of the provincial department or municipality, as the case may be, in respect of programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation and submit such evaluation to the transferring national officer and the relevant provincial treasury within two months—
 - (a) in respect of a provincial department, after the end of the 2014/15 financial 45 year of the provincial department; and
 - (b) in respect of a municipality, after the end of the 2014/15 financial year of the municipality.

Duties of receiving officer in respect of Schedule 5 or 7 allocations

- **12.** (1) The receiving officer of a Schedule 5 or 7 allocation must ensure compliance 50 with the relevant framework.
- (2) The relevant receiving officer must, in respect of a Schedule 5 or 7 allocation transferred to—
 - (a) a province, as part of the report required in section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act, report on the matters referred to in subsection (3) 55 and submit a copy of that report to the relevant provincial treasury and the transferring national officer;

- (b) a municipality, as part of the report required in terms of section 71 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, report on the matters referred to in subsection (4) and submit a copy of that report to the relevant provincial treasury, the National Treasury and the relevant transferring national officer; and
- (c) a province or municipality, submit a quarterly non-financial performance report within 30 days after the end of each quarter to the transferring national officer and the relevant provincial treasury.
- (3) A report for a province in terms of subsection (2)(a) must set out for the month in question and for the 2014/15 financial year up to the end of the month—
 - (a) the amount received by the province;
 - (b) the amount of funds stopped or withheld in terms of section 18 or 19 and the reason for the stopping or withholding;
 - (c) the actual expenditure by the province in respect of Schedule 5 and 7 allocations;
 - (d) the amount transferred to any national or provincial public entity to implement a programme funded by a Schedule 5 allocation on behalf of a province or to assist the province in implementing the programme;
 - (e) the available figures regarding the expenditure by a public entity referred to in paragraph (d);
 - (f) the extent of compliance with this Act and with the conditions of the allocation 20 provided for in its framework, based on the available information at the time of reporting;
 - (g) an explanation of any material difficulties experienced by the province regarding an allocation which has been received and a summary of the steps taken to deal with such difficulties;
 - (h) any matter or information that may be determined in the framework for the allocation; and
 - (i) such other matters and information as the National Treasury may determine.
- (4) A report for a municipality in terms of subsection (2)(b) must set out for the month in question and for the 2014/15 financial year up to the end of that month—
 - (a) the amount received by the municipality;
 - (b) the amount of funds stopped or withheld in terms of section 18 or 19 and the reason for the stopping or withholding;
 - (c) the extent of compliance with this Act and with the conditions of the allocation or part of the allocation provided for in its framework;
 - (d) an explanation of any material problems experienced by the municipality regarding an allocation which has been received and a summary of the steps taken to deal with such problems;
 - (e) any matters or information that may be determined in the framework for the allocation; and
 - (f) such other matter and information as the National Treasury may determine.
- (5) The receiving officer must evaluate the financial and non-financial performance of the provincial department or municipality, as the case may be, in respect of programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 5 allocation and submit such evaluation to the transferring national officer and the relevant provincial treasury within two months—
 - (a) in respect of a provincial department, after the end of the 2014/15 financial year of the provincial department; and
 - (b) in respect of a municipality, after the end of the 2014/15 financial year of the municipality.
- (6) (a) The receiving officer of the Human Settlements Development Grant must, in consultation with the transferring national officer, publish in the *Gazette* within 14 days after this Act takes effect, the planned expenditure from the Human Settlements Development Grant, for the 2014/15 financial year, the 2015/16 financial and the 2016/17 financial year per municipality with level one or level two accreditation.
- (b) The planned expenditure must indicate the expenditure to be undertaken directly 55 by the province and transfers to each municipality.

Duties of receiving officer in respect of infrastructure conditional allocations to provinces

13. (1) The receiving officer of the Education Infrastructure Grant, Health Facility Revitalisation Grant or Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant must—

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14 (a) provide the relevant provincial treasury with a list of all infrastructure projects for education, health and roads over the medium term expenditure framework for tabling in the provincial legislature with the provincial Appropriation Bill in the format determined by the National Treasury; within seven days after the tabling in the legislature, submit the list to the transferring national officer and the National Treasury; and submit to the transferring national officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury any amendment to the list and the reason for the amendment and table the amended list with the provincial Adjustments Appropriation Bill. 10 (2) The receiving officer of the Education Infrastructure Grant or Health Facility Revitalisation Grant must-(a) submit to the transferring national officer, relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury, in the format and on the date determined by the National Treasury, a document which sets out the infrastructure delivery management system by indicating the roles and responsibilities of the relevant provincial departments regarding infrastructure delivery and is approved by the Executive Council of the province; (b) on a quarterly basis, submit to the transferring national officer, relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury, a report on the filling of posts 20 on the approved establishment for the infrastructure unit of the affected provincial department in a format determined by the National Treasury; (c) report on all infrastructure expenditure partially or fully funded by the grant to the transferring national officer, relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury in the format and on the date determined by the National Treasury; 25 (d) maintain a database of every contract that is partially or fully funded by the grant and, if the contract is above the specified tender value, ensure that it is recorded in the register of projects in terms of section 22(3) of the Construction Industry Development Board Act, 2000 (Act No. 38 of 2000); (e) ensure that infrastructure projects comply with construction industry best 30 practise standards and guidelines, as identified and approved by the National Treasury; and (f) within two months after the end of the 2014/15 financial year— (i) evaluate the financial and non-financial performance of the province in respect of programmes partially or fully funded by the grant based on the 35 infrastructure budget of the province; and (ii) submit the evaluation to the transferring national officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury. Duties of receiving officer in respect of infrastructure conditional allocations to 40 14. (1) The receiving officer of a metropolitan municipality must, by 30 May 2014, (a) the Integrated City Development Grant, Urban Settlements Development

metropolitan municipalities

- submit to the National Treasury a built environment performance plan that includes all projects partially or fully funded by-
 - Grant, Public Transport Infrastructure Grant, Neighbourhood Development 45 Partnership Grant or Integrated National Electrification Programme Grant; and
 - money allocated for the Human Settlements Development Grant received from a national department or a province.

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- (2) The built environment performance plan, referred to in subsection (1), must—
 - (a) be in the format determined by the National Treasury;
 - (b) include the following information for each project for the period of the medium term expenditure framework:
 - (i) Project name;
 - (ii) budgeted value of the project;
 - (iii) sources of funding for the project; and
 - (iv) location of the project with respect to the municipality's integration zones; and
 - (c) be approved by its municipal council.

Duties in respect of annual financial statements and annual reports for 2014/15

- **15.** (1) The 2014/15 financial statements of a national department responsible for transferring an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other legislation—
 - (a) indicate the total amount of that allocation transferred to a province or municipality;
 - (b) indicate any transfer withheld or stopped in terms of section 18 or 19 in respect of each province or municipality and the reason for the withholding or stopping;
 - (c) indicate any reallocations by the National Treasury in terms of section 20; 10
 - (d) certify that all transfers to a province or municipality were deposited into the primary bank account of a province or municipality; and
 - (e) indicate the funds, if any, utilised for the administration of the allocation by the receiving officer.
- (2) The 2014/15 annual report of a national department responsible for transferring an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other legislation indicate—
 - (a) the reasons for the withholding or stopping of all transfers to a province or municipality in terms of section 18 or 19;
 - (b) the extent that compliance with this Act by provinces or municipalities were 20 monitored;
 - (c) the extent that the allocation achieved its objectives and outputs; and
 - (d) any non-compliance with this Act, and the steps taken to address the non-compliance.
- (3) The 2014/15 financial statements of a provincial department responsible for 25 receiving an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other legislation—
 - (a) indicate the total amount of all allocations received;
 - (b) indicate the total amount of actual expenditure on each Schedule 5 or 7 allocation; and

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- (c) certify that all transfers of allocations in Schedules 4, 5 and 7 to the province were deposited into the primary bank account of the province.
- (4) The 2014/15 annual report of a provincial department receiving an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other legislation—
 - (a) indicate the extent that the provincial department complied with this Act; 35
 - (b) indicate the steps taken to address non-compliance with this Act;
 - (c) indicate the extent that the allocation achieved its objectives and outputs;
 - (d) contain any other information that may be specified in the framework for the allocation; and
 - (e) contain such other information as the National Treasury may determine.
- (5) The 2014/15 financial statements and annual report of a municipality receiving an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must be prepared in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act.
- (6) The National Treasury may determine how transferring national officers and receiving officers report on conditional allocations to municipalities on a quarterly basis 45 to facilitate the audit of the allocations for the 2014/15 financial year.

Part 3

Matters relating to Schedule 4 to 7 allocations

Publication of allocations and frameworks

- **16.** (1) The National Treasury must, within 14 days after this Act takes effect, publish 50 by notice in the *Gazette*
 - (a) the conditional allocations per municipality for Part B of Schedule 5 allocations;
 - (b) the indicative conditional allocations per province for Part A of Schedule 6 allocations and per municipality for Part B of Schedule 6 allocations; and
 - (c) the framework for each conditional allocation in Schedules 4 to 7.

- (2) For purposes of correcting an error or omission in an allocation or framework or amending an indicative conditional allocation for Schedule 6, published in terms of subsection (1), the National Treasury must—
 - (a) after consultation with or at the written request of a transferring national officer; and

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(b) in the case of a proposed amendment of a framework, after submitting the proposed amendment to Parliament for comment for a period of 14 days when Parliament is in session,

by notice in the *Gazette* amend the affected allocation or framework.

(3) An amendment in terms of subsection (2) takes effect on the date of publication of 10 the notice in the *Gazette*.

Expenditure in terms of purpose and subject to conditions

- 17. (1) Despite anything to the contrary in any other legislation, an allocation referred to in Schedules 4 to 7 may only be utilised for the purpose stipulated in the Schedule concerned and in accordance with the applicable framework.
- (2) A receiving officer may not transfer any portion of a Schedule 5 allocation to any other organ of state for the performance of a function to be funded by the allocation, unless before the transfer is made, the receiving officer and the organ of state agree to a payment schedule and the National Treasury approves the agreed payment schedule and—
 - (a) the transfer—
 - (i) is approved in the budget for the receiving provincial department or municipality; or
 - (ii) if not so approved—
 - (aa) the receiving officer notifies the National Treasury that the purpose of the transfer is not to artificially inflate the expenditure estimates 25 of the relevant provincial department or municipality and indicates the reasons for the transfer; and
 - (bb) the National Treasury approves the transfer; or
 - (b) the transfer is for the payment for services or goods procured in accordance with the supply chain management policy or procurement policy of the 30 relevant province or municipality and, if it is an advance payment, paragraph (a)(ii) applies with the necessary changes.
 - (3) For purposes of the implementation of a Schedule 6 allocation to a municipality—
 - (a) Eskom Holdings Limited may receive funds directly from the transferring national officer of the Department of Energy;
 - (b) a water board, as defined in section 1 of the Water Services Act, 1997 (Act No. 108 of 1997), may receive funds directly from the transferring national officer of the Department of Water Affairs or the Department of Human Settlements.
- (4) (a) For purposes of the Human Settlements Development Grant, a receiving officer and a municipality with level one, two or three accreditation as at 1 April 2014, 40 must, by the date determined by the National Treasury, comply with subsection (2) by—
 - (i) entering into a payment schedule; and
 - (ii) submitting the payment schedule to the National Treasury for approval.
- (b) If a municipality receives accreditation after 1 April 2014, the National Treasury may approve that paragraph (a) applies.
- (c) If the transfer of the Human Settlements Development Grant to a municipality with level three accreditation is withheld or stopped in terms of section 18 or 19, the receiving officer must request the National Treasury to amend the payment schedule in terms of section 24.
- (5) If a function partially or fully funded by the Human Settlements Development 50 Grant is assigned by a province to a municipality having a level 3 accreditation, as envisaged in section 10 of the Municipal Systems Act—
 - (a) funds from that Grant for the province for the function must be stopped in terms of section 19 and reallocated in terms of section 20 to the municipality which has been assigned the function;
 - (b) any project or contract regarding the function must, if possible, be finalised by the province before the date the function is assigned and, if not finalised, the province must notify the relevant municipality and the National Treasury;
 - (c) any project or contract regarding the function not finalised at the date at which the function is assigned, must be subjected to an external audit and the 60

- province and the municipality must enter into an agreement to cede to the municipality all contracts related to the function;
- (d) money that is retained by the province for any contract related to the function that is not ceded to the municipality must be spent by 31 March 2015 and will not be available in terms of section 30 of the Public Finance Management Act or section 29(6)(c);
- (e) the receiving officer of the province must submit to the transferring national officer and the National Treasury a list of liabilities attached to the function, that were not transferred to the municipality, within seven days after the function is assigned to provide for the adjustment of the applicable 10 allocations; and
- (f) the receiving officer of a municipality assigned the function must, within one month from the date of the stopping of funds in terms of paragraph (a) confirm to the transferring national officer that the planned expenditure submitted by the receiving officer of the province in terms of section 12(6)(a) will be 15 implemented by the municipality or submit revised planned expenditure.
- (6) If a function is partially or fully funded by the Public Transport Operations Grant, is assigned by a province to a municipality, as envisaged in section 10 of Municipal Systems Act, subsection (5) applies with the necessary changes.
- (7) A project funded by the Human Settlements Development Grant that is initiated 20 after 1 April 2014, must be implemented in terms of an agreement with the municipality and aligned to the allocations for the municipality in the applicable framework.

Withholding of allocations

- **18.** (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), a transferring national officer may withhold the transfer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, or any portion thereof, for a period not 25 exceeding 30 days, if—
 - (a) the province or municipality does not comply with any provision of this Act;
 - (b) roll-overs of conditional allocations approved by the National Treasury in terms of section 21 have not been spent; or
 - (c) a satisfactory explanation is not given for significant under-expenditure on 30 previous transfers during the 2014/15 financial year.
- (2) If an allocation is withheld in terms of subsection (1), it suspends the applicable payment schedule approved in terms of section 23(3) until it is amended in terms of section 24.
- (3) The amount withheld in terms of this section in the case of the Health Professions 35 Training and Development Grant or the National Tertiary Services Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 4 may not exceed five per cent of the next transfer as contained in the relevant payment schedule.
- (4) A transferring national officer must, at least seven working days before withholding an allocation in terms of subsection (1)—
 - (a) give the relevant receiving officer—
 - (i) notice of the intention to withhold the allocation; and
 - (ii) an opportunity to submit written representations as to why the allocation should not be withheld; and

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- (b) inform the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury, and in 45 respect of any conditional allocation to a municipality, also the provincial department responsible for local government.
- (5) A notice envisaged in subsection (4) must include the reasons for withholding the allocation and the intended duration of the withholding to inform the amendment of the payment schedule in terms of section 24.
- (6) (a) The National Treasury may instruct, or approve a request from, the transferring national officer to withhold an allocation in terms of subsection (1) for a period longer than 30 days, but not exceeding 120 days, if the withholding will—
 - (i) facilitate compliance with this Act; or
 - (ii) minimise the risk of under-spending.
- (b) When requesting the withholding of an allocation in terms of this subsection, a transferring national officer must submit to the National Treasury proof of compliance with subsection (4) and any representations received from the receiving officer.
- (c) The transferring national officer must again comply with subsection (4) when the National Treasury instructs or approves a request by the transferring national officer in 60 terms of paragraph (a).

Stopping of allocations

- **19.** (1) Despite section 18, the National Treasury may, in its discretion or on request of a transferring national officer or receiving officer, stop the transfer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, or a portion thereof, to a province or municipality—
 - (a) on the grounds of persistent and material non-compliance with this Act;
 - (b) if the National Treasury anticipates that a province or municipality will substantially underspend on the allocation, or any programme partially of fully funded by the allocation, in the 2014/15 financial year;

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- (c) for purposes of the assignment of a function from a province to a municipality, as envisaged in section 10 of the Municipal Systems Act; or
- (d) if a province implementing an infrastructure project does not comply with construction industry best practise standards and guidelines, as identified and approved by the National Treasury.
- (2) The National Treasury must, before stopping an allocation in terms of subsection (1)(a), (b) or (d)—
 - (a) comply with the procedures in section 18(4)(a), and in respect of a municipality, also with section 38 of the Municipal Finance Management Act;
 - (b) inform the relevant provincial treasury of its intention to stop the allocation.
- (3) The National Treasury must give notice in the *Gazette* of the stopping of an 20 allocation in terms of this section and include in the notice the effective date of, and reason for, the stopping.
- (4) (a) The National Treasury may, by notice in the *Gazette*, approve that an allocation, or any portion thereof, stopped in terms of subsection (1)(a), (b) or (d), be utilised to meet any outstanding statutory or contractual financial commitment of the 25 province or municipality in question.
- (b) The utilisation of funds envisaged in this subsection is a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund.

Reallocation of funds

- **20.** (1) When a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation or a portion thereof is stopped in terms of section 19(1)(a), (b) or (d), the National Treasury may, after consultation with the transferring national officer and the relevant provincial treasury, determine the portion of the allocation to be reallocated, as the same type of allocation as it was allocated originally, to one or more provinces or municipalities, on condition that the allocation must be spent by the end of the 2014/15 financial year or the 2015/16 financial year.
- (2) (a) When a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, or a portion thereof, is stopped in terms of section 19(1)(c), the National Treasury must, after consultation with the transferring national officer and the relevant provincial treasury, determine the portion of the allocation to be reallocated, as the same type of allocation as it was allocated originally, to the affected municipalities, on condition that the allocation must be spent by the end of the 2014/15 financial year or the 2015/16 financial year.
- (b) The portion of the allocation reallocated in terms of paragraph (a) is, with effect from the notice in the *Gazette* in terms of subsection (3)(a) regarded as having been converted to an allocation in Part B of the same Schedule it appears before the re-allocation.
 - (3) (a) The National Treasury must—
 - (i) give notice in the Gazette of a reallocation; and
 - (ii) provide a copy of the notice to the transferring national officer and each affected receiving officer.
- (b) The reallocation of an allocation or a portion thereof on condition that it must be spent by the end of the 2015/16 financial year, must be regarded as a roll-over approved by the National Treasury in terms of section 22(2), and any regulations or instructions regarding the process for roll-overs, made or issued in terms of section 76 of the Public Finance Management Act, do not apply.
- (4) (a) When an intervention in terms of section 100 or 139 of the Constitution or section 137, 139 or 150 of the Municipal Finance Management Act takes place, the 55 National Treasury may, despite subsection (1) and on such conditions as it may determine, authorise in relation to—
 - (i) section 100 of the Constitution, the transferring national officer to spend an allocation stopped in terms of section 19 on behalf of the relevant province;

- (ii) section 139 of the Constitution or section 137 or 139 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, the intervening province to spend an allocation stopped in terms of section 19 of this Act on behalf of the relevant municipality; or
- (iii) section 150 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, the relevant transferring national officer to spend an allocation stopped in terms of section 19 on behalf of the relevant municipality.
- (b) An allocation that is spent by the transferring national officer or intervening province referred to in paragraph (a) must, for the purposes of this Act, be regarded as a Schedule 6 allocation from the date on which the authorisation is given.
- (5) (a) If it is unlikely that a conditional allocation related to infrastructure in 10 Schedule 4, 5 or 6, or a portion thereof, will be spent by the end of the 2014/15 financial year, the National Treasury may, after consultation with the transferring national officer and the national department responsible for local government, authorise that any part of the likely unspent portion of the allocation be reallocated to pay for the reconstruction and rehabilitation of infrastructure damage caused by a disaster.
- (b) The reallocated funds must be utilised in the 2014/15 financial year and for the same conditional allocation and the same province or municipality to which the allocation was originally made.
- (c) The transferring national officer must determine the conditions for spending the reallocated funds, after consultation with the national department responsible for local 20 government and with the approval of the National Treasury.

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Conversion of allocations

21. (1) If satisfied that—

- (a) the conversion will prevent under-expenditure or improve the level of service delivery in respect of the allocation in question; and
- (b) the affected national or provincial department or municipality has demonstrated the capacity to implement projects,

the National Treasury may, in its discretion after consultation with the relevant transferring national officer or at the request of the transferring national officer or the affected receiving officer, convert any portion of-

- (i) an allocation listed in Part B of Schedule 4 or 5 to one listed in Part B of Schedule 6:
- (ii) an allocation listed in Part B of Schedule 6 to one listed in Part B of Schedule
- (iii) the School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant to the Education Infrastructure 35
- (iv) the National Health Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 6 to the Health Facility Revitalisation Grant or the National Health Insurance Grant listed in Part A of
- (v) the Public Transport Infrastructure Grant to the Public Transport Network 40 Operations Grant;
- (vi) the Public Transport Network Operations Grant to the Public Transport Infrastructure Grant: or
- (vii) the Human Settlements Development Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 6 to the Human Settlements Development Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 5.
- (2) Any portion of an allocation converted in terms of subsection (1) must be utilised for the same province or municipality to which the allocation was originally made.
 - (3) The National Treasury must—
 - (a) give notice in the Gazette of a conversion in terms of subsection (1); and
 - (b) provide a copy of the notice to the transferring national officer and each 50 affected receiving officer.
- (4) A conversion in terms of subsection (1) takes effect on the date of publication of the notice in terms of subsection (3)(a).

Unspent conditional allocations

22. (1) Despite anything to the contrary in the Public Finance Management Act or the 55 Municipal Finance Management Act, any conditional allocation, or a portion thereof, that is not spent at the end of the 2014/15 financial year reverts to the National Revenue Fund, unless the roll-over of the allocation is approved in terms of subsection (2).

- (2) The National Treasury may, at the request of a transferring national officer, receiving officer or provincial treasury, approve a roll-over of a conditional allocation to the 2015/16 financial year if the unspent funds are committed to identifiable projects.
- (3) (a) The receiving officer must ensure that any funds that must revert to the National Revenue Fund in terms of subsection (1), are paid into that Fund by the date determined by the National Treasury.
 - (b) The receiving officer must—
 - (i) in the case of a provincial department, request the roll-over of unspent funds through its provincial treasury; and
 - (ii) inform the transferring national officer of all processes regarding the request. 10

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- (4) The National Treasury may, subject to subsection (5), offset any funds that must revert to the National Revenue Fund in terms of subsection (1), not paid into that Fund by the date determined in terms of subsection (3)(a)—
 - (a) in the case of a province, against future advances for conditional allocations to that province; or
 - (b) in the case of a municipality, against future advances for the equitable share or conditional allocations to that municipality.
- (5) Before any funds are offset in terms of subsection (4), the National Treasury must give the relevant transferring national officer, province or municipality—
 - (a) notice of the intention to offset amounts against future advances for 20 allocations, the intended amount to be offset against allocations and the reasons for the offsetting; and
 - (b) an opportunity, within 14 days of receipt of the notice, to—
 - (i) submit written representations and other written proof that the allocation, or a portion thereof, was either spent in terms of the relevant framework 25 or is committed to identifiable projects;
 - (ii) propose alternative means acceptable to the National Treasury by which the unspent allocations can be paid into the National Revenue Fund; and
 - (iii) propose an alternative payment schedule in terms of which the unspent allocations will be paid into the National Revenue Fund.

CHAPTER 4

MATTERS RELATING TO ALL ALLOCATIONS

Payment schedule

- **23.** (1) (a) The National Treasury must, after consultation with the accounting officer of the provincial treasury, determine the payment schedule for the transfer of a 35 province's equitable share allocation.
- (b) In determining the payment schedule, the National Treasury must take into account the monthly expenditure commitments of provinces and seek to minimise risk and debt servicing costs for national and provincial government.
- (c) Despite paragraph (a), the National Treasury may, for cash management purposes 40 relating to the corporation for public deposits account or when an intervention in terms of section 100 of the Constitution takes place, on such conditions as it may determine, advance funds to a province in respect of its equitable share or a portion of it which has not yet fallen due for transfer in terms of the payment schedule.
- (d) Any advances in terms of paragraph (c) must be offset against transfers to the 45 province which would otherwise become due in terms of the payment schedule.
- (2) (a) The National Treasury must, after consultation with the accounting officer of the national department responsible for local government, determine the payment schedule for the transfer of a municipality's equitable share allocation.
- (b) Despite paragraph (a), National Treasury may approve a request or direct that the equitable share or a portion of the equitable share which has not yet fallen due for transfer in terms of the payment schedule, be advanced to a municipality—
 - (i) after consultation with the accounting officer of the national department responsible for local government;
 - (ii) for purposes of cash management in the municipality or an intervention in 55 terms of section 139 of the Constitution or section 137, 139 or 150 of the Municipal Finance Management Act; and
 - (iii) on such conditions as it may determine.

21 (c) Any advances in terms of paragraph (b) must be offset against transfers to the municipality which would otherwise become due in terms of the payment schedule. (3) (a) Subject to section 28(1), the National Treasury must, within 14 days after this Act takes effect, approve the payment schedule for the transfer of an allocation listed in Schedule 4 or 5 to a province or municipality. (b) The transferring national officer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation must submit a payment schedule to the National Treasury for approval before the first transfer is made. (c) Before the submission of a payment schedule in terms of paragraph (b), the transferring national officer must, in relation to a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, consult the relevant receiving officer. 10 (4) The transferring national officer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation must provide the receiving officer and the relevant provincial treasury with a copy of the approved payment schedule before making the first transfer in terms thereof. (5) The transfer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation to a municipality must accord with the financial year of the municipality. 15 Amendment of payment schedule 24. (1) (a) Subject to subsection (2), a transferring national officer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation must, within seven days of the withholding or stopping of an allocation in terms of section 18 or 19, submit an amended payment schedule to the National Treasury for approval. 20 (b) No transfers may be made until the National Treasury has approved the amended payment schedule. (2) For purposes of better debt and cash-flow management or addressing financial mismanagement or financial misconduct or slow or accelerated expenditure, the National Treasury may amend any payment schedule for an allocation listed in Schedule 25 2, 3, 4 or 5, after notifying, in the case of— (a) an allocation to a province, the accounting officer of the provincial treasury in question; (b) an allocation to a municipality, the accounting officer of the national department responsible for local government; 30 (c) a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, the relevant transferring national officer. (3) The amendment of a payment schedule in terms of subsection (1) or (2) must take into account-(a) the monthly expenditure commitments of provinces or municipalities; (b) the revenue at the disposal of provinces or municipalities; and 35 (c) the minimisation of risk and debt servicing costs for all three spheres of (4) The transferring national officer must immediately inform the receiving officer of any amendment to a payment schedule in terms of subsection (1) or (2). 40 Transfers made in error or fraudulently 25. (1) Despite anything to the contrary in any legislation, the transfer of an allocation that is an overpayment to a province, municipality or public entity, made in error or fraudulently, is regarded as not legally due to that province, municipality or public

entity, as the case may be.

(2) The responsible transferring national officer must, without delay, recover an 45 overpayment referred to subsection (1), unless an instruction has been issued in terms of

(3) The National Treasury may instruct that the recovery referred to in subsection (2) be effected by set-off against future transfers to the affected province, municipality or public entity in terms of a payment schedule. 50

New allocations during financial year and Schedule 7 allocations

- **26.** (1) If further allocations are made to provinces or municipalities, as envisaged in terms of section 6(3), the National Treasury must, before the transfer of any funds to a province or municipality, by notice in the Gazette and as applicable—
 - (a) amend any allocation or framework published in terms of section 16(1), as 55 amended in terms of section 16(2);

- (b) publish the allocation per municipality for any new Part B of Schedule 5 allocation or the indicative allocation per municipality for any new Part B of Schedule 6 allocation; or
- (c) publish a framework for any new Schedule 4, 5, 6 or 7 allocation.
- (2) Section 16(2) and (3) applies with the necessary changes to allocations and frameworks published in terms of subsection (1).
- (3) (a) The transferring national officer may, with the approval of the National Treasury, transfer a Schedule 7 allocation to a province or municipality within a period from three days up to three months following a declared disaster in terms of the conditions of the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57 of 2002).

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- (b) The transferring national officer must notify the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury within 14 days of a transfer of a Schedule 7 allocation to a province or municipality.
- (c) The National Treasury must publish a Schedule 7 allocation by notice in the Gazette within 21 days after being notified in terms of paragraph (b).
- (d) A Schedule 7 allocation transferred to a province or municipality must be appropriated either in the provincial adjustments appropriation legislation, municipal adjustments budgets or other appropriation legislation.

Preparations for 2015/16 financial year and 2016/17 financial year

- **27.** (1) (a) A category C municipality that receives a conditional allocation in terms of this Act must, using the indicative conditional allocations to that municipality for the 2015/16 financial year and the 2016/17 financial year as set out in Column B of the Schedules to this Act, by 2 October 2014—
 - (i) agree on the provisional allocations and the projects to be funded from those allocations in the 2015/16 financial year and the 2016/17 financial year with each category B municipality within the category C municipality's area of jurisdiction; and
 - (ii) submit to the transferring national officer—
 (aa) the provisional allocations referred to in subparagraph (i); and
 (bb) the projects referred to in subparagraph (i), listed per municipality.
- (b) If a category C municipality and a category B municipality cannot agree on the allocations and projects referred to in paragraph (a), the category C municipality must request the relevant transferring national officer to facilitate agreement.
- (c) The transferring national officer must take all necessary steps to facilitate agreement as soon as possible, but no later than 60 days after receiving a request referred 35 to in paragraph (b).
- (d) Any proposed amendment or adjustment of the allocations that is intended to be published in terms of section 30(3)(b) must be agreed with the relevant category B municipality, the transferring national officer and the National Treasury, before publication and the submission of the allocations referred to in paragraph (a)(ii).
- (e) If agreement is not reached between the category C municipality and the category B municipality on the provisional allocations and projects referred to in paragraph (a) before 2 October 2014, the National Treasury may determine the provisional allocations and provide those provisional allocations to the affected municipalities and the transferring national officer.
- (f) (i) The transferring national officer must submit the final allocations based on the provisional allocations referred to in paragraph (a)(i) and (ii) and (e) to the National Treasury by 5 December 2014.
- (ii) If the transferring national officer fails to submit the allocations referred to in subparagraph (i) by 5 December 2014, the National Treasury may determine the appropriate allocations, taking into consideration the indicative allocations for the 2015/16 financial year.
- (2) (a) The transferring national officer of a conditional allocation, using the indicative conditional allocations for the 2015/16 financial year and the 2016/17 financial year as set out in Column B of the affected Schedules to this Act, must, by 2 55 October 2014, submit to the National Treasury for approval—
 - (i) the provisional allocations to each province or municipality in respect of new conditional allocations to be made in the 2015/16 financial year;
 - (ii) any amendments to the indicative allocations for each province or municipality set out in Column B of the affected Schedules in respect of existing 60 conditional allocations; and

- (iii) the draft frameworks for the allocations referred to in subparagraphs (i) and (ii) in the format to be determined by the National Treasury.
- (b) Any proposed amendment or adjustment for the 2015/16 financial year of the allocation criteria of an existing conditional allocation must be agreed with the National Treasury before the submission of the provisional allocations and draft frameworks referred to in paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii).
- (c) If the transferring national officer fails to comply with paragraph (a) by 2 October 2014, the National Treasury may determine—
 - (i) the provisional allocations in paragraph (a)(i);
 - (ii) any amendments to the indicative allocations contemplated in paragraph 10(a) (ii); and

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- (iii) the draft frameworks for the allocations referred to in paragraph (a)(iii), and submit the information to the affected provinces or municipalities.
- (d) (i) The transferring national officer must, under his or her signature, submit the final allocations and frameworks based on the provisional allocations and frameworks 15 referred to in paragraph (a)(i) and (ii) to the National Treasury by 5 December 2014.
- (ii) The transferring national officer may in writing delegate to an employee of his or her department the signing off envisaged in subparagraph (i), and, in the event of such delegation, a copy of the written delegation must accompany the allocations and frameworks submitted in terms of subparagraph (i).
- (iii) If the transferring national officer fails to submit the allocations and frameworks referred to in subparagraph (i) by 5 December 2014, the National Treasury may determine the appropriate allocations and frameworks taking into consideration the indicative allocations for the 2015/16 financial year.
- (3) The National Treasury may instruct transferring national officers, accounting 25 officers of the provincial treasuries and receiving officers to submit to it such plans and information for any conditional allocation as it may determine at specified times before the start of the 2015/16 financial year.
- (4) (a) For purposes of the Education Infrastructure Grant or Health Facility Revitalisation Grant in the 2015/16 financial year, the accounting officer of the relevant 30 provincial department must, in the format and on the date determined by the National Treasury, submit to the transferring national officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury—
 - (i) approved project proposals for all projects in the planning stage in the 2015/16 financial year and 2016/17 financial year; and
 - (ii) approved concept reports for all projects in the design or construction stage in the 2015/16 financial year.
- (b) For purposes of the Education Infrastructure Grant or Health Facility Revitalisation Grant in the 2016/17 financial year, the accounting officer of the relevant provincial department must, in the format and on the date determined by the National 40 Treasury, submit to the transferring national officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury—
 - (i) a user asset management plan for all infrastructure programmes for a period of at least 10 years; and
 - (ii) an infrastructure programme management plan including at least a construction procurement strategy for infrastructure programmes or projects envisaged to commence within the period for the medium term expenditure framework.
- (c) The National Treasury must notify the transferring national officer and the affected provincial departments which infrastructure programmes and projects it will propose for 50 full or partial funding through the grant in the financial years in question.

Transfers before commencement of Division of Revenue Act for 2015/16 financial year

- **28.** (1) Despite sections 3(2), 7(2) and 8(2), if the Division of Revenue Act for the 2015/16 financial year has not commenced before or on 1 April 2015, the National 55 Treasury may determine that an amount not exceeding 45 per cent of the total amount of each allocation made in terms of section 3(1), 7(1) or 8(1) be transferred to the relevant province or municipality as a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund.
- (2) If an amount of an allocation, made in terms of section 7(1) or 8(1), is transferred in terms of subsection (1), the amount is, with the necessary changes, subject to the 60

applicable framework for the 2014/15 financial year and the other requirements of this Act as if it is an amount of an allocation for the 2014/15 financial year.

CHAPTER 5

DUTIES AND POWERS OF MUNICIPALITIES, PROVINCIAL TREASURIES AND NATIONAL TREASURY

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Duties of municipalities

- **29.** (1) (a) In addition to the requirements of the Municipal Finance Management Act, the accounting officer of a category C municipality must, within 10 days after this Act takes effect, submit to the National Treasury and all category B municipalities within that municipality's area of jurisdiction, the budget, as tabled in accordance with section 10 16 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, for the 2014/15 financial year, the 2015/16 financial year and the 2016/17 financial year, except if submitted in terms of any other legislation before the end of the 10 day period.
- (b) The budget must indicate all allocations from its equitable share and conditional allocations to be transferred to each category B municipality within the category C 15 municipality's area of jurisdiction and disclose the criteria for allocating funds between the category B municipalities.
- (2) A category C municipality that is providing a municipal service must, before implementing any capital project for water, electricity, roads or any other municipal service, consult the category B municipalities within whose area of jurisdiction the 20 project will be implemented, and agree in writing which municipality is responsible for the operational costs and the collection of user fees.
- (3) A category C municipality must ensure that it does not duplicate a function currently performed by a category B municipality and must transfer funds for the provision of services, including basic services, to the relevant category B municipality 25 that is providing municipal services, despite the fact that—
 - (a) the category C municipality retains the function in terms of the Municipal Structures Act; and
 - (b) a service delivery agreement for the provision of services by the category B municipality on behalf of the category C municipality has not been concluded. 30
- (4) A category B municipality which is not authorised to perform a function in terms of the Municipal Structures Act may not extend the scope or type of services that it currently provides, without—
 - (a) entering into a service delivery agreement with the category C municipality which is authorised to perform the function in terms of the Municipal 35 Structures Act; or
 - (b) obtaining authorisation to perform the function in terms of the Municipal Structures Act.
- (5) (a) A category C municipality and a category B municipality must, before the commencement of a financial year, agree to a payment schedule in respect of the 40 allocations referred to in subsection (1)(b) to be transferred to the category B municipality in that financial year, and the category C municipality must submit that payment schedule to the National Treasury before the commencement of the financial year.
- (b) A category C municipality must make transfers in accordance with the payment 45 schedule submitted in terms of paragraph (a).
- (6) (a) The National Treasury may withhold or stop any allocation to the category C municipality and reallocate the allocation to the relevant category B municipalities if a category C municipality fails to—
 - (i) make allocations referred to in subsection (1)(b);
 - (ii) reach an agreement envisaged in subsection (2); or
 - (iii) submit a payment schedule in accordance with subsection (5)(a).
- (b) Sections 18(4) and 19(2), (3) and (4) of this Act and section 216 of the Constitution apply, with the necessary changes, to the withholding or stopping of an allocation in accordance with paragraph (a).

- (c) If an allocation is stopped in terms of this subsection, the National Treasury may, after consultation with the transferring national officer, determine that a portion of the allocation that will not be spent, be reallocated to one or more municipalities, on condition that the allocation will be spent by the end of the 2014/15 financial year or the 2015/16 financial year.
- (7) A municipality must ensure that any allocation made to it in terms of this Act, or by a province or another municipality, that is not reflected in its budget as tabled in accordance with section 16 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, is reflected in its budget to be considered for approval in accordance with section 24 of the Municipal Finance Management Act.
- (8) A municipality with a level three accreditation for the Human Settlements Development Grant must—
 - (a) ensure that it reports on financial and non-financial performance related to the requirements specified in the relevant framework; and
 - (b) submit the reports to the receiving officer, the transferring national officer and 15 the National Treasury.

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Duties and powers of provincial treasuries

- **30.** (1) A provincial treasury must reflect allocations listed in Part A of Schedule 5 to the province separately in the appropriation Bill of the province.
- (2) (a) A provincial treasury must, on the same day that its budget is tabled in the 20 provincial legislature, or a date not later than 14 days after this Act takes effect, approved by the National Treasury, publish by notice in the *Gazette*
 - (i) the indicative allocation per municipality for every allocation to be made by the province to municipalities from the province's own funds;
 - (ii) the indicative allocation to be made per school and per hospital in the 25 province:
 - (iii) the indicative allocation to any national or provincial public entity for the implementation of a programme funded by an allocation in Part A of Schedule
 5 on behalf of a province or for assistance provided to the province in implementing such a programme;
 - (iv) the envisaged division of the allocation envisaged in subparagraphs (i) and (ii), in respect of each municipality, school and hospital, for the 2015/16 financial year and the 2016/17 financial year;
 - (v) the conditions and other information in respect of the allocations referred to in subparagraphs (i), (ii) and (iii) to facilitate performance measurement and the 35 use of required inputs and outputs; and
 - (vi) the budget of each school and each hospital in a format determined by the National Treasury.
- (b) The allocations and budgets referred to in paragraph (a) must be regarded as final when the provincial appropriation Act takes effect.
- (c) If the provincial legislature amends its appropriation Bill, the provincial treasury must publish amended allocations and budgets by notice in the *Gazette* within 14 days after the appropriation Act takes effect, and those allocations and budget must be regarded as final.
- (3) (a) Despite subsection (2) or any other legislation, a provincial treasury may, in accordance with a framework determined by the National Treasury, amend the allocations referred to in subsection (2) or make additional allocations to municipalities that were not published in terms of subsection (2).
- (b) Any amendments to the allocations published in terms of subsection (2)(a) or (c) must be published by notice in the *Gazette* not later than 14 February 2015 and takes 50 effect on the date of the publication.
- (4) A provincial treasury must, as part of its report in terms of section 40(4)(b) and (c) of the Public Finance Management Act, in the format determined by the National Treasury, report on—
 - (a) actual transfers received by the province from national departments;
 - (b) actual expenditure on such allocations, excluding Schedule 4 allocations, up to the end of that month; and
 - (c) actual transfers made by the province to municipalities and public entities, and actual expenditure by municipalities and public entities on such allocations, based on the latest information available from municipalities and public 60 entities at the time of reporting.

- (5) (a) A provincial treasury must—
 (i) ensure that a payment schedule is agreed between each provincial department and receiving institution envisaged in subsection (2)(a);
 - (ii) ensure that transfers are made promptly to the relevant receiving officer in terms of the agreed payment schedule; and

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- (iii) submit the payment schedules to the National Treasury within 14 days after this Act takes effect.
- (b) If a provincial department and receiving institution do not agree to a payment schedule in time for submission to the National Treasury, the provincial treasury must, after consultation with the transferring national officer, determine the payment schedule. 10
- (6) If a provincial treasury fails to make a transfer in terms of subsection (5)(a), the relevant receiving officer may request the provincial treasury to immediately make the transfer or to provide written reasons within three working days as to why the transfer has not been made.
- (7) If a provincial treasury fails to make the transfer requested by the receiving officer 15 or provide reasons in terms of subsection (6), or the receiving officer disputes the reasons provided by the provincial treasury as to why the transfer has not been made, the receiving officer may request the National Treasury to investigate the matter.
 - (8) On receipt of a request in terms of subsection (7), the National Treasury must—
 - (a) consult the transferring national officer on the matter;
 - (b) investigate the matter, assess any reasons given by the provincial treasury as to why the transfer was not made;
 - (c) direct the provincial treasury to immediately effect the transfer or provide reasons to the receiving officer confirming why the provincial treasury was correct in not making the transfer; and
 - (d) advise the provincial treasury and the receiving officer as to what steps must be taken to ensure the transfer.

Duties and powers of National Treasury

- **31.** (1) The National Treasury must, within 14 days after this Act takes effect, submit a notice to all transferring national officers containing the details of the primary bank 30 accounts of each province and municipality.
- (2) The National Treasury must, together with the statement envisaged in section 32(2) of the Public Finance Management Act, publish a report on actual transfers of all allocations listed in Schedules 4, 5, 6 and 7 or made in terms of section 26.
- (3) The National Treasury may, in any report it publishes that aggregates statements published by provincial treasuries envisaged in section 71(7) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, and in any report in respect of municipal finances, include a report on the equitable share and conditional allocations provided for in this Act.

CHAPTER 6

GENERAL 40

Allocations by public entities to provinces or municipalities

32. The accounting officer of a provincial department or municipality that receives funds from a public entity as a grant, sponsorship or donation must disclose in its financial statements the purpose and amount thereof.

Liability for costs incurred in violation of principles of cooperative governance and 45 intergovernmental relations

- **33.** (1) An organ of state involved in an intergovernmental dispute regarding any provision of this Act or any division of revenue matter or allocation must, before approaching a court to resolve such dispute, make every effort to settle the dispute with the other organ of state concerned, including exhausting all mechanisms provided for 50 the settlement of disputes in relevant legislation.
- (2) If a dispute is referred back by a court in accordance with section 41(4) of the Constitution, due to the court not being satisfied that the organ of state approaching the court has complied with subsection (1), the expenditure incurred by that organ of state in approaching the court must be regarded as fruitless and wasteful.

(3) The amount of any such fruitless and wasteful expenditure must, in terms of the applicable procedures in the Public Finance Management Act or the Municipal Finance Management Act, be recovered without delay from the person who caused the organ of state not to comply with subsection (1).	
Irregular expenditure	5
34. The following transfers must be regarded as irregular expenditure in terms of the Public Finance Management Act or the Municipal Finance Management Act, as the case may be:	
 (a) A transfer prohibited in terms of section 17(2); (b) a transfer by a transferring national officer to a bank account of a province or municipality that is not the primary bank account; (c) a transfer envisaged in section 25(1); or (d) a transfer made or expenditure of an allocation in contravention of this Act. 	10
Financial misconduct	
35. (1) Despite anything to the contrary in any other legislation, any wilful or negligent non-compliance with a provision of this Act constitutes financial misconduct. (2) Section 84 of the Public Finance Management Act or section 171 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, as the case may be, applies in respect of financial misconduct envisaged in subsection (1).	15
Delegations and assignments	20
 36. (1) The Minister may, in writing, delegate any of the powers entrusted to, and assign any of the duties imposed on, the National Treasury in terms of this Act, to an official of the National Treasury. (2) A delegation or assignment in terms of subsection (1) to an official of the National Treasury— (a) is subject to any limitations or conditions that the Minister may impose; (b) may authorise that official to subdelegate, in writing, the delegated power or 	25
assigned duty to any other official of the National Treasury; and (c) does not divest the National Treasury of the responsibility concerning the exercise of the delegated power or the performance of the assigned duty. (3) The Minister may vary or revoke any decision taken by an official as a result of a delegation, subject to any rights that may have vested as a consequence of the decision. (4) (a) A Member of the Executive Council responsible for finance in a province may,	30
in writing, delegate any power entrusted to, and assign any duty imposed on, the provincial treasury in terms of this Act, to an official of the provincial treasury. (b) Subsections (2) and (3) apply with the necessary changes to a delegation or assignment in terms of paragraph (a).	35
Exemptions	
37. (1) The Minister may, if good grounds exist, approve a departure from a provision of a framework, a regulation made under section 38 or a condition imposed in terms of this Act. (2) For purposes of subsection (1), good grounds include the fact that the provision of the framework, regulation or condition—	40
 (a) cannot be implemented in practice; (b) impede the achievement of any object of this Act; or (c) undermines the financial viability of the affected national or provincial department or municipality. 	45

38. The Minister may, by notice in the *Gazette*, make regulations regarding—
(a) anything which must or may be prescribed in terms of this Act; or

Regulations

(3) Any departure approved in terms of subsection (1) must set out the period and conditions of the departure, if any, and must be published by notice in the *Gazette*.

(b) any ancillary or incidental administrative or procedural matter that it is necessary to prescribe for the proper implementation or administration of this Act.

Repeal of laws

- 39.(1) Subject to subsection (2)—
 (a) the Division of Revenue Act, 2013 (Act No. 2 of 2013), except sections 16 and 26; and
 (b) the Division of Revenue Amendment Act, 2013 (Act No. 29 of 2013), is hereby repealed.
- (2) The repeal of the Division of Revenue Act, 2013, does not affect— 10
 (a) any duty to be performed in terms of that Act after the end of the 2014/15 financial year; and
 - (b) any obligation set out in that Act, the execution of which is still outstanding.

Short title and commencement

40. This Act is called the Division of Revenue Act, 2014, and takes effect on 1 April 15 2014 or the date of publication in the *Gazette*, whichever is the later date.

SCHEDULE 1

EQUITABLE DIVISION OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY AMONG
THE THREE SPHERES OF GOVERNMENT

	Column A	Column A Column B 2014/15 Forward Estimates	
Spheres of Government	2014/15		
	Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
	R'000	R'000	R'000
National ^{1,2}	735 604 179	794 415 136	858 716 824
Provincial	362 468 075	387 967 462	412 038 815
Local	44 490 145	50 207 698	52 868 706
TOTAL	1 142 562 399	1 232 590 296	1 323 624 345

- 1. National share includes conditional allocations to provincial and local spheres, general fuel levy sharing with metropolitan municipalities, debt-service costs and the contingency reserve
- 2. The direct charges for the provincial equitable share are netted out

SCHEDULE 2

DETERMINATION OF EACH PROVINCE'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE PROVINCIAL SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY (as a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund)

	Column A	Column B Forward Estimates		
Province	2014/15			
	Allocation	2015/16	2016/17	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	
Eastern Cape	52 154 185	55 389 093	57 876 235	
Free State	20 883 346	22 223 230	23 158 399	
Gauteng	68 672 720	74 214 209	80 243 782	
KwaZulu-Natal	78 138 477	83 347 554	87 887 479	
Limpopo	43 274 194	46 108 942	48 621 896	
Mpumalanga	29 354 919	31 448 977	33 727 900	
Northern Cape	9 651 945	10 276 650	10 941 191	
North West	24 706 979	26 527 825	28 385 986	
Western Cape	35 631 310	38 430 982	41 195 947	
TOTAL	362 468 075	387 967 462	412 038 815	

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

BUF Buffalo City			National Financial Year			
Number Number Refule R			Column A	olumn A Column B		
Number N			2014/15	Forward E	stimates	
Restrict Restrict	Number	Municipality		2015/16	2016/17	
A BUF Buffalo City A NMA Nelson Mandela Bay 761 606 771 725 78 B EC101 Caradeboo 40 950 43 380 44 635 44 851 B EC102 Blue Crane Route 42 429 44 635 45 44 B EC103 lkwezi 18 211 20 719 2 B EC104 Makana 72 184 75 677 76 B EC105 Sundays River Valley 46 351 55 166 55 B EC108 Sundays River Valley 46 351 55 166 55 B EC108 Kouga 66 129 81 630 89 B EC109 Kou-Kamma 33 3884 37 570 33 C DC10 Cacado District Municipality 80 008 86 220 88 B EC121 Mbhashe 162 715 209 526 B EC122 Maquma 191 206 234 322 238 B EC124 Amahlathi 105 384 124 108 125 EC125 Nkonkobe 106 485 130 370 126 EC127 Nkonkobe 106 485 130 370 127 88 128 EC127 Nkonkobe 106 485 130 370 127 1805 180 EC127 Nkonkobe 106 485 130 370 127 1805 180 EC127 Nkonkobe 106 485 130 370 128 EC128 Amahlathi 105 384 124 108 125 EC128 Amahlathi 105 384 124 108 125 EC127 Nkonkobe 106 485 130 370 126 EC127 Nkonkobe 106 485 130 370 127 1805 180 EC127 Nkonkobe 190 EC12 Amahloe District Municipality 663 551 699 665 74 Total: Amatole Municipalities 1 361 697 1 549 788 1 58 1 EC128 Emahlheri 1 115 999 146 291 144 40 812 180 EC132 Taolwana 1 31 320 38 873 3 38 3 37 3 38 3 37 3 38 3 38 3			R'000		R'000	
Section	EASTERN C.	APE				
Section	A BUF	Buffalo City	656 674	653 273	641 160	
B EC102 Blue Crane Route 42 429 44 635 46 635 8 E 6103 Revezi 8 211 20 719 2			761 606	771 725	785 837	
B EC102 Blue Crane Route 42 429 44 635 46 635 8 E 6103 Revezi 8 211 20 719 2	B FC101	Camdehoo	40.950	43 380	43 906	
B EC104 Makana 72 184 75 677 75					44 191	
B EC 105 Nolambe 64 894 72 961 75 B EC 106 Sundays River Valley 46 351 55 166 55 B EC 107 Baviaans 20 481 23 535 22 481 23 535 22 481 23 535 22 481 23 535 22 481 23 535 22 481 23 535 22 481 23 535 22 481 23 535 22 481 23 535 22 481 23 535 22 481 23 535 22 481 23 535 25 48 24 58 24	B EC103	lkwezi	l l	20 719	21 114	
B EC107 Baviaans 20 481 23 535 28 20 481 23 535 29 20 481 23 535 29 20 481 23 535 29 20 481 23 535 29 20 481 23 535 29 20 481 23 535 29 20 481 23 535 29 20 481 23 535 29 20 481 23 535 29 20 481 23 535 20 20 481 23 535 20 20 481 23 535 20 20 481 23 535 20 20 481 23 535 20 20 481 23 535 20 20 481 23 535 20 20 481 23 535 20 481 23 535 20 481 23 535 20 481 23 535 2	B EC104	Makana	72 184	75 677	76 030	
B		Ndlambe	64 894	72 961	76 514	
B EC108 Kouga 66 129 81 630 9 9 16 75 75 3 3 84 37 570 3 3 86 37 570 3 86 20 8 86 221 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8		, ,			59 358	
B				I .	24 202	
C DC10 Cacadu Municipalities 485 521 541 493 56					91 004	
Total: Cacadu Municipalities			l l	I .	39 380	
B EC Mbhashe 162 715 209 526 21		1 7			88 260	
B EC122 Mnquma 191 206 234 322 23 B EC124 Amahlathi 105 384 124 108 12 B EC124 Amahlathi 105 384 124 108 12 B EC127 Nkonkobe 116 485 130 370 12 B EC128 Nxuba 23 789 26 569 2 B EC128 Nxuba 23 789 26 569 2 C DC12 Amathole District Municipality 63 551 699 665 74 Total: Amatole Municipalities 1361 697 1 549 788 1 58 Total: Amatole Municipalities 1 361 697 1 549 788 1 58 B EC131 Inxuba Yethemba 40 564 40 812 3 B EC132 Inkika 1 84 1 84 1 84 B EC132 Inkika 1 1 18 301 1 27 277 1 2 1 1 18 301 1 2 2 50 82 2 2 B EC132 Inkika	1 otal: Cacadi	u Municipalities	485 521	541 493	563 959	
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Total: Amatole Municipalities					26 266	
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B EC133 Inkwanca 21 231 25 082 2 B EC134 Lukhanji 118 301 127 277 12 B EC135 Intsika Yethu 115 999 146 291 14 B EC136 Emalahleni 92 038 116 794 11 B EC137 Engcobo 103 995 134 274 13 B EC138 Sakhisizwe 48 625 59 556 5 C DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality 413 744 446 891 47 Total: Chris Hani Municipalities 985 817 1 135 760 1 16 B EC141 Elundini 10 878 132 254 13 B EC142 Senqu 110 942 135 923 13 B EC143 Maletswai 25 392 27 431 2 B EC144 Gariep 26 296 27 589 2 C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality 194 848 213 968	B EC131	Inxuba Yethemba	40 564	40 812	38 419	
B EC134 Lukhanji 118 301 127 277 12 B EC135 Intsika Yethu 115 999 146 291 14 B EC136 Emalahleni 92 038 116 794 11 B EC137 Engcobo 103 995 134 274 13 B EC138 Sakhisizwe 48 625 59 556 5 C DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality 413 744 446 891 47 Total: Chris Hani Municipalities 985 817 1 135 760 1 16 B EC141 Elundini 101 878 132 254 13 B EC142 Senqu 110 942 135 923 13 B EC143 Maletswai 25 392 27 431 2 B EC144 Gariep 26 296 27 589 2 C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality 194 848 213 968 22 Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities 459 356 537 165 55 <td></td> <td>2. Tsolwana</td> <td>31 320</td> <td>38 783</td> <td>39 422</td>		2. Tsolwana	31 320	38 783	39 422	
B EC135 Intsika Yethu 115 999 146 291 14 B EC136 Emalahleni 92 038 116 794 11 B EC137 Engcobo 103 995 134 274 13 B EC138 Sakhisizwe 48 625 59 556 5 C DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality 413 744 446 891 47 Total: Chris Hani Municipalities 985 817 1 135 760 1 16 B EC141 Elundini 101 878 132 254 13 B EC142 Senqu 110 942 135 923 13 B EC143 Maletswai 25 392 27 431 2 B EC144 Gariep 26 296 27 589 2 C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality 194 848 213 968 22 Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities 459 356 537 165 55 B EC153 Ngquza Hill 153 542 200 006 20					25 314	
B EC136 Emalahleni 92 038 116 794 11 B EC137 Engoobo 103 995 134 274 13 B EC138 Sakhisizwe 48 625 59 556 5 C DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality 413 744 446 891 47 Total: Chris Hani Municipalities 985 817 1 135 760 1 16 B EC141 Elundini 101 878 132 254 13 B EC142 Senqu 110 942 135 923 13 B EC143 Maletswai 25 392 27 431 2 B EC144 Gariep 26 296 27 589 2 C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality 194 848 213 968 22 Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities 459 356 537 165 55 B EC153 Ngquza Hill 153 542 200 006 20 B EC154 Port St Johns 93 453 120 820 12 <		3		I .	125 368	
B EC137 Engcobo 103 995 134 274 13 B EC138 Sakhisizwe 48 625 59 556 5 C DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality 413 744 446 891 47 Total: Chris Hani Municipalities 985 817 1 135 760 1 16 B EC141 Elundini 101 878 132 254 13 B EC142 Senqu 110 942 135 923 13 B EC143 Maletswai 25 392 27 431 2 B EC144 Gariep 26 296 27 589 2 C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality 194 848 213 968 22 Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities 459 356 537 165 55 B EC153 Ngquza Hill 153 542 200 006 20 B EC154 Port St Johns 93 453 120 820 12 B EC155 Nyandeni 169 496 216 524 21 B EC156 Mhlontlo 127 895 159 395 15			l l		147 367	
B EC138 Sakhisizwe 48 625 59 556 5 C DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality 413 744 446 891 47 Total: Chris Hani Municipalities 985 817 1 135 760 1 16 B EC141 Elundini 101 878 132 254 13 B EC142 Senqu 110 942 135 923 13 B EC143 Maletswai 25 392 27 431 2 B EC144 Gariep 26 296 27 589 2 C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality 194 848 213 968 22 Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities 459 356 537 165 55 B EC153 Ngquza Hill 153 542 200 006 20 B EC153 Nyandeni 169 496 216 524 21 B EC156 Mhlontlo 127 895 159 395 15 B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo 206 246 250 585 25 C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality 552 334			l l	I .	118 123	
C DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality 413 744 446 891 47 Total: Chris Hani Municipalities 985 817 1 135 760 1 16 B EC141 Elundini 101 878 132 254 13 B EC142 Senqu 110 942 135 923 13 B EC143 Maletswai 25 392 27 431 2 B EC144 Gariep 26 296 27 589 2 C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality 194 848 213 968 22 Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities 459 356 537 165 55 B EC153 Ngquza Hill 153 542 200 006 20 B EC154 Port St Johns 93 453 120 820 12 B EC155 Nyandeni 169 496 216 524 21 B EC155 Milontlo 127 895 159 395 15 B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo 206 246 250 585 <t< td=""><td></td><td>2</td><td>l l</td><td></td><td>135 782</td></t<>		2	l l		135 782	
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities				I .	59 591 479 451	
B EC142 Senqu 110 942 135 923 13 B EC143 Maletswai 25 392 27 431 2 B EC144 Gariep 26 296 27 589 2 C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality 194 848 213 968 22 Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities 459 356 537 165 55 B EC153 Ngquza Hill 153 542 200 006 20 B EC154 Port St Johns 93 453 120 820 12 B EC155 Nyandeni 169 496 216 524 21 B EC156 Mhlontlo 127 895 159 395 15 B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo 206 246 250 585 25 C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality 552 334 622 004 67 Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities 1 302 966 1 569 334 1 62 B EC441 Matatiele 138 979 176 035 17 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 <td></td> <td>1 2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1 168 837</td>		1 2			1 168 837	
B EC142 Senqu 110 942 135 923 13 B EC143 Maletswai 25 392 27 431 2 B EC144 Gariep 26 296 27 589 2 C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality 194 848 213 968 22 Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities 459 356 537 165 55 B EC153 Ngquza Hill 153 542 200 006 20 B EC154 Port St Johns 93 453 120 820 12 B EC155 Nyandeni 169 496 216 524 21 B EC156 Mhlontlo 127 895 159 395 15 B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo 206 246 250 585 25 C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality 552 334 622 004 67 Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities 1 302 966 1 569 334 1 62 B EC441 Matatiele 138 979 176 035 17 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 <td></td> <td></td> <td>444.000</td> <td></td> <td></td>			444.000			
B EC143 Maletswai 25 392 27 431 2 B EC144 Gariep 26 296 27 589 2 C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality 194 848 213 968 22 Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities 459 356 537 165 55 B EC153 Ngquza Hill 153 542 200 006 20 B EC154 Port St Johns 93 453 120 820 12 B EC155 Nyandeni 169 496 216 524 21 B EC156 Mhlontlo 127 895 159 395 15 B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo 206 246 250 585 25 C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality 552 334 622 004 67 Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities 1 302 966 1 569 334 1 62 B EC441 Matatiele 138 979 176 035 17 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 16 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 71				I .	134 621	
B EC144 Gariep 26 296 27 589 2 C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality 194 848 213 968 22 Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities 459 356 537 165 55 B EC153 Ngquza Hill 153 542 200 006 20 B EC154 Port St Johns 93 453 120 820 12 B EC155 Nyandeni 169 496 216 524 21 B EC156 Mhlontlo 127 895 159 395 15 B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo 206 246 250 585 25 C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality 552 334 622 004 67 Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities 1 302 966 1 569 334 1 62 B EC441 Mataticle 138 979 176 035 17 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 16 B EC443 Mbizana 145 251 181 912 18 B EC152 Ntabankulu 79 930 99 00		*			136 091	
C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality 194 848 213 968 22 Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities 459 356 537 165 55 B EC153 Ngquza Hill 153 542 200 006 20 B EC154 Port St Johns 93 453 120 820 12 B EC155 Nyandeni 169 496 216 524 21 B EC156 Mhlontlo 127 895 159 395 15 B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo 206 246 250 585 25 C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality 552 334 622 004 67 Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities 1 302 966 1 569 334 1 62 B EC441 Matatiele 138 979 176 035 17 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 16 B EC443 Mbizana 145 251 181 912 18 B EC152 Ntabankulu 79 930 99 000 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>I .</td> <td>27 599 26 766</td>				I .	27 599 26 766	
Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities 459 356 537 165 55 B EC153 Ngquza Hill 153 542 200 006 20 B EC154 Port St Johns 93 453 120 820 12 B EC155 Nyandeni 169 496 216 524 21 B EC156 Mhlontlo 127 895 159 395 15 B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo 206 246 250 585 25 C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality 552 334 622 004 67 Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities 1 302 966 1 569 334 1 62 B EC441 Matatiele 138 979 176 035 17 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 16 B EC443 Mbizana 145 251 181 912 18 B EC152 Ntabankulu 79 930 99 000 9 C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality 344 812 372 946 <td></td> <td></td> <td>l l</td> <td></td> <td>229 780</td>			l l		229 780	
B EC154 Port St Johns 93 453 120 820 12 B EC155 Nyandeni 169 496 216 524 21 B EC156 Mhlontlo 127 895 159 395 15 B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo 206 246 250 585 25 C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality 552 334 622 004 67 Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities 1 302 966 1 569 334 1 62 B EC441 Matatiele 138 979 176 035 17 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 16 B EC443 Mbizana 145 251 181 912 18 B EC152 Ntabankulu 79 930 99 000 9 C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality 344 812 372 946 39					554 857	
B EC154 Port St Johns 93 453 120 820 12 B EC155 Nyandeni 169 496 216 524 21 B EC156 Mhlontlo 127 895 159 395 15 B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo 206 246 250 585 25 C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality 552 334 622 004 67 Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities 1 302 966 1 569 334 1 62 B EC441 Matatiele 138 979 176 035 17 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 16 B EC443 Mbizana 145 251 181 912 18 B EC152 Ntabankulu 79 930 99 000 9 C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality 344 812 372 946 39						
B EC155 Nyandeni 169 496 216 524 21 B EC156 Mhlontlo 127 895 159 395 15 B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo 206 246 250 585 25 C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality 552 334 622 004 67 Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities 1 302 966 1 569 334 1 62 B EC441 Matatiele 138 979 176 035 17 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 16 B EC443 Mbizana 145 251 181 912 18 B EC152 Ntabankulu 79 930 99 000 9 C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality 344 812 372 946 39		81	l l		202 325	
B EC156 Mhlontlo 127 895 159 395 15 B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo 206 246 250 585 25 C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality 552 334 622 004 67 Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities 1 302 966 1 569 334 1 62 B EC441 Matatiele 138 979 176 035 17 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 16 B EC443 Mbizana 145 251 181 912 18 B EC152 Ntabankulu 79 930 99 000 9 C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality 344 812 372 946 39			l l	I .	122 183	
B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo 206 246 250 585 25 C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality 552 334 622 004 67 Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities 1 302 966 1 569 334 1 62 B EC441 Matatiele 138 979 176 035 17 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 16 B EC443 Mbizana 145 251 181 912 18 B EC152 Ntabankulu 79 930 99 000 99 C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality 344 812 372 946 39		•		I .	218 793 158 578	
C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality 552 334 622 004 67 Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities 1 302 966 1 569 334 1 62 B EC441 Matatiele 138 979 176 035 17 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 16 B EC443 Mbizana 145 251 181 912 18 B EC152 Ntabankulu 79 930 99 000 9 C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality 344 812 372 946 39			l l		254 143	
B EC441 Matatiele 1302 966 1 569 334 1 62 B EC442 Umzimvubu 138 979 176 035 17 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 16 B EC443 Mbizana 145 251 181 912 18 B EC152 Ntabankulu 79 930 99 000 9 C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality 344 812 372 946 39		•	l l	I .	673 550	
B EC441 Matatiele 138 979 176 035 17 B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 16 B EC443 Mbizana 145 251 181 912 18 B EC152 Ntabankulu 79 930 99 000 9 C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality 344 812 372 946 39					1 629 572	
B EC442 Umzimvubu 136 168 169 714 16 B EC443 Mbizana 145 251 181 912 18 B EC152 Ntabankulu 79 930 99 000 9 C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality 344 812 372 946 39		•				
B EC443 Mbizana 145 251 181 912 18 B EC152 Ntabankulu 79 930 99 000 9 C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality 344 812 372 946 39					176 741	
B EC152 Ntabankulu 79 930 99 000 9 C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality 344 812 372 946 39					168 943	
C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality 344 812 372 946 39					181 688	
1 7					98 423	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			396 351 1 022 146	
		•				
Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities 6 858 777 7 758 145 7 95	Total: Easter	n Cape Municipalities	6 858 777	7 758 145	7 953 651	

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			Natio	onal Financial Yea	r
			Column A	Colum	n B
,	Number	Municipality	2014/15	Forward Es	stimates
	vumber	Municipanty	Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
			R'000	R'000	R'000
FRE	EE STATE				
A	MAN	Mangaung	603 581	594 328	586 994
В	FS161	Letsemeng	50 195	49 845	47 031
В	FS161 FS162		50 185 82 502	78 397	70 209
В	FS162 FS163	Kopanong Mohokare	52 966	54 825	53 784
В	FS103 FS171	Naledi	32 966	40 935	40 215
С	DC16	Xhariep District Municipality	27 876	30 784	31 295
_		Municipalities	252 840	254 786	242 534
1012	ат. Апагтер	Withitipanties	232 840	234 /60	242 334
В	FS181	Masilonyana	84 850	88 282	86 079
В	FS182	Tokologo	43 895	44 749	43 070
В	FS183	Tswelopele	62 071	62 467	58 962
В	FS184	Matjhabeng	416 018	401 882	376 369
В	FS185	Nala	126 199	120 751	108 164
C	DC18	Lejweleputswa District Municipality	104 747	110 512	112 236
		outswa Municipalities	837 780	828 643	784 880
	ar Eej werep	The state of the s	557,755	020 010	701000
В	FS191	Setsoto	165 381	166 155	157 681
В	FS192	Dihlabeng	131 369	132 147	129 132
В	FS193	Nketoana	79 011	80 443	77 909
В	FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung	392 154	450 848	465 695
В	FS195	Phumelela	58 325	60 252	58 855
В	FS196	Mantsopa	67 921	69 105	66 730
С	DC19	Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	86 946	97 079	98 845
Tota	al: Thabo N	Iofutsanyana Municipalities	981 107	1 056 029	1 054 847
В	FS201	Moqhaka	167 294	169 819	165 644
В	FS201	Ngwathe	160 231	165 946	163 623
В	FS203	Metsimaholo	107 542	115 040	123 386
В	FS205	Mafube	76 678	78 521	76 194
C	DC20	Fezile Dabi District Municipality	137 551	140 157	142 149
		abi Municipalities	649 296	669 483	670 996
100	I CZIIC De	политирине о	017 270	307 403	070 770
Tots	al: Free Sta	te Municipalities	3 324 604	3 403 269	3 340 251

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			Natio	National Financial Year		
			Column A	olumn A Column B		
Γ,	Y II	Mandalasilla	2014/15	Forward Es	stimates	
1	Number	Municipality	Allocation	2015/16	2016/17	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	
GAU	UTENG					
A	EKU	Ekurhuleni	2 042 951	2 173 369	2 374 368	
Α	JHB	City of Johannesburg	2 534 723	2 846 914	3 186 449	
Α	TSH	City of Tshwane	1 375 518	1 642 734	1 877 110	
В	GT421	Emfuleni	602 144	599 185	594 434	
В	GT422	Midvaal	60 716	67 900	76 071	
В	GT423	Lesedi	71 665	82 464	91 357	
C	DC42	Sedibeng District Municipality	239 539	245 811	250 937	
Tota	ıl: Sediben	g Municipalities	974 064	995 360	1 012 799	
В	GT481	Mogale City	238 641	257 793	285 003	
В	GT482	Randfontein	100 395	103 247	106 247	
В	GT483	Westonaria	113 718	126 795	135 725	
В	GT484	Merafong City	175 979	167 895	158 179	
C	DC48	West Rand District Municipality	178 344	184 922	189 029	
Tota	ıl: West Ra	nd Municipalities	807 077	840 652	874 183	
Tota	l: Gauteng	Municipalities	7 734 333	8 499 029	9 324 909	

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			Nat	National Financial Year		
			Column A	Colun	nn B	
			2014/15	Forward Estimates		
	Number	Municipality	Allocation	2015/16	2016/17	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	
кw	AZULU-NA	ATAL.				
**	necet in					
A	ETH	eThekwini	1 990 048	2 097 814	2 244 029	
_	*********	***	40.655	(2.24)	60 E61	
В		Vulamehlo	48 657	62 344	62 761	
В		uMmdoni	43 638	60 153	63 794	
В		Umzumbe	105 320	127 211	125 847	
В		uMuziwabantu	59 072	75 863	77 049	
В		Ezinqoleni	34 499	43 308	43 775	
В		Hibiscus Coast	103 406	124 645	130 213	
С	DC21	Ugu District Municipality	319 564	361 255	394 223	
Tot	al: Ugu Mui	nicipalities	714 156	854 779	897 662	
_	*********		(0.255	04.554	0.5.400	
В		uMshwathi	69 377	84 554	85 689	
В		uMngeni	40 229	43 747	46 376	
В		Mpofana	24 807	27 416	27 516	
В		Impendle	28 057	32 796	32 722	
В		Msunduzi	373 541	392 761	413 174	
В		Mkhambathini	39 424	51 162	52 458	
В		Richmond	41 243	53 925	55 874	
С	DC22	Umgungundlovu District Municipality	366 806	397 401	430 258	
Tot	al: Umgung	undlovu Municipalities	983 484	1 083 762	1 144 067	
В		Emnambithi/Ladysmith	118 419	129 021	129 037	
В	KZN233		67 255	75 582	74 021	
В	KZN234	Umtshezi	39 294	49 735	52 011	
В	KZN235	Okhahlamba	79 269	98 010	97 758	
В	KZN236	Imbabazane	73 871	84 625	82 895	
C	DC23	Uthukela District Municipality	286 962	305 091	324 220	
Tot	al:Uthukela	Municipalities	665 070	742 064	759 942	
_	17721241	P. 1	27.040	40.001	41.510	
В		Endumeni	37 042	40 991	41 713	
В	KZN242	•	92 161	115 441	115 392	
В	KZN244	č	100 755	133 749	136 793	
В	KZN245		62 571	84 593	88 553	
С	DC24	Umzinyathi District Municipality	213 364	239 080	259 675	
Tot	al: Umzinya	thi Municipalities	505 893	613 854	642 126	
_	17.50 10.50	XI d	201-:-	20170	20//0-	
В		Newcastle	284 747	296 709	296 695	
В		Emadlangeni	17 467	21 011	21 210	
В	KZ254	Dannhauser	60 118	74 058	73 979	
C	DC25	Amajuba District Municipality	112 385	120 708	128 382	
Tot:	al: Amajuba	Municipalities	474 717	512 486	520 266	

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			Natio	National Financial Year		
			Column A	Column B		
			2014/15	Forward Estimates		
1	Number	Municipality	Allocation	2015/16	2016/17	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	
В	KZN261	eDumbe	46 398	57 334	57 569	
В	KZN262	uPhongolo	76 982	96 330	97 415	
В	KZN263	Abaqulusi	95 434	113 865	115 440	
В	KZN265	Nongoma	96 234	123 456	123 752	
В	KZN266	Ulundi	101 284	127 757	126 931	
C	DC26	Zululand District Municipality	297 420	321 220	343 697	
Tota	al: Zululanc	l Municipalities	713 752	839 962	864 804	
В	KZN271	Umhlabuyalingana	87 707	120 673	124 992	
В	KZN272	, .	103 677	136 083	138 265	
В		The Big Five False Bay	22 485	30 910	32 405	
В	KZN274		37 118	49 131	50 132	
В		Mtubatuba	81 379	116 105	121 442	
C	DC27	Umkhanyakude District Municipality	226 251	263 765	290 128	
		yakude Municipalities	558 617	716 667	757 364	
В	KZN281		67 439	93 409	96 596	
В		uMhlathuze	204 800	227 883	241 990	
В		Ntambanana	30 881	42 192	42 364	
В		uMlalazi	110 939	144 684	147 228	
В		Mthonjaneni	31 674	38 660	38 773	
В	KZN286		65 977	82 543	82 178	
C	DC28	uThungulu District Municipality	382 129	409 286	442 161	
Tota	Total: Uthungulu Municipalities		893 839	1 038 657	1 091 290	
В	KZN291	Mandeni	90 414	118 527	122 464	
В	KZN292	KwaDukuza	87 677	103 813	112 289	
В	KZN293	Ndwedwe	82 803	109 350	110 993	
В	KZN294	Maphumulo	61 091	74 554	74 142	
C	DC29	iLembe District Municipality	290 468	336 439	372 497	
Tota	al: iLembe l	Municipalities	612 453	742 683	792 385	
В	KZN431	Ingwe	66 031	82 678	83 187	
В		Kwa Sani	13 627	15 136	15 086	
В		Greater Kokstad	47 616	47 323	43 451	
В		Ubuhlebezwe	66 977	85 018	85 758	
В		Umzimkhulu	116 142	150 282	152 963	
C	DC43	Harry Gwala District Municipality	230 622	245 003	259 532	
		Municipalities	541 015	625 440	639 977	
æ.	11/ /7 :	N. (1) M. (1) M.	0.650011	0.000.100	10.252.212	
1 ota	aı: KwaZulı	u-Natal Municipalities	8 653 044	9 868 168	10 353 912	

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

		National Financial Year		
		Column A	Colun	nn B
N	Manufactura (Manufactura (Manuf	2014/15	Forward Estimates	
Number	Municipality	Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
		R'000	R'000	R'000
LIMPOPO				
B LIM331	Constant Circumi	172.916	221 902	225 314
B LIM331 B LIM332		173 816 167 589	221 802 208 754	210 859
	Greater Letaba Greater Tzaneen		288 119	
	Ba-Phalaborwa	235 717	107 603	294 096 111 219
		83 256 71 904		
	Maruleng	, - , - ,	92 648	94 652
C DC33	Mopani District Municipality	561 080 1 293 362	631 427	691 597
Total: Mopani	Municipanties	1 293 362	1 550 353	1 627 737
B LIM341	Musina	38 966	47 620	51 063
B LIM342		64 971	88 793	92 164
B LIM343	Thulamela	338 467	432 118	443 807
B LIM344		287 643	354 049	361 478
C DC34	Vhembe District Municipality	592 795	681 139	750 765
Total: Vhembe		1 322 842	1 603 719	1 699 277
Total. Vilenibe	viuncipanties	1 322 042	1 003 /19	1 099 277
B LIM351	Blouberg	117 073	147 530	148 949
	Aganang	98 119	123 182	123 637
	Molemole	89 014	106 570	106 230
	Polokwane	455 799	520 607	567 041
	Lepelle-Nkumpi	161 207	204 682	206 840
C DC35	Capricorn District Municipality	465 510	502 596	540 985
	rn Municipalities	1 386 722	1 605 167	1 693 682
Totali Capileo		1 200 /22	1 000 107	1 0,0 002
B LIM361	Thabazimbi	60 733	59 864	59 030
	Lephalale	86 865	91 578	94 719
B LIM364	*	33 945	41 433	44 369
B LIM365		58 643	59 688	58 443
	Bela-Bela	54 332	63 253	68 258
B LIM367	Mogalakwena	293 263	341 381	354 048
C DC36	Waterberg District Municipality	99 036	106 044	108 346
	rg Municipalities	686 817	763 241	787 213
	•			
B LIM471	Ephraim Mogale	91 614	118 427	121 678
	Elias Motsoaledi	166 920	212 892	217 043
B LIM473	Makhuduthamaga	181 770	228 456	231 637
	Fetakgomo	63 620	83 127	84 749
	Greater Tubatse	182 650	245 662	257 340
C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	467 284	546 156	607 356
Total: Sekhukl	une Municipalities	1 153 858	1 434 720	1 519 803
	•			
Total: Limpon	Municipalities	5 843 601	6 957 200	7 327 712

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			Nat	National Financial Year		
			Column A	Colum	n B	
Number			2014/15	Forward Estimates		
I I	vumber	Municipality	Allocation	2015/16	2016/17	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	
MPU	JMALANO	GA				
В	MP301	Albert Luthuli	188 970	218 951	227 278	
В	MP302	Msukaligwa	114 917	121 213	126 032	
В	MP303	Mkhondo	127 313	152 821	163 039	
В	MP304	Pixley Ka Seme	87 956	91 163	89 202	
В	MP305	Lekwa	85 034	88 235	89 898	
В	MP306	Dipaleseng	48 618	52 488	53 841	
В	MP307	Govan Mbeki	193 583	194 291	196 440	
С	DC30	Gert Sibande District Municipality	265 947	270 998	275 685	
Tota	l: Gert Sib	ande Municipalities	1 112 338	1 190 160	1 221 415	
В	MP311	Victor Khanye	59 142	67 153	72 430	
В	MP312	Emalahleni	207 754	228 158	255 184	
В	MP313	Steve Tshwete	103 556	119 110	136 097	
В		Emakhazeni	42 280	48 369	51 566	
В	MP315	Thembisile Hani	259 924	299 810	314 819	
В		Dr JS Moroka	270 810	314 851	322 068	
C	DC31	Nkangala District Municipality	318 017	326 271	333 698	
		a Municipalities	1 261 483	1 403 722	1 485 862	
В	MP321	Thaba Chweu	90 485	104 354	114 240	
В	MP322	Mbombela	388 663	460 158	502 938	
В	MP323	Umjindi	58 318	67 187	71 885	
В	MP324	Nkomazi	339 878	422 237	449 750	
В	MP325	Bushbuckridge	545 094	648 705	677 568	
C	DC32	Ehlanzeni District Municipality	199 678	217 562	223 374	
Tota	Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities		1 622 116	1 920 203	2 039 755	
Tota	la Maure al	langa Municipalities	2 005 027	4.514.005	4 747 032	
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities			3 995 937	4 514 085	4 /4 / 032	

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			Na	tional Financial Ye	ar
			Column A	Colun	nn B
	.	No. 11. 11.	2014/15	Forward I	Estimates
	Number	Municipality	Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
			R'000	R'000	R'000
NO	RTHERN C	CAPE			
В	NC061	Richtersveld	12 817	13 385	13 420
В	NC062	Nama Khoi	35 295	36 727	37 332
В	NC064	Kamiesberg	15 154	17 646	18 209
В	NC065	Hantam	20 566	20 616	20 102
В	NC066	Karoo Hoogland	14 669	15 790	16 407
В	NC067	Khâi-Ma	13 821	14 867	15 359
C	DC6	Namakwa District Municipality	34 464	35 494	35 915
Tota	al: Namakw	a Municipalities	146 786	154 525	156 744
В	NC071	Ubuntu	21 614	25 201	26 282
В	NC071 NC072	Umsobomvu	32 382	34 906	35 718
В	NC072 NC073	Emthanjeni	35 342	35 873	35 040
В	NC073	Kareeberg	15 096	17 995	18 867
В	NC074 NC075	Renosterberg	16 521	18 176	18 589
В	NC075	Thembelihle	16 735	18 656	19 200
В	NC070	Siyathemba	22 445	24 197	24 931
В	NC077	Sivancuma	38 021	39 510	38 827
C	DC7	Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality	32 052	36 079	36 840
_		a Seme Municipalities	230 208	250 593	254 294
		P			
В	NC081	Mier	12 321	14 570	14 920
В	NC082	!Kai !Garib	50 293	52 018	52 758
В	NC083	//Khara Hais	56 129	57 428	58 653
В	NC084	!Kheis	17 963	19 681	20 037
В	NC085	Tsantsabane	27 070	28 125	28 705
В	NC086	Kgatelopele	16 094	17 071	17 660
	DC8	Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality	47 645	50 930	51 978
Tota	al: Siyanda	Municipalities	227 515	239 823	244 711
В	NC091	Sol Plaatje	145 440	142 823	139 575
В	NC092	Dikgatlong	51 671	58 109	59 739
В	NC093	Magareng	32 090	34 771	35 020
В	NC094	Phokwane	71 353	77 271	78 258
C	DC9	Frances Baard District Municipality	97 428	103 853	110 545
Tota	al: Frances	Baard Municipalities	397 982	416 827	423 137
В	NC451	Joe Morolong	93 255	114 787	117 715
В	NC451 NC452	Ga-Segonyana	86 992	109 209	117 469
В	NC452 NC453	Gamagara	22 045	22 935	24 495
C	DC45	John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality	61 385	64 952	66 861
_		olo Gaetsewe Municipalities	263 677	311 883	326 540
		•			<u> </u>
Tota	al: Northeri	1 Cape Municipalities	1 266 168	1 373 651	1 405 426

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			Nat	ional Financial Yea	r
			Column A	Colum	n B
,	Number	Municipality	2014/15	Forward Es	stimates
,	Number	Municipality	Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
			R'000	R'000	R'000
NO	RTH WEST	r			
В	NW371	Moretele	209 553	261 158	270 496
В	NW372	Madibeng	367 236	454 767	505 482
В	NW373	Rustenburg	333 249	395 722	451 764
В	NW374	Kgetlengrivier	50 398	57 411	60 960
В	NW375	Moses Kotane	275 714	322 129	331 607
С	DC37	Bojanala Platinum District Municipality	265 044	284 495	293 182
Tota	al: Bojanala	Platinum Municipalities	1 501 194	1 775 682	1 913 491
В	NW381	Ratlou	82 376	99 724	99 416
В		Tswaing	74 220	86 125	86 259
В	NW383	Mafikeng	144 793	173 208	176 132
В		Ditsobotla	88 496	96 125	96 468
В		Ramotshere Moiloa	102 166	127 202	128 480
C	DC38	Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	465 801	509 889	552 149
_		Iodiri Molema Municipalities	957 852	1 092 273	1 138 904
100	ar. rigaka iv	Touri Moleina Municipanties	757 632	1 0/2 2/3	1 130 704
В	NW392	Naledi	36 699	39 510	39 571
В	NW393	Mamusa	37 162	43 136	43 690
В	NW394	Greater Taung	134 670	171 845	172 852
В	NW396	Lekwa-Teemane	32 710	37 370	38 013
В	NW397	NW397	83 391	102 622	102 534
С	DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	223 475	260 964	284 932
Tota	al: Dr Ruth	Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	548 107	655 447	681 592
_	2777401	X7 1	54.071	(2.222	((2(0
В	NW401	Ventersdorp	54 971	63 333	66 260
В	NW402	Tlokwe	103 841	118 723	132 919
B B	NW403	City of Matlosana	339 136 85 790	338 618 91 784	333 386
	NW404	Maquassi Hills			92 680
C	DC40	Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality	160 481	165 730	169 399
1 ota	ai: Dr Kenn	eth Kaunda Municipalities	744 219	778 188	794 644
Tota	al: North W	est Municipalities	3 751 372	4 301 590	4 528 631
		the state of the s			

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

		Natio	onal Financial Yea	r
		Column A	Colum	n B
		2014/15	Forward Es	stimates
Number	Municipality	Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
		R'000	R'000	R'000
************	CUPP			
WESTERN	CAPE			
A CP	T City of Cape Town	1 497 082	1 796 324	2 025 823
B WC0	011 Matzikama	39 922	41 267	42 803
B WC0		30 797	34 098	36 597
B WC0	2	27 489	30 412	33 422
B WC0	E	46 415	55 108	62 237
B WC0	015 Swartland	43 093	55 490	64 375
C DC	1 West Coast District Municipality	75 984	80 493	82 571
Total: West	Coast Municipalities	263 700	296 868	322 005
B WC0	22 Witzenberg	54 124	58 709	63 984
B WC0		85 321	96 228	106 387
	224 Stellenbosch	65 606	84 237	97 061
	225 Breede Valley	74 231	81 182	88 420
B WC0	•	55 756	57 186	58 711
C DC		213 606	217 012	220 773
	e Winelands Municipalities	548 644	594 554	635 336
B WC0		62 481	68 141	73 247
B WC0		52 021	64 199	72 027
B WC0	1 0	19 386	20 615	22 112
B WC0		20 938	21 855	22 812
C DC		50 397	55 183	56 638
Total: Over	berg Municipalities	205 223	229 993	246 836
B WC0	041 Kannaland	21 140	22 375	22 556
B WC0		29 993	31 423	33 060
B WC0		54 705	63 321	69 721
B WC0	•	92 397	100 129	109 720
B WC0	045 Oudtshoorn	49 907	54 204	57 242
B WC0	947 Bitou	40 946	57 147	65 154
B WC0	048 Knysna	44 808	55 858	62 098
C DC	4 Eden District Municipality	134 097	138 960	142 322
Total: Eden	Municipalities	467 993	523 417	561 873
B WC0	051 Laingsburg	10 908	12 115	12 450
B WC0		13 047	15 326	16 168
B WC0		38 990	44 066	46 339
C DC		16 722	19 898	20 352
	ral Karoo Municipalities	79 667	91 405	95 309
Total: West	tern Cape Municipalities	3 062 309	3 532 561	3 887 182
National To	otal	44 490 145	50 207 698	52 868 706

SCHEDULE 4, PART A

ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES TO SUPPLEMENT THE FUNDING OF PROGRAMMES OR FUNCTIONS FUNDED FROM PROVINCIAL BUDGETS

					Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2014/15	Forward Estimates	stimates
					Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Agriculture,	Comprehensive Agricultural Support	To provide effective agricultural support	General conditional allocation to	Eastern Cape	228 810	233 323	233 975
Forestry and	Programme Grant	services, promote and facilitate agricultural	provinces	Free State	146 531	140 760	141 792
Fisheries		development by targeting beneficiaries of land		Gauteng	60 816	60 720	72 890
(Vote 26)		restitution and redistribution, and other		KwaZulu-Natal	212 632	205 017	207 203
		previously disadvantaged producers who have		Limpopo	225 873	225 964	222 225
		acquired land through private means and are		Mpumalanga	135 810	134 213	151 025
		engaged in value-adding enterprises		Northern Cape	378 390	396 381	436 166
		damage to infrastructure caused by floods		North West	179 410	180 993	200 217
				Western Cape	292 336	110 714	91 700
				TOTAL	1 860 608	1 688 085	1 757 193
Basic Education	Basic Education (a) Education Infrastructure Grant	To help accelerate construction, maintenance,	General conditional allocation to	Eastern Cape	1 177 914	1 609 799	
(Vote 15)		upgrading and rehabilitation of new and existing provinces	provinces	Free State	554 313	757 553	-
		infrastructure in education; to enhance capacity		Gauteng	623 602	852 247	1
		to deliver infrastructure in education; to address		KwaZulu-Natal	1 385 781	1 893 881	•
		damage to infrastructure caused by floods.		Limpopo	1 108 625	478 285	•
				Mpumalanga	623 602	852 247	•
				Northern Cape	346 445	359 545	•
				North West	623 602	852 247	•
				Western Cape	485 024	662 859	•
				Unallocated	•	1 150 745	10 037 961
				TOTAL	6 928 908	9 469 408	10 037 961
	(b) Occupational Specific	To augment the baseline compensation budget	General conditional allocation to	Eastern Cape	6 571	2 067	•
	Dispensation for Education Sector	of the provincial education departments to	provinces	Free State	18 358	5 775	•
	Therapists Grant	enable them to comply with the Education		Gauteng	93 599	29 442	1
		Labour Relations Council Collective Agreement		KwaZulu-Natal	41 581	13 079	1
		1 of 2012.		Limpopo	•	•	-
				Mpumalanga	1 072	337	1
				Northern Cape	7	2	1
				North West	1 417	446	•
				Western Cape	50 395	15 852	-
				TOTAL	213 000	000 29	•

SCHEDULE 4, PART A

ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES TO SUPPLEMENT THE FUNDING OF PROGRAMMES OR FUNCTIONS FUNDED FROM PROVINCIAL BUDGETS

					Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2014/15	Forward Estimates	stimates
					Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Health	(a) Health Professions Training and	Support provinces to fund service costs	Nationally assigned function to	Eastern Cape	199 874	209 068	220 149
(Vote 16)	Development Grant	associated with training health science trainees	provinces	Free State	146 419	153 154	161 271
		on the public service platform.		Gauteng	811 114	848 425	893 391
		•		KwaZulu-Natal	292 837	306 308	322 542
				Limpopo	116 206	121 552	127 994
				Mpumalanga	95 288	99 671	104 954
				Northern Cape	169 97	80 225	84 477
				North West	104 586	109 397	115 195
				Western Cape	478 767	500 790	527 332
				TOTAL	2 321 788	2 428 590	2 557 305
	(b) National Tertiary Services Grant	Ensure provision of tertiary health services for	Nationally assigned function to	Eastern Cape	786 007	822 163	865 738
		all South African citizens; to compensate	provinces	Free State	898 091	939 403	161 686
		tertiary facilities for the additional costs		Gauteng	3 493 891	3 654 610	3 848 304
		associated with provision of these services.		KwaZulu-Natal	1 496 427	1 565 263	1 648 222
				Limpopo	323 158	338 024	355 939
				Mpumalanga	97 116	101 584	106 968
				Northern Cape	298 727	312 468	329 029
				North West	237 264	248 178	261 331
				Western Cape	2 537 554	2 654 281	2 794 958
				TOTAL	10 168 235	10 635 974	11 199 680
Higher Education	Higher Education Further Education and Training	To ensure the successful transfer of the Further	General conditional allocation to	Eastern Cape	319 517	342 251	361 123
and Training	Colleges Grant	Education and Training college function to the	provinces	Free State	185 111	198 284	209 218
(Vote 17)		Department of Higher Education and Training.		Gauteng	725 809	777 452	820 320
				KwaZulu-Natal	351 475	376 483	397 242
				Limpopo	404 504	433 285	457 176
				Mpumalanga	140 989	151 021	159 348
				Northern Cape	43 652	46 758	49 336
				North West	82 376	88 237	93 102
				Western Cape	377 913	404 802	427 123
				TOTAL	2 631 346	2 818 573	2 973 988

SCHEDULE 4, PART A

ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES TO SUPPLEMENT THE FUNDING OF PROGRAMMES OR FUNCTIONS FUNDED FROM PROVINCIAL BUDGETS

					Column A	Column B	n B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2014/15	Forward Estimates	stimates
					Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Transport	(a) Provincial Roads Maintenance	To supplement provincial investments for	General conditional allocation to	Eastern Cape	1 294 279	1 150 887	1 162 677
(Vote 37)	Grant	preventative, routine and emergency maintenance and provinces	provinces	Free State	1 025 682	1 331 043	1 401 588
		ensure all roads are classified as per Roads		Gauteng	514 903	490 172	516 152
		Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa		KwaZulu-Natal	1 788 158	1 986 750	2 086 663
		and the Road Classification and Access Management		Limpopo	1 127 310	1 067 642	1 109 350
		guidelines; to implement and maintain road asset management systems; to sumplement provincial		Mpumalanga	1 594 840	1 722 601	1 752 828
		projects for the repair of roads and bridges damaged		Northern Cape	640 472	686 761	723 159
		by declared natural disasters; to improve the state of		North West	690 005	166 560	807 188
		the road networks serving electricity generation infrastructure; to construct rural nedestrian access		Western Cape	685 849	749 854	732 333
		bridges.		TOTAL	9 361 498	9 952 270	10 291 938
	(b) Public Transport Operations Grant	To provide supplementary funding towards	Nationally assigned function to	Eastern Cape	195 282	204 172	214 888
	*	public transport services provided by provincial	provinces	Free State	215 900	225 729	237 576
		departments of transport.		Gauteng	1 819 854	1 902 701	2 002 538
				KwaZulu-Natal	904 783	945 972	995 610
				Limpopo	291 852	305 138	321 152
				Mpumalanga	491 418	513 789	540 751
				Northern Cape	43 937	45 937	48 350
				North West	90 318	94 430	68 66
				Western Cape	779 365	814 846	857 604
				TOTAL	4 832 709	5 052 714	5 317 858

SCHEDULE 4, PART B

ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES TO SUPPLEMENT THE FUNDING OF FUNCTIONS FUNDED FROM MUNICIPAL BUDGETS

				Column A	Column B	nn B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	City	2014/15	Forward Estimates	Stimates
				Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
				R'000	R'000	R'000
Human	Urban Settlements Development Grant	Supplements the capital revenues of metropolitan municipalities in order to Buffalo City	Buffalo City	673 289	700 458	743 775
Settlements	•	support the national human settlements development programme, focusing	City of Cape Town	1 358 879	1 406 883	1 481 448
(Vote 31)		on poor households.	City of Johannesburg	1 695 189	1 755 074	1 848 093
			City of Tshwane	1 469 450	1 521 361	1 601 993
			Ekurhuleni	1 804 532	1 868 279	1 967 298
			eThekwini	1 800 076	1 863 667	1 962 441
			Mangaung	654 406	206 089	723 188
			Nelson Mandela Bay	828 863	858 144	903 625
			TOTAL	10 284 684	10 654 773	11 231 861
National	Integrated City Development Grant	To provide a financial incentive for metropolitan municipalities to	Buffalo City			
Treasury		integrate and focus their use of available infrastructure investment and	City of Cape Town	57 171	•	1
(Vote 10)		regulatory instruments to achieve a more compact urban spatial form.	City of Johannesburg	50 497	•	'
			City of Tshwane	44 659	•	•
			Ekurhuleni	40 323	1	1
			eThekwini	52 621	•	1
			Mangaung	5 596	•	•
			Nelson Mandela Bay	4 133	•	'
			Unallocated	-	266 000	292 950
			TOTAL	255 000	266 000	292 950

SCHEDULE 5, PART A

					Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2014/15	Forward Estimates	Stimates
					Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Agriculture,	(a) Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant	To assist vulnerable South African farming	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	46 062	47 700	58 853
Forestry and		communities to achieve an increase in		Free State	60 802	62 877	60 882
Fisheries		agricultural production and invest in		Gauteng	20 126	24 234	35 515
(Vote 26)		infrastructure that unlocks agricultural		KwaZulu-Natal	69 093	71 549	926 59
		production.		Limpopo	46 062	47 940	58 345
				Mpumalanga	46 062	47 702	55 809
				Northern Cape	72 003	75 500	76 103
				North West	46 062	47 940	55 301
				Western Cape	54 353	56 372	40 586
				TOTAL	460 625	481 814	507 350
	(b) Land Care Programme Grant: Poverty	To promote sustainable use and management	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	10 853	10 867	11 405
	Relief and Infrastructure Development	of natural resources by engaging in the		Free State	5 427	5 476	5 744
		initiatives that supports the pillars of		Gauteng	4 748	4 801	5 036
		sustainability (social, economic and		KwaZulu-Natal	10 854	10 867	11 407
		environmental) leading to greater productivity,		Limpopo	10 178	10 201	10 706
		food security, job creation and better well-being		Mpumalanga	6 105	6 149	6 451
		for all.		Northern Cape	7 462	7 498	7887
				North West	8 140	8 171	8 574
				Western Cape	4 070	4 128	4 329
				TOTAL	67 837	68 158	71 519
Arts and	Community Library Services Grant	To transform urban and rural community	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	109 418	145 694	154 431
Culture		library infrastructure, facilities and services		Free State	119 013	155 776	155 869
(Vote 14)		(primarily targeting previously disadvantaged		Gauteng	125 608	162 693	172 450
		communities) through a recapitalised		KwaZulu-Natal	122 754	159 696	169 273
		programme at provincial level in support of		Limpopo	81 010	112 156	118 887
		local government and national initiatives.		Mpumalanga	114 781	151 325	160 400
				Northern Cape	118 396	155 121	164 424
				North West	98 883	134 632	142 605
				Western Cape	126 347	163 469	173 273
				TOTAL	1 016 210	1 340 562	1 411 612

SCHEDULE 5, PART A

					Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2014/15	Forward Estimates	Stimates
					Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Basic Education	(a) Dinaledi Schools Grant	To improve the quality of learner performance	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	13 342	13 956	14 695
(Vote 15)		in Mathematics, Physical Sciences, Life		Free State	900 8	8 374	8 8 1 8
		Sciences and English First Additional		Gauteng	22 458	23 491	24 736
		Language, in line with the Action Plan to 2014		KwaZulu-Natal	19 568	20 468	21 553
		and the National Development Plan; to improve		Limpopo	11 340	11 862	12 490
		the content knowledge, pedagogies and didactic		Mpumalanga	10 228	10 698	11 266
		skills of Mathematics, Physical Sciences and		Northern Cape	3 782	3 956	4 166
		Life Sciences teachers.		North West	11 785	12 327	12 980
				Western Cape	10 673	11 164	11 756
				TOTAL	111 182	116 296	122 460
	(b) HIV and AIDS (Life Skills Education)	To support South Africa's HIV prevention	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	37 023	37 753	40 530
	Grant	strategy by increasing sexual and reproductive		Free State	11 570	11 129	13 906
		health knowledge, skills and appropriate decision		Gauteng	30 195	30 611	33 388
		making among learners and educators; to mitigate		KwaZulu-Natal	52 261	51 255	54 035
		the impact of HIV and TB by providing a caring,		Limpopo	31 085	31 542	34 249
		supportive and enabling environment for learners		Mpumalanga	19 404	20 297	19 737
		and educators; to ensure the provision of a safe,		Northern Cape	5 059	5 281	5 281
		rights-based environment in schools that is free of		North West	17 388	18 198	17 568
		discrimination, stigma and any form of sexual		Western Cape	17 077	20 297	19 666
		harassment/abuse; to reduce the vulnerability of					
		infections, with a particular focus on orphaned and					
		vulnerable children.		TOTAL	221 062	226 363	238 360
	(c) National School Nutrition Programme	(c) National School Nutrition Programme To provide nutritious meals to targeted learners. Conditional allocation	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	984 548	1 020 116	1 074 182
	Grant			Free State	299 205	317 157	333 966
				Gauteng	640 541	678 974	714 960
				KwaZulu-Natal	1 237 534	1 287 034	1 355 247
				Limpopo	991 153	1 030 799	1 085 431
				Mpumalanga	524 913	545 910	574 843
				Northern Cape	134 645	142 724	150 289
				North West	366 890	381 566	401 789
				Western Cape	282 486	299 435	315 305
				TOTAL	5 4 6 1 9 1 5	5 703 715	6 006 012

SCHEDULE 5, PART A

					Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2014/15	Forward Estimates	Stimates
					Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Basic Education	Basic Education (d) Technical Secondary Schools	To recapitalise technical schools to improve	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	32 928	34 541	36 372
(Vote 15)	Recapitalisation Grant	their capacity to contribute to skills		Free State	22 219	23 309	24 544
		development and training in the country.		Gauteng	27 958	28 627	30 144
				KwaZulu-Natal	45 280	47 499	50 017
				Limpopo	29 859	31 322	32 982
				Mpumalanga	28 682	30 087	31 682
				Northern Cape	13 978	14 663	15 440
				North West	19 981	20 960	22 071
				Western Cape	12 597	13 214	13 914
				TOTAL	233 482	244 222	257 166
Health	(a) Comprehensive HIV and AIDS Grant	To enable the health sector to develop an	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	1 449 237	1 602 290	1 802 013
(Vote 16)		effective response to HIV and AIDS including		Free State	843 026	926 533	1 042 024
		universal access to HIV counselling and testing;		Gauteng	2 632 578	2 975 139	3 345 986
		to support the implementation of the National		KwaZulu-Natal	3 257 992	3 874 085	4 356 983
		Operational Plan for comprehensive HIV and		Limpopo	978 132	1 073 882	1 207 740
		AIDS treatment and care; to subsidise in-part		Mpumalanga	818 836	942 045	1 059 469
		funding for the antiretroviral treatment		Northern Cape	342 789	377 191	424 207
		programme.		North West	936 938	1 029 187	1 157 473
				Western Cape	1 051 794	1 156 691	1 300 870
				TOTAL	12 311 322	13 957 043	15 696 765
	(b) Health Facility Revitalisation Grant	To help accelerate construction, maintenance,	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	599 231	442 930	1
		upgrading and rehabilitation of new and		Free State	448 962	554 950	1
		existing infrastructure in health including:		Gauteng	671 033	303 630	ı
		health technology, organisational design		KwaZulu-Natal	1 162 469	1 090 431	ı
				Limpopo	467 442	184 255	•
		expenditure on health infrastructure delivered		Mpumalanga	343 509	277 942	1
		through public-private partnerships; to enhance		Northern Cape	421 428	446 407	ı
		capacity to deliver nearth infrastructure.		North West	486 121	558 721	1
				Western Cape	982 689	645 200	•
				Unallocated	1	884 324	5 652 280
				TOTAL	5 239 981	5 388 790	5 652 280

SCHEDULE 5, PART A

					Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2014/15	Forward Estimates	stimates
					Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Health	(c) National Health Insurance Grant	pur	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	7 000	7 397	7 789
(Vote 16)		provision for implementing National Health		Free State	7 000	7 397	7 789
		Insurance, allowing for each district to interpret		Gauteng	7 000	7 3 9 7	7 789
		and design innovations relevant to its specific		KwaZulu-Natal	14 000	14 793	15 577
		context in line with the vision for realising		Limpopo	7 000	7 397	2 7 789
		universal nearth coverage for an, to undertake health everem etrenorhening activities in		Mpumalanga	7 000	7 397	7 789
		identified focus areas: to assess the		Northern Cape	7 000	7 3 9 7	7 789
		effectiveness of interventions/activities		North West	7 000	7 396	7 788
		undertaken in the districts funded through this		Western Cape	7 000	7 396	7 788
		grant.		TOTAL	20 000	73 967	77 887
Human	Human Settlements Development Grant	To provide funding for the creation of	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	2 159 218	1 929 157	2 147 265
Settlements		sustainable human settlements.		Free State	1 061 756	1 131 794	1 252 868
(Vote 31)				Gauteng	4 417 641	2 065 766	5 631 437
				KwaZulu-Natal	3 273 045	3 313 983	3 547 298
				Limpopo	1 219 115	1 201 733	1 329 147
				Mpumalanga	1 146 690	1 316 401	1 450 045
				Northern Cape	374 832	376 006	416 487
				North West	1 517 136	2 153 545	2 3 6 3 6 1 2
				Western Cape	1 914 936	2 044 191	2 271 408
				TOTAL	17 084 369	18 532 576	20 409 567
Public Works	(a) Expanded Public Works Programme	To incentivise provincial departments to	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	69 544	1	1
(Vote 7)	Integrated Grant for Provinces	expand work creation efforts through the use of		Free State	26 601	1	ı
		labour intensive delivery methods in the		Gauteng	23 565	1	•
		following identified focus areas, in compliance		KwaZulu-Natal	97 945	1	1
		with the Expanded Public Works Programme		Limpopo	32 247	1	1
		guidennes, 10au maintenance and the		Mpumalanga	39 928	1	ı
		roads and rural roads, other economic and		Northern Cape	20 348	•	•
		social infrastructure, tourism and cultural		North West	14 249	1	ı
		industries, sustainable land based livelihoods		Western Cape	24 520	1	1
		and waste management.		Unallocated	•	356 574	411 798
				TOTAL	348 947	356 574	411 798

SCHEDULE 5, PART A

					Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2014/15	Forward Estimates	Stimates
					Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Public Works	(b) Social Sector Expanded Public Works		Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	41 714	1	•
(Vote 7)	Programme Incentive Grant for Provinces	departments identified in the 2013 Social		Free State	11 700	1	1
		Sector Expanded Public Works Programme log-		Gauteng	73 338	1	1
		frame to increase job creation by focusing on		KwaZulu-Natal	19 544	1	1
		the strengthening and expansion of social		Limpopo	18 632	1	1
		service programmes that have employment		Mpumalanga	18 844	1	1
		potential.		Northern Cape	22 018	'	1
				North West	26 306	'	1
				Western Cape	25 876	1	1
				Unallocated	-	267 529	374 662
				TOTAL	257 972	267 529	374 662
Social	Substance Abuse Treatment Grant	To provide funding for the construction of	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	13 000	000 6	1
Development		public substance dependency treatment		Free State	2 000	9 9	29 500
(Vote 19)		facilities in the provinces of Eastern Cape, Free		Gauteng	1	1	1
		State, Northern Cape and North West.		KwaZulu-Natal	1	•	•
				Limpopo	1	•	•
				Mpumalanga	1 4	1	1 4
				Northern Cape	2 000	22 000	18 000
				North West	12 000	10 000	•
				Western Cape	-		•
				TOTAL	29 000	47 500	47 500
Sport and	and Sport		Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	64 895	67 815	71 206
Recreation South	Recreation South Development Grant	and empowerment in partnership with relevant		Free State	40 318	42 133	44 240
Africa		stakeholders.		Gauteng	94 915	99 186	104 145
(Vote 20)				KwaZulu-Natal	85 435	89 280	93 744
				Limpopo	59 446	62 121	65 227
				Mpumalanga	46 959	49 072	51 526
				Northern Cape	31 450	33 391	36 709
				North West	43 503	45 460	47 734
				Western Cape	58 711	61 353	64 420
				TOTAL	525 632	549 811	578 951

SCHEDULE 5, PART B

SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

			Column A	Colm	Column B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	2014/15	Forward	Forward Estimates
			Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
			R'000	R'000	R'000
RECURRENT GRANTS	GRANTS				
Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (Vote 3)	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	To assist municipalities to perform their functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems as required in the Municipal Systems Act and related legislations.	252 152	261 060	274 896
Energy (Vote 29)	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant	To provide subsidies to municipalities to implement Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management initiatives within municipal infrastructure, in order to reduce electricity consumption and improve energy efficiency.	136 905	188 305	203 815
Human Settlements (Vote 31)	Municipal Human Settlements Capacity Grant	To build capacity in municipalities to deliver and subsidise the operational costs of administering human settlements programmes.	300 000	300 000	300 000
National Treasury (Vote 10)	(a) Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	To recruit unemployed graduates in municipalities to be trained as per the requirements of the relevant Statutory Council/professional body within the built environment.	104 425	129 226	138 725
	(b) Local Government Financial Management Grant	To promote and support reforms in financial management by building capacity in municipalities to implement the Municipal Finance Management Act.	449 138	469 799	494 698
Public Works (Vote 7)	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	To incentivise municipalities to expand work creation efforts through the use of labour intensive delivery methods in the following identified focus areas, in compliance with the Expanded Public Works Programme Guidelines: road maintenance and the maintenance of buildings, low traffic volume roads and rural roads, basic services infrastructure, including water and sewer reticulation, sanitation, pipelines (excluding bulk infrastructure), other economic and social infrastructure, tourism and cultural industries, waste management, parks and beautification, sustainable land-based livelihoods, social services programme, health service programme and community safety	594 575	996 819	705 997
Transport (Vote 37)	Public Transport Network Operations Grant	To provide operational funding to support the planning, regulation, control and management of municipal public transport networks and services.	902 817	1 043 024	1 362 321
Water Affairs (Vote 38)	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant	To subsidise, refurbish and restore the functionality of water services schemes previously owned and/or operated by the Department of Water Affairs or by other agencies on behalf of the department.	449 558	470 239	495 162
		TOTAL	3 189 570	3 480 619	3 975 614

SCHEDULE 5, PART B

SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

			Column A	Colu	Column B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	2014/15	Forward	Forward Estimates
			Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
			R'000	R'000	R'000
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANTS	URE GRANTS				
Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (Vote 3)	a) Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	To rehabilitate and reconstruct disaster damaged municipal infrastructure.	37 302	21 805	1
	b) Municipal Infrastructure Grant	To provide specific capital finance for eradicating basic municipal infrastructure backlogs for poor households, micro enterprises and social institutions servicing poor communities.	14 683 835	15 098 070	15 766 819
Energy (Vote 29)	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme by providing capital subsidies to municipalities to address the electrification backlog of occupied residential dwellings, and the installation of bulk infrastructure.	1 104 658	2 056 090	2 165 063
Human Settlements (Vote 31)	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	To provide specific capital funding for the reduction of rural sanitation backlogs and to target existing households where bulk-dependent services are not viable.	47 624	51 000	124 599
National Treasury (Vote 10)	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant	To support and facilitate the development of urban network plans that consist of primary and secondary networks that interconnect at strategic nodes, which in townships are referred to as urban hubs; urban network plans, precinct plans and then all projects aim to guide the delivery of catalytic infrastructure to leverage third party public and private sector development in the urban hubs; the aim of targeting investment in these strategic locations, as identified by urban network plans, is to improve the quality of life and access of residents in under-served neighbourhoods, generally within townships.	891 179	000 009	631 800
Transport (Vote 37)	(a) Public Transport Infrastructure Grant	To provide for accelerated planning, construction and improvement of public and non-motorised transport infrastructure.	4 968 029	5 097 881	5 104 052
	(b) Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	To assist rural district municipalities to set up rural Road Asset Management Systems, and collect road and traffic data on municipal road networks in line with the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa.	75 223	892 26	102 944
Water Affairs (Vote 38)	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	To facilitate the planning, acceleration and implementation of various projects that will ensure water supply to communities identified as not receiving a water supply service.	534 150	1 380 205	1 302 002
		TOTAL	22 042 000	24 402 814	25 197 279

SCHEDULE 6, PART A ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO PROVINCES FOR DESIGNATED SPECIAL PROGRAMMES

			Column A	Column B	
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	2014/15	Forward Estimates	Stimates
			Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
			R'000	R'000	R'000
Basic Education (Vote 15)	Basic Education School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant (Vote 15)	Eradication of entire inappropriate school infrastructure; provision of water, sanitation and electricity to schools.	2 938 503	2 433 310	2 610 662
Health (Vote 16)	National Health Grant	To address capacity constraints in provinces and to create an alternate track to speed up infrastructure delivery; to improve spending, performance, monitoring and evaluation on National Health Insurance pilots and infrastructure projects; to fund the introduction of the Human Papillomavirus vaccination programme in schools.	1 574 862	1 634 973	1 515 980
Human Settlements (Vote 31)	Human Settlements Development Grant	Human Settlements Development Grant To provide funding for the creation of sustainable human settlements.	899 177	975 399	ı
		TOTAL	5 412 542	5 043 682	4 126 642

SCHEDULE 6, PART B

ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES FOR DESIGNATED SPECIAL PROGRAMMES

			Column A	Colm	Column B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	2014/15	Forward	Forward Estimates
		•	Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
			R'000	R'000	R'000
Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	To provide specific capital finance for eradicating basic municipal infrastructure backlogs for poor households, micro-enterprises and social institutions servicing poor communities.	1	1	1
(Vote 3) Energy (Vote 29)	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant	To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme by providing capital subsidies to Eskom to address the electrification backlog of occupied residential dwellings, the installation of bulk infrastructure and rehabilitation and refurbishment of electricity infrastructure in order to immove quality of empty.	2 948 037	3 680 043	3 875 085
Human Settlements (Vote 31)	(a) Urban Settlements Development Grant	Supplements the capital revenues of metropolitan municipalities in order to support the national human settlements development programme, focusing on poor households.			1
	(b) Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	To provide specific capital funding for the reduction of rural sanitation backlogs and to target existing households where bulk-dependent services are not viable.	65 500	67 328	1
National Treasury (Vote 10)	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant	To support and facilitate the development of urban network plans that consist of primary and secondary networks that interconnect at strategic nodes, which in townships are referred to as urban hubs; urban network plans, precinct plans and then all projects aim to guide the delivery of catalytic infrastructure to leverage third party public and private sector development in the urban hubs; the aim of largeting investment in these strategic locations, as identified by urban network plans, is to improve the quality of life and access of residents in under-served neighbourhoods, generally within townships.	58 300	55 000	52 000
Water Affairs (Vote 38)	(a) Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant	To subsidise, refurbish and restore the functionality of water services schemes previously owned and/or operated by the Department of Water Affairs or by other agencies on behalf of the department.	142 013	151 185	159 199
	(b) Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	To develop new and refurbish, upgrade and replace ageing infrastructure that connects water resources to infrastructure serving extensive areas across municipal boundaries or large regional bulk infrastructure serving numerous communities over a large area within a municipality; to develop new and refurbish, upgrade and replace ageing waste water infrastructure of regional significance.	3 986 896	4 221 654	4 623 602
	(c) Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	To facilitate the planning, acceleration and implementation of various projects that will ensure water supply to communities identified as not receiving a water supply service.	524 826	1 291 729	1 511 545
		TOTAL	7 725 572	9 466 939	10 221 431

SCHEDULE 7, PART A

UNALLOCATED PROVISIONS FOR PROVINCES FOR DISASTER RESPONSE

				Column A	Column B	n B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose		2014/15	Forward Estimates	stimates
				Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
				R'000	R'000	R'000
Cooperative	Cooperative Provincial Disaster Grant	To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response.				
Governance and						
Traditional				197 372	204 344	215 174
Affairs						
(Vote 3)						
		L	TOTAL	197 372	204 344	215 174

SCHEDULE 7 PART B

UNALLOCATED PROVISIONS FOR MUNICIPALITIES FOR DISASTER RESPONSE

				Column A	Column B	nn B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose		2014/15	Forward Estimates	Estimates
				Allocation	2015/16	2016/17
				R'000	R'000	R'000
Cooperative	Municipal Disaster Grant	To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response.				
Governance and	Governance and			363 580	376 424	396 374
Traditional						
Affairs						
(Vote 3)						
			TOTAL	363 580	376 424	396 374

MEMORANDUM ON THE OBJECTS OF THE DIVISION OF REVENUE BILL, 2014

1. BACKGROUND

- 1.1 Section 214(1) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, ("the Constitution") requires that an Act of Parliament must provide for—
 - (a) the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government;
 - (b) the determination of each province's equitable share of the provincial share of that revenue; and
 - (c) any other allocations to provinces, local government or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue, and for any conditions on which those allocations may be made.
- 1.2 Section 10 of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997 (Act No. 97 of 1997), requires that, as part of the process of the enactment of the Act of Parliament referred to in paragraph 1.1, each year when the annual budget is introduced, the Minister of Finance must introduce in the National Assembly a Division of Revenue Bill ("the Bill") for the financial year to which that budget relates.
- 1.3 The Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997, requires that the Bill be accompanied by a memorandum explaining—
 - (a) how the Bill takes account of each of the matters listed in section 214(2)(a) to (j) of the Constitution;
 - (b) the extent to which account was taken of any recommendations of the Financial and Fiscal Commission ("the FFC") that were submitted to the Minister of Finance or were raised during consultations with the FFC; and
 - (c) any assumptions or formulae used in arriving at the respective shares of the three spheres of government and the division of the provincial share between the nine provinces.
- 1.4 In terms of section 7(4) of the Money Bills Amendment Procedure and Related Matters Act, 2009 (Act No. 9 of 2009), when tabling the budget, a report must also be tabled that responds to the recommendations made in the reports by the Parliamentary Committees on Finance on the proposed fiscal framework in the Medium Term Budget Policy Statement and the reports by the Committees on Appropriations regarding the proposed division of revenue and the conditional grant allocations to provinces and local government as contained in the Medium Term Budget Policy Statement. The report must explain how the Bill and the national budget give effect to, or the reasons for not taking into account, the recommendations contained in the Committee reports.
- 1.5 The memorandum referred to in paragraph 1.3 is attached to this Memorandum and will also be attached as "Annexure W1" to the Budget Review, and the report referred to in paragraph 1.4 will be tabled with the budget.
- 1.6 The Bill is introduced in compliance with the Constitution, the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997, and the Money Bills Amendment Procedure and Related Matters Act, 2009, as set out in paragraphs 1.1 to 1.4.
- 1.7 The allocations contemplated in section 214(1) of the Constitution are set out in the following Schedules to the Bill:
 - Schedule I contains the equitable shares of the three spheres of government:
 - Schedule 2 sets out provincial equitable share allocations;
 - Schedule 3 sets out local government equitable share allocations per municipality;

Schedules 4 to 7 deal with grant allocations for provinces and municipalities, including allocations to supplement funding of functions funded from provincial and municipal budgets, specific purpose allocations, allocations-in-kind (indirect transfers to provinces and local government) and the release of funds to provinces and municipalities for disaster response.

2. SUMMARY OF BILL

- 2.1 The following is a brief summary of the Bill:
 - Clause 1 contains definitions;
 - Clause 2 sets out the objects of the Bill, which is to provide for the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the three spheres, conditional allocations to provinces and municipalities from national government's share of the revenue and to promote predictability and certainty in respect of allocations to provinces and municipalities as well as transparency and accountability in the resource allocation process;
 - *Clause 3* provides for the equitable division of anticipated revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government, which is set out in Schedule 1;
 - Clause 4 provides for each province's equitable share, which is set out in Schedule 2, and that it must be transferred in terms of a payment schedule;
 - Clause 5 provides for each municipality's equitable share of revenue, which is set out in Schedule 3 and that it must be transferred in terms of a payment schedule;
 - Clause 6 determines what must happen if actual revenue raised falls short or is in excess of anticipated revenue for the financial year, and allows for additional conditional and unconditional allocations from the national government's portion of the equitable share or excess revenue;
 - Clause 7 provides for conditional allocations to provinces in Part A of Schedules 4 to 7;
 - Clause 8 provides for conditional allocations to municipalities in Part B of Schedules 4 to 7;
 - Clauses 9 and 10 set out the duties of a transferring national officer in respect of Schedules 4 to 6 allocations;
 - Clauses 11 and 12 set out the duties of a receiving officer in respect of Schedules 4, 5 and 7 allocations;
 - Clauses 13 and 14 set out the additional duties of a receiving officer in respect of infrastructure conditional allocations to provinces and to metropolitan municipalities;
 - Clause 15 prescribes the duties in respect of annual financial statements and annual reports for 2014/15;
 - Clause 16 requires the publication of certain allocations and all conditional grant frameworks in the Government Gazette;
 - Clause 17 requires that spending must only be in accordance with the
 purpose and subject to the conditions set out in the grant frameworks for
 Schedule 4 to 7 allocations, and sets out funding related arrangements if a
 function funded by the Human Settlements Development Grant or Public
 Transport Operations Grant is assigned by a province to a municipality;
 - Clauses 18 and 19 provide for the withholding and stopping of allocations;
 - Clause 20 provides for the re-allocation of funds;
 - Clause 21 provides for the possible conversion of certain grants in order to prevent under-spending or improve service delivery in respect of the grant if the affected national or provincial department has demonstrated the capacity to implement the applicable projects;
 - Clause 22 provides for the management of unspent conditional allocations:
 - Clauses 23 and 24 provide for payment schedules and their amendment;
 - *Clause 25* provides for the recovery of any allocation transferred in error or fraudulently;
 - Clause 26 provides for allocations not listed in the Schedules;
 - *Clause* 27 provide for preparations for the 2015/16 and 2016/17 financial years;

- Clause 28 deals with transfers before the commencement of the Division of Revenue Act for 2015/16 financial year and the conditions attached to such transfers:
- Clause 29 sets out the duties of municipalities;
- Clause 30 sets out the duties and powers of provincial treasuries;
- Clause 31 sets out the duties and powers of the National Treasury;
- Clauses 32 to 38 provide for general treasury matters such as allocations by public entities to provinces or municipalities, liability for costs incurred in violation of principles of co-operative governance and intergovernmental relations, irregular expenditure, financial misconduct, delegations and assignments, exemptions and the power to make regulations;
- Clauses 39 to 40 provide for the repeal of laws and the short title and commencement.

3. ORGANISATIONS AND INSTITUTIONS CONSULTED

- 3.1 The following institutions were consulted on the Bill—
 - Financial and Fiscal Commission;
 - South African Local Government Association; and
 - National and provincial departments.

4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS TO THE STATE

This memorandum outlines the proposed division of revenue between the three spheres of government, and the financial implications to government are the total transfers to provinces and local government as indicated in the Schedules to the Bill.

5. CONSTITUTIONAL IMPLICATIONS

The Bill gives effect to section 214 of the Constitution.

6. PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE

- 6.1 The State Law Advisers and the National Treasury are of the opinion that this Bill must be dealt with in accordance with the procedure prescribed by section 76(1) of the Constitution, since it provides for legislation envisaged in Chapter 13 of the Constitution, and it includes provisions affecting the financial interests of the provincial sphere of government, as contemplated in section 76(4)(b) of the Constitution.
- 6.2 The State Law Advisers are of the opinion that it is not necessary to refer this Bill to the National House of Traditional Leaders in terms of section 18(1)(*a*) of the Traditional Leadership and Governance Framework Act, 2003 (Act No. 41 of 2003), since it does not contain provisions pertaining to customary law or the customs of traditional communities.

DIVISION OF REVENUE ATTACHMENTS

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EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM TO THE DIVISION OF REVENUE

(Website "Annexure W1" to the 2014 Budget Review)

W1

Explanatory memorandum to the division of revenue

Background

Section 214(1) of the Constitution requires that every year a Division of Revenue Act determine the equitable division of nationally raised revenue between national government, the nine provinces and 278 municipalities. This process takes into account the powers and functions assigned to each sphere of government. The division of revenue process fosters transparency and is at the heart of constitutional cooperative governance.

The Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act (1997) prescribes the process for determining the equitable sharing and allocation of nationally raised revenue. Sections 9 and 10(4) of the act set out the consultation process to be followed with the Financial and Fiscal Commission (FFC), including considering recommendations made regarding the division of revenue.

This explanatory memorandum to the 2014 Division of Revenue Bill fulfils the requirement set out in section 10(5) of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act that the bill be accompanied by an explanatory memorandum detailing how it takes account of the matters listed in sections 214(2)(a) to (j) of the Constitution, government's response to the FFC's recommendations, and any assumptions and formulas used in arriving at the respective divisions among provinces and municipalities. This explanatory memorandum has six sections:

- Part 1 lists the factors that inform the division of resources between national, provincial and local government.
- Part 2 describes the 2014 division of revenue.
- Part 3 sets out how the FFC's recommendations on the 2014 division of revenue have been taken into account.
- Part 4 explains the formula and criteria for the division of the provincial equitable share and conditional grants among provinces.

- Part 5 sets out the formula and criteria for the division of the local government equitable share and conditional grants among municipalities.
- Part 6 summarises issues that will form part of subsequent reviews of provincial and local government fiscal frameworks.

The Division of Revenue Bill and its underlying allocations are the result of extensive consultation between national, provincial and local government. The Budget Council deliberated on the matters discussed in this memorandum at several meetings during the year. The approach to local government allocations was discussed with organised local government at technical meetings with the South African Local Government Association (SALGA), culminating in meetings of the Budget Forum (Budget Council plus SALGA). An extended Cabinet meeting involving ministers, provincial premiers and the SALGA chairperson was held on 4 October 2013. The division of revenue, and the government priorities that underpin it, was agreed for the next three years.

Part 1: Constitutional considerations

Section 214 of the Constitution requires that the annual Division of Revenue Act be enacted only after factors in sub-sections (2)(a) to (j) of the Constitution are taken into account. These include national interest, debt provision, the needs of national government and emergencies, resource allocation for basic services and developmental needs, fiscal capacity and efficiency of provincial and local government, reduction of economic disparities, and promotion of stability and predictability. The constitutional principles taken into account in deciding on the division of revenue are briefly noted below.

National interest and the division of resources

The national interest is encapsulated by those governance goals that benefit the nation as a whole. The National Development Plan, endorsed by Cabinet in November 2012, sets out a long-term vision for the country's development. This is complemented by the strategic integrated projects overseen by the Presidential Infrastructure Coordinating Council and the 12 priority outcomes adopted by Cabinet in 2010. In the 2013 *Medium Term Budget Policy Statement*, the Minister of Finance outlined how the resources available to government over the 2014 medium-term expenditure framework (MTEF) would be allocated to help achieve these goals. Chapter 4 of the 2013 *Medium Term Budget Policy Statement* and Chapter 7 of the 2014 *Budget Review* provide a detailed analysis of how funds have been allocated based on these priorities. The frameworks for each conditional grant allocated as part of the division of revenue also note how the grant is linked to the 12 priority outcomes.

Provision for debt costs

The resources shared between national, provincial and local government include proceeds from national government borrowing used to fund public spending. National government provides for the resulting debt costs to protect the country's integrity and credit reputation. A more detailed discussion can be found in Chapter 5 of the 2014 *Budget Review*.

National government's needs and interests

The Constitution assigns exclusive and concurrent powers and functions to each sphere of government. National government is exclusively responsible for functions that serve the national interest and are best centralised. National and provincial government have concurrent responsibility for a range of functions. Provincial and local government receive equitable shares and conditional grants to enable them to provide basic services and perform their functions. Changes have been made to various national transfers to provincial and local government to improve their efficiency, effectiveness and alignment with national strategic objectives.

Provincial and local government basic services

Provinces and municipalities are assigned key service delivery functions such as education, health, social development, housing, roads, and provision of electricity, water and municipal infrastructure. They have significant autonomy to allocate resources to meet basic needs and respond to provincial and local priorities, while giving effect to national objectives. The division of revenue provides equitable shares to provinces and local government. This year's division of revenue allocates additional resources to provinces to provide for the carry-through effects of public-sector wage increases due to higher-than-anticipated inflation. Funds are also added to the provincial fiscal framework to construct facilities for the treatment of substance abuse, roll out a new vaccine for the human papillomavirus, accelerate housing programmes in mining towns and repair infrastructure damaged by floods. Transfers to local government have grown significantly in recent years, providing municipalities with greater resources to deliver basic services. This is in addition to local government's substantial own-revenue-raising powers. In the 2014 division of revenue, additional resources have been made available to accelerate the rollout of bulk water and sanitation infrastructure, build capacity for cities to manage the development of human settlements, and to incentivise the planning and development of more integrated and efficient urban spaces.

Fiscal capacity and efficiency

National government has primary revenue-raising powers. Provinces have limited revenue-raising capacity and the resources required to deliver provincial functions do not lend themselves to self-funding or cost recovery. Municipalities finance most of their expenditure through property rates, user charges and fees. However, rural municipalities raise significantly less revenue than larger urban and metropolitan municipalities. Due to their limited revenue-raising potential and their responsibility to implement government priorities, provinces receive a larger share of nationally raised revenue than local government. Local government's portion has significantly increased over the last few years and will continue to grow over the medium term. The mechanisms for allocating funds to provinces and municipalities are continuously reviewed to improve their efficiency. The provincial equitable share formula was reviewed in 2010 and the recommendations were implemented in 2011. In 2013, the formula was updated with 2011 Census data, reflecting significant changes in the distribution of demand for services between provinces. A new approach to the funding of provincial infrastructure is being implemented to promote better planning and implementation, and to improve efficiency in the delivery of health and education infrastructure. A review of the local government equitable share was completed during 2012 and a new formula is being phased in from 2013/14 to 2017/18 (details of the formula are provided in part 5 of this annexure).

Developmental needs

Developmental needs are accounted for at two levels. First, in the determination of the division of revenue, which explains the continued commitment to grow the provincial and local government shares of nationally raised revenue, and second, in the determination of the division within each sphere through the formulas used for dividing national transfers among municipalities and provinces. Developmental needs are encapsulated in the equitable share formulas for provincial and local government and in specific conditional grants. In particular, various infrastructure grants and growing capital budgets aim to boost the economic and social development of provinces and municipalities.

Economic disparities

The equitable share and infrastructure grant formulas are redistributive towards poorer provinces and municipalities. Government is investing in economic infrastructure (such as roads) and social infrastructure (such as schools, hospitals and clinics) to stimulate economic development, create jobs, and address economic and social disparities.

Obligations in terms of national legislation

The Constitution confers autonomy on provincial governments and municipalities to determine priorities and allocate budgets. National government is responsible for policy development, national mandates, setting national norms and standards for provincial and municipal functions, and monitoring implementation for concurrent functions. The 2014 MTEF and division of revenue provide additional funding for higher-than-anticipated wage costs, increases in the cost of provincial bus services, and to accelerate the provision of housing, water and sanitation. These allocations are in addition to obligations funded through existing provincial and local government baseline allocations.

Predictability and stability

Provincial and local government equitable share allocations are based on estimates of nationally raised revenue. If this revenue falls short of the estimates within a given year, the equitable shares of provinces and local government will not be adjusted downwards. Allocations are assured (voted, legislated and guaranteed) for the first year and are transferred according to a payment schedule. To contribute to longer-term predictability and stability, estimates for a further two years are published with the annual proposal for appropriations. Adjusted estimates as a result of changes to data underpinning the equitable share formulas and revisions to the formulas are phased in to ensure minimal disruption.

Flexibility in responding to emergencies

Government has a contingency reserve that provides a cushion for emergencies and unforeseeable events. In addition, two conditional grants for disasters allow for the swift allocation and transfer of funds to affected provinces and municipalities in the immediate aftermath of a declared disaster. Sections 16 and 25 of the Public Finance Management Act (1999) make specific provision for the allocation of funds to deal with emergency situations. Section 30(2) deals with adjustment allocations for unforeseeable and unavoidable expenditure. Section 29 of the Municipal Finance Management Act (2003) allows a municipal mayor to authorise unforeseeable and unavoidable expenditure in an emergency.

Part 2: The 2014 division of revenue

Expenditure in the 2014 MTEF will remain within the bounds set out in the 2013 Budget. National and provincial departments implemented savings measures and reprioritised spending to make additional resources available to fund government priorities in the 2014 Budget.

Excluding debt-service costs and the contingency reserve, allocated expenditure shared between the three spheres amounts to R1.1 trillion, R1.2 trillion and R1.3 trillion over each of the MTEF years. These allocations take into account government's spending priorities, the revenue-raising capacity and responsibilities of each sphere, and input from various intergovernmental forums and the FFC. The provincial and local equitable share formulas are designed to ensure fair, stable and predictable revenue shares, and to address economic and fiscal disparities.

Government's policy priorities for the 2014 MTEF

Government has adopted a policy of changing the composition of spending to focus on promoting economic development, investing in infrastructure, creating jobs and enhancing local government capacity.

Following the saving exercise mentioned above, additional resources are allocated to provinces to:

- Subsidise the carry-through costs of higher-than-projected inflation on wage agreements
- Construct facilities for the treatment of substance abuse
- Roll out a new vaccine for the human papillomavirus
- Accelerate housing programmes in mining towns
- Repair infrastructure damaged by floods

• Cover the increased costs of provincial bus services.

Local government allocations receive additional funds to:

- Accelerate the provision of bulk water and sanitation
- Promote more integrated and efficient cities
- Build capacity for the development of human settlements.

Funding for the eradication of bucket sanitation has been prioritised within existing allocations to municipalities and a new indirect component of the *human settlements development grant* to provinces will also fund this priority.

Table W1.1 shows how additional allocations are distributed to priority areas across national, provincial and local government over the MTEF period.

Table W1.1 2014 Budget priorities – additional MTEF allocations, 2014/15 – 2016/17

	·	2045/46		
R million		2015/16		Total
Provincial departments: Compensation of employees cost pressures	2 738	4 347	4 964	12 049
National departments: Compensation of employees cost pressures	1 317	1 798	2 199	5 314
Defence and Military Veterans: Improving operational capability of South African Air Force	342	387	555	1 284
Transport: Procurement of railway rolling stock	348	338	410	1 096
Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs: Community Work Programme	_	_	1 072	1 072
Human Settlements: Municipal human settlements capacity grant	300	300	300	900
Water Affairs: Regional bulk infrastructure grant, to accelerate the delivery of bulk water and sanitation	_	350	500	850
Justice and Constitutional Development: Increased accommodation costs	200	210	310	720
Communications: Provision of set-top boxes, antennae and installation in 5 million households	_	300	400	700
Water Affairs: Construction of Umzimvubu Dam and bulk water scheme	_	264	430	694
Statistics SA: New head office accommodation	282	135	_	417
Transport: Rehabilitation of road infrastructure destroyed by natural disasters	235	178	-	414
Health: Introduction of new vaccine for cervical cancer	200	200	-	400
National Treasury: Integrated city development grant	105	116	135	356
Human Settlements: Repair of housing infrastructure damaged by disasters	185	141	-	326
Defence: Military Health Services: medical equipment and supplies	100	100	100	300
Environmental Affairs: Green Fund, to support the transition to a green economy	250	-	-	250
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries: Repair of farm infrastructure damaged by natural disasters	196	14	-	209
Home Affairs: Rescheduling of information technology system modernisation projects	_	_	200	200
Provincial Health: Provision of the cervical cancer vaccine by provincial governments	_	_	200	200
Energy: South African Nuclear Energy Corporation, upgrading of the Safari-1 nuclear reactor, research and development	190	-	-	190
Human Settlements: Informal settlement upgrading in mining towns	180	_	-	180
Total	7 168	9 178	11 775	28 120

The fiscal framework

Table W1.2 presents the medium-term macroeconomic forecasts for the 2014 Budget. It sets out the growth assumptions and fiscal policy targets on which the fiscal framework is based.

Table W1.2 Medium-term macroeconomic assumptions, 2013/14 – 2016/17

	2013	3/14	2014	1 /15	201	5/16	2016/17
	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2014
R billion	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
Gross domestic product	3 520.3	3 464.9	3 880.4	3 789.6	4 270.8	4 150.5	4 552.9
Real GDP growth	3.0%	2.0%	3.6%	2.9%	3.8%	3.3%	3.5%
GDP inflation	6.5%	6.2%	6.4%	6.3%	6.0%	6.0%	5.9%
National budget framework							
Revenue	873.0	886.2	967.9	962.8	1 070.7	1 058.1	1 172.6
Percentage of GDP	24.8%	25.6%	24.9%	25.4%	25.1%	25.5%	25.8%
Expenditure	1 055.1	1 049.1	1 138.0	1 142.6	1 225.7	1 232.6	1 323.6
Percentage of GDP	30.0%	30.3%	29.3%	30.1%	28.7%	29.7%	29.1%
Main budget balance ¹	-182.1	-162.9	-170.1	-179.8	-155.0	-174.5	-151.0
Percentage of GDP	-5.2%	-4.7%	-4.4%	-4.7%	-3.6%	-4.2%	-3.3%

^{1.} A positive number reflects a surplus and a negative number a deficit

Table W1.3 sets out the division of revenue for the 2014 MTEF period after accounting for new policy priorities.

Table W1.3 Division of nationally raised revenue, 2010/11 – 2016/17

	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
R million		Outcome		Revised estimate	Mediu	m-term estir	nates
Division of available funds							
National departments	356 027	382 712	412 706	449 251	489 424	522 257	552 983
of which:							
Indirect transfers to provinces	_	76	860	2 693	5 413	5 044	4 127
Indirect transfers to local government	2 939	2 770	4 956	5 697	7 726	9 467	10 221
Provinces	322 822	362 488	388 238	414 932	444 423	477 639	508 254
Equitable share	265 139	291 736	313 016	338 937	362 468	387 967	412 039
Conditional grants	57 682	70 753	75 222	75 995	81 955	89 672	96 215
Local government	60 904	68 251	76 430	83 670	90 815	100 047	105 187
Equitable share	30 541	33 173	37 139	39 789	44 490	50 208	52 869
Conditional grants	22 821	26 505	30 251	34 268	36 135	39 181	41 094
General fuel levy sharing with metropolitan municipalities	7 542	8 573	9 040	9 613	10 190	10 659	11 224
Non-interest allocations	739 752	813 451	877 374	947 853	1 024 662	1 099 943	1 166 424
Percentage increase	7.2%	10.0%	7.9%	8.0%	8.1%	7.3%	6.0%
Debt-service costs	66 227	76 460	88 121	101 256	114 901	126 647	139 201
Contingency reserve	_	_	-	-	3 000	6 000	18 000
Main budget expenditure	805 979	889 911	965 496	1 049 109	1 142 562	1 232 590	1 323 624
Percentage increase	7.9%	10.4%	8.5%	8.7%	8.9%	7.9%	7.4%
Percentage shares							
National departments	48.1%	47.0%	47.0%	47.4%	47.8%	47.5%	47.4%
Provinces	43.6%	44.6%	44.2%	43.8%	43.4%	43.4%	43.6%
Local government	8.2%	8.4%	8.7%	8.8%	8.9%	9.1%	9.0%

Table W1.4 shows how additional resources are divided. The new focus areas and additional allocations are accommodated by shifting savings towards priorities.

Table W1.4 Changes over baseline, 1 2014/15 - 2016/17

R million	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
National departments	-32	551	5 113
Provinces	2 696	3 250	4 861
Local government	-764	-1 422	-1 660
Allocated expenditure	1 900	2 379	8 314

^{1.} Excludes shifting of savings towards priorities over the MTEF

Table W1.5 sets out schedule 1 of the Division of Revenue Bill, which reflects the legal division of revenue between national, provincial and local government. In this division, the national share includes all conditional grants to provinces and local government in line with section 214(1) of the Constitution, and the allocations for each sphere reflect equitable shares only.

Table W1.5 Schedule 1 of the Division of Revenue Bill. 2014/15 – 2016/17

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
	Column A	Column B	
R million	Allocation	Forward e	stimates
National ^{1, 2}	735 604	794 415	858 717
Provincial	362 468	387 967	412 039
Local	44 490	50 208	52 869
Total	1 142 562	1 232 590	1 323 624

^{1.} National share includes conditional grants to provinces and local government, general fuel levy sharing with metropolitan municipalities, debt-service costs and the contingency reserve

The 2014 *Budget Review* sets out in detail how constitutional issues and government's priorities are taken into account in the 2014 division of revenue. It describes economic and fiscal policy considerations, revenue issues, debt and financing considerations, and expenditure plans. Chapter 7 focuses on provincial and local government financing.

Part 3: Response to the recommendations of the FFC

Section 9 of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act (1997) requires the FFC to make recommendations regarding:

- a) "An equitable division of revenue raised nationally, among the national, provincial and local spheres of government;
- b) the determination of each province's equitable share in the provincial share of that revenue; and
- c) any other allocations to provinces, local government or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue, and any conditions on which those allocations should be made."

The act requires that the FFC table these recommendations at least 10 months before the start of each financial year. The FFC tabled its *Submission for the Division of Revenue 2014/15* to Parliament in May 2013. These recommendations are divided into 13 chapters, which cover three main areas: national levers for inclusive growth in a post-crisis fiscal response; provincial fiscal levers – state capability and performance; and local government levers – collaborative governance for effective and sustainable municipalities.

Section 214 of the Constitution requires that the FFC's recommendations be considered before tabling the division of revenue. Section 10 of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act requires that the Minister of Finance table a Division of Revenue Bill with the annual budget in the National Assembly. The bill must be accompanied by an explanatory memorandum setting out how government has taken into account the FFC's recommendations when determining the division of revenue. This part of the explanatory memorandum complies with the requirement.

^{2.} Direct charges for the provincial equitable share are netted out

The FFC's recommendations can be divided into three categories:

- Recommendations that apply directly to the division of revenue
- Recommendations that indirectly apply to issues related to the division of revenue
- Recommendations that do not relate to the division of revenue.

Government responses to the first and second categories are provided below. Recommendations that do not apply to the division of revenue are being considered and dealt with through alternative processes.

Recommendations that apply directly to the division of revenue

Chapter 1: Budget consolidation in South Africa: balancing growth and socioeconomic rights

Moderate the growth in public-sector wage expenditure

The FFC recommends that, "Government continues its efforts to moderate the growth in expenditure components such as the public-sector wage bill (which constitutes some 60 per cent of government expenditure), as decreases in government expenditure increase the probability of a successful fiscal consolidation in South Africa. More effort must be made to improve the effectiveness of public finances, through greater and more rigorous oversight to ensure the elimination of fruitless, wasteful and unauthorised expenditure, and corrupt practices in managing public finances."

Government response

This recommendation deals with two different issues. The moderation of the wage bill is about the broad public-sector remuneration policy, whereas improving the effectiveness of public finances (in respect of fruitless, wasteful, unauthorised expenditure and corrupt practices) is an issue of accountability, governance and legal compliance.

Moderating the public-sector wage bill requires the management of employee remuneration policies (wage increases, allowances and so on) and staff numbers. The former is governed by the Department of Public Service and Administration. Government recognises that there is dualism in this area and has raised the issue in the FFC's presence both in Parliament and in other executive forums (the Technical Committee on Finance and the Budget Council). Government is working to address this issue. In terms of staff numbers, accounting officers and the executive authority are responsible for ensuring that people are not recruited where there is no pre-authorised budget to pay their salaries, and that budgets are not increased to cater for staff growth at the expense of other service delivery areas. Government has proposed the development of a management framework for this aspect of personnel management, and has initiated a project for personnel costing and modelling to help departments plan for personnel requirements and reduce the financial impact.

Government is committed to improving the effectiveness of public spending. The cost containment measures announced in the 2013 *Medium Term Budget Policy Statement* are being implemented through new guidelines issued by the National Treasury. Financial monitoring systems are being continuously improved across government, including through the design of a standard chart of accounts for local government. These improvements provide managers, oversight bodies and the public with the information they need to hold government accountable for the way public funds are spent.

Chapter 3: Funding of the South African further education and training sector

Funding further education and training colleges

The FFC recommends that, "The funding model for the further education and training sector after the function shift ensures that: baseline funding does not perpetuate past underfunding of the function in certain provinces; additional allocations are used to achieve a more equitable funding regime across the provinces; and ongoing infrastructure development and maintenance are provided for."

Government response

In 2012, the Department of Higher Education and Training developed a comprehensive turnaround strategy for all 50 further education and training colleges. The strategy, which is being implemented, aims to systematically address the colleges' key challenges to achieve sustainable improvements in the quality of teaching and learning. The strategy uses individual assessments and tailored interventions to respond to the specific strengths and weaknesses of each college. The Department of Higher Education and Training is solving immediate problems while laying out a developmental agenda that will be sustained beyond 2030. The coordination and implementation of the strategy is important and will drive annual operational plans, budgets and priorities. A portion of the cost per course will cover ongoing maintenance and infrastructure development. Large-scale infrastructure development will require additional funding, if available.

Chapter 5: Evolution of conditional grants

Consulting the FFC when planning for conditional grants

The FFC recommends that, "The section in the Division of Revenue Act dealing with preparation for the next financial year is reviewed to make consultation with the commission mandatory when planning for conditional grants for the forthcoming year. This would assist departments with grant design, especially in the case of new grants, phased-out grants, and material redesign of existing grants."

Government response

The consultation processes between the FFC and national government on the annual budget is prescribed in the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act and not the annual Division of Revenue Act. Government, however, welcomes the commission's offer to provide assistance to national departments. Given the tight timeframes involved in planning for the annual Division of Revenue Bill, government recommends that the FFC focus on assisting departments with the design of new grants, redesigning grants and grants that need to be phased out, as these are the areas where the commission's advice can be of most value. The National Treasury will refer individual departments considering major changes to conditional grants to the FFC for consultations and advice.

This initiative will complement the well-established practice of extensive consultation between government and the FFC on matters relating to the division of revenue. These consultations include the National Treasury consulting the commission on proposed changes to the division of revenue before announcements are made in the Medium Term Budget Policy Statement and the Budget Speech; the FFC's participation in the Budget Forum, Budget Council and Technical Committee on Finance meetings; sharing draft conditional grant frameworks with the FFC for comments; and the commission's inclusion in review initiatives, such as the review of the local government equitable share undertaken in 2012 and the review of local government infrastructure grants currently under way.

Reviewing the efficacy of conditional grants

The FFC recommends that, "The efficacy of conditional grants is reviewed, specifically in relation to the necessity and purpose of some of the grants, criteria for allocations, targeting, reporting on non-financial data, performance, and value for money."

Government response

Government agrees on the importance of assessing the effectiveness of conditional grants. Government assesses grant performance and effectiveness on an ongoing basis and makes changes where necessary in the annual Division of Revenue Act and the grant frameworks gazetted in terms of that act.

In addition, government also conducts periodic reviews of the conditional grant system. In the explanatory memorandum to the 2013 Division of Revenue, government announced a review of the local government infrastructure grant system. This review is under way and includes a number of stakeholders in its working group and steering committee, including the FFC. The review will also involve extensive consultation with

affected sectors and municipalities. Consultative reviews of systems as complex as the local government infrastructure grant system take time to complete and are therefore done periodically rather than continuously.

New measures have also been introduced to improve the effectiveness of conditional grants. For example, years of experience with the Infrastructure Delivery Improvement Programme have demonstrated that one of the biggest obstacles to the successful implementation of infrastructure projects in provinces is weak planning. As a result, a new infrastructure grant allocation mechanism has been introduced that requires provinces to begin submitting draft plans two years before project implementation. More details on progress in implementing these reforms can be found in part 6 of this annexure.

Recommendations that indirectly apply to the division of revenue

Chapter 5: Evolution of conditional grants

Capacity building in transferring national departments

The FFC recommends that, "National Treasury builds the capacity of transferring national departments for the effective grant design, monitoring and evaluation to ensure that guidelines are adhered to."

Government response

Government agrees on the importance of appropriate capacity to manage conditional grants. The National Treasury provides technical guidance to national departments on how to design, manage and monitor conditional grants. Departments considering establishing a new grant are able to consult with National Treasury officials and are provided with guidance and templates for the grant application process. Annual workshops on the Division of Revenue Act are held with all national transferring officers to discuss changes to the act, how the different provisions in the act work, and what levers are available to grant managers to carry out their mandates. The National Treasury also conducts annual training sessions with provinces and national departments on how to compile a business plan using a generic template. The National Treasury meets with national departments each quarter to review performance and assist departments with Division of Revenue Act compliance issues. Although the National Treasury offers guidance and training, national departments are responsible for devising their own capacity-building strategies and ensuring that suitably qualified staff are assigned to tasks relating to conditional grants.

Chapter 6: Assessing and improving the fiscal performance of provinces

Establishing a provincial fiscal performance framework

The FFC proposes that, "National and provincial treasuries put in place an agreed-upon measurement and assessment framework for fiscal performance against which provinces are evaluated. The assessment framework must: a) take into account various factors that capture fiscal performance holistically, including services burden, expenditure efficiency, and funding and delivery norms; b) incorporate information from internal audit reports and serve as an early warning system to complement section 32 reports and National Treasury benchmarking exercises; c) provide for monitoring and disclosure of key fiscal performance indicators of provincial departments, particularly when deviation (as defined by the Public Finance Management Act) from a healthy fiscal trajectory is prolonged; and d) provide for monitoring of expenditure benchmarks against which key provincial expenditure items are regularly evaluated and reported by provincial accounting officers."

Government response

Government agrees that frameworks for fiscal performance are critical. In this regard, expenditure reviews are being conducted (short term within the National Treasury and long term in a joint project with the Department of Performance Monitoring and Evaluation), as well as the public expenditure and financial accountability assessments in provinces. A planning and performance management framework is in place, with annual guidelines that are produced by the National Treasury and used by departments. A quarterly

performance reporting system has been implemented to complete the financial reporting system for all departments. Each sector develops norms for its specific delivery requirements (for example, school funding and feeding norms), which feed into the department's budgeting and planning. The section 32 report is a summary output of the early warning system and does not necessarily contain all the details available in that system. The report's high-level content presents information in a way that can be accessed and used by a broad audience. Internal audit reports cannot serve as an early warning system because they only become available after the event in question has occurred. In addition, even though they are available earlier than the Auditor-General's report, they are still available much later than the information from the existing monthly warning system. The FFC has previously been invited to assess the National Treasury's early warning system and this invitation is still open.

Mandatory expenditure reviews by provincial treasuries

The FFC recommends that, "Provincial treasuries must carry out mandatory expenditure reviews (overseen by National Treasury and the Department of Performance Monitoring and Evaluation in the Presidency) after every MTEF cycle, specifically focusing on composition, efficiency, economy and effectiveness of expenditure, as well as access to services and realignment of spending with programme objectives and delivery targets."

Government response

The largest and most significant provincial programmes are concurrent functions driven by national policies. As a result, reviews of the composition of expenditure should be a nationally driven process, working in conjunction with provinces. The National Treasury and the Department of Performance Monitoring and Evaluation are conducting expenditure reviews during 2013/14 and 2014/15. Provincial treasuries have instituted expenditure reviews in their respective provinces. The framework for strategic planning and annual performance planning has aligned spending with service delivery, programme objectives and delivery targets in both provincial and national government. Government acknowledges that sector indicators, definitions, plans and reports need to be improved, which is an ongoing process. The relevant service delivery sectors must take direct ownership and responsibility for managing and improving their programme performance.

Chapter 7: Managing the provincial wage bill to contain fiscal stress

An appropriate balance between wage and non-wage components of provincial budgets for social spending

The FFC recommends that, "A transition over the medium to long term is required, towards a more appropriate balance between the wage and non-wage components of provincial budgets for social spending (starting with education and health). This should be in the form of national sector departments setting a norm or ratio of frontline versus administrative staff to total expenditure per sector and/or by specific occupational categories, and developing accurate and up-to-date management information systems to monitor employee compensation expenditure against those norms."

Government response

Government supports the recommendations relating to the transition towards a more appropriate balance between the wage and non-wage components of provincial budgets for social spending. This transition must be systematic – the estimates should be informed by the staffing norms and not the other way around. For example, the health sector itself should recommend the scenarios to determine the ratio of administration staff in head offices or facilities to the number of doctors and nurses. This work is under way. After this, a collaborative effort between treasuries and health departments must take place to determine what is affordable.

Chapter 9: Effective intergovernmental planning and budgeting for better outcomes

Budget process reforms for collective responsibility for delivery agreement outcomes

The FFC recommends that, "National Treasury and the Department of Performance Monitoring and Evaluation introduce budget process reforms necessary for reconciling the collective responsibility for delivery agreement outcomes and the individual department-focused budget-bidding process by: a) realigning the budget process along service delivery agreements such that Medium-Term Expenditure Committee hearings are conducted at an outcome level, where applicable, rather than the current sectoral, individual institutional approach; and b) directly linking resource allocation to realistic, measurable and limited performance targets per outcome. Programme expenditure reviews must be undertaken at the end of each targeting period."

Government response

The budget process explicitly incorporates the outcomes approach. This is evident in the introduction of a functional approach to budgeting from the 2011 Budget onwards, which shifted the focus from administrative units and clusters to government's objectives, irrespective of which unit or department the related function falls under. The budget process, including Medium-Term Expenditure Committee deliberations, allows for efficient budget allocations and for specific focus on achieving identified national outcomes. National and provincial departments, and in some cases specific individual departmental programmes, and public entities are grouped according to their functions. The function groups that institutions and programmes are classified under support the outcomes approach because allocations are based on government objectives or functions, rather than individual departments.

In the annual estimates of national expenditure and provincial estimates, departments provide information on the outcomes to which all the programme performance indicators contribute. In their annual performance plans, national and provincial departments report on both financial and non-financial performance, and how budgets contribute to the achievement of targets. Conditional grant frameworks also identify which outcomes the grant contributes towards. Outputs and other indicators and the targets of the national outcomes are also incorporated into departmental planning documents.

Reorienting conditional grant incentives to reward successful delivery

The FFC recommends that, "In order to incentivise collaboration, government consolidates and reorients existing conditional grant incentives to reward successful achievement of delivery targets/outcomes rather than specific, individual, department-specific programme objectives."

Government response

The conditional grant system includes a wide range of grants for a variety of objectives. As such, it encompasses several different approaches and cannot adopt a "one-size-fits-all" system. However, government is committed to improving the incentives where appropriate. In the 2013 division of revenue, changes to the way health and education infrastructure grants are allocated to provinces created strong incentives for provinces to improve their planning. A new *integrated city development grant* introduces incentives for developing more integrated and efficient cities. The review of local government infrastructure grants that is under way may also deliver changes to grants in line with the FFC's recommendation (though the outcomes of the review cannot be known at this stage).

Chapter 10: Improving the performance of municipalities through incentive-based grants

Performance-based grants

The FFC recommends that, "Performance-based grants are based on principles and guidelines. The following principles should guide the design of performance-based grants: a) incentives should have sufficient monetary value to motivate desired behaviours by municipalities; b) incentive and performance indicators should be periodically revised and renegotiated between national government and municipalities; c) performance measures should capture performance unambiguously and be within the

control and influence of the municipalities; d) performance incentives and associated performance measures should be evaluated at regular and scheduled intervals, and allow time for learning from each cycle; e) incentives should be achievable and evaluated within the specified timeframe; f) the transferring officials and the municipality should be sufficiently capacitated to understand the purpose and impact of incentives; and g) incentives should be tailor-made to suit specific situations."

Government response

Government appreciates the FFC's work in proposing these principles and guidelines, and will consider them in the design of future incentive grants. Grants will be designed on a case-by-case basis and the appropriateness of each of these proposed principles will be considered for each grant.

An incentive-based transfer system could improve service delivery in municipalities with adequate institutional and fiscal capacity. This is premised on the fact that socioeconomic circumstances and institutional capacities of various municipalities in South Africa differ greatly. It is therefore highly likely that the best-performing municipalities would consistently benefit from this initiative. A number of municipalities find it difficult to use the *municipal infrastructure grant* allocations for basic services, which indicates that there are underlying challenges that need urgent attention. To redress this situation, government has implemented capacity building and support programmes to accelerate infrastructure delivery in local government.

With regard to revision of the grant framework, existing mechanisms are in place to ensure that allocations are incremental or demand-driven, and tailor-made to suit the objectives of all sectors in South Africa. Government agrees with the FFC that transferring officers need to be capacitated to address the skills gap in a number of sectors.

Although government agrees with most of the recommendations on monitoring and evaluation, it should be noted that government is currently crafting guidelines for outlining performance indicators. These guidelines are for metropolitan municipalities, and will be rolled out to secondary and local municipalities at a later stage. The indicators take cognisance of the fact that municipalities differ in institutional, social, economic and political context. Indicators can perform a valuable role in clarifying long-term goals, guiding municipal actions to achieve them, measuring their progress over time and rewarding good performance. Indicators are also important for national government to account for the effective use of taxpayer funding.

Sufficient awareness of the nature of performance-based grants

The FFC recommends that, "The National Treasury and Department of Cooperative Governance ensure that there is sufficient awareness of the nature of performance-based grants, the value of incentives, relevant indicators, assessment criteria and potential benefits thereof, and how potential implementation risks could be managed."

Government response

Government agrees that if any new incentive or performance-based grants are introduced, national government must ensure that municipalities understand how the grants are allocated and what performance is expected of them to earn more from the grant. The National Treasury will ensure that the allocation criteria are set out clearly in the grant framework gazetted in terms of the Division of Revenue Act, but it is the responsibility of the department managing and transferring the grant to distribute guidelines on the grant and if necessary to hold workshops with receiving officers on how a grant works.

Chapter 13: A collaborative effort to enhance revenue generation in rural municipalities

Linking grant funding for municipalities in rural areas to capacity-building initiatives

The FFC recommends that, "National and provincial governments ensure that grant funding to rural municipalities is linked to capacity-building initiatives and structured assistance, so that systems are built to improve the municipality's ability to collect revenues due and increase the quality of spending."

Government response

Government provides extensive capacity support to rural municipalities through a range of programmes, including the *financial management grant*, the *municipal systems improvement grant*, the Municipal Finance Improvement Programme, the *infrastructure skills development grant* and the Municipal Infrastructure Support Agency. These programmes target various aspects of local capacity, including revenue management and infrastructure spending. In some cases, capacity is built through resource allocations, while in others capacity is built through technical, hands-on transfer of skills or through formal competency training programmes. This differentiated approach to capacity building cannot always be linked to specific grant transfers. However, government strives to ensure that every municipality with capacity problems receives appropriate support. As part of this effort, the Municipal Infrastructure Support Agency is working to ensure that municipalities with high levels of underspending on capital grants receive support to improve their planning and capital spending.

The Municipal Finance Improvement Programme is designed to ensure that all disciplines related to the Municipal Finance Management Act are addressed through technical assistance placed at the municipality. Support is directed towards revenue management and collections, and budgeting. The programme transfers skills and experience to municipal officials. Although municipalities receive support to address gaps in their budget and treasury offices by identifying critical posts, filling these is a matter that municipal councils must prioritise. Rural municipalities need to develop new strategies to attract and retain skills, for example, by recruiting retired individuals and using shared services models more extensively.

Part 4: Provincial allocations

Sections 214 and 227 of the Constitution require that an equitable share of nationally raised revenue be allocated to provincial government to enable it to provide basic services and perform its allocated functions.

A total of R10.8 billion is added to the provincial baseline over the next three years. The provincial equitable share baselines are revised upwards by R12 billion, while direct conditional grant allocations are reduced by R1.2 billion over the MTEF period due to reprioritisations. National transfers to provinces increase from R414.9 billion in 2013/14 to R444.4 billion in 2014/15. Over the MTEF period, provincial transfers will grow at an average annual rate of 7 per cent to R508.3 billion in 2016/17.

Table W1.6 sets out the total transfers to provinces for 2014/15, which amount to R444.4 billion. A total of R362.5 billion is allocated to the provincial equitable share and R82 billion to conditional grants, which includes an unallocated R197.4 million for the *provincial disaster grant*, but excludes indirect transfers of R5.4 billion.

Table W1.6 Total transfers to provinces, 2014/15

R million	Equitable share	Conditional grants	Total transfers
Eastern Cape	52 154	9 846	62 000
Free State	20 883	6 158	27 041
Gauteng	68 673	16 935	85 608
KwaZulu-Natal	78 138	15 941	94 080
Limpopo	43 274	7 580	50 854
Mpumalanga	29 355	6 352	35 707
Northern Cape	9 652	3 406	13 057
North West	24 707	5 621	30 328
Western Cape	35 631	9 917	45 549
Unallocated	_	197	197
Total	362 468	81 955	444 423

The provincial equitable share

The equitable share is the main source of revenue for meeting provincial expenditure responsibilities. The proposed revisions of R2.5 billion in 2014/15, R4.3 billion in 2015/16 and R5.1 billion in 2016/17 bring the equitable share allocations to R362.5 billion, R388 billion and R412 billion respectively for each year of the MTEF. These revisions result in the provincial equitable share increasing by 6.9 per cent between 2013/14 and 2014/15, and growing at an average annual rate of 6.7 per cent over the MTEF period. These equitable share amounts include R2.2 billion in 2014/15 and R2.3 billion in 2015/16, which were previously part of the *devolution of property rate funds grant*. This grant will be fully phased into the provincial equitable share from 2016/17.

Policy priorities underpinning equitable share revisions

The revisions to baseline equitable share allocations provide for personnel and policy adjustments to fund urgent government priorities identified in health and social development. The personnel adjustments provide for the carry-through costs of higher-than-anticipated inflation on personnel budgets, the upgrade of clerical positions in all sectors and the costs of occupation-specific dispensation agreements for therapists in the education sector. A total of R11.6 billion is added to the provincial equitable share over the 2014 MTEF for these personnel-related costs. Policy-related adjustments to the provincial equitable share amount to R350 million over the MTEF period. A total of R50 million is added per year to provide shelters for victims of gender-based violence and R200 million is added in 2016/17 for the rollout of the human papillomavirus vaccine (the Department of Health will roll out the vaccine through an indirect grant in 2014/15 and 2015/16).

The equitable share formula

The provincial equitable share formula is reviewed and updated with new data annually. For the 2014 MTEF, the formula has been updated with data from the 2013 mid-year population estimates published by Statistics South Africa; the 2013 preliminary data published by the Department of Basic Education on school enrolment; data from the 2012 General Household Survey for medical aid coverage; and data from the health sector and the Risk Equalisation Fund for the risk-adjusted capitation index. Because the formula is largely population-driven, the allocations capture shifts in population across provinces, which leads to changes in the relative demand for public services across these areas. The impact of these updates on the provincial equitable share is phased in over three years (2014/15 to 2016/17).

Provision for 2011 Census impact

The provincial equitable share formula was updated with 2011 Census data in 2013/14. The incorporation of new Census data for the first time in a decade resulted in significant changes. To give provinces time to

adjust to their new allocations, the Census updates were phased in over three years and R4.2 billion was added as a "top-up" for provinces with declining shares over the 2013 MTEF period. As Table W1.7 shows, R1.5 billion in 2014/15 and R2.1 billion in 2015/16 of these "top-up" funds will be transferred during the 2014 MTEF.

Table W1.7 Cushioning for 2011 Census impact on provinces

with declining shares in the 2014 MTEF

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17				
R thousand	Medium-term estimates						
Eastern Cape	421 166	685 628	_				
Free State	78 350	171 261	_				
Gauteng	_	_	_				
KwaZulu-Natal	656 600	773 075	_				
Limpopo	297 127	487 036	_				
Mpumalanga	_	_	_				
Northern Cape	_	_	_				
North West	_	_	_				
Western Cape	_	_	_				
Total	1 453 243	2 117 000	_				

From 2016/17, the provincial equitable share will be allocated solely through the formula, with no additions to support provinces with declining shares. Provinces must use the "top-up" support provided between 2013/14 and 2015/16 to adjust to their new baselines. Provinces may choose to retain some of the "top-up" funds allocated in 2015/16 to cover the costs of adjusting to their new baselines that will be incurred in 2016/17.

Phasing in the formula

To mitigate the impact of annual data updates on provincial equitable shares, the new shares are phased in over the three-year MTEF. An amended phase-in mechanism is being introduced in the 2014 MTEF to ensure that the weighted share of the provincial equitable share allocated to each province over the MTEF period closely follows the indicative shares for each year published in the previous MTEF.

The equitable share formula data is updated every year and a new target share for each province is calculated, which is shown in Table W1.8. The phase-in mechanism provides a smooth path towards achieving these weighted shares by the third year of the MTEF. It takes the difference between the target weighted share for each province at the end of the MTEF and the indicative allocation for 2014/15 that was published in the 2013 MTEF and closes the gap between these shares by a third in each year of the 2014 MTEF. As a result, one-third of the impact of the data updates is implemented in 2014/15, two-thirds in the indicative allocations for 2015/16 and the updates are fully implemented in the indicative allocations for 2016/17.

Table W1.8 Implementation of the equitable share weights,

2014/15 - 2016/17 2014/15 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 2014 MTEF weighted shares Indicative 3-year phasing weighted shares from **2013 MTEF** Percentage 14.5% Eastern Cape 14.0% 14.4% 14.2% Free State 5.8% 5.7% 5.7% 5.6% Gauteng 18.8% 19.3% 19.1% 19.5% KwaZulu-Natal 21.5% 21.5% 21.4% 21.3% Limpopo 12.0% 12.0% 11.9% 11.8% Mpumalanga 8.1% 8.1% 8.2% 8.2% Northern Cape 2.7% 2.7% 2.7% 2.7% North West 6.8% 6.8% 6.9% 6.9% Western Cape 9.7% 9.8% 9.9% 10.0% Total 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%

In previous MTEF periods, the previous year's weighted shares (for example, 2013/14 shares for the 2014 MTEF) were used as the starting point for the phase-in mechanism. By using the indicative allocations for the first year of the new MTEF (2014/15) instead, the revised phase-in mechanism follows the indicative shares set out in the previous MTEF more closely and reduces the likelihood of any temporary anomalies in a province's phase-in path (such as a decrease in its share in one year despite a consistently upward trend over the MTEF period).

Summary of the formula's structure

The formula, shown in Table W1.9 below, consists of six components that capture the relative demand for services between provinces and take into account specific provincial circumstances. The formula's components are neither indicative budgets nor guidelines as to how much should be spent on functions in each province or by provinces collectively. Rather, the education and health components are weighted broadly in line with historical expenditure patterns to indicate relative need. Provincial executive councils have discretion regarding the determination of departmental allocations for each function, taking into account the priorities that underpin the division of revenue.

Table W1.9 Distributing the equitable shares by province, 2014 MTEF

	Education	ition Health Basic sl	Basic share	e Poverty	Economic activity	Institu- tional	Weighted average
	48%	27%	16%	3%	1%	5%	100%
Eastern Cape	15.2%	13.4%	12.5%	16.1%	7.5%	11.1%	14.0%
Free State	5.3%	5.4%	5.2%	5.3%	5.3%	11.1%	5.6%
Gauteng	17.5%	21.5%	24.0%	17.2%	34.5%	11.1%	19.5%
KwaZulu-Natal	22.6%	22.0%	19.7%	22.2%	15.7%	11.1%	21.3%
Limpopo	13.1%	10.4%	10.4%	13.6%	7.1%	11.1%	11.8%
Mpumalanga	8.5%	7.3%	7.8%	9.1%	7.0%	11.1%	8.2%
Northern Cape	2.3%	2.1%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	11.1%	2.7%
North West	6.5%	6.8%	6.8%	8.1%	6.5%	11.1%	6.9%
Western Cape	9.0%	11.1%	11.4%	6.2%	14.2%	11.1%	10.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Full impact of data updates on the provincial equitable share

Table W1.10 shows the full impact of the data updates on the provincial equitable share per province. It compares the target shares for the 2013 and 2014 MTEF periods.

Table W1.10 Full impact of data updates on the equitable share

	2013 MTEF	2014 MTEF	Difference
Eastern Cape	14.2%	14.0%	-0.11%
Free State	5.6%	5.6%	-0.02%
Gauteng	19.4%	19.5%	0.04%
KwaZulu-Natal	21.3%	21.3%	0.02%
Limpopo	11.8%	11.8%	0.01%
Mpumalanga	8.2%	8.2%	0.02%
Northern Cape	2.7%	2.7%	-0.04%
North West	6.9%	6.9%	0.04%
Western Cape	10.0%	10.0%	0.05%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	_

For the 2014 Budget, the formula components are set out as follows:

- An *education component* (48 per cent) based on the size of the school-age population (ages 5 to 17) and the number of learners (Grade R to 12) enrolled in public ordinary schools.
- A *health component* (27 per cent) based on the risk profile of each province and its health system case load.
- A basic component (16 per cent) derived from each province's share of the national population.
- An *institutional component* (5 per cent) divided equally between the provinces.
- A *poverty component* (3 per cent) based on income data. This component reinforces the redistributive bias of the formula.
- An *economic output component* (1 per cent) based on GDP-R data. GDP-R is a measure of regional gross domestic produced by Statistics South Africa.

Education component (48 per cent)

The education component uses the school-age population (5 to 17 years), based on the 2011 Census, and enrolment data drawn from the 2013 School Realities Survey conducted by the Department of Basic Education. Each of these elements is assigned a weight of 50 per cent.

Table W1.11 shows the impact of updating the education component with new enrolment data on the education component shares.

Table W1.11 Impact of changes in school enrolment on the education component

	Snare						
	Age cohort	School e	nrolment	Changes in	Weighted	l average	Difference
	5 – 17	2012	2013	enrolment			in weighted
					2013 MTEF	2014 MTEF	average
Eastern Cape	1 856 317	1 938 837	1 927 081	-11 756	15.3%	15.2%	-0.09%
Free State	657 489	660 966	663 312	2 346	5.3%	5.3%	-0.00%
Gauteng	2 231 793	2 062 526	2 116 391	53 865	17.3%	17.5%	0.17%
KwaZulu-Natal	2 758 594	2 866 369	2 857 959	-8 410	22.7%	22.6%	-0.10%
Limpopo	1 536 294	1 714 518	1 713 696	-822	13.1%	13.1%	-0.04%
Mpumalanga	1 053 846	1 051 356	1 049 995	-1 361	8.5%	8.5%	-0.03%
Northern Cape	288 839	276 420	281 500	5 080	2.3%	2.3%	0.01%
North West	824 724	774 615	787 470	12 855	6.5%	6.5%	0.03%
Western Cape	1 174 625	1 034 392	1 048 883	14 491	8.9%	9.0%	0.04%
Total	12 382 521	12 379 999	12 446 287	66 288	100.0%	100.0%	_

Health component (27 per cent)

The health component uses a risk-adjusted capitation index based on the Risk Equalisation Fund and output data from public hospitals to estimate each province's share of the health component. These methods work together to balance needs (risk-adjusted capitation) and demands (output component).

The health component is presented in three parts below. Table W1.12 shows the shares of the risk-adjusted component, which accounts for 75 per cent of the health component.

Table W1.12 Risk-adjusted sub-component shares

	Mid-year population estimates	Insured population	Risk- adjusted index	Weighted population	Risk-adjust	ed shares	Change
Thousand	2013	2012	2013		2013	2014	
Eastern Cape	6 620	10.9%	96.9%	5 713	13.0%	13.1%	0.10%
Free State	2 753	18.1%	103.3%	2 328	5.4%	5.4%	-0.08%
Gauteng	12 728	29.0%	105.4%	9 527	22.7%	21.9%	-0.82%
KwaZulu-Natal	10 457	12.3%	98.9%	9 070	20.6%	20.9%	0.30%
Limpopo	5 518	8.0%	91.6%	4 652	10.6%	10.7%	0.09%
Mpumalanga	4 128	14.5%	95.7%	3 378	7.6%	7.8%	0.13%
Northern Cape	1 163	18.9%	100.7%	949	2.3%	2.2%	-0.13%
North West	3 598	14.1%	102.2%	3 159	7.2%	7.3%	0.11%
Western Cape	6 017	25.2%	104.0%	4 682	10.5%	10.8%	0.30%
Total	52 982			43 459	100.0%	100.0%	_

The risk-adjusted sub-component estimates a weighted population in each province using the risk-adjusted capitation index, which is calculated using data from the Council for Medical Schemes' Risk Equalisation Fund. The percentage of the population with medical aid insurance, based on the 2012 General Household Survey, is deducted from the 2013 mid-year population estimates to estimate the uninsured population per province. The risk-adjusted index, which is an index of the health risk profile of each province, is applied to this uninsured population to estimate the weighted population. Each province's share of this weighted population is used to estimate their share of the risk-adjusted sub-component. Table W1.12 shows the change in this sub-component between 2013 and 2014.

The output sub-component, which is updated with 2011/12 and 2012/13 data obtained from the District Health Information Services, is shown in Table W1.13 below.

Table W1.13 Output sub-component shares

		Primary healthcare				Hospital	workload		
		visits				patient-day equivalents			
	2011/12	2012/13	Average	Share	2011/12	2012/13	Average	Share	
Eastern Cape	18 255	17 716	17 986	14.1%	4 550	4 373	4 461	14.2%	
Free State	7 175	7 473	7 324	5.7%	1 741	1 810	1 776	5.7%	
Gauteng	22 309	23 053	22 681	17.7%	6 556	6 578	6 567	20.9%	
KwaZulu-Natal	29 139	31 013	30 076	23.5%	8 133	8 061	8 097	25.8%	
Limpopo	14 696	14 330	14 513	11.4%	2 868	2 888	2 878	9.2%	
Mpumalanga	8 760	9 046	8 903	7.0%	1 724	1 812	1 768	5.6%	
Northern Cape	3 338	3 409	3 373	2.6%	449	471	460	1.5%	
North West	7 867	7 872	7 870	6.2%	1 551	1 570	1 560	5.0%	
Western Cape	15 431	14 728	15 079	11.8%	3 759	3 869	3 814	12.2%	
Total	126 970	128 639	127 804	100.0%	31 331	31 431	31 381	100.0%	

The output sub-component uses patient load data from the District Health Information Services. The average number of visits at primary healthcare clinics in 2011/12 and 2012/13 is calculated. Each province's average is used to estimate their share of this part of the output component, making up 5 per cent of the health component. For hospitals, each province's share of the total patient-day equivalents from public hospitals in 2011/12 and 2012/13 is used to estimate their share of this part of the output sub-component, making up 20 per cent of the health component. In total, the output component is 25 per cent of the health component.

Table W1.14 shows the updated health component shares for the 2014 MTEF.

Table W1.14 Health component weighted shares

	Risk- adjusted	Primary health care	Hospital component	Weighted	shares	Change
Weight	75.0%	5.0%	20.0%	2013	2014	
Eastern Cape	13.1%	14.1%	14.2%	13.5%	13.4%	-0.11%
Free State	5.4%	5.7%	5.7%	5.4%	5.4%	-0.00%
Gauteng	21.9%	17.7%	20.9%	21.9%	21.5%	-0.41%
KwaZulu-Natal	20.9%	23.5%	25.8%	21.7%	22.0%	0.32%
Limpopo	10.7%	11.4%	9.2%	10.3%	10.4%	0.11%
Mpumalanga	7.8%	7.0%	5.6%	7.2%	7.3%	0.13%
Northern Cape	2.2%	2.6%	1.5%	2.2%	2.1%	-0.15%
North West	7.3%	6.2%	5.0%	6.7%	6.8%	0.07%
Western Cape	10.8%	11.8%	12.2%	11.1%	11.1%	0.03%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	_

Basic component (16 per cent)

The basic component is derived from the proportion of each province's share of the national population. This component constitutes 16 per cent of the total equitable share. For the 2014 MTEF, population data is drawn from the 2013 Mid-Year Population Estimates produced by Statistics South Africa. Table W1.15 shows the impact on the basic component's revised weighted shares.

Table W1.15 Impact of the changes in population on the basic component shares

	2011 Census	Mid-year population	Population change	% population	Basic component shares		Change
	Population	estimates	onango	change			
		2013			2013 MTEF	2014 MTEF	
Eastern Cape	6 562 053	6 620 100	58 047	0.9%	12.7%	12.5%	-0.18%
Free State	2 745 590	2 753 200	7 610	0.3%	5.3%	5.2%	-0.11%
Gauteng	12 272 263	12 728 400	456 137	3.7%	23.7%	24.0%	0.32%
KwaZulu-Natal	10 267 300	10 456 900	189 600	1.8%	19.8%	19.7%	-0.10%
Limpopo	5 404 868	5 518 000	113 132	2.1%	10.4%	10.4%	-0.03%
Mpumalanga	4 039 939	4 128 000	88 061	2.2%	7.8%	7.8%	-0.01%
Northern Cape	1 145 861	1 162 900	17 039	1.5%	2.2%	2.2%	-0.02%
North West	3 509 953	3 597 600	87 647	2.5%	6.8%	6.8%	0.01%
Western Cape	5 822 734	6 016 900	194 166	3.3%	11.2%	11.4%	0.11%
Total	51 770 561	52 982 000	1 211 439	2.3%	100.0%	100.0%	-

Institutional component (5 per cent)

The institutional component recognises that some costs associated with running a provincial government and providing services are not directly related to the size of a province's population or the other factors included in other components. It is therefore distributed equally between provinces. It constitutes 5 per cent of the total equitable share, of which each province receives 11.1 per cent. This component benefits provinces with smaller populations, especially the Northern Cape and the North West, because the allocation per person for these provinces is much higher in this component.

Poverty component (3 per cent)

The poverty component introduces a redistributive element to the formula and is assigned a weight of 3 per cent. The poor population includes people who fall in the lowest 40 per cent of household incomes in the 2010/11 Income and Expenditure Survey. The estimated size of the poor population in each province is calculated by multiplying the proportion in that province that fall into the poorest 40 per cent of South African households by the population figure for the province from the 2013 Mid-Year Population Estimates. Table W1.16 shows the proportion of poor in each province from the Income and Expenditure Survey, the 2013 Mid-Year Population Estimates and the weighted share of the poverty component per province.

Table W1.16 Comparison of current and new poverty component weighted shares

	Income	Curr	ent (2013 M	TEF)	Ne	w (2014 MT	EF)	Difference
	and	2011	Poor	Weighted	Mid-year	Poor	Weighted	in
	Expendi-	Census	popula-	shares	population	popula-	shares	weighted
	ture	population	tion		estimates	tion		shares
	Survey				2013			
Thousand	2010/11							
Eastern Cape	52.0%	6 562	3 414	16.3%	6 620	3 445	16.1%	-0.20%
Free State	41.4%	2 746	1 137	5.4%	2 753	1 140	5.3%	-0.10%
Gauteng	28.9%	12 272	3 543	16.9%	12 728	3 675	17.2%	0.26%
KwaZulu-Natal	45.3%	10 267	4 652	22.2%	10 457	4 738	22.2%	-0.06%
Limpopo	52.9%	5 405	2 857	13.6%	5 518	2 917	13.6%	-0.00%
Mpumalanga	47.3%	4 040	1 909	9.1%	4 128	1 951	9.1%	0.01%
Northern Cape	40.8%	1 146	467	2.2%	1 163	474	2.2%	-0.01%
North West	47.9%	3 510	1 681	8.0%	3 598	1 723	8.1%	0.03%
Western Cape	21.9%	5 823	1 273	6.1%	6 017	1 316	6.2%	0.07%
Total		51 771	20 933	100.0%	52 982	21 377	100.0%	_

Economic activity component (1 per cent)

The economic activity component is a proxy for provincial tax capacity and expenditure assignments. Given that these assignments are a relatively small proportion of provincial budgets, the component is assigned a weight of 1 per cent. For the 2014 MTEF, 2011 GDP-R data is used. Table W1.17 shows the weighted shares of the economic activity component.

Table W1.17 Current and new economic activity component weighted shares

	Current (20	13 MTEF)	New (201	4 MTEF)	Difference in
	GDP-R, 2010 (R million)	Weighted shares	GDP-R, 2011 (R million)	Weighted shares	weighted shares
Eastern Cape	203 993	7.7%	219 170	7.5%	-0.15%
Free State	145 405	5.5%	153 284	5.3%	-0.21%
Gauteng	897 553	33.7%	1 005 795	34.5%	0.75%
KwaZulu-Natal	420 647	15.8%	458 841	15.7%	-0.08%
Limpopo	191 934	7.2%	207 308	7.1%	-0.11%
Mpumalanga	187 367	7.0%	205 600	7.0%	0.01%
Northern Cape	61 175	2.3%	65 259	2.2%	-0.06%
North West	177 075	6.7%	189 047	6.5%	-0.17%
Western Cape	376 284	14.1%	413 235	14.2%	0.03%
Total	2 661 433	100.0%	2 917 539	100.0%	-

Phasing of conditional grant into the provincial equitable share

The devolution of property rate funds grant will be fully phased into the provincial equitable share by 2016/17. The grant was introduced to enable provinces to take over the responsibility of paying rates and municipal charges on properties that were administered by national government on their behalf. Progress in ensuring that all provinces have records of their properties and liabilities for municipal rates means that there is no longer a need for a separate conditional grant. A grant phase-out report detailing this progress was submitted to Parliament in February 2013. From 2013/14 to 2015/16, provinces receive the same amounts they would have received from the grant, but these will be transferred as part of the equitable share and not as a separate conditional grant. From 2016/17, these funds will be allocated through the provincial equitable share formula.

Conditional grants to provinces

There are four types of provincial conditional grants. Schedule 4A sets out general grants that supplement various programmes partly funded by provinces, such as infrastructure and central hospitals. Transfer and spending accountability arrangements differ, as more than one national or provincial department may be responsible for different outputs. Schedule 5A grants fund specific responsibilities and programmes implemented by provinces. Schedule 6A grants provide allocations-in-kind through which a national department implements projects in provinces. A schedule 7A grant provides for the swift allocation and transfer of funds to a province to help it deal with a disaster.

Changes to conditional grants

Given the challenging economic environment and fiscal constraints, government decided to reduce some underspending grants to fund key priorities. As a result, the baselines of certain conditional grants have been revised downward. However, because most of the reduced grants have a history of underspending, the impact of these reductions on service delivery should be minimised. Table W1.18 shows the revisions made to provincial conditional grants to make resources available for government priorities, and to provide for technical, policy and inflation adjustments.

Table W1.18 Revisions to conditional grant baseline allocations, 2014/15 – 2016/17

R million	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014 MTEF
Technical revisions	-	-	-	_
Direct transfers	-399	-575	400	-575
Health facility revitalisation	500	400	400	1 300
Human settlements development	-899	-975	-	-1 875
Indirect transfers	399	575	-400	575
National health	-500	-400	-400	-1 300
Human settlements development	899	975	_	1 875
Additions to baseline	1 373	798	1 251	3 421
Direct transfers	1 173	598	1 251	3 021
Comprehensive agricultural support programme	196	14	-	209
Education infrastructure	53	40	_	92
Health facility revitalisation	1	1	_	2
Comprehensive HIV and Aids	_	_	1 000	1 000
Further education and training colleges	31	60	69	160
Human settlements development	365	141	_	506
Expanded public works programme integrated grant for provinces	_	_	10	10
Social sector expanded public works programme incentive for provinces	-	-	74	74
Provincial roads maintenance	235	178	-	414
Occupational-specific dispensation therapists	213	67	_	280
Substance abuse treatment	29	48	48	124
Public transport operations	50	50	50	150
Indirect transfers	200	200	_	400
National health grant	200	200	-	400
Reductions to baseline	-1 077	-1 807	-1 675	-4 559
Direct transfers	-621	-1 043	-935	-2 599
Comprehensive agricultural support programme	_	-67	-77	-144
Land care programme: poverty relief and infrastructure development	-	-3	-3	-6
Expanded public works programme integrated grant for provinces	-22	-25	-	-47
Social sector expanded public works programme incentive for provinces	-15	-18	-	-33
Human settlements development	-300	-300	-300	-900
Education infrastructure	-284	-630	-555	-1 469
Indirect transfers	-456	-764	-741	-1 960
National health	-225	-285	-285	-794
School infrastructure backlogs	-231	-479	-456	-1 166
Net change to provincial allocations	295	-1 009	-425	-1 138

After accounting for the reductions and shifts from provincial direct conditional grants, net revisions to direct conditional grant baseline allocations consist of an addition of R152.3 million in 2014/15, a reduction of R1 billion in 2015/16 and an addition of R716 million in 2016/17, or a net decrease of R152 million over the MTEF period. This brings the new direct conditional grant baselines to R82 billion in 2014/15, R89.7 billion in 2015/16 and R96.2 billion in 2016/17.

Table W1.19 provides a summary of conditional grants by sector for the 2014 MTEF. More detailed information, including the framework and allocation criteria for each grant, is provided in Annexure W2 of the 2014 Division of Revenue Bill. The frameworks provide the conditions for each grant, the outputs expected, the allocation criteria used for dividing each grant between provinces and a summary of the grant's audited outcomes for 2012/13.

Table W1.19 Conditional grants to provinces, 2013/14 – 2016/17

R million	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	MTEF total
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries	2 152	2 389	2 238	2 336	6 963
Comprehensive agricultural support programme	1 604	1 861	1 688	1 757	5 306
Ilima/Letsema projects	438	461	482	507	1 450
Land care programme: poverty relief and infrastructure development	109	68	68	72	208
Arts and Culture	598	1 016	1 341	1 412	3 768
Community library services	598	1 016	1 341	1 412	3 768
Basic Education	11 836	13 170	15 827	16 662	45 659
Dinaledi schools	109	111	116	122	350
Education infrastructure	6 160	6 929	9 469	10 038	26 436
HIV and Aids (life skills education)	204	221	226	238	686
National school nutrition programme	5 173	5 462	5 704	6 006	17 172
Technical secondary schools recapitalisation	190	233	244	257	735
Occupational-specific dispensation for education sector therapists	-	213	67	_	280
Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs	38	197	204	215	617
Provincial disaster	38	197	204	215	617
Health	27 686	30 111	32 484	35 184	97 780
Comprehensive HIV and Aids	10 534	12 311	13 957	15 697	41 965
Health facility revitalisation	5 291	5 240	5 389	5 652	16 281
Health professions training and development	2 190	2 322	2 429	2 557	7 308
National tertiary services	9 620	10 168	10 636	11 200	32 004
National health insurance	51	70	74	78	222
Higher Education and Training	2 454	2 631	2 819	2 974	8 424
Further education and training colleges	2 454	2 631	2 819	2 974	8 424
Human Settlements	17 028	17 084	18 533	20 410	56 027
Human settlements development	17 028	17 084	18 533	20 410	56 027
Public Works	614	607	624	786	2 017
Expanded public works programme integrated grant for provinces	357	349	357	412	1 117
Social sector expanded public works programme incentive for provinces	258	258	268	375	900
Social Development	_	29	48	48	124
Substance abuse treatment	-	29	48	48	124
Sport and Recreation South Africa	498	526	550	579	1 654
Mass participation and sport development	498	526	550	579	1 654
Transport	13 090	14 194	15 005	15 610	44 809
Provincial roads maintenance	8 538	9 361	9 952	10 292	29 606
Public transport operations	4 553	4 833	5 053	5 318	15 203
Total direct conditional grants	75 995	81 955	89 672	96 215	267 842
Indirect transfers	2 693	5 413	5 044	4 127	14 583
Basic Education	1 956	2 939	2 433	2 611	7 982
School infrastructure backlogs	1 956	2 939	2 433	2 611	7 982
Health	737	1 575	1 635	1 516	4 726
National health	731	1 575	1 635	1 516	4 726
2014 African Nations Championship: health and medical services	6	_	-	-	_
Human Settlements	_	899	975	_	1 875
Human settlements development	_	899	975	_	1 875

Agriculture grants

The *comprehensive agricultural support programme* aims to support newly established and emerging farmers, in particular subsistence, smallholder and previously disadvantaged farmers. From 2014/15, 70 per cent of the grant will be allocated to the production of livestock and crops. The grant also aims to expand farm infrastructure and provide support for dipping, fencing and rehabilitating viable irrigation schemes. Allocations in 2014/15 and 2015/16 include R507.4 million for the repair of flood damage to agricultural infrastructure. The grant amounts to R5.3 billion over the 2014 MTEF period.

The *land care programme grant: poverty relief and infrastructure development* aims to improve productivity and the sustainable use of natural resources. Provinces are also encouraged to use this grant to create jobs through the Expanded Public Works Programme. Over the medium term, R207.5 million is allocated to this grant.

The *Ilima/Letsema projects grant* aims to boost food production by helping previously disadvantaged farming communities. After the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries has tested the new approach, it will make this grant subject to the standard operating procedure for farmer support. This grant is allocated R1.4 billion over the MTEF period.

Arts and culture grant

The *community library services grant*, administered by the Department of Arts and Culture, aims to help South Africans access knowledge and information so that their socioeconomic situation can be improved. The grant is allocated to the relevant provincial department and administered by that department or through a service-level agreement with municipalities. At least 20 per cent of the funds added to this grant in the 2013 MTEF must be used to set up dual service points in collaboration with provincial departments of basic education. Dual service points are libraries for both schools and the general public. The rest of the additional funding must be used to shift the libraries function between provinces and municipalities. The total grant amounts to R3.8 billion over the next three years.

Basic education grants

The *education infrastructure grant* is used by provinces to construct, maintain and refurbish education infrastructure and schools. The grant totals R26.4 billion over the MTEF period, which includes R92.4 million previously allocated for the 2014 MTEF to repair school infrastructure damaged by floods. The infrastructure conditional grants are being reformed and incentives will be introduced to promote improved performance. This grant, together with the *health facility revitalisation grant*, will be the first grants to form part of this new approach. The reforms require provinces to meet certain prerequisites and have their infrastructure plans approved before they can receive allocations. The full amounts available for this grant in 2015/16 and 2016/17 have not been indicatively allocated per province because not all provinces have met these requirements. The remaining funds for the outer years of the MTEF are reflected as unallocated. Further details on these reforms are discussed in part 6 of this annexure.

The *national school nutrition programme* seeks to improve the nutrition of poor school children, enhance active learning capacity and improve attendance in schools. It provides a free daily meal to pupils in the poorest 60 per cent of schools (quintile 1 to 3). This grant is allocated R17.2 billion over the MTEF period.

The *technical secondary schools recapitalisation grant* provides for equipment and facilities in technical high schools. This grant has been extended to 2016/17 to address the growing need to recapitalise technical schools identified in provincial needs assessments. This grant is allocated R734.9 million over the 2014 MTEF period.

The *Dinaledi schools grant*, started in 2011/12, supports Dinaledi schools to improve the quality of learner performance in mathematics, physical science, life sciences and English as a first additional language. Dinaledi schools are schools in disadvantaged communities that perform well in mathematics and physical science. The grant is allocated R349.9 million over the MTEF period.

The *HIV and Aids (life skills education) programme grant* provides for life skills training, and sexuality and HIV/AIDS education in primary and secondary schools. It is fully integrated into the school system, with learner and teacher support materials provided for Grade 1 to 9. This grant is allocated R685.8 million over the MTEF period.

The school infrastructure backlogs grant is an indirect grant to provinces that was introduced in 2011 as a temporary, high-impact grant. The national Department of Basic Education uses this grant to build and upgrade schools on behalf of provinces to address inappropriate structures and access to basic services. The grant is allocated R8 billion over the 2014 MTEF period.

The occupational-specific dispensation for education sector therapists grant provides funds for provinces to implement the occupation-specific dispensation agreement for therapists, counsellors and psychologists in the education sector. The grant is allocated for two years (2014/15 and 2015/16) while back-pay is being funded and new remuneration levels are normalised. From 2016/17, the funds will be allocated as part of the provincial equitable share. The grant has been allocated R280 million over the MTEF period.

Cooperative governance grant

The *provincial disaster grant* is administered by the National Disaster Management Centre in the Department of Cooperative Governance as an unallocated grant to provincial government at the start of the financial year. The grant allows for an immediate (in-year) release of funds to be disbursed by the centre after a disaster is declared, without the need for the transfers to first be gazetted. Over the MTEF period, R616.9 million is available for disbursement through this grant.

Health grants

The *national tertiary services grant* provides strategic funding to enable provinces to plan, modernise and transform tertiary hospital service delivery in line with national policy objectives. The grant operates in 26 hospitals across the nine provinces, concentrated in the urban areas of Gauteng and the Western Cape. These provinces receive the largest shares of the grant as they provide the largest proportion of high-level, sophisticated services for the benefit of the country's health sector. This grant is allocated R32 billion over the MTEF period.

The health facility revitalisation grant funds the construction and maintenance of health infrastructure. This grant was created in 2013/14 through the merger of three previous grants: the health infrastructure grant, the hospital revitalisation grant and the nursing colleges and schools grant. In 2013/14, the grant had separate ring-fenced components corresponding to the previous grants that it replaced. From 2014/15, these components fall away, giving even greater flexibility to provinces to shift funds between projects during the year so that delays in one project do not result in underspending on the grant as a whole. The grant funds a wide range of health infrastructure projects, including large projects to modernise hospital infrastructure and equipment, general maintenance and infrastructure projects at smaller hospitals and the refurbishment and upgrading of nursing colleges and schools.

In the 2014 MTEF, R1.3 billion is added to this grant from the *national health grant* (an indirect grant) to enable provinces to accelerate and complete infrastructure projects under way. This grant also forms part of the reforms to provincial infrastructure grants that affect the *education infrastructure grant*. As detailed above, the reforms require provinces to meet certain prerequisites and have their infrastructure plans approved before they can receive allocations. The full amounts available for this grant in 2015/16 and 2016/17 have not been indicatively allocated per province because not all provinces have met these requirements. The remaining funds for the outer years of the MTEF are reflected as unallocated. The grant is allocated R16.3 billion over the MTEF period.

The *health professions training and development grant* funds the training of health professionals, and the development and recruitment of medical specialists. It enables the shifting of teaching activities from central to regional and district hospitals. The grant is allocated R7.3 billion over the medium term.

The *comprehensive HIV and Aids grant* enables the health sector respond to HIV/AIDS. It supports prevention programmes and specific interventions, including voluntary counselling and testing, prevention of mother-to-child transmission, post-exposure prophylaxis, antiretroviral treatment and home-based care. In addition to substantial increases to this grant and the provincial equitable share over the previous four MTEF periods, R1 billion is added to the grant in 2016/17 to cover the increased antiretroviral treatment take-up rate. This brings the baseline over the MTEF period to R42 billion.

The *national health insurance grant* funds the national health insurance pilots introduced in 2012/13, which aim to strengthen primary healthcare for the implementation of national health insurance. Ten districts have been selected as pilot sites to test interventions that aim to strengthen health systems and improve performance. Over the 2014 MTEF period, the grant has been allocated R221.9 million. This grant is complemented by the national health insurance window within the *national health grant*.

The *national health grant* is an indirect grant introduced in 2013/14, which is spent by the Department of Health on behalf of provinces. The grant has three components, one to support infrastructure projects, a second to support the national health insurance scheme pilot sites and a third to support the rollout of the human papillomavirus vaccine. The infrastructure component will be used to accelerate construction, maintenance, upgrading and rehabilitation of new and existing health infrastructure, and to supplement expenditure on infrastructure delivered through public-private partnerships. The second component will be used to contract general practitioners from the private sector for national health insurance sites. It will also support 10 central hospitals to strengthen their patient information systems and develop and pilot alternative hospital reimbursement tools. The human papillomavirus vaccine component is allocated for two years (2014/15 and 2015/16), and will be used to support provincial health departments with the rollout of this vaccine. Funds for the vaccine have been added to the provincial equitable share in 2016/17. The grant is allocated R4.7 billion over the MTEF period.

Higher education and training grant

The *further education and training colleges grant* was introduced in 2010/11 to protect provincial spending on these colleges while the legislative processes required to shift this function to national government are completed. From 2013/14, a portion of the grant was transferred directly to colleges as a subsidy from the Department of Higher Education and Training. An amount of R159.9 million has been added for the carry-through cost of increased employee compensation over the MTEF period. The total allocations are R2.6 billion in 2014/15, R2.8 billion in 2015/16 and R3 billion in 2016/17, bringing the total value of this grant to R8.4 billion over the MTEF period.

Human settlements grant

The *human settlements development grant* seeks to establish habitable, stable and sustainable human settlements in which all citizens have access to social and economic amenities. The formula used to allocate the grant was reviewed during 2013 and a revised formula will be introduced from 2014/15 to ensure closer alignment between provincial allocations and the number of households with inadequate housing in each province. The new formula will be phased in over two years (2014/15 and 2015/16) to give provinces time to adjust to their new allocations.

Funds have also been added to the *human settlements development grant* to accelerate the upgrading of informal settlements in mining towns. A total of R2.4 billion is allocated over the 2014 MTEF period to 21 such towns in six provinces with significant informal settlement challenges and where a high proportion of their economic activity is based on the natural resources sector. A total of R325 million is also allocated over the MTEF period to repair infrastructure damaged by floods.

Government has prioritised the eradication of bucket sanitation systems. Amounts of R899.2 million in 2014/15 and R975.4 million in 2015/16 have been shifted into a new indirect version of the *human settlements development grant* so that the Department of Human Settlements can complete infrastructure on behalf of provinces. This indirect grant will focus on improving sanitation in areas where housing projects did not adequately provide for decent sanitation systems.

The human settlements function is due to be assigned to six metropolitan municipalities in 2014, in line with government's Outcome 8 target. When a municipality is assigned the function, all further *human* settlements development grant allocations for that city will be transferred directly to the municipality instead of the province. The grant's allocation totals R56 billion over the 2014 MTEF period.

Public works grants

The expanded public works programme integrated grant for provinces was revised in 2012 to be a schedule 5A grant. Allocations are now made available upfront based on meeting job targets in the preceding financial year rather than the in-year performance measures used previously. Transfers depend on provincial departments reporting on jobs created through the Expanded Public Works Programme and implementing labour-intensive projects. This grant is allocated R1.1 billion over the MTEF period.

The social sector expanded public works programme incentive grant for provinces rewards provinces for creating jobs in the preceding financial year in the areas of home-based care, early childhood development, adult literacy and numeracy, community safety and security, and sports programmes. The grant's allocation model has been amended to provide greater incentives for provincial departments to participate in the Expanded Public Works Programme and to measure the performance of each province relative to its peers and provide additional incentives to those that perform well. The revised model will be implemented from the 2014 MTEF onwards. This grant is allocated R900.2 million over the MTEF period.

Social development grant

The *substance abuse treatment grant* is a new grant administered by the Department of Social Development. It will run for three years before it is incorporated into the provincial equitable share. This grant aims to strengthen the harm-reduction programme by building public substance abuse treatment facilities in the four provinces that do not already have such facilities: Eastern Cape, Free State, Northern Cape and North West. The grant has been allocated R124 million over the 2014 MTEF period.

Sport and recreation South Africa grant

The *mass participation and sport development grant* aims to increase and sustain mass participation in sport and recreational activities in provinces, with greater emphasis on provincial and district academies. This grant is allocated R1.7 billion over the MTEF period.

Transport grants

The *public transport operations grant* subsidises commuter bus services. It supports provinces to ensure that contractual obligations are met and services are efficiently provided. The public transport contracting and regulatory functions may be assigned to certain metropolitan municipalities during 2014/15. If this takes place, funds for this grant will be transferred directly to the assigned municipality. The grant is allocated R15.2 billion over the MTEF period.

The *provincial roads maintenance grant* consists of three components. The largest component enables provinces to expand their maintenance activities. The other components allow provinces to repair roads damaged by floods and rehabilitate roads that are heavily used in support of electricity production. Grant allocations are determined using a new formula based on provincial road networks, road traffic and weather conditions. These factors reflect the different costs of maintaining road networks in each province. The grant requires provinces to follow best practices for planning and to use and regularly update road asset management systems. From 2015/16, the grant will be based on performance. The model's indicators – vehicle operating costs and remaining asset lifespan – have been finalised and the performance component will inform future grant allocations. The total allocation for the MTEF is R29.6 billion. This includes allocations of R602.3 million and R178.4 million in the first two years of the 2014 MTEF for the repair of infrastructure damaged by floods. In addition, R803 million in 2014/15 and R840 million in 2015/16 has been allocated to repair roads that are heavily used in support of electricity production.

Part 5: Local government fiscal framework and allocations

The local government fiscal framework responds to the constitutional assignment of powers and functions to this sphere of government. The framework refers to all resources available to municipalities to meet their expenditure responsibilities. National transfers account for a relatively small proportion of the local government fiscal framework, with the majority of local government revenues being raised by municipalities themselves through their substantial revenue-raising powers, including property rates and service charges. However, the proportion of revenue coming from transfers and own revenues varies dramatically across municipalities, with poor rural municipalities receiving most of their revenue from transfers, while urban municipalities raise the majority of their own revenues. This differentiation in the way municipalities are funded will continue in the period ahead.

The 2013 division of revenue saw several major changes to the local government fiscal framework, including the introduction of a new formula for the local government equitable share, several new conditional grants and the use of updated data from the 2011 Census in allocating the *municipal infrastructure grant*. As several of these changes are still being phased in over the next few years, fewer changes are proposed in the 2014 MTEF. A review of local government conditional grants for infrastructure (discussed in part 6 of this annexure) is also likely to result in further changes in future years.

This section outlines the transfers made to local government and how these funds are distributed between municipalities. Funds raised by national government are transferred to municipalities through conditional and unconditional grants. National transfers to municipalities are published to enable them to plan fully for their 2014/15 budgets, and to promote better accountability and transparency by ensuring that all national allocations are included in municipal budgets.

Changes to local government allocations

After accounting for all reductions and additions, direct transfers to local government decrease by a net amount of R3.8 billion in the 2014 MTEF. Indirect transfers to local government (allocations spent by national departments on behalf of municipalities) increase by R2.3 billion over the MTEF period, bringing the total decrease in local government allocations to R1.6 billion.

Changes to individual conditional grants are discussed in more detail below, including a new conditional grant to fund capacity in cities to manage the development of human settlements. The human settlements and public transport functions may be assigned to selected metropolitan municipalities during 2014/15. This will result in the funds for these functions – currently allocated to provinces and described in part 4 of this annexure – being transferred directly to affected municipalities.

Government's commitment to the expenditure limits set out in the 2013 Budget means that some items have to be reduced to make funding available for national priorities. As a result, the baselines of several conditional grants have been revised downward. Because these revisions are made to grants with a history of underspending, the impact on service delivery is minimised. Table W1.20 shows the reductions made to local government conditional grants to make resources available, as well as the technical revisions and additions to local government allocations over the 2014 MTEF period. No reductions were made to the local government equitable share.

Table W1.20 Revisions to direct and indirect transfers to local government,

2014/15 – 2016/17				
	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014 MTEF Total
R million	-580	-1 000	-1 000	revisions -2 580
Technical adjustments				
Direct transfers	-1 050	-1 359	-1 512	-3 921
Municipal water infrastructure	-525	-1 292	-1 512	-3 328
Integrated national electrification programme	-460	_	_	-460
Public transport infrastructure	-158	-181	-455	-794
Public transport network operations	158	181	455	794
Rural households infrastructure	-66	-67	_	-133
Indirect transfers	470	359	512	1 341
Municipal water infrastructure	525	1 292	1 512	3 328
Integrated national electrification programme	460	_	-	460
Rural households infrastructure	66	67	_	133
Regional bulk infrastructure	-580	-1 000	-1 000	-2 580
Additions to baselines	526	788	945	2 259
Direct transfers	442	438	445	1 325
Integrated city development	105	116	135	356
Municipal disaster recovery	37	22	_	59
Municipal human settlements capacity	300	300	300	900
Expanded public works programme integrated grant for municipalities	-	-	10	10
Indirect transfers	84	350	500	934
Regional bulk infrastructure	84	350	500	934
Reductions to baseline	-156	-501	-594	-1 251
Direct transfers	-156	-501	-594	-1 251
Municipal infrastructure	_	-350	-500	-850
Urban settlements development	-50	-45	-35	-130
Expanded public works programme integrated grant for municipalities	-38	-42		-80
Infrastructure skills development	-50	-50	-50	-150
Energy efficiency and demand-side management	-19	-14	-9	-41
Net change to local government allocations	-210	-713	-649	-1 572

Transfers to local government

Over the 2014 MTEF period, R296 billion will be transferred directly to local government and a further R27.4 billion has been allocated to indirect grants. Direct transfers to local government in 2014/15 account for 8.9 per cent of national government's non-interest expenditure. When indirect transfers are added to this, total spending on local government rises to 9.5 per cent of national non-interest expenditure. The value of direct transfers to local government grows at an average annual rate of 7.9 per cent over the MTEF period, which is above projected inflation.

Table W1.21 Transfers to local government, 2010/11 - 2016/17

	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
		Outcome		Revised	Mediu	m-term esti	mates
R million				estimate			
Direct transfers	60 905	68 251	76 430	83 670	90 815	100 047	105 187
Equitable share and related	30 541	33 173	37 139	39 789	44 490	50 208	52 869
Equitable share formula ¹	26 761	29 289	32 747	35 093	39 410	44 895	47 282
RSC levy replacement	3 492	3 544	3 733	3 930	4 146	4 337	4 567
Support for councillor remuneration and ward committees	288	340	659	766	935	976	1 020
General fuel levy sharing with metros	7 542	8 573	9 040	9 613	10 190	10 659	11 224
Conditional grants	22 822	26 505	30 251	34 268	36 135	39 181	41 094
Infrastructure	20 871	24 643	27 923	31 053	32 582	35 324	36 722
Capacity building and other	1 951	1 862	2 329	3 214	3 553	3 857	4 372
Indirect transfers	2 939	2 770	4 956	5 697	7 726	9 467	10 221
Infrastructure	2 682	2 553	4 823	5 558	7 584	9 316	10 062
Capacity building and other	257	217	133	139	142	151	159
Total	63 844	71 021	81 386	89 367	98 541	109 514	115 408

^{1.} Outcome figures for the equitable share reflect amounts transferred after funds have been withheld to offset underspending by municipalities on conditional grants

The local government equitable share

In terms of section 227 of the Constitution, local government is entitled to an equitable share of nationally raised revenue to enable it to provide basic services and perform its allocated functions. The local government equitable share is an unconditional transfer that supplements the revenue that municipalities can raise themselves (including property rates and service charges). The equitable share provides funding for municipalities to deliver free basic services to poor households and subsidises the cost of administration and other core services for those municipalities that have the least potential to cover these costs from their own revenues.

Over the 2014 MTEF period, the local government equitable share, including the *RSC/JSB levies* replacement grant and special support for councillor remuneration and ward committees, is worth R147.6 billion – R44.5 billion in 2014/15, R50.2 billion in 2015/16 and R52.9 billion in 2016/17.

Formula for allocating the local government equitable share

The share of national revenue allocated to local government through the equitable share is determined in the national budget process and endorsed by Cabinet (the vertical division). Local government's equitable share is divided among the country's 278 municipalities using a formula (the horizontal division) to ensure objectivity.

A new formula for the local government equitable share was introduced in 2013/14, following a review of the previous formula by the National Treasury, the Department of Cooperative Governance and SALGA, in partnership with the FFC and Statistics South Africa. The new formula is based on data from the 2011 Census, which resulted in major changes to some allocations. As a result, new allocations are being phased in over a five year period, ending in 2017/18.

The principles and objectives of the local government equitable share formula were set out in detail in the Explanatory Memorandum to the 2013 Division of Revenue.

Structure of the local government equitable share formula

The formula uses demographics and other data to determine each municipality's share of the local government equitable share. It has three parts, made up of five components:

- The first part of the formula consists of the *basic services* component, which provides for the cost of free basic services for poor households.
- The second part enables municipalities with limited own resources to afford basic administrative and governance capacity, and perform core municipal functions. It does this through three components:
 - The *institutional component* provides a subsidy for basic municipal administrative costs.
 - The community services component provides funds for core municipal services not included under basic services.
 - The revenue adjustment factor ensures that funds from this part of the formula are only provided to municipalities with limited potential to raise their own revenue. Municipalities that are least able to fund these costs from their own revenues should receive the most funding.
- The third part of the formula provides predictability and stability through a *correction and stabilisation factor*, which ensures that all of the formula's guarantees can be met.

Each of these components is described in detail in the subsections that follow. The formula's structure is summarised in the box below.

Structure of the local government equitable share formula

 $LGES = BS + (I + CS)xRA \pm C$

where

LGES is the local government equitable share

BS is the basic services component

I is the institutional component

CS is the community services component

RA is the revenue adjustment factor

C is the correction and stabilisation factor

The basic services component

This component helps municipalities provide free basic water, sanitation, electricity and refuse removal services to households that fall below an affordability threshold. Municipalities prefer the formula's affordability measure (used to determine how many households should be targeted for free basic services) to be based on the level of two state old age pensions. When the 2011 Census was conducted, the state old age pension was worth R1 140 per month, which means that two old age pensions were worth R2 280 per month. A monthly household income of R2 300 per month (in 2011) has therefore been used to define the formula's affordability threshold. Statistics South Africa has calculated that 59 per cent of all households in South Africa fall below this income threshold. This threshold is not an official poverty line or a required level to be used by municipalities in their own indigence policies – if municipalities choose to provide fewer households with free basic services than they are funded for through the local government equitable share, then their budget documentation should clearly set out why they have made this choice and how they have consulted with their community during their budget process.

To account for the growth in households each year, the number of households per municipality is updated annually based on the growth in households reflected in each province in the General Household Survey conducted by Statistics South Africa. To account for the likelihood that municipalities within a province will grow at different rates, the growth rate of each municipality is based on the rate it experienced in the period between the 2001 and 2011 Censuses. However, the total number of households per province is rebalanced to match the provincial total in the General Household Survey. Statistics South Africa has advised the National Treasury that in the absence of official municipal level household estimates, this is a

credible method of estimating the household numbers per municipality needed for the formula. Statistics South Africa is researching possible methods for producing municipal-level data estimates. These estimates may be used to inform equitable share allocations in future.

The basic services component provides a subsidy of R293 per month in 2014/15 for the cost of providing basic services to each of these households. The subsidy includes funding for the provision of free basic water (6 kilolitres per poor household per month), energy (50 kilowatt-hours per month) and sanitation and refuse (based on service levels defined by national policy). The monthly amount provided for each service is detailed in Table W1.22 and includes an allocation of 10 per cent for service maintenance costs.

Table W1.22 Amounts per basic service allocated through the local government equitable share

	Allocation per ho	Total allocation per service			
	Operations	Operations Maintenance Total		(R millions)	
Energy	54.20	6.02	60.22	6 289	
Water	83.78	9.31	93.09	9 722	
Sanitation	68.40	7.60	76.00	7 937	
Refuse	57.34	6.37	63.71	6 654	
Total basic services	263.72	29.30	293.03	30 603	

The formula uses the fairest estimates of the average costs of providing each service that could be derived from available information. More details of how the costs were estimated can be found in the discussion paper on the proposed structure of the new local government equitable share formula (available at: http://mfma.treasury.gov.za/Media Releases/LGESDiscussions/Pages/default.aspx).

The per household allocation for each of the basic services in Table W1.22 is updated annually based on the following:

- The electricity cost estimate is made up of bulk and other costs. Bulk costs are updated based on the multi-year price determination approved by the National Energy Regulator of South Africa and other costs are updated based on the National Treasury's inflation projections.
- The water cost estimate is also made up of bulk and other costs. Bulk costs are updated based on the weighted average increase in bulk tariffs charged by water boards (although not all municipalities purchase bulk water from water boards, their price increases serve as a proxy for the cost increases for all municipalities). Other costs are updated based on the National Treasury's inflation projections.
- The costs for sanitation and refuse are updated based on the National Treasury's inflation projections.

The allocations for each service for 2015/16 and 2016/17 are based on forward projections of the cost factors described above.

The basic services component allocation to each municipality is calculated by multiplying the monthly subsidy per household by the updated number of households below the affordability threshold in each municipal area.

The basic services component

BS = basic services subsidy x number of poor households

Funding for each basic service is allocated to the municipality (metro, district or local) that is authorised to provide that service. If another municipality provides a service on behalf of the authorised municipality, it should transfer funds to the provider in terms of section 28 of the Division of Revenue Act. The basic

services component is worth R30.6 billion in 2014/15 and accounts for 77.7 per cent of the value of the local government equitable share.

The institutional component

To provide basic services to households, municipalities need to be able to run a basic administration. Most municipalities should be able to fund the majority of their administration costs through own revenues, but because poor households will not be able to contribute, the equitable share includes an institutional support component to help meet some of these costs. Because this component should support municipalities with limited own-revenue-raising abilities, a revenue adjustment factor is applied to ensure that a larger proportion of the allocation is received by municipalities with less potential to raise their own revenue. The revenue adjustment factor is described in more detail later in this annexure.

This component consists of a base allocation of R5.3 million, which goes to every municipality, and an additional amount that is based on the number of council seats in each municipality. This reflects the relative size of a municipality's administration and is not intended to fund the costs of councillors only (the number of seats recognised for the formula is determined by the Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs for elections and composition). The base component acknowledges that there are some fixed costs that all municipalities face.

The institutional component

I = base allocation + [allocation per councillor * number of council seats]

The institutional component accounts for 8.9 per cent of the equitable share formula and is worth R3.5 billion in 2014/15. This component is also complemented by special support for councillor remuneration in poor municipalities, which is not part of the equitable share formula (described in more detail later).

The community services component

This component funds services that benefit communities rather than individual households (which are provided for in the basic services component). It includes funding for municipal health services, fire services, municipal roads, cemeteries, planning, storm water management, street lighting and parks. To ensure this component assists municipalities with limited own-revenue-raising abilities, a revenue adjustment factor is applied so that a larger proportion of the allocation is received by municipalities with less potential to raise their own revenue. The revenue adjustment factor is described in more detail later in this annexure.

The allocation for this component is split between district and local municipalities, because both provide community services. In 2014/15, the allocation to district and metropolitan municipalities for municipal health and related services is R7.39 per household per month. The component's remaining funds are allocated to local and metropolitan municipalities based on the number of households in each municipality.

The community services component

CS = [municipal health and related services allocation x number of households] + [other services allocation x number of households]

The community services component accounts for 13.4 per cent of the equitable share formula and is worth R5.3 billion in 2014/15.

The revenue adjustment factor

The Constitution gives local government substantial own-revenue-raising powers (particularly through property rates and surcharges on services). Municipalities are expected to fund most of their own administrative costs and cross-subsidise some services for indigent residents. Given the varied levels of poverty across South Africa, the formula does not expect all municipalities to be able to generate similar amounts of own revenue. A revenue adjustment factor is applied to the institutional and community services components of the formula to ensure that these funds assist municipalities that are least likely to be able to fund these functions from their own revenues.

To account for the varying fiscal capacities of municipalities, this component is based on a per capita index using the following factors from the 2011 Census:

- Total income of all individuals/households in a municipality (as a measure of economic activity and earning)
- Reported property values
- Number of households on traditional land
- Unemployment rate
- Proportion of poor households as a percentage of the total number of households in the municipality.

Based on this index, municipalities were ranked according to their per capita revenue-raising potential. The top 10 per cent of municipalities have a revenue adjustment factor of zero, which means that they receive no allocation from the institutional and community services components. The 25 per cent of municipalities with the lowest scores have a revenue adjustment factor of 100 per cent, which means that they receive their full allocation from the institutional and community services components. Municipalities between the bottom 25 per cent and top 10 per cent have a revenue adjustment factor applied on a sliding scale, so that those with higher per capita revenue-raising potential receive a lower revenue adjustment factor and those with less potential receive a larger revenue adjustment factor.

The revenue adjustment factor is not based on the actual revenues municipalities collect. This component therefore does not create any perverse incentive for municipalities to under-collect potential own revenues to receive a higher equitable share.

Because district municipalities do not collect own revenues from property rates, the revenue adjustment factor applied to these municipalities is based on the *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* allocations. This grant replaces a source of own revenue previously collected by district municipalities. It is still treated as an own-revenue source in many respects. Similar to the revenue adjustment factor for local and metropolitan municipalities, the factor applied to district municipalities is based on their per capita *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* allocations. District municipalities are given revenue adjustment factors on a sliding scale – those with a higher per capita *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* allocation receive a lower revenue adjustment factor and those with lower allocations receive a larger revenue adjustment factor.

Correction and stabilisation factor

Providing municipalities with predictable and stable equitable allocations is one of the principles of the equitable share formula. Indicative allocations are published for the second and third years of the MTEF period to ensure predictability. To provide stability for municipal planning, while giving national government flexibility to account for overall budget constraints and amend the formula, municipalities are guaranteed to receive at least 90 per cent of the indicative allocation for the middle year of the MTEF.

The new equitable share formula and the updated 2011 Census data used in the formula mean that some municipalities experience large changes in their equitable share allocations. To smooth the impact of these changes and give municipalities time to adjust (both for municipalities with increasing and decreasing allocations), the new allocations are being phased in over five years, from 2013/14 to 2017/18. For municipalities with smaller allocations under the new formula, the phase-in mechanism measures the

difference between the municipality's old and new allocations and closes this gap by 20 per cent each year. This means that in the first year, a municipality only experienced a change equivalent to 20 per cent of the gap between their allocations under the old and new formulas, in the second year (2014/15) they will experience a 40 per cent change, and so on, until in the fifth year their allocation is determined entirely through the new formula.

To provide for this phase-in approach, while staying within the limits of the equitable share, municipalities with larger allocations will also have their increases phased in over five years. The total top-up amount needed to fund the phasing in for municipalities with declining allocations is calculated and deducted from those that do not require a top-up in proportion to their "surplus". This means that municipalities with larger allocations will have some of those gains delayed over the phase-in period.

Ensuring the formula balances

The formula is structured to ensure that all of the available funds are allocated. It automatically determines the value of the allocation per council seat in the institutional component and the allocation per household for other services in the community services component to ensure that it balances. The basic services component is determined by the number of poor households per municipality and the estimated cost of free basic services, so it cannot be manipulated. This means that the balancing of the formula to the available resources must take place in the second part of the formula, which includes the institutional and community services components.

Potential future refinements to the formula

Although the local government equitable share formula has been through extensive consultations and technical work, national government is still working with stakeholders to improve the formula. Areas of work include:

- Exploring the introduction of factors to account for costs related to the size of the land area served and settlement types in municipalities.
- Developing differentiated costing variables to take account of the different costs of services in different circumstances. Both SALGA and the FFC are conducting research projects that could provide the basis for calculating such variables in future.
- Exploring the creation of separate sub-components for fire services and municipal health services within the community services component. This would enhance transparency in allocations, although funds for the fire services function would need to be allocated to the municipality (district or local) authorised for this function within a specific area. This component therefore depends on the compilation and maintenance of a credible and comprehensive database on the assignment of the fire services function. The National Disaster Management Centre under the Department of Cooperative Governance is compiling this database.

Government is committed to considering all proposed refinements to the formula, but another full review is not envisaged until the current formula has been fully phased in.

Details of new allocations

In addition to the three-year formula allocations published in the Division of Revenue Bill, estimates of municipal allocations over the remaining four years of the phase-in period will be provided on the National Treasury's website. This will enable municipalities to see the full impact of the new formula once it is phased in. To promote transparency, details of each component's allocation and a summary version of the formula will also be published (available at: http://mfma.treasury.gov.za/Media_Releases/LGESDiscussions/Pages/default.aspx).

Other unconditional allocations

RSC/JSB levies replacement grant

Before 2006, district municipalities raised levies on local businesses through an RSC or JSB levy. This source of revenue was replaced in 2006/07 with the *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant*, which was allocated to all district and metropolitan municipalities based on the amounts they had previously collected through the levies (the *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* for metropolitan municipalities has since been replaced by the sharing of the general fuel levy). The value of the grant increases every year. In 2014/15, the grant increases by 9 per cent a year for district municipalities authorised for water and sanitation and 3 per cent for unauthorised district municipalities. The different rates recognise the various service delivery responsibilities of these district municipalities.

Special support for councillor remuneration and ward committees

Councillors' salaries are subsidised in poor municipalities. The total value of the support provided in 2014/15 is R934.6 million, calculated separately to the local government equitable share and in addition to the funding for governance costs provided in the institutional component. The level of support for each municipality is determined by the classification system used in the Government Gazette, which determines the upper limits of salaries, allowances and benefits of different members of municipal councils. The gazette, published annually by the Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs, classifies municipal councils into six grades based on their total income and population size. Special support is provided to the lowest three grades of municipal councils (the smallest and poorest municipalities). All subsidy levels are based on the gazetted upper maximum levels for part-time councillors. The gazette issued on 29 January 2014 includes a shift to the use of 2011 Census data in determining the grades of municipal councils. Because it takes time for municipalities to calculate their grades and confirm these with provincial Members of the Executive Council for local government, the municipal grades used for allocations in 2014/15 do not account for these updates. The National Treasury, together with the Department of Cooperative Governance, will examine the impact of the use of Census 2011 data on municipal grades before determining the 2015/16 allocations for councillor remuneration. Each municipality in grades 1 to 3 receives an allocation to provide stipends of R500 per month to 10 members of each ward committee in their municipality. Each municipality's allocation for this special support is published in the appendices to the Division of Revenue Bill.

Conditional grants to local government

National government allocates funds to local government through a variety of conditional grants. These grants fall into two main groups: infrastructure and capacity building. The total value of conditional grants directly transferred to local government increases from R36.1 billion in 2014/15 to R39.2 billion in 2015/16 and R41.1 billion in 2016/17.

Infrastructure conditional grants to local government

National transfers for infrastructure, including indirect or in-kind allocations to entities executing specific projects in municipalities, amount to R131.6 billion over the 2014 MTEF period.

Table W1.23 Infrastructure transfers to local government, 2010/11 – 2016/17

	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
		Outcome		Revised	Mediu	m-term esti	mates
R million				estimate			
Direct transfers	20 871	24 643	27 923	31 053	32 582	35 324	36 722
Municipal infrastructure	9 704	11 443	13 879	14 355	14 684	15 098	15 767
Municipal water infrastructure	-	-	_	403	534	1 380	1 302
Urban settlements development	4 968	6 267	7 392	9 077	10 285	10 655	11 232
Integrated national electrification programme	1 033	1 097	1 151	1 635	1 105	2 056	2 165
Public transport infrastructure	3 700	4 612	4 884	4 669	4 968	5 098	5 104
Neighbourhood development partnership	832	738	578	598	591	600	632
Integrated city development	_	_	_	40	255	266	293
2010 FIFA World Cup stadiums development	302	-	-	_	-	-	-
Rural roads asset management systems	10	35	37	52	75	98	103
Rural households infrastructure	_	_	_	107	48	51	125
Municipal disaster recovery	320	450	_	118	37	22	_
Indirect transfers	2 682	2 553	4 823	5 558	7 584	9 316	10 062
Integrated national electrification programme	1 720	1 165	1 879	2 141	2 948	3 680	3 875
Neighbourhood development partnership	50	50	80	55	58	55	52
Regional bulk infrastructure	851	1 260	2 523	3 261	3 987	4 222	4 624
Municipal water infrastructure	_	_	_	_	525	1 292	1 512
Rural households infrastructure	62	78	341	101	66	67	_
Total	23 553	27 196	32 746	36 611	40 165	44 639	46 784

Municipal infrastructure grant

The largest infrastructure transfer is made through the *municipal infrastructure grant*, which supports government's aim to expand service delivery and alleviate poverty. The grant funds the provision of infrastructure for basic services, roads and social infrastructure for poor households in all non-metropolitan municipalities. The total allocations for this grant increase to R14.7 billion in 2014/15, R15.1 billion in 2015/16 and R15.8 billion in 2016/17.

The *municipal infrastructure grant* is allocated through a formula with a vertical and horizontal division. The vertical division allocates resources between sectors and the horizontal division takes account of poverty, backlogs, and municipal powers and functions in allocating funds to municipalities. The five main components of the formula are described in the box below. A minimum allocation of R5 million ensures that a reasonable allocation is made to small municipalities.

Municipal infrastructure grant = C + B + P + E + N C Constant to ensure increased minimum allocation for small municipalities (this allocation is made to all municipalities) B Basic residential infrastructure (proportional allocations for water supply and sanitation, roads and other services such as street lighting and solid waste removal) P Public municipal service infrastructure (ring-fenced for municipal sport infrastructure) E Allocation for social institutions and micro-enterprises infrastructure N Allocation to the 23 priority districts identified by government

For the 2014 MTEF, the *municipal infrastructure grant* allocation formula uses data from the 2011 Census. Allocations for basic services sub-components are based on the proportion of the national backlog for that service in each municipality. Other components are based on the proportion of the country's poor households located in each municipality. Table W1.24 sets out the proportion of the grant accounted for by each component of the grant formula. The C-component provides a R5 million base to all municipalities receiving *municipal infrastructure grant* allocations.

Table W1.24 Municipal infrastructure grant allocations

per secto	<u>r </u>		
Municipal infrastructure grant (formula)	Component weights	Proportion of municipal infrastructure grant per sector	Value of component 2014/15 (R millions)
B-component	75.0%		10 086
Water and sanitation	72.0%	54.0%	7 262
Roads	23.0%	17.3%	2 320
Other	5.0%	3.8%	504
P-component	15.0%		2 017
Sports	100.0%	15.0%	2 017
E-component	5.0%	5.0%	672
N-component	5.0%	5.0%	672
Constant			1 235
Total			14 684

Since 2011/12, the P-component (15 per cent of the grant) has been ring-fenced for municipal sport and recreation infrastructure. This continues in the 2014 MTEF.

The *municipal infrastructure grant* has been reduced by R350 million in 2015/16 and R500 million in 2016/17, less than 2.3 per cent and 3.1 per cent of the value of the grant in each respective year. These funds are added to the *regional bulk infrastructure grant*, allowing more resources to be invested in the bulk water and sanitation infrastructure needed for future household connections funded through the *municipal infrastructure grant*.

Government has prioritised the eradication of bucket sanitation systems. Although substantial funds are already available for the upgrading of sanitation infrastructure through the *municipal infrastructure grant*, these funds have not always been prioritised towards bucket eradication at a local level. To ensure this national priority is also prioritised in municipalities, conditions will be added to the grant to require municipalities with many households served by bucket systems to prioritise sanitation upgrades. If municipalities fail to make this a priority or are unable to implement projects, funds may be converted to an indirect grant for national government to provide infrastructure on behalf of the municipality.

Urban settlements development grant

The *urban settlements development grant* is an integrated source of funding to upgrade urban informal settlements in the eight metropolitan municipalities. The grant is allocated as a supplementary grant to cities (schedule 4 of the Division of Revenue Act), which means that municipalities are expected to use a combination of grant funds and their own revenue to upgrade informal settlements. Cities report their progress on these projects against the targets set in their service delivery and budget implementation plans. The grant has been reduced by R50 million in 2014/15, R45 million in 2015/16 and R35 million in 2016/17. These reductions – of less than 0.5 per cent of the total grant allocation in any year – will be used to fund other priorities in urban development. The *urban settlements development grant* is allocated a total of R32.2 billion over the 2014 MTEF period.

To accelerate the eradication of bucket sanitation backlogs, conditions will be added to the *urban* settlements development grant to require metropolitan municipalities to prioritise this commitment in metropolitan municipalities that still use bucket systems. If municipalities fail to make this a priority or are unable to implement projects, funds may be converted to an indirect grant for national government to provide infrastructure on behalf of the municipality.

Municipal water infrastructure grant

This grant was introduced in 2013/14 to accelerate the delivery of clean water to communities that do not have access to basic water services. The grant, administered by the Department of Water Affairs, provides funding for various projects, including the construction of new infrastructure and the refurbishment and extension of existing water schemes. Although this grant was implemented in 2013/14 as a direct grant (schedule 5B to the Division of Revenue Act), in the 2014 MTEF it will have both a direct and indirect grant component (schedule 6B to the Division of Revenue Act). In areas where municipalities have the capacity to implement projects themselves, funds will be transferred through a direct grant. In other areas, the Department of Water Affairs will implement projects on behalf of municipalities through an indirect grant. The direct and indirect grants have a total allocation of R6.5 billion over the 2014 MTEF period.

The public transport infrastructure grant

The *public transport infrastructure grant* is administered by the Department of Transport. This grant was previously the *public transport infrastructure and systems grant*. The operational portion of the previous grant has been separated as the *public transport network operations grant* since 2013/14, meaning that the infrastructure grant will only fund capital expenditure. The grant aims to help cities create new and improve existing public transport and non-motorised transport infrastructure. This includes the provision of infrastructure for bus rapid transit systems. The grant has an allocation of R15.2 billion over the 2014 MTEF period.

The rural roads asset management systems grant

The *rural roads asset management systems grant* is administered by the Department of Transport to improve rural road infrastructure. The grant funds the collection of data on the condition and usage of rural roads in line with the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa. This data will guide investments to maintain and improve these roads. Rural district municipalities are funded to collect data on the condition and usage of all the municipal roads in their area so that the spending of infrastructure funds (from the *municipal infrastructure grant* and elsewhere) can be properly planned to maximise their impact. Over the 2014 MTEF period, this grant will be extended to all district municipalities. The grant has an allocation of R275.9 million over this period.

The rural households infrastructure grant

The *rural households infrastructure grant* funds the provision of on-site solutions for sanitation services for rural households where piped infrastructure is not feasible. This grant was implemented as a direct grant in 2013/14, but from 2014/15 the grant will have both direct and indirect components. In areas where municipalities have the capacity to implement projects themselves, funds will be transferred through the direct grant. In other areas, the national Department of Human Settlements will implement projects on behalf of municipalities through an indirect grant. The grant has an allocation of R356.1 million over the 2014 MTEF period.

The neighbourhood development partnership grant

The *neighbourhood development partnership grant* is administered by the National Treasury and has two components in the 2014 MTEF. One focuses on urban areas and the other focuses on towns and rural areas. The urban component supports and facilitates the development of urban network plans to create a platform for third-party public and private investment to improve the quality of life in township urban hubs. Projects in towns and rural areas will be implemented in conjunction with the Department of Rural

Development to support catalytic projects in these areas. The grant has an allocation of R2 billion over the MTEF period, which consists of R1.8 billion for the capital (direct) grant and R165.3 million for the technical assistance (indirect) grant.

Integrated cities development grant

In its second year, this grant provides a financial incentive for metropolitan municipalities to integrate and focus their use of all available infrastructure investment and regulatory instruments to achieve a more compact and efficient urban spatial form. Cities are required to submit built environment performance plans for this grant. The plan provides a brief strategic overview of a city's plans for the built environment, with a focus on the infrastructure grants that form part of the capital budget. The plan should show how the municipality will ensure alignment between its different grant-funded programmes and how it will address related policy and regulatory matters. From 2014/15, all projects funded by sector-specific infrastructure grants, including the *urban settlements development grant*, the *public transport infrastructure grant*, the *neighbourhood development partnership grant* and the *integrated national electrification programme grant*, must form part of a metropolitan municipality's built environment performance plan. This grant receives additional funding of R356 million over the 2014 MTEF period, bringing the total value of the grant to R814 million.

The integrated national electrification programme

To sustain progress in connecting poor households to electricity, government will spend R15.8 billion over the next three years on the national electrification programme. Of this, municipalities will spend R5.3 billion and Eskom will spend R10.5 billion on behalf of municipalities through an indirect grant. This programme has been instrumental in providing 85 per cent of all households with access to electricity, as reported in the 2011 Census.

The regional bulk infrastructure grant

This grant supplements the financing of the social component of regional bulk water and sanitation infrastructure. It targets projects that cut across several municipalities or are large bulk projects within one municipality. The grant funds the bulk infrastructure needed to provide reticulated water and sanitation services to individual households. It may also be used to appoint service providers to carry out feasibility studies, related planning or management studies for infrastructure projects. The grant is allocated additional funding of R934 million over the 2014 MTEF period to accelerate the implementation of projects. An amount of R2.6 billion is shifted out of this grant over the 2014 MTEF period to fund water boards' construction of bulk infrastructure. These projects still form part of the Department of Water Affairs' larger programme of subsidising the construction of regional bulk infrastructure for water and sanitation, so the funds are used to achieve the same objective. However, because the infrastructure will be owned and operated by water boards, it cannot be classified as an indirect transfer to municipalities. This brings the total value of the grant to R12.8 billion over the 2014 MTEF period.

Municipal disaster recovery grant

The *municipal disaster recovery grant* was introduced in the 2013 Division of Revenue Amendment Bill. This grant, administered by the National Disaster Management Centre in the Department of Cooperative Governance, is used to rehabilitate and reconstruct municipal infrastructure damaged by disasters. Over the 2014 MTEF period, R59.1 million is made available to repair infrastructure damaged by floods that took place in 2012 and 2013.

Capacity-building grants and other current transfers

Capacity-building grants help to develop municipalities' management, planning, technical, budgeting and financial management skills. The *expanded public works programme integrated grant for municipalities* promotes increased labour intensity in municipalities and the *water services operating subsidy grant* supports national water schemes that are being transferred to municipalities. A total of R12.2 billion is

allocated to direct and indirect capacity-building grants and other current transfers to local government over the 2014 MTEF period.

Table W1.25 Capacity building and other current transfers to local government, 2010/11 – 2016/17

2010/11 - 2010/17	0040/44	0044/40	0040/40	0040/44	0044/45	0045/40	0046/47
	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
	Outcome			Revised Medium-term estima			imates
R million				estimate			
Direct transfers	1 951	1 862	2 329	3 214	3 553	3 857	4 372
Municipal systems improvement	212	220	230	240	252	261	275
Local government financial management	365	385	403	425	449	470	495
Municipal human settlements capacity	-	_	_	_	300	300	300
Public transport network operations	_	-	_	881	903	1 043	1 362
2010 FIFA World Cup host city operating	210	_	_	_	_	_	_
2013 African Cup of Nations host city operating	-	_	123	_	_	_	-
2014 African Nations Championship host city operating	-	-	-	120	-	-	-
Water services operating subsidy	664	542	562	411	450	470	495
Expanded public works programme integrated grant for municipalities	280	364	662	611	595	619	706
Infrastructure skills development	_	39	75	99	104	129	139
Energy efficiency and demand-side management	220	280	200	181	137	188	204
Municipal disaster	_	32	73	247	364	376	396
Indirect transfers	257	217	133	139	142	151	159
Energy efficiency and demand-side management	109	119	-	_	-	-	_
Water services operating subsidy	148	98	133	139	142	151	159
Total	2 208	2 079	2 461	3 353	3 695	4 008	4 531

Municipal human settlements capacity grant

This new grant, administered by the Department of Human Settlements, funds capacity for the development of human settlements in the six metropolitan municipalities targeted for assignment of the housing function in 2014. This grant has been allocated R300 million in 2014/15, R300 million in 2015/16 and R300 million in 2016/17.

Financial management grant

The *financial management grant*, managed by the National Treasury, funds the placement of financial management interns and the modernisation of financial management systems. This includes building inhouse municipal capacity to implement multi-year budgeting, linking integrated development plans to budgets and producing quality and timely in-year and annual reports. The grant supports municipalities in the implementation of the Municipal Finance Management Act. Total allocations for the *financial management grant* amount to R1.4 billion over the 2014 MTEF period.

The public transport network operations grant

The *public transport network operations grant* subsidises the operational costs of public transport systems built through the *public transport infrastructure grant*. Previously, both grants formed part of the *public transport infrastructure and systems grant*. This grant has been split into separate infrastructure and operational grants to provide more transparency on what is being funded and to provide cities with greater

certainty about the levels of operational funding they will receive to support their new public transport networks. The *public transport network operations grant* is allocated R3.3 billion over the 2014 MTEF period.

Infrastructure skills development grant

The *infrastructure skills development grant*, now in its third year, develops capacity within municipalities by creating a sustainable pool of young professionals with technical skills related to municipal services, such as water, electricity and town planning. The grant places interns in municipalities, so they can complete the requirements of the relevant statutory council/professional body within their respective built environment fields. The interns can be hired by any municipality at the end of their internship. The grant has an allocation of R372.4 million over the 2014 MTEF period.

Municipal systems improvement grant

The *municipal systems improvement grant* helps municipalities perform their functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems, as required in the Municipal Systems Act (2000) and related legislation. The grant is administered by the Department of Cooperative Governance and is allocated R788.1 million over the MTEF period.

Expanded public works programme integrated grant for municipalities

This grant promotes the use of labour-intensive methods in delivering municipal infrastructure and services. The grant is allocated through a formula based on past performance, which creates an incentive for municipalities. The formula has an extra weighting to give bigger allocations to poor, rural municipalities. The grant has an allocation of R1.9 billion over the 2014 MTEF period.

The energy efficiency and demand-side management grant

The energy efficiency and demand-side management grant was introduced to address load shedding in 2008. It funds selected municipalities to implement energy-efficiency projects, with a focus on public lighting and energy-efficient municipal infrastructure. In the 2014 MTEF, the Department of Energy will monitor and verify grant-funded projects to ensure greater consistency in in the procurement of accredited verification services. The grant is allocated R529 million over the MTEF period.

The water services operating subsidy

The water services operating subsidy is a grant with schedule 5B (direct) and schedule 6B (in-kind) components to fund water schemes. The direct grant funds the refurbishment and upgrading of schemes, while the indirect grant funds the costs of staff that have not been transferred to municipalities. In the 2014 MTEF, R1.9 billion is allocated for the water services operating subsidy (direct and indirect transfers). It is a transitional grant that is expected to continue until 2016/17, subject to review by the National Treasury and the Department of Water Affairs.

Municipal disaster grant

The *municipal disaster grant*, introduced in the 2011 MTEF, is administered by the National Disaster Management Centre in the Department of Cooperative Governance as an unallocated grant to local government. The centre is able to disburse disaster-response funds immediately – without the need for the transfers to be gazetted first. Over the 2014 MTEF period, this grant is allocated R1.1 billion.

Part 6: Future work on provincial and municipal fiscal frameworks

Provincial infrastructure transfers

Reforms to the health and education infrastructure transfers to provinces began to be implemented in 2013/14. These reforms aim to address planning and procurement failures in infrastructure delivery by introducing incentives, which will promote good infrastructure delivery management system practices and complement existing capacity support programmes.

From 2015/16, provinces will only be eligible to receive allocations for the *health facility revitalisation* grant and the *education infrastructure grant* if they meet certain planning criteria. Provinces are now required to bid for their infrastructure grant allocations two years in advance (during 2013/14, provinces submitted bids for their 2015/16 allocations). A set of bidding prerequisites and criteria are used to evaluate bids. Unsuccessful bids are not funded and those allocations are pooled in an unallocated fund, for which provinces with successful bids can apply. The 2013 Division of Revenue Act required provinces to complete and submit plans and bids during 2013/14 as part of the first approval process. The 2014 Division of Revenue Bill outlines the requirements for the second approval process, which will determine the final allocations in 2015/16.

Approval processes

There are two approval processes before a final allocation is made. First, provinces are required to submit an asset management plan, an infrastructure programme management plan and a supporting construction procurement strategy. In the second approval process, conducted for the first time during 2014/15, successful departments will prepare project proposals and longer-term asset management plans. These will be assessed to confirm each province's allocation (confirmed by an allocation letter from the National Treasury). The province will then be instructed to proceed with tender procedures.

After the second approval, the application process for the year is complete. Allocations may still be withdrawn if there is non-compliance, irregularities or material deviation from original submissions. Funds that remain unallocated at the end of this approval process can be allocated to provinces that are ready to implement additional projects. These projects, which would already be in the approval process but proposed for subsequent years, would be brought forward.

During the year in which funds are spent, measures will be put in place to ensure that if a province is not spending at the planned rate, it will not receive further transfers until it has spent the funds already transferred. Options will also be explored to shift unspent funds to projects where they can be spent during the year.

Progress to date

This process is being implemented for the first time to determine allocations for the *health facility revitalisation grant* and the *education infrastructure grant* for 2015/16. Departments that have not complied with the submission requirements of the 2013 Division of Revenue Act will only be allocated funds for existing projects in 2015/16, and not for any new projects. This reflects the principle of using performance-based allocations that these reforms promote. The baseline allocations per province will be reflected in the 2014 Division of Revenue Bill as partially unallocated for 2015/16 and fully unallocated for 2016/17. These allocations will be finalised after the second approval process during 2014.

During 2014/15, provinces will also submit applications for the first part of the approval process to determine their grant allocations for 2016/17.

Local government infrastructure transfers

Infrastructure grants account for 40 per cent of transfers to local government and amount to over R40 billion in 2014/15 alone, following substantial real growth in recent years. Many of these grants are

the government's primary mechanisms for funding infrastructure and essential services such as water, sanitation, electricity and roads. The consistent growth in allocations reflects government's prioritisation of these services. However, the 2011 Census revealed that despite improvements in access to services, the pace of these improvements does not always reflect the large increases in allocations over the past decade.

The local government infrastructure grant system is being reviewed to investigate the efficiency and effectiveness of these grants. The review stems from the 2011 Census data and calls for reform across government and by other stakeholders. For example, the FFC has raised concerns about the proliferation of grants, parliamentary committees have issued caution over the frequent underspending on infrastructure grants, and sector departments and municipalities have raised the issue of funding gaps in the grant system.

This review of local government infrastructure grants was announced in the 2013 Budget and the Budget Forum endorsed its terms of reference in October 2013. The National Treasury is leading the review in collaboration with the Department of Cooperative Governance, the Department of Performance, Monitoring and Evaluation, the FFC and SALGA through a working group and steering committee. In addition, extensive plans are in place for municipal consultation through workshops and online questionnaires in early 2014. National sector departments will also be consulted. Using these inputs from national and municipal stakeholders, in addition to extensive data analysis and research into domestic and international literature, an evidence base is being built to inform policy decisions regarding changes to the grant system. The current structure's development was ad hoc in its approach, resulting in many different grants with various overlapping responsibilities. It is envisaged that this collaborative and research-based process will introduce a clear grant system structure.

By October 2014, the review's working group and steering committee will condense the analysis and evidence into a set of recommendations to be presented to the Budget Forum. These proposals should set out how to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the infrastructure grant system, but no conclusions can be pre-empted or ruled out before the necessary objective analysis is conducted. Recommendations could involve, for example, the merging of current grants, changes in the administration of grants, or reforms to the Division of Revenue Act. After the Budget Forum and Cabinet have made changes and given approval, the review's recommendations will be communicated clearly to all stakeholders before they are implemented, starting in the 2015 Budget.

Municipal taxation

The national framework for municipal taxation powers is determined by section 229 of the Constitution, which empowers municipalities to impose a property tax and surcharges on fees for municipal services, subject to national regulation. However, in exercising their revenue-raising powers, it is important that municipalities do not materially or unreasonably prejudice national economic policies and economic activities across municipal boundaries.

The Municipal Property Rates Act (2004) and the Municipal Fiscal Powers and Functions Act (2007) regulate municipal fiscal powers and functions.

Municipal Property Rates Act

The Municipal Property Rates Act regulates the power of municipalities to impose rates on properties. The Department of Cooperative Governance administers the act, monitoring municipalities' compliance with the act and its regulatory framework periodically, and guiding non-compliant municipalities to comply with the provisions of the act and its regulations. The department introduced the Municipal Property Rates Amendment Bill to Parliament in September 2013 to strengthen the regulatory, monitoring and reporting provisions of the act, which in turn will improve its implementation and minimise legal ambiguities. As at February 2014, Parliament has already received public submissions on the bill, held public hearings and considered the bill.

Development charges

A development charge is a once-off infrastructure access fee imposed on a land owner as a condition of approval of a land development that will substantially increase the use of or need for municipal infrastructure engineering services. There is currently no legislation that adequately defines development charges and recognises their unique character as a multi-sector and upfront infrastructure charge.

The National Treasury is amending the Municipal Fiscal Powers and Functions Act to incorporate the regulation of development charges. A national draft policy framework that will give expression to the implementation of development charges has been developed and consultations with various stakeholders are under way.

Sharing of the general fuel levy

The sharing of the general fuel levy is a direct charge that is formalised annually through the Government Gazette under schedule 1 of the Taxation Laws Amendment Act (2009). It was introduced in 2009/10 as a permanent replacement to the former RSC and JSB levies for metropolitan municipalities, in addition to the VAT reforms introduced in 2006. District municipalities still receive the *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant*.

The allocation to each city for the sharing of the general fuel levy is based on fuel sales. To determine the actual fuel sales in a metropolitan municipality, the fuel sales figures from the Department of Energy have been adjusted to account for overlapping magisterial district boundaries using population statistics from the 2011 Census.

Several concerns have been raised by metropolitan municipalities since the introduction of the sharing of the general fuel levy. First, changes in the volume of fuel sales from one year to another can result in significant changes to municipal allocations, making it difficult for cities to budget for revenue from this source over the medium term. From 2014/15, a new phase-in approach will be introduced for the levy's outer year allocations. This will enhance stability, allowing metropolitan municipalities to budget for revenue from the sharing of the general fuel levy over the medium term.

Second, cities have raised concerns about the long-term incentive effects of sharing a revenue source based on fuel consumption, when cities are mandated to encourage the use of public transport. The National Treasury is reviewing its own sources of revenue for metropolitan municipalities to explore options that complement and/or replace some existing own sources of revenue, including the sharing of the general fuel levy.

ANNEXURE W2:

FRAMEWORKS FOR CONDITIONAL GRANTS TO PROVINCES

Annexure W2: Frameworks for Conditional Grants to Provinces

Detailed frameworks on Schedule 4, Part A; Schedule 5, Part A; Schedule 6, Part A; and Schedule 7, Part A grants to provinces

Introduction

This annexure provides a brief description of the framework for the grants set out in Schedule 4, Part A; Schedule 5, Part A; Schedule 6, Part A; and Schedule 7, Part A of the 2014 Division of Revenue Bill. The following are key areas considered for each grant:

- Strategic goal and purpose of the grant
- Outcome statements and outputs of the grant
- Priority outcome(s) of government that the grant primarily contributes to
- Conditions of the grant (additional to what is required in the Bill)
- Criteria for allocation between provinces
- Rationale for funding through a conditional grant
- Past performance
- The projected life of the grant
- 2014 MTEF allocations
- The payment schedule
- Responsibilities of transferring national department and receiving provincial departments
- Process for approval of business plans for 2015/16

The attached frameworks are not part of the Division of Revenue Bill, but are published in order to provide more information on each grant to parliament, legislatures, municipal councils, officials in all three spheres of government and the public. Once the 2014 Division of Revenue Bill is enacted, these frameworks will be gazetted in terms of the Act.

The financial statements and annual reports for 2014/15 will report against the Division of Revenue Act, Division of Revenue Amendment Act and their schedules, and the grant frameworks as gazetted in terms of the Act. Such reports must cover both financial and non-financial performance, focusing on the outputs achieved.

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES GRANTS

	Comprehensive Agriculture Support Programme Grant
Transferring department	Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (Vote 26)
Strategic goal	To create a favourable and supportive agricultural services environment for the farming community, in particular subsistence, smallholder and previously disadvantaged commercial farmers
Grant purpose	• To provide effective agricultural support services, promote and facilitate agricultural development by targeting beneficiaries of land restitution and redistribution, and other previously disadvantaged producers who have acquired land through private means, and are engaged in value-adding enterprises domestically, or involved in export
	To address damage to infrastructure caused by floods
Outcome statements	 Broadened access to agricultural support for subsistence, smallholder and previously disadvantaged commercial farmers Improved household and national food security Improved farming efficiency Increased wealth creation, and sustainable employment in rural areas Increased access to markets by beneficiaries of Comprehensive Agriculture Support Programme (CASP)
Outputs	Farmer supported per category (subsistence, smallholder and black commercial farmers)
	 Youth, women and farmers with disabilities supported through CASP On-and-off farm infrastructure provided and repaired Beneficiaries of CASP trained on farming methods Beneficiaries of CASP accessing markets Jobs created Extension personnel recruited and maintained in the system Extension officers upgrading qualifications at various institutions
	Successful partnerships created to support farmers
	Hectares of land ploughed and planted
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	 Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth Outcome 5: A skilled and capable work force to support an inclusive growth path Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities with food security for all
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan Conditions	 Output indicators Inputs Key activities 70 per cent of CASP infrastructure grant funds should be allocated to food production initiatives (crop and
	livestock production) in support of the Fetsa Tlala programme Provinces to adhere to the CASP Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) framework when implementing projects Only business plans approved by established committees and authorities should receive funds from the CASP grant All assisted farmers should be listed in the provincial and national farm registers The provincial department to confirm human resources capacity to implement CASP business plan by 28 March 2014 All receiving departments must abide by the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), Treasury Regulations and the Division of Revenue Act when executing projects as well as for reporting purposes Funds will be transferred as per the disbursement schedule approved by National Treasury Provinces to inform the national transferring officer of any changes from plans and allocations approved by the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, within 7 days of such change, and such changes must be approved by the national transferring officer before they are implemented The provincial business plans must be signed off by the Heads of Departments (HoDs) of the provincial agriculture department in collaboration with Chief Financial Officers (CFOs) or their representatives and the provincial treasury Additional funds have been added to this grant for the reconstruction and rehabilitation of infrastructure damaged by floods in the 2011/12 and 2012/13 financial years Should the cost of repairing the affected infrastructure exceed the amounts earmarked below, provinces may not fund this shortfall out of their remaining allocation of this conditional grant. The following amounts per province must be used for the repair of infrastructure damaged by natural disasters declared in the Government Gazette and as assessed by the National Disaster Management Centre (NDMC): Eastern Cape: R3 million Gauteng: R4.5 million Mpumalanga: R1.3 million North West: R4.5 million North West: R4.5 million

	Comprehensive Agriculture Support Programme Grant
	Business plans for the allocated disaster funds must be in line with the post disaster verification assessment
	reports, and must be submitted to the NDMC and Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (DAFF)
	• Disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation funds may only be utilised for approved projects as listed in the
	post disaster verification assessment reports and approved business plans
	Quarterly performance reports on disaster allocations must be submitted to the NDMC and DAFF
Allocation criteria	The formula used to allocate funds is a weighted average of the following variables: CASP performance,
1	land area (ha), restituted land delivered, redistributed land delivered and current benchmarks on production
	and national policy imperatives
Reasons not incorporated in	• The funding originated with the special poverty allocations made by national government for a specific
equitable share	purpose
_	• The responsibility for the programme rests with DAFF while provincial departments of agriculture are
	implementing agents
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
	Allocated and transferred R1 535 million to provinces
	R1 574 million available (including provincial roll-overs) and R1 261 million (80.1 per cent) was spent
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	59 286 beneficiaries were supported
	• 13 684 jobs created
	20 506 farmers trained in targeted training programmes
	A total of 235 extension officers were recruited nationally
	A total of 714 extension officers were registered for qualification upgrading
Projected life	• Grant continues until 2016/17
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R1 861 million, 2015/16: R1 688 million, and 2016/17: R1 757 million
Payment schedule	• Four installments: 24 April 2014, 21 August 2014, 23 October 2014, and 22 January 2015
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objectives for 2014/15
and receiving officer	• Set norms and standards for the implementation of the grant during Ministerial Technical Committee on
	Agriculture and Quarterly Review Meetings
	Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development and approval of business plans
	Monitor implementation through project site visits and provide support on a monthly and quarterly basis
	Submit monthly financial reports to National Treasury 20 days after the end of each month
	Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Provinces to report monthly (financial) 15 days after the end of each month, and quarterly (non-financial) 30
	days after the end of each quarter on the progress of the programme
	Provinces to adhere to the approved CASP Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) framework
	Provinces to implement the approved CASP business plans Output Description: Outp
	Monitor project implementation and evaluate the impacts of projects in achieving the CASP goals
	• Submit quarterly performance reports on disaster allocations to the Provincial Disaster Management Centre
	and DAFF, within 30 days after the end of each quarter
Process for approval of the	• Provide provincial departments with business plan format guidelines, criteria and outputs as prescribed by
2015/16 business plans	National Treasury by 29 May 2014
	• Submission of provincial and individual CASP business plans by provinces on 30 September 2014
	• Engagement with provinces on submitted business plans during October 2014 prior to National Assessment
	Panel (NAP) Evolution and recommendation of business plans by NAP during Neverther 2014 and February 2015
	• Evaluation and recommendation of business plans by NAP during November 2014 and February 2015
	• Send funding agreements to provinces by February/March 2015 to be signed by HoDs, CFOs, and CASP coordinators
	• Approval of business plans by the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, before 31 March 2015
	- Approval of business plans by the infinisted of Agricultule, Tulestly and Tishelies, before 31 Walch 2013
	 Inform provinces of approval of the business plans in March or April 2015 Approval by the Director General regarding 2015 business planning process compliance during April 2015,

Transferring department	
To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production	
and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production Outcome statements Increased production efficiency Increased agricultural production at both household and national level Improved farm income Maximised job opportunities and reduced poverty Hectares (ha) planted and ploughed Tonnes produced within agricultural development corridors, e.g. maize and beans Beneficiaries/farmers supported by the grant per category Hectares (ha) of rehabilitated and expanded irrigation schemes Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to Details contained in the business plan and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production Outcome 4: Details and reduced poverty Outcome 4: Details and expanded irrigation schemes Outcome 5: A skilled and capable work force to support an inclusive growth path Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities with food security for all Outputs indicators Inputs Key activities Monitoring and evaluation Risks and mitigation strategies	-
Outcome statements Increased production efficiency Increased agricultural production at both household and national level Improved farm income Maximised job opportunities and reduced poverty Hectares (ha) planted and ploughed Tonnes produced within agricultural development corridors, e.g. maize and beans Beneficiaries/farmers supported by the grant per category Hectares (ha) of rehabilitated and expanded irrigation schemes Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to Details contained in the business plan Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth Outcome 5: A skilled and capable work force to support an inclusive growth path Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities with food security for all Outputs indicators Inputs Key activities Monitoring and evaluation Risks and mitigation strategies	
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Outputs	
 Tonnes produced within agricultural development corridors, e.g. maize and beans Beneficiaries/farmers supported by the grant per category Hectares (ha) of rehabilitated and expanded irrigation schemes Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth Outcome 5: A skilled and capable work force to support an inclusive growth path Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities with food security for all Outputs indicators Inputs Key activities Monitoring and evaluation Risks and mitigation strategies 	
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 Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth Outcome 5: A skilled and capable work force to support an inclusive growth path Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities with food security for all Outputs indicators Inputs Key activities Monitoring and evaluation Risks and mitigation strategies 	
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primarily contributes to • Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities with food security for all Details contained in the business plan • Outputs indicators • Inputs • Key activities • Monitoring and evaluation • Risks and mitigation strategies	
Details contained in the business plan Outputs indicators Inputs Key activities Monitoring and evaluation Risks and mitigation strategies	
 Inputs Key activities Monitoring and evaluation Risks and mitigation strategies 	
 Key activities Monitoring and evaluation Risks and mitigation strategies 	
Monitoring and evaluationRisks and mitigation strategies	
Risks and mitigation strategies	
Exit strategies (especially for projects in completion)	
Conditions • 100 per cent of Ilima/Letsema Projects grant should be allocated to support food productions	ction (crop and
livestock production), this will also include infrastructure that unlocks production e.g. re	ehabilitation of
irrigation schemes	
Vulnerable households, smallholder and previously disadvantaged commercial farm	ers should be
supported by this grant	1 . 1
 Provincial departments to confirm human resources capacity to implement Ilima/Letsema on or before 28 March 2014 	business plans
All receiving departments must abide by the Public Finance Management Act, Treasury R	egulations and
the Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) when executing projects as well as for reporting purp	
• Funds will be transferred as per the payment schedule approved by National Treasury	
Provinces to inform the national transferring officer of any changes from plans and alloca	tions approved
by the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries within 7 days of such change, and	I such changes
must be approved by the national transferring officer before they are implemented	
• The provincial business plans must be signed off by the Heads of Departments (HoDs) of	
agriculture department in collaboration with Chief Financial Officers (CFOs) or his/her rep Allocation criteria • The formula used to allocate funds is a weighted average of the Land Agrarian Reform	
• The formula used to allocate funds is a weighted average of the Land Agrarian Reforming priority areas and targeted areas for increased food production	m Programme
Reasons not incorporated in • The funding originated with the special poverty allocations made by national governmen	t for a specific
equitable share purpose	t for a specific
• The responsibility for the programme rests with Department of Agriculture, Forestry	and Fisheries
(DAFF) while provincial departments of agriculture are implementing agents	
Past performance 2012/13 audited financial outcomes	
 Allocated R415 million and transferred R415 million, with R400 million (91 per cent) sper 	nt
2012/13 service delivery performance	
• 18 244 jobs were created	
• 134 396 beneficiaries were supported by the programme	
 93 085 households were supported with starter packs and production inputs 107 075 hectares of land planted 	
Projected life • Grant continues until 2016/17	
MTEF allocations • 2014/15: R461 million, 2015/16: R482 million, and 2016/17: R507 million	
Payment schedule • Four installments: 24 April 2014, 21 August 2014, 23 October 2014, and 22 January 2015	
Responsibilities of the Respon	
transferring national officer • Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objectives for 2	0014/15
and receiving officer • Set norms and standards for the implementation of the grant during Intergovernme	:014/15

Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant Committee on Agriculture – quarterly review meetings Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development and approval of business plans Monitor implementation through project site visits and provide support on monthly and quarterly basis Submit monthly financial reports to National Treasury 20 days after the end of each month Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter Submit the allocation criteria, 2015 MTEF provincial allocations and the final conditional grant framework to National Treasury by 5 December 2014 or as requested by National Treasury Responsibilities of the provincial departments Provinces to adhere to the conditions of this framework Provinces to report monthly (financial) and quarterly (non-financial) on the progress of the projects Provinces to implement the Ilima/Letsema business plans as approved All receiving departments must abide by the PFMA, Treasury Regulations and the Division of Revenue Act when executing projects as well as for reporting purposes Provinces to inform the national transferring officer of any changes from plans and allocations approved by the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, within 7 days of such change, and such changes must be approved by the national transferring officer before they are implemented Monitor project implementation and evaluate the impacts of projects in achieving Ilima/Letsema goals Process for approval of the Provide provincial departments with business plan format guidelines, criteria and outputs as prescribed 2015/16 business plans by National Treasury by 29 May 2014 Submission of provincial and individual Ilima/Letsema business plans by provinces on 30 September 2014 Engagement with provinces on submitted business plans during October 2014 prior to National Assessment Panel (NAP) Evaluation and recommendation of business plans by NAP between November 2014 and February 2015 Send funding agreements to provinces by February/March 2015 to be signed by HoDs, CFOs, and CASP/Ilima/Letsema coordinators Approval of business plans by the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries before 31 March 2015 Inform provinces of approval of the business plan in March/April 2015

during April 2015 and sent to National Treasury DG by April 2015

Approval by the Director General (DG) regarding DoRA 2015 business planning process compliance

	and Care Programme Grant: Poverty Relief and Infrastructure Development
Transferring department	Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (Vote 26)
Strategic goal	• To optimise productivity and sustainable use in community based natural resources management leading to
Crant nurnasa	greater productivity, food security, job creation and better quality of life for all To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in the initiatives that
Grant purpose	• To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in the initiatives that supports the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental) leading to greater productivity,
	food security, job creation and better well-being for all
Outcome statements	Improved veld carrying capacity and livestock productivity
	Improved production potential of arable land leading to increased production
	Improved quantity and quality of South Africa's water resources mitigating disaster risk for the sector
	Improved youth participation in the agricultural sector and intergenerational transfer of skills
	Improved custodianship and stewardship of natural resources through community based ownership
	Improved livelihoods of rural communities within the ambit of the green economy
	• Improved partnerships and institutions by private, public and community sectors that are responsible for natural resources
	Improved knowledge and skills base in the sustainable use and management of natural resources
	Enhanced ecosystem services for current and future generations
Outputs	Hectares of range land protected and rehabilitated
_	Hectares of soil land protected and rehabilitated
	Number of Junior Land Care participants involved in the programme
	Number and hectares of water resources protected and rehabilitated
	Number of capacity building initiatives conducted for Junior Land Cares
	Number of capacity building initiatives conducted by Land Carers Number of capacity building initiatives conducted by Land Carers The state of the state o
	 Number of awareness campaigns conducted and Land Carers attending Number of Land Care committees/groups established
	Hectares of land where weeds and invader plants are under control
	Number of kilometres (km) of fencing erected
	Number of green jobs created, expressed as Full Time Equivalents (FTEs)
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 4: Decent Employment through inclusive economic growth
government that this grant	Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities with food security for all
primarily contributes to	Outcome 10: Environmental assets and natural resources that are well protected and continually enhanced
Details contained in the	The grant uses a business plan that contains the following:
business plan	Outcome indicators Outputs indicators
	Outputs indicators Inputs
	Cash flow projections and statement of work
	Key activities/implementation plan
	Monitoring and evaluation
	Risk and mitigation
~	Exit strategy
Conditions	Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2014 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operation capacity to implemen
	• Provincial departments' Annual Performance Plans for 2014/15 must clearly indicate measurable objectives and performance targets as per approved business plans with the Department of Agriculture,
	Forestry and Fisheries (DAFF)
	The impact of the Land Care programme should also be quantified
	• Provinces should report their financial performance per project on a monthly basis as per Division of
	Revenue Act (DoRA) deadlines
	• Provinces should on a monthly basis report on the number of jobs created in line with Expanded Public
	Works Programme (EPWP) reporting requirements • Projects should adhere to the reporting dates as stipulated in the 2014 DoRA, and adhere to agreed dates as
	approved by the Natural Resource Management Working Group (NRMWG)
Allocation criteria	Allocations are based on an index comprising of nodes, land capability, poverty, degradation and land size
	derived from the following sources:
	o nodes are the most deprived wards identified in the Comprehensive Rural Development Programme
	 land capability = total ha class I, II and III based on spatial analysis data size = ha
	 size = ha poverty = poverty gap based on food poverty line (Statistics South Africa Living Conditions Survey)
	2008/09)
	o degradation = ha (national land cover 2000)
Reasons not incorporated in	• The funding originated with special poverty allocations made by national government for a specific
equitable share	purpose 2012/13 audited financial outcomes
Past performance	Allocated and transferred R115.6 million to provinces
	Of the total available R118.1 million (including R2.4 million provincial roll-overs), R108.7 million (92.1)
	per cent) was spent
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	13 882 Junior Care management sub-programme participants trained
	20 179 ha of land on which alien invasive plants were eradicated
	180 610 ha of grazing area improved

L	and Care Programme Grant: Poverty Relief and Infrastructure Development
	• 73 ha wetlands protected
	22 water sources developed or protected against over-utilisation
	• 12 483 hectares of land protected against soil erosion through the conservation measures
	89 gabion structures constructed
	15 049 of farm land hectares improved through conservation measures in all nine provinces
	• 610 km of fencing erected
	• 41 714 beneficiaries have benefited from capacity building initiatives
	328 FTE's created through Land Care programme
Projected life	• This grant will be reviewed when and if the need arises to align it with changes in the EPWP, outcome
1 rojecteu me	approach, national planning report, and any policy development within government
MTEF allocations	2014/15: R68 million, 2015/16: R68 million, and 2016/17: R72 million
Payment schedule	
rayment schedule	• 10 per cent: 24 April 2014, 35 per cent: 21 August 2014, 35 per cent: 23 October 2014, and 20 per cent: 22 January 2015
Despensibilities of the	
Responsibilities of the transferring national officer	Responsibilities of the national department
and receiving officers	 Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objectives for 2014/15 Review norms and standards for the implementation of the grant during the NRMWG meeting held
and receiving officers	• Review norms and standards for the implementation of the grant during the NRMWG meeting held quarterly
	 Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development and approval of business plans Monitor implementation through project site visits and provide support to provinces
	0.1 % 1.0 % 1
	Submit evaluation reports to National Treasury four months after the end of the financial year
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Provincial departments to report monthly (financial) and quarterly (non-financial) on the progress of the
	projects. Provinces should further adhere to agreements approved by the NRMWG on performance reporting and any other matter related to natural resource management
	 Provincial departments to report monthly jobs created as part of the EPWP. These reports should be
	submitted to the Department of Public Works using the approved reporting system
	 Provinces should further report jobs created to the DAFF using the prescribed reporting template/format on
	or before the 15th of every month
	 Provincial departments to implement the projects according to the approved business plans. Any deviation
	should first be communicated to DAFF in writing and approved by DAFF before implementation
	Provinces should constitute Provincial Assessment Panels (PAPs) and assess all business plans submitted
	before the end of September in each financial year
	• Provinces must hold Provincial Assessment Panels and DAFF should be invited to assess all business plans
	submitted before submitting preliminary plans to DAFF by 30 September 2014
	• Provincial departments should monitor project implementation and evaluate the impacts of projects in
	achieving Land Care goals
	Provinces to submit evaluation reports to DAFF two months after the end of the financial year
Process for approval of	DAFF provides provincial departments with business plan format, guidelines, criteria and outputs as
2015/16 business plans	prescribed by National Treasury and DAFF by June 2014
	Submission of signed preliminary provincial and individual Land Care business plans by provinces on or
	by 30 September 2014
	• Engagement by DAFF with provinces on business plans submitted during Provincial Assessment Panel
	meetings and during October 2014 prior to National Assessment Panel (NAP)
	Evaluation and recommendation of business plans by NAP during November 2014
	• Interactions with provinces requested by NAP to correct their business plans accordingly prior to approval
	by the Director General
	Approval of business plans by the Director General before March 2015
	Notify provinces of the approval of business plans by March 2015
	• Send funding agreements to provinces by January-March 2015 to be signed by the Heads of Departments,
	Chief Financial Officers and Land Care coordinators

ARTS AND CULTURE GRANT

	Community Library Services Grant
Transferring department	Arts and Culture (Vote 14)
Strategic goal	To enable the South African society to gain access to knowledge and information that will improve their socio-economic status
Grant purpose	• To transform urban and rural community library infrastructure, facilities and services (primarily targeting
	previously disadvantaged communities) through a recapitalised programme at provincial level in support of local government and national initiatives
Outcome statements	• Improved coordination and collaboration between national, provincial and local government on library
	services
	• Transformed and equitable library and information services delivered to all rural and urban communities
	 Improved library infrastructure and services that reflect the specific needs of the communities they serve Improved staff capacity at urban and rural libraries to respond appropriately to community knowledge and
	information needs
	Improved culture of reading
Outputs	• 9 signed agreements between national, provincial and local governments on the planning, management and
	maintenance of community libraries
	400 000 items of library materials (books, periodicals, toys etc) purchased Library Information and Communication Technology (ICT) infrastructure and quetoms using one periodicals.
	• Library Information and Communication Technology (ICT) infrastructure and systems using open source software in all provinces
	 Library material and services for the visually impaired at community libraries in three provinces
	17 new library structures completed
	45 upgraded and maintained library structures
	Additional community library staff appointed in all provinces
	Capacity building programmes for public librarians
Priority outcome(s) of	• Outcome 12: An efficient, effective and development oriented public service and an empowered, fair and
government that this grant	inclusive citizenship
primarily contributes to Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	• Inputs
	Key activities
Conditions	The provincial business plans must be developed in accordance with identified priority areas
	• Grant funding must not be used to replace funding for items that provinces have previously allocated to
	community libraries
	• Provinces may use a maximum of 5 per cent of the total amount allocated to them for capacity building and provincial management of the grant
	 The detail of how these funds will be used must be included in the respective business plans
	• Funds added to the grant in the 2013 MTEF may only be used to support the function shift and to establish
	dual purpose facilities, provinces may use up to 80 per cent of their additional allocations in the 2014/15
	financial year to address the Schedule 5 function shift imperative in category B municipalities, but this
	funding cannot replace funding for items that provinces have previously allocated to community libraries
	• At least 20 per cent of the additional allocations must be used to establish dual purpose service points in collaboration with provincial Departments of Basic Education. The detail of how these funds will be used
	by provinces must be included in their respective business plans. The total additional allocations per
	provinces are as follows:
	o Eastern Cape: R40.2 million
	o Free State: R55.6 million
	o Gauteng: R61.4 million
	 KwaZulu-Natal: R53.1 million Limpopo: R8.93 million
	o Mpumalanga: R37.7 million
	o Northern Cape: R42.3 million
	o North West: R31.8 million
	o Western Cape: R53.5 million
	• Service Level Agreements (SLAs) determining reporting protocols must be signed with receiving
	municipalities within 2 months after the 2014 Division of Revenue Act takes effect • The SLAs must include financial commitments over the MTEF in addition to the payments schedules to
	municipalities and reporting protocols which outline measurable performance targets for each municipality
Allocation criteria	 The distribution formula is based on an evaluation report for 2012/13 conducted by the Department of Arts
	and Culture (DAC) which identified community library needs and priorities
Reasons not incorporated in	• This funding is intended to address backlogs and disparities in the ongoing provision and maintenance of
equitable share	community library services across provinces, and enable the DAC to provide strategic guidance and
	alignment with national priorities

	Community Library Services Grant
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
•	Allocated R564.6 million and R564.6 million transferred to provinces
	Of the total allocation of R615.2 million (including provincial roll-overs), R518.8 million (84.3 per cent)
	was spent by provinces
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	• 37 libraries upgraded
	14 libraries built
	• 181 new staff appointed
	55 bursaries maintained
Projected life	• The projected life will be informed by evaluation reports and should become part of the provincial
	equitable share in 2018/19 if provinces have completed the function shift and completed a process that
	leads to the full funding of the service
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R1 016 million, 2015/16: R1 341 million, and 2016/17: R1 412 million
Payment schedule	• Four instalments (16 May 2014, 18 July 2014, 17 October 2014, and 30 January 2015)
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	• Finalise a framework for planning the allocation of library funding at the provincial level by 1 August
and receiving officer	2014, that must prescribe minimum norms and standards for the provision of public libraries
<u> </u>	• Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues
	related to the provision of community library services
	• Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and
	municipalities
	Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies
	Monitor and evaluate implementation
	• Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the 2014/15 financial year, for submission to National
	Treasury
	Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to National Treasury
	Determine outputs and targets for 2015/16 with provincial departments
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• To qualify for allocations from the grant in 2015/16 provinces must complete a strategy that details the process that leads to the finalisation of the full funding of the function, either by assignment to municipalities, full provincialization or a combination of the aforementioned options by the end of the
	2015 MTEF. Provinces must submit a draft by 1 August 2014 for comments by the DAC, and must submit a final strategy by 1 October 2014. These strategies must detail at least the following:
	 criteria that will be used to evaluate the capacity of municipalities to administer the function on behalf of the province
	o a policy framework for funding municipalities that administer the service
	o this framework must provide for funding the service over a ten year time horizon
	• Provinces must establish intergovernmental forums with municipalities in their province that are funded
	through this grant, that meet at least three times a year to discuss issues related to the provision of
	community library services
	Provincial departments must establish capacity to monitor and evaluate Service Level Agreements with
	municipalities
	• Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports including the quarterly expenditure reports of
D	municipalities to the DAC
Process for approval of the	• Provinces to submit draft business plans aligned to their strategies for fully funding the function to DAC by
2015/16 business plans	30 September 2014 PAG to see hot a provincial having a plant and appoint for the slot a province a local 28 Newsych at 2014
	DAC to evaluate provincial business plans and provide feedback to provinces by 28 November 2014 Provinces to submit final provincial business plans at DAC by 16 January 2015.
	Provinces to submit final provincial business plans to DAC by 16 January 2015 PAG annuary about a plantite theory to National Transport by 12 March 2015 PAG annuary about a plantite theory to National Transport by 12 March 2015 PAG annuary about a plantite theory to National Transport by 12 March 2015 PAG annuary about a plantite theory to National Transport by 12 March 2015 PAG annuary about a plantite theory to National Transport by 12 March 2015 PAG annuary about a plantite theory to National Transport by 12 March 2015 PAG annuary about a plantite theory to National Transport by 12 March 2015 PAG annuary about a plantite theory to National Transport by 12 March 2015 PAG annuary about a plantite theory to National Transport by 12 March 2015 PAG annuary about a plantite theory to National Transport by 12 March 2015 PAG annuary about a plantite theory to National Transport by 12 March 2015 PAG annuary about a plantite theory to National Transport by 12 March 2015 PAG annuary and Pag annuary annuary and Pag annuary annuary and Pag annuary and Pag annuary and Pag annuary and Pag annuary annuary and Pag annuary and Pag annuary and Pag annuary annuary annuary and Pag annuary and Pag annuary annuary and Pag annuary annuary annuary annuary annuary annuary annuary annuary annuary and Pag annuary annuar
	DAC approves business plans and submits them to National Treasury by 13 March 2015

BASIC EDUCATION GRANTS

Transferring department	Dinaledi Schools Grant • Basic Education (Vote 15)
Strategic goal	 To increase the number of learners taking Mathematics, Physical and Life Sciences up to grade 12, with a
	particular focus on female learners, in line with the National Strategy for Mathematics, Science and Technology Education Action Plan to 2014, Quality Education to 2025 and the National Development Plan (NDP)
Grant purpose	• To improve the quality of learner performance in Mathematics, Physical Sciences, Life Sciences, and English First Additional Language (EFAL), in line with the Action Plan to 2014 and the NDP
	To improve the content knowledge, pedagogies and didactic skills of Mathematics, Physical Sciences and Life Sciences teachers
Outcome statements	• Continually increased performance of learners and teachers in underprivileged schools, presenting candidates in Grade 12 for Mathematics, Physical Sciences and Life Sciences
	 Continually increased performance in Natural Sciences and Technology, and Mathematics of learners and teachers in underprivileged schools that serve as 'feeder' primary schools to Dinaledi high schools
Outputs	 Based on a school-by-school needs analysis at each Dinaledi School, and where lacking provide: apparatus and consumables (top-ups), including mobile laboratories to schools that lack a dedicated, functional sciences laboratory geometry sets, emulators, and calculators study-guides, reference works and past-exam question paper compilations with solutions Information and Communications Technology (ICT) hardware, software and internet connectivity, including the installation of appropriate physical security measures software for improving competence, comprehension and reading fluency for learners whose home language is not English or Afrikaans and are enrolled for EFAL access to appropriate educational television (TV) broadcasts, including but not limited to the provision of TV sets, decoders, receiving dishes, digital projectors and electronic whiteboards, including training for teachers in the use of these technologies content, didactic and pedagogic programmes to improve teacher effectiveness in Mathematics, Physical Sciences and Life Sciences management training and/or mentoring for principals and school management teams co-curricular, additional preparation of Grade 8-11 learners for participation in Mathematics and Science Olympiads, science fairs/competitions and the establishment and maintenance of science clubs clearly defined incentives for learners, teachers and/or schools that achieve or exceed agreed performance targets supernumerary teachers (Mathematics and Physical Sciences exclusively) in schools with a subject teacher to pupil ratio exceeding 1:35 and where this teacher's contact time conforms to at least the regulation minimum prescribed
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant	 o one laboratory assistant per school, to be remunerated at the same rate as interns in the public service Outcome 1: Improved quality of basic education
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	• Inputs
	Key activities Right management plan
	Risk management planProcurement plan
	Monitoring plan
Conditions	Priority is to be given to provision of:
	 ICT hardware, minimally specified as: a networked system of 35 desktop computers/tablets/laptops, including appropriate support hardware such as a server, air conditioning (if indicated), installation and cabling etc. appropriate security if in an unsecured dedicated room or a secure trolley for transport to and from a secured room, all Dinaledi schools must be equipped at this minimum level by the end of the 2014/15 financial year continuous internet connectivity teacher content-knowledge training programmes, a minimum of 30 per cent of transferred funds must be employed to this end remaining funds may then be used for procurement of other outputs The Department of Basic Education (DBE) will identify service providers and advise provinces to ensure benefits of economies of scale Provinces may, on condition of proven capacity from the previous financial year, provide resources by applying their own procurement processes Provinces must prove to DBE that they have the necessary capacity to implement the grant effectively DBE will appoint dedicated provincial project managers to support provincial administration of the grant
	who will also be responsible for district development and School Management Teams (SMT) mentoring support

	Dinaledi Schools Grant
	No less than 10 per cent and no more than 15 per cent of each province's annual allocation may be used for
	the following:
	 the establishment of co-curricular science clubs and chess clubs in 10 per cent of the total number of Dinaledi schools in the respective provinces, increasing annually by the same number in subsequent years
	o at least 30 learners per grade, from each Dinaledi school in grades 8 through to 11 must participate in the South African Mathematics Foundation Mathematics Olympiad, and at least 10 learners per grade must participate in the National Science Olympiad
	o at least 5 learners per grade, from each Dinaledi school, in grades 8 through to 11 must participate in at least one DBE approved national science Expo (e.g. Eskom Expo)
Allocation criteria	 Dinaledi schools must satisfy the following criteria for inclusion in the program: at least 30 learners per grade must be enrolled for Mathematics in Grades 10-12, schools with less than this number may nevertheless be eligible for inclusion, specifically, newly established schools, demonstrably improving and special schools
	 at least 60 per cent of learners in grades 10-12 must be enrolled for Mathematics at least 60 per cent of learners in grades 10-12 must have achieved a promotion mark for Mathematics of 40 per cent or higher in the preceding year
	o at least 60 per cent of Grade 11 and 12 learners must have achieved a promotion mark for Physical Sciences and/or Life Sciences of 40 per cent or higher in the preceding year
	o there is a minimum 5 per cent, year-on-year increase in enrolment numbers for Mathematics, Physical and Life Sciences in grades 10-12
	 Schools that have been included in the Dinaledi programme must show a year-on-year increase in performance quality and participation quantity and must exceed the national average performance rates by at least 10 per cent in Mathematics, and Life and Physical sciences
	• Schools not conforming to these allocation criteria may be replaced by the DBE with other qualifying schools, in consultation with provincial Dinaledi project managers and provincial officials
Reasons not incorporated in	• The Dinaledi schools project is a pilot project and will be used as a model for other schools to improve
equitable share	performance in Mathematics, Physical and Life Sciences
Past performance	 2012/13 audited financial outcomes Allocated R99.7 million and transferred R94 million to provinces of which 96 per cent was spent
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	• 12 000 maths kits
	• 20 760 calculators
	• 1 377 computers
	103 schools connected to internet
	4 software licenses per school
	• 1 030 storage units
	• 51 printers
	124 projectors106 smartboards
	82 tablets
	• 26 projector screens
	• 111 TV sets procured
	15 document viewer cameras
	46 receiving dishes
	46 decoders for Mindset Learning Channel on DSTV
	276 sets of science apparatus including consumables 18 mobile science labs
	18 mobile science labs 7 science laboratories fully refitted
	46 ICT rooms refurbished
	62 teachers and 8 017 pupils were trained in preparation for Olympiads
	1 201 teachers received content training in mathematics and physical sciences
	5 000 Study guides in Mathematics, Physical Sciences and Life Sciences
	• 630 dictionaries
Ducinoted P.C.	51 schools received diagnostic tools for Mathematics and Physical Sciences Count and investigate and Physical Sciences
Projected life MTEF allocations	 Grant continues until 2016/17, subject to review 2014/15: R111 million, 2015/16: R116 million, and 2016/17: R123 million
Payment schedule	 2014/15: R111 million, 2015/16: R116 million, and 2016/17: R123 million Four instalments (29 April 2014, 2 August 2014, 2 November 2014, and 31 January 2015)
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	The DBE will monitor the performance of the Provincial Education Departments (PEDs) quarterly and will
and receiving officer	evaluate the degree of implementation of grant outputs in June 2014 and in November 2014
	• Develop an evaluation plan and monitoring schedule before 28 February 2014, for on and off-site
	monitoring of implementation of grant outputs for the 2014/15 financial year Evaluate amend where appropriate approve and submit provincially approved business plans to National
	Evaluate, amend where appropriate, approve, and submit provincially approved business plans to National Treasury
	1 Toward

Dinaledi Schools Grant Manage, monitor and support programme implementation in provinces Consolidate and submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter · Assess and review financial and non-financial performance of the conditional grant and submit provincial annual evaluation reports to National Treasury by 31 July 2014 Enter into transversal agreements with suppliers of goods and services to be utilised by PEDs Specify the competencies required of DBE appointed project managers for deployment in the provinces Responsibilities of the provincial departments Comply with the minimum requirements of the transferring national officer's monitoring and evaluation plan, including making use of DBE facilitated transversal tenders Develop and submit to DBE, before 28 February 2014, an annual schedule for on-site school monitoring At least 10 per cent of the total number of Dinaledi Schools in each province must be visited each quarter Develop and submit business plans, approved by provincial Heads of Departments of PEDs, to the DBE Submit approved quarterly financial and narrative reports, in the DBE prescribed formats, to the DBE within 30 days after the end of each quarter Evaluate the performance of the conditional grant annually and submit evaluation reports, in the DBE prescribed format, to the DBE by 31 May 2014 Consultation with provincial Dinaledi project managers, finance sections of provincial treasuries and Process for approval of the 2015/16 business plans National Treasury Provinces submit first draft business plans for the 2015/16 financial year and report on capacity to implement the grant to the DBE by 31 August 2014 The DBE evaluates draft business plans, indicates revisions required and sends comments to provinces by 30 September 2014 Provinces submit final draft business plans to the DBE by 30 October 2014

Provinces submit approved business plans by 10 December 2014

15 November 2014

DBE evaluates final draft business plans, indicates revisions required and sends comments to provinces by

DBE Director General approves national and provincial business plans by 1 April 2015

	Education Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 15)
Strategic goal	To supplement provinces to fund provincial education infrastructure
Grant purpose	• To help accelerate construction, maintenance, upgrading and rehabilitation of new and existing infrastructure
	in education
	To enhance capacity to deliver infrastructure in education To address democrate infrastructure equand by noticed disperses.
Outcome statements	 To address damage to infrastructure caused by natural disasters Improved service delivery by provincial departments as a result of an improved and increased stock of
Outcome statements	schools infrastructure
	Aligned and coordinated approach to infrastructure development at the provincial level
	Improved education infrastructure expenditure patterns
	Improved response to the rehabilitation of school infrastructure affected by natural disasters
	Improved rates of employment and skills development in the delivery of infrastructure
Outputs	• Number of new schools, additional education spaces, education support spaces and administration facilities
	constructed as well as equipment and furniture provided
	Number of existing schools' infrastructure upgraded and rehabilitated
	Number of new and existing schools maintained
Designation and a second of	Number of work opportunities created
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant	Outcome 1: Improved quality of basic education
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	This grant uses a User-Asset Management Plan (U-AMP) which contains the following:
business plan	o demand and need determination
	o education infrastructure improvement priorities and targets
	o current performance of education infrastructure
	o project portfolio
	 U-AMP improvement plan project lists for 2015/16 and 2016/17
	o maintenance plan
	o financial summary
	o organisational and support plan
Conditions	• Provinces may use a maximum of R16 million of this grant in the 2014/15 financial year for the appointment
	of public servants to their infrastructure units. Posts must be aligned to the agreed sector structure and job
	profiles and approved by the national Department of Basic Education (DBE)
	• Provincial Education Departments (PEDs) must on a quarterly basis submit to the transferring national officer, relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury, a report on the filling of posts on the
	approved establishment for the infrastructure unit of the affected provincial department in a format
	determined by the National Treasury
	• Provinces must report all infrastructure expenditure partially or fully funded by this grant in a format
	determined by the National Treasury and the DBE
	• Provinces must maintain a record of all contracts that are fully or partially funded by this grant, if the
	contract is above the prescribed tender value that is compliant with the Register of Projects of the Construction Industry Development Board
	• The flow of the first installment of the grant depends upon receipt by DBE and provincial treasuries of:
	o approved and signed-off tabled U-AMP with prioritised project lists for the 2014 MTEF and a
	comprehensive maintenance plan by not later than 11 April 2014. The U-AMP must also include the
	implementation plans for schools affected by natural disasters
	o PEDs must provide the relevant provincial treasury with a list of infrastructure projects over the medium
	term expenditure framework for tabling in the provincial legislature with the provincial Appropriation Bill in the format determined by the National Treasury, and within seven days after the tabling in the
	legislature, submit the list to the DBE and the National Treasury and upload the list on the provincial
	website
	o submit to DBE, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury any amendment to the list and
	the reason for the amendment and table the amended list with the provincial Adjustments Appropriation
	Bill and upload the amended list on their website
	• The flow of the second installment depends upon receipt by DBE and provincial treasuries of the approved and signed-off:
	o monthly infrastructure reports for March 2014 in a format determined by the National Treasury and DBE
	National Education Infrastructure Management System (NEIMS) assessment forms for the fourth quarter
	of the 2013/14 financial year not later than 18 April 2014
	o submit quarterly performance reports on disaster allocations, to the Provincial Disaster Management
	Centre (PDMC) and DBE The flavor of the string in stellment is dependent upon presint by DBE, the polygont anguing in transposite and the
	• The flow of the third instalment is dependent upon receipt by DBE, the relevant provincial treasuries and the National Treasury, on a date and in a format determined by National Treasury, the approved and signed-off:
	o draft U-AMP for all infrastructure programmes for a period of at least 10 years (including the initial list
	of prioritised projects and a comprehensive maintenance plan). The 2015/16 project list must be drawn
	from the prioritised project list for the MTEF tabled in 2014/15
	o monthly infrastructure reports in the format determined by National Treasury and the DBE
	o NEIMS assessment forms for the first quarter of 2014/15 by 25 July 2014

Education Infrastructure Grant

- submission of quarterly performance reports on disaster allocations for the first quarter of 2014/15 to the PDMC and DBE
- The flow of the fourth installment is conditional upon receipt by the DBE and relevant provincial treasuries
 of the approved and signed off:
 - o monthly infrastructure reports in the format determined by National Treasury and the DBE
 - o NEIMS assessment forms for the second quarter of 2014/15 by 24 October 2014
 - o draft Infrastructure Programme Management Plan (IPMP) (including the construction procurement strategy) for infrastructure programmes envisaged to commence within the period for the Medium Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF). These plans should also be submitted to National Treasury in a format and on a date determined by National Treasury
 - \circ submission of quarterly performance reports on disaster allocations for the second quarter of 2014/15 to the PDMC and DBE
- The flow of the fifth installment is conditional upon receipt by the DBE and the relevant provincial treasuries, on a date determined by National Treasury, of the approved and signed-off:
 - o monthly infrastructure reports in the format determined by National Treasury and the DBE
 - o NEIMS assessment forms for the third quarter of 2014/15 to DBE not later than 23 January 2015
 - submission of the final IPMP and the construction procurement strategy for infrastructure programmes envisaged to commence within the period for the MTEF not later than 13 February 2015
 - submission of quarterly performance reports on disaster allocations for the second quarter of 2014/15 to the PDMC and DBE
- Client departments must enter into Service Delivery Agreements (SDAs) with their implementing agents. The development or review of the SDA should continue in parallel with the development of the IPMP and Infrastructure Programme Implementation Plan (IPIP)
- Provincial departments must establish committees with the relevant implementing agents and hold monthly
 meetings that are minuted to review progress on the IPMP and IPIP
- Provincial departments must consult with the relevant municipality on the development of their Integrated Development Plans to ensure integrated planning of basic services and school sporting facilities
- All immovable asset management and maintenance responsibilities as prescribed by the Government Immovable Asset Management Act of 2007 (GIAMA) and the Infrastructure Delivery Management Toolkit must be adhered to
- PEDs must provide School Governing Bodies with maintenance guidelines to conduct minor maintenance.
 This should be in accordance with the sector maintenance strategy
- PEDs must establish and maintain updated Immovable Asset Registers
- PEDs must provide all the necessary equipment and furniture in the spaces provided when constructing new projects
- Minor maintenance functions must be budgeted and planned for at the provincial level and carried out
 through the district offices for non section 21 schools. A monitoring and evaluation tool must be developed
 by PEDs for maintenance in section 21 schools that receive a budget through the section 21 allocation for
 maintenance
- PEDs must seek approval from DBE, in consultation with the National Treasury, for the procurement of any mobile classrooms to be funded by this grant
- Additional funds have been added to this grant for the reconstruction and rehabilitation of infrastructure damaged by floods. The following amounts per province must be used for the repair of infrastructure damaged by natural disasters declared in the Government Gazette and as assessed by the National Disaster Management Centre (NDMC):

KwaZulu-Natal: R31.6 million
 Limpopo: R20.3 million
 Western Cape: R0.7 million

- Business plans for the allocated disaster funds must be in line with the post disaster verification assessment reports submitted to the NDMC
- Disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation funds may only be utilised for approved projects as listed in the
 post disaster verification assessment reports and approved business plans
- Quarterly performance reports on disaster allocations must be submitted to the NDMC
- Compliance with the conditions of this grant framework and the relevant clauses within the stipulated timeframes of the Division of Revenue Act
- Non-compliance with any of the above conditions may result in the withholding and subsequent stopping of this grant

Allocation criteria

Reasons not incorporated in equitable share

- Allocations for 2014/15 are based on historical allocations for the previous Infrastructure Grant for Provinces
 - Funding infrastructure through a conditional grant enables the national department to ensure the delivery and maintenance of education infrastructure in a coordinated and efficient manner, and consistent with national norms and standards for school buildings

Past performance

2012/13 audited financial outcomes

 Allocated R5 822 million and transferred R5 820 million to provinces, of which provinces spent R5 614 million or 96 per cent of the adjusted allocation

2012/13 service delivery performance

 3 478 teaching spaces provided, 1 139 admin spaces, 241 water, 252 sanitation, 91 energy, 268 fencing, 1 083 maintenance and upgrades and 6 sports facilities

	Education Infrastructure Grant
Projected life	• Education is a key government priority and given the need to continually maintain school infrastructure and
	ensure that norms and standards are maintained
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R6 929 million, 2015/16: R9 469 million, and 2016/17: R10 038 million
Payment schedule	As per the gazetted payment schedule
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	DBE will visit selected infrastructure sites in provinces
and receiving officer	DBE and National Treasury will support provinces to improve infrastructure delivery capacity and systems
	DBE must provide guidance to provinces in planning and prioritisation
	DBE and National Treasury must jointly evaluate and provide feedback to all provinces on the assessment of U-AMPs/infrastructure plans
	Submit quarterly performance reports on disaster allocations to NDMC within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	Comply with the conditions of this grant framework and the relevant clauses within the stipulated timeframes of the Division of Revenue Act
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	PEDs must submit a monthly provincial infrastructure report of infrastructure programmes within 15 days after the end of each month to the relevant provincial treasury and DBE
	PEDs must table infrastructure plans together with draft strategic and annual performance plans
	Submit quarterly performance reports on disaster allocations, to the PDMC and DBE
	Comply with the conditions of this grant framework and the relevant clauses within the stipulated timeframes of the Act
Process for approval of the 2015/16 and 2016/17 business plans	• For purposes of the Education Infrastructure Grant in the 2015/16 financial year, PEDs must, in the format and on the date determined by the National Treasury, submit to DBE, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury approved project proposals for all new projects in the planning stage in the 2015/16 financial year
	Approved concept reports for all projects in the design or construction stage in the 2015/16 financial year
	• For purposes of the Education Infrastructure Grant in the 2016/17 financial year, PEDs must, in the format and on the date determined by the National Treasury, submit to DBE, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury:
	o draft U-AMPs and a prioritised list of projects for a period of at least 10 years
	 IPMPs and Construction Procurement Strategies for infrastructure programmes envisaged to commence within the period for the MTEF
	• Implementing department(s) or agent(s) must submit the Infrastructure Programme Implementation Plans (IPIPs) for 2015/16 to client departments by 28 November 2014

	HIV and AIDS (Life Skills Education) Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 15)
Strategic goal	• To enhance awareness programmes offered by schools to prevent and mitigate the impact of human
	 immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and tuberculosis (TB) To increase knowledge, skills and confidence amongst learners and educators to take self-appropriate
	sexual and reproductive health decisions
	 To increase access to sexual and reproductive health services including HIV as well as TB services for
	learners and educators
Grant purpose	• To support South Africa's HIV prevention strategy by increasing sexual and reproductive health
	knowledge, skills and appropriate decision making among learners and educators
	• To mitigate the impact of HIV and TB by providing a caring, supportive and enabling environment for
	learners and educators
	• To ensure the provision of a safe, rights-based environment in schools that is free of discrimination, stigma and any form of sexual harassment/abuse
	 To reduce the vulnerability of children to HIV, TB and Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs), with a
	particular focus on orphaned and vulnerable children
Outcome statements	Increased HIV, STI and TB knowledge and skills amongst learners, educators and officials
	Decrease in higher risk sexual behaviour among learners, educators and officials
	Decreased barriers to retention in schools, in particular for vulnerable learners
Outputs	• 1 100 master trainers trained in the integration of sexual and reproductive health (SRH) and TB
	programmes into the school curriculum
	• 19 000 Educators trained to implement SRH and TB programmes for learners to be able to protect
	themselves from HIV and TB and their associated risk factors including alcohol and drug use
	• 7 100 School Management Teams (SMT) and School Governing Bodies (SGBs) trained to develop policy implementation plans focusing on keeping young people in school; ensuring that SRH and TB education is
	implemented for all learners in schools; and ensuring access to SRH and TB services
	 Co-curricular activities on SRH and TB implemented in schools including a focus on prevention of alcohol
	and drug use, targeting 248 400 learners
	• Care and support programmes implemented to reach 163 300 learners and 19 400 educators
	• 500 000 copies of Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement (CAPS) compliant material, including
	material for learners with barriers to learning, printed and distributed to schools
	• Advocacy and social mobilisation events hosted with 530 000 learners, educators and school communities
	to review and change societal norms and values on SRH and TB including a focus on key risk behaviours such as alcohol and drug use, to advocate for the integrated school health programmes including HIV
	testing and improved understanding of the transformative nature of education
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 1: Improved quality of basic education
government that this grant	The state of the s
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	• Inputs
Conditions	Key activities Fack may inside department must distribute the great ellection in accordance with the fallowing visible.
Conditions	• Each provincial department must distribute the grant allocation in accordance with the following weights for the key performance areas:
	o training and development (15 per cent)
	o co-curricular activities (25 per cent)
	o care and support (20 per cent)
	o learning and teaching support material (10 per cent)
	o advocacy and social mobilisation (15 per cent)
	 monitoring and support (8 per cent) management and administration (7 per cent)
	 Provinces must report on expenditure according to the above six key performance areas per quarter
	 Installments are dependent on the Department of Basic Education (DBE) receiving these reports, adherence
	to approved business plans and attendance at the biannual interprovincial meetings
	• The above percentages are guidelines and may be deviated from in accordance with provincial needs with
	the approval of the national transferring officer
	• These deviations should be informed and motivated by achievements and/or critical challenges relating to
	the trends in the epidemic as relevant to respective provinces and provincial departments
	• Provincial education departments must ensure that they have the necessary capacity and skills to manage
Allocation criteria	the implementation of the grant The shares of the education component of the equitable share formula as explained in Appeause W1 of the
Anocation criteria	• The shares of the education component of the equitable share formula as explained in Annexure W1 of the 2014 Division of Revenue Bill are used to allocate the grant amongst provinces
Reason not incorporated in	To enable the DBE to provide overall guidance, to ensure congruency, coherence and alignment with the
equitable share	government's National Strategic Plan for HIV and Aids, STIs and TB, 2012 - 2016 and the Department of
-	Basic Education's Integrated Strategy on HIV, STIs and TB, 2012 - 2016. This enables DBE to exercise an
	oversight role in the implementation of the HIV and AIDS Life Skills Education Programme in schools

	HIV and AIDS (Life Skills Education) Grant
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
	A total of R218 million (including provincial roll-overs) was transferred and provinces spent
	R184 million (88.3 per cent)
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	• 1 640 master trainers, 17 087 life orientation educators and 3 957 educators trained in the integration of life
	skills in the curriculum
	• Functional peer education programmes (81 387), curriculum-based learner retention and learner retention
	programme (36 559), drugs and substance use programme (68 461 learners) and 6400 educators trained to
	mentor peer education in primary schools
	• 16 487 school based support teams established, 3 444 school management teams trained to develop policy
	implementation plans and 155 237 vulnerable learners identified and referred for services
	• 1 784 892 sets of learning and teaching support material delivered to 13 685 schools and 11 973 first aid
	kits distributed to 8 500 schools
	• Advocacy reached 344 854 learners and educators as well as 151 793 members of the school communities
D	6 958 schools reached through monitoring and support visits and 395 meetings held The state of the stat
Projected life	• The grant will be reviewed on an ongoing basis to respond to the nature and trends in the HIV and TB
Market II 4	epidemics
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R221 million, 2015/16: R226 million, and 2016/17: R238 million
Payment schedule	• Four instalments: 17 April 2014, 25 July 2014, 31 October 2014, and 30 January 2015
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	Identify risks and challenges impacting on provincial implementation Output Description:
and receiving officer	Develop risk management strategies to address these risks Develop risk management strategies to address these risks
	• Ensure synergy with national strategies and processes aimed at reducing HIV and the related chronic
	illnesses such as TB infection in the country together with their risk factors such as alcohol and drug use
	Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objectives and national imperatives for 2015/16 by 30 September 2014
	Provide evidence-based guidance for the development of business plans based on monitoring and findings
	from international and national research
	Monitor implementation of the programme and provide support to provinces
	Develop partnerships with key stakeholders
	Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Ensure synergy with national strategies and processes aimed at reducing HIV and TB infections and all
	other related issues including their risk factors such as alcohol and drug use
	Identify risks and challenges impacting on implementation
	Develop risk management strategies and implementation plans to address these risks
	• Submit monthly, quarterly and annual performance reports to the DBE in line with the Division of Revenue
	Act and Public Finance Management Act
	Agree with the DBE on outputs and targets to ensure effective implementation of the programme
	Monitor implementation of the programme and provide support to districts and schools
	• Evaluate and submit a provincial evaluation report on the performance of conditional grant to the DBE by
	30 May 2014
Process for approval of	Communication and meeting with provinces to inform targets for the next financial year by
2015/16 business plans	26 September 2014
	Provinces submit draft business plans to DBE for evaluation by 28 November 2014
	DBE evaluates provincial business plans from 5 December 2014
	Comments sent to provinces to amend the plans by 12 January 2015
	Provinces submit amended, signed plans to DBE by 27 February 2015
	DBE Director-General approves provincial business plans by 31 March 2015

	School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 15)
Strategic goal	The eradication of inappropriate education structures and backlogs in basic services
Grant purpose	Eradication of entire inappropriate school infrastructure
	Provision of water, sanitation and electricity to schools
Outcome statements	Improved access to enabling learning and teaching environments
Outputs Priority outcome(s) of	 Sub-programme 1 - eradication and replacement of 496 entire inappropriate schools and provision of related school furniture Sub-programme 2 - 1 257 schools provided with water Sub-programme 3 - 868 schools provided with sanitation Sub-programme 4 - 878 schools provided with electricity Outcome 1: Improved quality of basic education
government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 1. Improved quanty or basic education
Details contained in the infrastructure programme management plan	This grant uses an Infrastructure Programme Management Plan that includes the following: institutional framework procurement and contract management plan scope management time management plan cost management plan risk management plan quality management plan monitoring and reporting details budgeting and programme accounting details performance management plan communication management plan
	o communication management plan
Conditions	 This is a grant-in-kind administered by the national Department of Basic Education (DBE) that may be transferred to a province through the Education Infrastructure Grant if the province is able to demonstrate, through a proven track record, that it has the capacity to implement the projects DBE must submit an infrastructure programme implementation plan Programme governance will be conducted by the following committees established to ensure that various processes are initiated within the programme: national steering committee technical committee project steering committee infrastructure bid application and evaluation committee infrastructure bid adjudication committee The Provincial Planning and Monitoring Teams (PPMTs) or equivalent in each province should meet monthly to ensure information flows between the stakeholders, unblock processes, monitor progress and enhance cooperation The DBE must submit monthly project reports with cash flow to National Treasury 15 days after the end of each month, that show how actual payments and cash flow reconcile with the projected cash flow schedule and explain any deviations from the original projected cash flow Assets will be transferred to custodians in the respective provinces at final completion. Provincial education departments must report in their annual reports and describe how the schools have been considered in their future maintenance plans The DBE must agree in writing with the provinces on projects that the DBE will administer on behalf of the province
Allocation criteria	 The grant allocation is based on the distribution of inappropriate structures and schools without access to water, sanitation and electricity across provinces Final allocations will be based on the finalised Infrastructure Programme Management Plan (IPMP) of the DBE as approved by the Director General
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	This is a specific purpose grant, to eradicate the basic safety norms backlog in schools without water, sanitation and electricity and to replace those schools constructed from inappropriate material including mud schools to contribute towards levels of optimum learning and teaching. The grant will be administered by the national department to achieve maximum impact in the shortest time possible

	School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
	• R2 065 billion was allocated and R859 million was spent (42 per cent)
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	• Sub-programme 1 - 17 inappropriate schools were eradicated and 180 projects were at various stages of
	planning, detail design and execution
	• Sub-programme 2 – 91 schools were provided with water and 800 projects were at various stages of
	planning, detail design and execution
	• Sub-programme 3 - 175 schools were provided with water and 400 projects were at various stages of planning, detail design and execution
	 Sub-programme 4 - 120 schools were provided with electrification and 350 projects were at various
	stages of planning, detail design and execution
Projected life	Backlogs should be dealt with by 2016/17
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R2 939 million, 2015/16: R2 433 million and 2016/17: R2 611 million
Payment schedule	Payments will be made according to professional service provider's verified invoices or advance
	payments in line with approved Memorandum of Agreements, Implementation Programme
	Implementation Plans and reviewed monthly cash flow projections from implementing agents
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	• Undertake planning of the processes, activities, and Accelerated School Infrastructure Delivery Initiative
and receiving officer	(ASIDI) programme policies required to realise the outputs and identify the resources that are required
	• Undertake the necessary procurement to secure the services of implementing agents, professional service
	providers, contractors and secondary procurement objectives to respond to the scope of work identified
	in the infrastructure programme management plan
	• Monitor and evaluate performance of the programme support unit, implementing agents, conduct project site inspections at selected sites to verify progress and quality of the works to secure programme outputs
	and deliverables
	 Harness the opportunities offered through the programme to contribute towards skills development
	 DBE will convene and chair meetings of the National Steering Committee (NSC) which will:
	o provide strategic direction to the ASIDI programme
	o provide general oversight on the programme
	o ensure that the management of the programme brings together those players responsible for
	different elements of project success and ensure a holistic approach in support of the programme
	o ensure that standards are in line with different prescripts e.g. norms and standards for school
	infrastructure are adhered to
	o facilitate the establishment of sub-programme management, their membership, reporting
	modalities and their interaction with the steering committee o establish the modalities linking the targeted Provincial Education Departments (PEDs) with DBE
	o supervise the programme and ensure appropriate coordination and cooperation between different
	agencies and departments involved
	o facilitate the linkages between national stakeholders such as the National Treasury, Infrastructure
	Delivery Improvement Plan (IDIP), Construction Industry Development Board (CIDB) and the
	national departments of Human Settlements, Water Affairs, Energy and Public Works
	o ensure ASIDI strategies and targets are in line with national goals and targets
	o monitor progress in terms of national goals and targets
	o assist the management of the programme in solving particular issues that may arise and that may
	require the intervention of the committee o report to the Minister of Basic Education, Council for Education Ministers (CEM), Heads of
	o report to the Minister of Basic Education, Council for Education Ministers (CEM), Heads of Education Departments Committee (HEDCOM) and senior management
	 Develop a sector procurement strategy and procurement strategy for this grant in terms of the practice
	guide prescribed by the infrastructure delivery management toolkit
	• The department will develop a procurement strategy for this grant that will lead to the quickest possible
	achievement of the grant objectives which may require the clustering of projects across provincial
	boundaries
	Submit an approved IPMP including projects list to National Treasury
	Ensure compliance with reporting requirements and adherence to projected cash flow schedules
	• Consolidate and submit quarterly reports to National Treasury and National Council of Provinces within
	45 days after the end of each quarter
	Conduct site visits to selected projects to assess performance

School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant Create the necessary organisational structures and build capacity within the department to oversee and monitor the implementation of the grant The DBE must ensure this committee meets at least once a month and is provided with sufficiently detailed reports to assess project implementation and projected cash flow schedules reconciled at the end of the month preceding the monthly meeting **Responsibilities of the Provincial Departments** Provide the list of schools to be included in the ASIDI programme Ensure that the list of schools identified includes all the schools that are not constructed of appropriate materials in their entirety Ensure that the list of schools identified includes all the schools that never had basic sanitation, water and electricity Ensure that where schools are identified for rationalisation and mergers, DBE is made aware on time, in writing and that all necessary supporting documents are provided Establish PPMTs that will provide support to the DBE when implementing projects funded by this grant Convene the PPMTs and report to the NSC Process for approval of the Submission by DBE of the Infrastructure Programme Management Plan for 2015/16 projects by 2015/16 infrastructure 9 February 2015 to National Treasury programme management plan

	National School Nutrition Programme Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 15)
Strategic goal	To enhance learning capacity and improve access to education
Grant purpose	To provide nutritious meals to targeted learners
Outcome statements	Enhanced learning capacity and improved access to education
Outputs	Nutritious meals served to learners
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 1: Improved quality of basic education
government that this grant	and the first tea quantity of custo education
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	• Inputs
	Key activities
	Risk Management Plan
Conditions	Spending must be in line with national and provincial business plans
	• The budget allocation must be distributed in terms of the following weightings for both secondary and
	primary schools:
	o school feeding (inclusive of cooking utensils): minimum of 96 per cent
	o administration: maximum of 3.5 per cent
	o nutrition education and food production activities: minimum of 0.5 per cent
	 Minimum feeding requirements: provide nutritious meals to all learners in quintile 1 to 3 primary and secondary schools (as per gazetted
	national quintiles) as well as identified special schools on all school days
	o provide cost per meal per learner in primary schools as well as identified special schools at an average of
	R2.73 and in secondary schools at an average R3.55, inclusive of cooking fuel and honorarium
	o far-flung farm and rural schools that are receiving funds directly from schools should be allocated a
	higher meal cost to cover higher transport costs
	o pay an honorarium of a minimum of R900 per person per month, in line with a food handler to learner
	ratio of 1:200.
	o a ratio of 1:120 is recommended for schools where learner enrolment is 250 or fewer
	o comply with recommended food specifications and approved menu
	o fresh fruit/vegetables should be served daily and vary between green, and yellow/red on a weekly basis o a variety of protein-rich foods should be served per week in line with approved menu options. Raw
	sugar beans should be packed separately from samp, not mixed in one packet, soya should not be served
	more than twice a week
	o pilchards should be served at least once a week. High quality protein products can replace pilchards in
	areas where these are not socially acceptable
	o ultra high temperature (UHT) milk, pasteurised fresh milk or maas should be served once a week. In
	areas where fresh milk/maas is unavailable, only whole powdered milk may be used
	o provinces should promote sustainable food production and nutrition education
	• Provinces that are transferring funds for meals to schools (Eastern Cape, Free State, Limpopo, Northern Cape
	and North West) are required to reconcile expenditure by schools against budget transfers on a quarterly basis
	• The 8 May 2014 budget transfer (as per payment schedule) is for cooking facilities, equipment, and utensils
	for quintile 1 to 3 primary schools as per equipment specifications provided by the Department of Basic
	Education (DBE) • Provincial business plans will be approved in line with the above minimum requirements and available
	resources. The following variations may be approved by the transferring national officer based on
	achievements and/or critical challenges in each province:
	o feeding days reduced to a minimum of 196 days
	o feeding cost below the above stated minimum requirements, which provide meals with maximum
	nutritional value as per menu specifications
	o number of learners that exceed the gazetted quintiles
	o serving of processed vegetables or fruit in remote areas
	o quintile 1 to 3 schools that do not feed all learners (Gauteng and Western Cape). Letters from schools
	requesting a deviation from whole school feeding must be provided to the provincial office and kept on
Allocation criteria	• The distribution formula is poverty-based in accordance with the poverty distribution table used in the
Amocation Criticina	National Norms and Standards for School Funding as gazetted by the Minister of Education on 17 October
	2008
Reasons not incorporated	• The National School Nutrition Programme (NSNP) is a government programme for poverty alleviation,
in equitable share	specifically initiated to uphold the rights of children to basic food and education
•	• The conditional grant framework enables the DBE to play an oversight role in the implementation of all
	NSNP activities in schools
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
	Transferred R4 906 million to provinces

	National School Nutrition Programme Grant
	Of the total available R5 043 million (including provincial roll-overs), R4 958 million (98 per cent) was spent
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	• 9 159 773 learners were provided with meals nationally for an average of 195 school days
	• A total of 351 workshops were conducted on meal planning and preparation, sustainable food production and
	financial management across provinces for volunteer food handlers, School Governing Bodies (SGBs),
	educators, district officials, learners and gardeners
	• The National Nutrition Week (NNW) was successfully celebrated at Makhambane Primary school
	(KwaZulu-Natal) and Nyorwe Primary school (North West) respectively. The purpose of the NNW is to raise
	 awareness on healthy eating and physical exercise to encourage healthy lifestyles 5 917 schools had food gardens that are used for curriculum support and supplementing meals that are served
	to learners
Projected life	 It is envisaged that, given the levels of poverty in the country and the impact of various health conditions
1 Tojecteu ine	such as HIV and Aids, diabetes and debilitating chronic conditions, the need for such a grant will persist for
	at least another 10 years. The programme ensures learners from the poorest communities have decent
	opportunities to learn
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R5 462 million, 2015/16: R5 704 million, 2016/17: R6 006 million
Payment schedule	The payment schedule will be in line with respective provincial procurement models as follows:
	o provinces that transfer funds directly to all schools (Eastern Cape, Free State, North West and Northern
	Cape) receive five instalments: (10 April 2014, 08 May 2014, 19 June 2014, 11 September 2014, and 09
	December 2014)
	o provinces that procure from service providers on behalf of schools recieve five instalments:
Responsibilities of the	(10 April 2014, 08 May 2014, 05 August 2014, 23 October 2014, and 27 January 2015) Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	Develop and submit approved national business plans to National Treasury
and receiving officer	Evaluate, approve and submit provincial business plans to National Treasury
	Manage, monitor and support programme implementation in provinces
	Ensure compliance with reporting requirements and NSNP guidelines
	• Consolidate and submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of
	each quarter
	• Evaluate performance of the conditional grant and submit an evaluation report to National Treasury four
	months after the end of the financial year
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Develop and submit approved business plans to DBE. The business plans should include databases reflecting
	distribution of volunteer food handlers and cooking fuel per school
	Monitor and provide support to districts/regions/area project officers and schools
	Manage and implement the programme in line with the Division of Revenue Act and the Public Finance Management Act
	 Implement monitoring and evaluation plans
	Provide human resource capacity at all relevant levels
	• Evaluate the performance of the conditional grant annually and submit evaluation reports to the DBE two
	months after the end of the financial year
	Submit quarterly financial and performance reports to DBE after the end of each quarter
	• Provinces that are transferring funds to schools are required to reconcile expenditure by schools against
	budget transfers on a quarterly basis. Reports on actual expenditure should be submitted a month after the
	quarter being reported upon
	Responsibilities of the school districts
	Monitoring and supporting schools Submitting monthly and growth property (normative and growth in a property to the growth in a property of the growth in a prope
	• Submitting monthly and quarterly reports (narrative and expenditure reports to the provincial department, as well as reports on expenditure by schools, where applicable
	 Coordinate all NSNP activities in the district
Process for approval of the	Planning meeting by 31 July 2014
2015/16 business plans	 Consultation with district officials, provincial treasuries, provincial finance sections and National Treasury
P	Provinces submit first draft business plans to DBE by 31 October 2014
	• Inter-provincial meeting held in October 2014 to consult provinces on the 2015/16 conditional grant
	framework
	• DBE evaluates first draft business plans and sends comments to provinces by 25 November 2014
	• Provinces submit final business plans to DBE by 30 January 2015
	Director-General approves national and provincial business plans by 1 April 2015

	Technical Secondary Schools Recapitalisation Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 15)
Strategic goal	To strengthen the implementation of the National Strategy for Mathematics, Science and Technology Education (NMSTE), by training young people in relevant technical skills within the schooling system while supporting the achievement of skills development targets set through the Skills Development Strategy III and the National Development Plan
Grant purpose	To recapitalise technical schools to improve their capacity to contribute to skills development and training in the country
Outcome statements	To improve conditions of technical schools and modernise them to meet the teaching requirements of learners in technical fields and increase the number of suitably qualified and technically skilled graduates from these schools
Outputs	 19 new workshops to be built to support the technical subject offerings 166 existing workshops refurbished, upgraded and re-designed to comply with safety laws and regulations, and minimum industry standards Equipment bought, delivered and installed at 226 workshops 2 732 technical schools teachers trained in subject content and practical teaching methodologies
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 1: Improved quality of basic education
Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Output indicators Inputs Key activities Risk management plan Annual budget and resource allocation Procurement plan Proof of completed procurement processes (tender contracts/quotations/memorandum of understanding) Infrastructure project list
Conditions	Implementation of the grant to be prioritised in the following order: (1) building of new workshops, (2) refurbishment, re-designing and upgrading of existing workshops, (3) buying, delivering and installation of equipment, machinery and tools as well as training of end-users by tauppliers, and (4) training of technical subjects teachers on new trends, subject content, practical skills and developments in their subject field Planning process and requirements Three year provincial business plans for technical schools must be submitted to and be approved by the Department of Basic Education (DBE) Detailed procurement plans, proof of completed procurement processes and infrastructure project lists must accompany the business plans and these plans should be approved by the Provincial Department of Education (PED) Technical schools should develop detailed yearly (operational) business plans that must demonstrate how the approved funding will be spent. These must be submitted to the province The outputs that may be funded through this grant include: Building new workshops, as well as the following: building of new workshops and refurbishment of existing workshops in line with the approved technology subjects offered at the school the building of new workshops must take into consideration the capacity of the school to deliver the subject, the number of learners taking the subject, and the throughput rate of the school within the subject (the design and structure of the new workshops must conform to the norms and standards for physical school infrastructure and may match the existing infrastructure (where applicable), the size of a workshop for each subject must be between 120 and 480 square metres depending on the subject offered within the workshop) the building and refurbishment of workshops should include all the necessary safety, health and security mechanisms such as burglar proofing and alarm systems, and the improvement of ventilation systems should be considered as part of the project. The designing

Technical Secondary Schools Recapitalisation Grant all equipment, machinery and tools should conform to the specifications developed by the DBE o Training of teachers: teacher training in subject content and practical teaching methodologies must take place within a workshop environment using a teaching programme designed to improve the teacher's understanding and confidence in teaching practical lessons for the technology subjects in line with Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement (CAPS) for technical schools teacher training includes CAPS training for all teachers involved in the teaching of the revised technical subjects (civil, electrical, mechanical), EGD and the new Technical Mathematics and a training programme that indicates the purpose, learning outcome, assessment methods and duration of the training must be in place and all participants must receive this programme in • Transversal tenders may be developed and entered into where possible and provinces and schools must participate in such contracts if they do not have a similar tender/contract in place Recapitalisation funds and implementation (procurement, delivery and payment) to be managed at school level, unless a transversal tender has been issued or the province has demonstrated capacity, systems and controls to efficiently manage the processes of the grant Before funds can be transferred to schools, there must be assurance that systems, controls and capacity to manage the implementation and delivery processes of the grant are in place Once a school has been fully recapitalised, it can be withdrawn from the grant to include another needy school(s) to extend the coverage of the grant. The withdrawal of a participating school and inclusion of a new school is dependent on the availability of funds to accommodate all participating schools and the level of support required by a school to maintain its functionality. The review of school lists must take into consideration the future delivery of technical subjects by schools. This must be approved by the provincial Head of Department (HoD), and the DBE must be informed of the action Deviations of between 2 per cent and 5 per cent per annum from category allocations in business plans must be authorised by the Director General of the DBE Should the entire recapitalisation process not be completed within the stipulated timeframe, an additional six months will be added to complete the project. If the funds are not completely utilised they must be redirected to other schools within the same province The distribution of funds is based on the needs identified in the 2009 capacity audit, a valid needs Allocation criteria assessment made by the province for a new school and the identified technical school landscape for the province in line with the implementation of the revised curriculum Reasons not incorporated in The grant is an interim capacity improvement programme equitable share Technical schools are not proportionally distributed across the provinces The level of support required by schools differs across provinces Past performance 2012/13 audited financial outcomes Allocated R257 million and transferred R247 million (96.1 per cent) to provinces, of which R182 million (74 per cent) of the transferred amount was spent at year end 2012/13 service delivery performance • 23 of a target of 44 new workshops built to support the technical subject offerings 143 of a target of 260 existing workshops refurbished, upgraded and re-designed to comply with safety laws and regulations, and minimum industry standards Equipment, machinery and tools bought, delivered and installed at 327 out of 328 projected workshops 2 276 of a target of 2 276 technical school teachers trained in subject content delivery and new practical teaching methodologies **Projected life** It is envisaged that the projects will be completed in three years (2014/15-2016/17) MTEF allocations 2014/15: R234 million, 2015/16: R244 million, and 2016/17: R257 million Payment schedule Three instalments (30 May 2014, 31 October 2014, and 30 January 2015) Responsibilities of the Responsibilities of the national department transferring national officer Evaluate, approve and submit provincial business plans to National Treasury and receiving officer Provide administrative services for the grant and manage, coordinate, monitor and support programme implementation at school level Provide human resource capacity at all relevant levels Establish a grant steering committee and provincial recapitalisation task team. These structures must include representatives from curriculum, provincial infrastructure development units and school management teams Convene bi-annual steering committee meetings and attend quarterly provincial task teams' meetings Develop and provide capacity building programmes for provincial task teams to assist them in implementing the grant Attend selected site meetings at schools involved in the project Develop and distribute planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation guidelines and/or templates including minimum norms and standards for infrastructure and resources Develop procurement specifications and enter into transversal tenders on behalf of the schools

Technical Secondary Schools Recapitalisation Grant

- Participate in all procurement processes related to the grant performed outside of the DBE where necessary
- Ensure compliance with reporting requirements by providing consolidated monthly, quarterly and annual reports and other monitoring or diagnostic reports and reviews as required
- Evaluate the performance of the conditional grant and submit an evaluation report to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year
- Establish and strengthen partnerships with relevant stakeholders

Responsibilities of the provincial education departments

- Develop and submit approved business and procurement plans/schedules to DBE
- Assist schools in developing recapitalisation plans and in meeting the reporting requirements of the grant
- Provide all relevant data required by the DBE such as supplier records, memorandum of understanding between schools and departments
- Manage and implement the programme in line with the Division of Revenue Act and the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA)
- Transfer funds to schools in accordance with the provisions of the grant framework and in line with the requirements of the PFMA
- Participate in transversal tenders issued by the DBE or other provinces in order to procure goods and services related to the outputs of the grant
- Monitor and provide support to districts/regions and schools
- Implement all infrastructure projects through the infrastructure development division and ensure that all technical schools' projects are included in the provincial infrastructure list as part of the Education Infrastructure Grant requirements
- Report on the infrastructure projects using the Infrastructure Reporting Model tools in accordance with National Treasury requirements
- Provide human resources capacity at all relevant levels
- Establish school project teams and convene bi-monthly meetings of the teams
- Convene recapitalisation task teams' meetings and attend such meetings
- Evaluate the performance of the grant and submit evaluation reports to DBE within two months after the end of the financial year
- Establish and strengthen partnerships with relevant stakeholders

Responsibilities of the schools

- Develop annual operational business plans
- Submit annual operational plans to the Provincial Education Departments (PEDs)
- Ensure that capacity, systems and controls are in place to implement the grant
- Receive funds from PEDs and manage the procurement, delivery and payment processes where necessary
- Participate in the provincial recapitalisation task teams
- Report to the DBE and province on the implementation of the grant on a monthly and quarterly basis
- Monitor and ensure quality of work of the service provider(s) and or contractors and sign-off the completeness of the service delivery processes

Process for approval of 2015/16 business plans

- The first draft of the consolidated provincial business plans to be submitted to DBE for appraisal by 16 January 2015
- The DBE team will meet to evaluate the consolidated business plans by 30 January 2015
- The comments on the business plans will be sent to provinces for amendments by 13 February 2015
- Provinces will be required to submit the provincially approved amended business plans to DBE by 13 March 2015
- DBE will approve the final business plans by 27 March 2015
- Director General of the DBE approves business plans to be submitted to National Treasury by 3 April 2015

	Occupational Specific Dispensation for Education Sector Therapists Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 15)
Strategic goal	To ensure that qualifying education sector therapists, counsellors and psychologists covered by Education Labour Relations Council (ELRC) Collective Agreement 1 of 2012 are adequately compensated over the next two financial years
Grant purpose	To augment the baseline compensation budget of the Provincial Education Departments (PEDs) to enable them to comply with ELRC Collective Agreement 1 of 2012
Outcome statements	Meet the financial obligation to reach parity in costs of employment for qualifying educators covered by ELRC Collective Agreement 1 of 2012
Outputs	Provinces meet the payment obligations for educators covered by ELRC Collective Agreement 1 of 2012
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant	Outcome 1: Improved quality of basic education
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the implementation plan	 The grant uses an implementation plan that includes the following: summary of the number of affected staff including, rank, notches and nature of appointment and date of appointment summary of baseline budget for compensation of these employees indication of the shortfall between the baseline and the required amount to cover the obligation to comply with the ELRC Collective Agreement 1 of 2012
Conditions	 Allocations must be used for continued implementation of occupational specific dispensation for education sector therapists, counsellors and psychologists and for reimbursement of funds spent for this purpose in 2013/14 Provinces must develop and submit implementation plans to the national Department of Basic Education (DBE) by 31 March 2014 The allocated funds must be used to fund compensation for posts that existed at the time of the commencement of the ELRC Collective Agreement 1 of 2012 In the event of termination of the affected employees or natural attrition, the relevant amounts will be withheld A reconciliation of the utilisation of funds must be done quarterly and reflected in provinces' quarterly performance reports
Allocation criteria	 Allocations are based on the number of affected staff and budget shortfall in each affected PEDs required to meet the terms of the ELRC Collective Agreement 1 of 2012 Allocations for 2014/15 include reimbursements for funds spent by provincial departments in 2012/13 No additional allocations will be made over and above what has been allocated
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	 The qualifying education therapists, counsellors and psychologists covered by ELRC Collective Agreement 1 of 2012 are not spread across provinces in line with the equitable share distribution A conditional grant is thus necessary to ensure that provinces are compensated in line with the number of qualifying educators in each province in 2014/15 and 2015/16, and to establish a baseline for this aspect of compensation of employees in each province Thereafter, provinces will make provision for the compensation of the qualifying education therapists, counsellors and psychologists covered by ELRC Collective Agreement 1 of 2012 from their equitable chara-ellocations
Projected life	share allocations • For two financial years, 2014/15, and the 2015/16
1 Tojecteu me	The funding for 2016/17 and beyond will be incorporated into the provincial equitable share
MTEF allocations	The funding for 2010/17 and beyond will be incorporated into the provincial equitable share 2014/15: R213 million, and 2015/16: R67 million
Payment schedule	The funds will be disbursed on a quarterly basis
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer and receiving officer	 Provide a quarterly reporting template to provinces by no later than 28 February 2014 Monitor the implementation and performance of the provinces based on provincial implementation plans Consolidate, approve and submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter Conduct monitoring and provide support to provinces Responsibilities of provincial departments Manage and effect monthly payments to the eligible beneficiaries
	Submit quarterly performance reports to the national DBE within 30 days after the end of each quarter
Process for approval of 2015/16 financial year implementation plans	 Progress reports must be tabled at the Heads of Education Departments Committee sub-committees on finance and on human resources matters Implementation plans must be drawn up in line with a Service Level Agreement approved by the Director General of the DBE

COOPERATIVE GOVERNANCE GRANT

	Provincial Disaster Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (Vote 3)
Strategic goal	To pro-actively respond to immediate needs after a disaster has occurred
Grant purpose	To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response
Outcome statements	Immediate consequences of disasters are mitigated
Outputs	The impact of disaster is minimised
	Emergency repair of critical infrastructure and provision of essential services
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 12: An efficient, effective and development oriented public service and an empowered, fair and inclusive citizenship
Details contained in the business plan	This grant uses the National Disaster Management Centre (NDMC) Disaster Grant Guideline which includes the following: copy of the classification letter in terms of the Disaster Management Act copy of declaration of disaster in terms of the Disaster Management Act number of people affected and extent of damages and losses items to be purchased critical infrastructure to be repaired, or replaced support received from Non-Governmental Organisations and businesses or any other stakeholder funds required for disaster response, emergency mitigation and recovery the Provincial Disaster Management Centre (PDMC) and the affected provincial sector department must indicate funds spent or contributed towards dealing with the disaster
Conditions	 This grant may only be used to fund the following expenditure as per written request for funding from the Provincial Disaster Management Centres (PDMCs): temporary structures and/or shelters that can be fully assembled within three months, which may be required to ensure continued services as a result of damage caused by a declared disaster to critical infrastructure that provinces are responsible for providing and maintaining mobile classrooms or temporary structures during a declared disaster in the event that the Department of Basic Education is unable to provide these large scale humanitarian and other relief required that the national Departments of Social Development, Health, Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries are not responsible for providing or are unable to provide. Proof must be obtained from the relevant department Provincial Treasury must authorise expenditure on this grant through an adjustments budget if the expenditure occurs prior to the tabling of the province's adjustment budget or through a finance bill following the tabling of the annual report of the province for 2012/13 Funds can only be released after a disaster has been declared in terms of the Disaster Management Act
Allocation criteria	The grant is allocated based on the location of the declared disasters and an assessment of immediate needs
Reasons not incorporated in	This grant caters for response, recovery and relief for unforeseen and unavoidable disasters
equitable share	This grant eacts for response, recovery and refler for unforeseen and unavoidable disasters
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcome
1 ast periormance	R180 million was allocated and R850 thousand was transferred to the Limpopo province
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	Limpopo Department of Roads and Transport: repair to access road in Mopani District Municipality
Projected life	This grant is expected to continue over the medium term, but will be subject to review
MTEF allocations	2014/15: R197 million, 2015/16: R204 million, and 2016/17: R215 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made subject to approval by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the National Disaster Management Centre
transferring national officer	Advise PDMCs about the existence of the grant and how grant funding must be applied for
and receiving officer	• Perform assessments of disasters and verification of applications 40 days following the submission of a request for funding and as per the requirements of the Disaster Management Act
	 Seek approval from National Treasury for disbursement of funds to provinces and provide written advice on the timing of disbursements to provinces and transfer these funds to provinces within five days of drawing the funds from the National Revenue Fund Notify the relevant provincial treasury of a transfer at least one day before transfer, and transfer the funds no later than five days after the transfer Notify the relevant PDMC of a transfer and reason for transfer within five days of the transfer of funds to provinces Build relationships and establish the necessary communication channels with relevant national departments to ensure the country has a coordinated disaster response approach Provide a performance report to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter during
	 which funds are spent Provide National Treasury and the relevant provincial treasury with written notification of the transfer within 14 days of a transfer of this grant

Provincial Disaster Grant Responsibilities of Provincial Disaster Management Centres Advise provincial departments and municipalities about the existence of the grant and how the grant can be Together with the affected provincial departments and municipalities, conduct preliminary assessments of disaster impacts to verify the applications for funding within 40 days following an occurrence of the incident and as per the requirements of the Disaster Management Act Assist provinces and municipalities with request for disaster funding, monitor projects and provide reports to the NDMC and provincial treasury Provide a performance report to the NDMC within 30 days after the end of each quarter in which funds are Responsibilities of the provincial departments Provide a performance report within 30 days after the end of each quarter during which funds are spent to the NDMC and the relevant PDMC Initiate requests for disaster funding when appropriate Submit funding request for funding within 45 days following the declaration of a disaster Process for approval of Not applicable 2015/16 business plans

HEALTH GRANTS

	Comprehensive HIV and Aids Grant
Transferring department	Health (Vote 16)
Strategic goal	The implementation of the National Strategic Plan on HIV, STIs and TB 2012 – 2016
Grant purpose	 To enable the health sector to develop an effective response to HIV and Aids, including universal access to HIV counselling and testing (HCT) To support the implementation of the National Operational Plan for comprehensive HIV and Aids
	treatment and care To subsidise in-part funding for the antiretroviral treatment programme
Outcome statements	Improved coordination and collaboration in the implementation of comprehensive HIV and Aids grant
outcome statements	between national, provincial and local government Improved quality of HIV and Aids services including access to:
	HIV counselling and testing (HCT)
	o antiretroviral treatment (ART)
	 adherence monitoring and support prevention of TB in HIV positive people and prevention of mother-to-child-transmission (PMTCT)
	o medical male circumcision (MMC)
	• Improved health workers' capacity at the three levels of care to ensure quality service delivery to South
	Africans
0-44-	Reduced HIV incidence and prevalence
Outputs	 Number of new patients that started on ART Number of patients on ART remaining in care
	Number of patients on ART remaining in care Number of male condoms distributed
	Number of finale condoms distributed Number of female condoms distributed
	Number of exposed infants HIV positive at 6 weeks Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)
	Number of clients tested for HIV (including antenatal)
	Number of medical male circumcision performed
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans
government that this grant primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	Inputs Key activities
Conditions	The following priority areas must be supported through the grant:
	o ART related interventions
	o home community based care (HCBC)
	o condom distribution and high transmission area (HTA) interventions
	o post exposure prophylaxis (PEP)
	 prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT) programme management strengthening (PMS)
	o regional training centres (RTC)
	HIV counselling and testing (HCT)
	o medical male circumcision (MMC)
	o TB/HIV collaboration
	• The provincial departments must, when requested, provide the national Department of Health (DoH) with any information needed to pilot reforms of payment mechanisms to the National Health Laboratory
	Services
Allocation criteria	Allocations are based on antenatal HIV prevalence, estimated share of Aids cases, population figures post-
	demarcation
Reasons not incorporated in	HIV and Aids is a key national priority and requires a coordinated response for the country as a whole and this is most offsetively achieved through a conditional grant.
equitable share Past performance	this is most effectively achieved through a conditional grant 2012/13 audited financial outcome
1 ast periormance	Allocated and transferred R8 762 million to provinces
	r
	Of the total available R8 884 million (including provincial roll-overs), R8 807 million (99.1 per cent) was
	spent
	spent 2012/13 service delivery performance
	spent 2012/13 service delivery performance 8 723 lay counsellors trained and providing services at service points
	spent 2012/13 service delivery performance • 8 723 lay counsellors trained and providing services at service points • 100 per cent of facilities were providing HCT services
	spent 2012/13 service delivery performance • 8 723 lay counsellors trained and providing services at service points • 100 per cent of facilities were providing HCT services • 83 616 people received counselling and 98 per cent were tested for HIV, (including pregnant women)
	spent 2012/13 service delivery performance • 8 723 lay counsellors trained and providing services at service points • 100 per cent of facilities were providing HCT services • 83 616 people received counselling and 98 per cent were tested for HIV, (including pregnant women) • 4 282 158 beneficiaries had access to HCBC services
	spent 2012/13 service delivery performance • 8 723 lay counsellors trained and providing services at service points • 100 per cent of facilities were providing HCT services • 83 616 people received counselling and 98 per cent were tested for HIV, (including pregnant women)

	Comprehensive HIV and Aids Grant
	98 per cent of new-born babies received nevirapine
	99.9 per cent of PHC facilities offer PMTCT services
	442 518 medical male circumcision performed
	529 925 male condoms distributed
	11 677 female condoms distributed
Projected life	Ongoing in line with National Strategic Plan on HIV and Aids
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R12 311 million, 2015/16: R13 957 million, and 2016/17: R15 697 million
Payment schedule	Monthly installments based on the approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	Visit provinces twice a year to monitor implementation and provide support
and receiving officer	Monitor ARV supplier payments by provinces
	Meet with National Treasury to review performance of the grant
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Quarterly performance output reports to be submitted within 30 days following the reporting period, using standard formats as determined by the national department. Submit an electronic version to be followed by
	a hard copy signed by the provincial grant receiving manager
	 Clearly indicate measurable objectives and performance targets as agreed with the national department in
	provincial departmental business plans for 2014/15, and over the Medium Term Expenditure Framework
Process for approval of the	Provincial departments of health to sign and submit business plans to DoH by 28 February 2015
2015/16 business plans	DoH to sign off and certify provincial business plans by 31 March 2015

	Health Facility Revitalisation Grant
Transferring department	Health (Vote 16)
Strategic goal	To enable provinces to plan, manage, maintain and transform health infrastructure in line with national and provincial policy objectives
Grant purpose	• To help accelerate construction, maintenance, upgrading and rehabilitation of new and existing infrastructure in health including: health technology, organisational design (OD) systems and quality assurance (QA)
	 Supplement expenditure on health infrastructure delivered through public-private partnerships To enhance capacity to deliver health infrastructure
Outcome statements	• Improved service delivery by provincial departments as a result of an improved and increased quality of health services
	 Improved quality and well maintained health infrastructure (backlog and preventative maintenance) Improved rates of employment and skills development in the delivery of infrastructure
	Value for money and cost effective design of facilities
Outputs Priority outcome(s) of	Number of health facilities, planned, designed, constructed, equipped, operationalised and maintained
government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans
Details contained in the	• The business plan in this grant will be replaced by the Infrastructure Programme Management Plan (IPMP),
business plan	the User-Asset Management Plan (U-AMP), Annual Implementation Plan (AIP) and the Infrastructure Programme Implementation Plan (IPIP), and will include the following:
	o projects funded in 2014/15, 2015/16, and 2016/17
	o annual project milestones
C 1141	o quarterly cash flow projections per project for 2014/15
Conditions	With the exception of funding for costs incurred on business case and project brief development, all new/replacement hospitals, nursing colleges and nursing schools projects commencing construction in 2014/15 must have business cases and Project Execution Plans (costed project master plans) approved before funds can be released for such projects
	All the new projects should follow project implementation stages as prescribed in the Project Implementation Manual (PIM)
	• Provincial Departments of Health (PDoH) must submit 2014/15 AIPs signed-off by the Head of Department (HoD) with the organisational structure of the infrastructure unit to the national Department of Health (DoH)
	for approval by 28 February 2014 • The 2014/15 MTEF project list as captured in the AIP should comply with the following allocations: o minimum of 25 per cent of the grant allocation for maintenance of infrastructure
	o minimum of 25 per cent of the grant allocation for rehabilitation, refurbishment and repair, upgrades and additions of infrastructure
	 maximum of 50 per cent of the grant allocation should be allocated for new and replacement infrastructure Provinces may deviate from these allocation proportions if approval from DoH is obtained by 28 February 2014
	• Provinces must utilise a maximum of R16 million from the allocated budget for technical capacity to implement the infrastructure projects
	 Provinces must submit monthly financial reports and quarterly non-financial reports in a prescribed form In instances where the capacity of the Provincial Public Works Department is deemed insufficient, the PDoH will be entitled to engage alternative Implementing Agents (IAs), provided that Supply Chain Management processes as prescribed in the Treasury Regulations for appointment of service providers are followed PDoH must enter into Service Delivery Agreements (SDAs) with their IAs
	Appropriately qualified built environment representatives from the provincial departments infrastructure units
	must assist in the procurement of professional service providers and contractors by its IA, through
	representation as a member on the specification, evaluation and adjudication committees of the IA
	• All PDoH must submit a procurement plan as per Infrastructure Delivery Management System (IDMS) for infrastructure projects as compiled by the IA to their provincial treasury and DoH by 30 April 2014 for the 2014/15 financial year
	 The DoH after consultation with National Treasury will withhold transfers if the province is under-spending All new/replacement hospitals, nursing colleges and nursing schools must follow peer review stages as per
	PIM
	• Additional funds have been added to this grant for the reconstruction and rehabilitation of infrastructure damaged by floods in the 2011/12 and 2012/13 financial years. The following amounts per province must be
	used for the repair of infrastructure damaged by natural disasters declared in the Government Gazette and as
	assessed by the NDMC:
	KwaZulu-Natal: R0.26 million
Allocation criteria	Mpumalanga: R0.88 million Allocations for 2014/15 are project based.
Reasons not incorporated in	 Allocations for 2014/15 are project based Funding infrastructure through a conditional grant enables the national department to ensure the delivery and
equitable share	maintenance of health infrastructure in a coordinated and efficient manner and ensure it is consistent with national norms, standards and guidelines for health facilities
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
	• Hospital Revitalisation Grant: Allocated and transferred R4 527 million (including roll-overs). Of the total
	transferred, R3 660 million (81 per cent) was spent • Health Infrastructure Grant: Allocated and transferred R1 911 million (including roll-overs). Of the total
	transferred, R1 804 million (94.4 per cent) was spent

	Health Facility Revitalisation Grant
	Nursing Colleges and Schools Grant: Allocated and transferred R100 million. Of the total transferred, R72.4 million (72.4 per cent) was spent
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	Hospital Revitalisation Grant: A total 85 projects received funding from this grant
	• <i>Health Infrastructure Grant:</i> A total of 354 projects received funding from this grant and 36 were completed and handed over by the contractors
	Nursing Colleges and Schools Grants: A total of 32 projects were funded from this grant for maintenance and upgrades
Projected life	• Health is a key government priority and given the need to continually maintain health infrastructure and ensure that norms and standards are maintained, the grant will remain in place until at least the end of the 2016/17 Medium Term Expenditure Framework
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R5 240 million, 2015/16: R5 389 million, and 2016/17: R5 652 million
Payment schedule	Quarterly transfers
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	Conduct provincial sites visits
and receiving officer	Attend provincial Infrastructure Progress Review Meetings
	• Provide guidance to provinces in planning and prioritisation and evaluating U-AMP, IPMP, AIP and prioritised projects that provinces develop and submit
	• Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury, National Council of Provinces and National Health Council within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	Update project implementation manual
	Peer review and feedback processes should be undertaken timeously
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Provincial departments must establish committees with the relevant IAs and hold monthly meetings that are minuted to review progress on the IPMP, IPIP and IDMS
	• Provinces must submit to DoH monthly and quarterly reports for all projects funded in the 2014/15 financial year in this grant through the PMIS and IRM
	Provinces must submit monthly and quarterly reports in the prescribed format to DoH
	PDoH must align infrastructure plans (U-AMP and IPMP) with their respective Service Transformation Plans, Strategic Plans and Annual Performance Plans
	All projects in retention must be closed within 12 months of works completion
	Adhere to all immovable asset management and maintenance responsibilities as prescribed by the
	Government Immovable Asset Management Act of 2007 (GIAMA), and the provincial IDMS
Process for approval of the	Submission of draft 2015/16 U-AMP to be submitted to DOH by 26 July 2014
2015/16 business plans	Submission of first draft IPMPs for 2015/16 by PDoH to IAs by 20 September 2014
•	• Implementing department(s) or Agent(s) must submit the first draft IPIP for 2015/15 to PDoH by 30 November 2014
	Submission of the first draft AIP by 20 January 2015
	• Submission of the final IPMP, U-AMP and IPIP for 2015/16 by PDoH to DoH by 30 November 2014

	Health Professions Training and Development Grant
Transferring department	Health (Vote 16)
Strategic goal	• To contribute to the implementation of the national human resource plan for health through the clinical teaching and training of health professionals, in designated public health facilities in South Africa
Grant purpose	• Support provinces to fund service costs associated with training of health science trainees on the public service platform
Outcome statements	Progressive realisation of the national human resource plan for health
	• Clinical teaching and training capacity established in designated developmental provinces (Northern Cape,
	North West, Limpopo, Mpumalanga, and Eastern Cape)
Outputs	Number of undergraduate health science trainees
	Number of registrars and other post graduate health science trainees
	• Other health science trainees supervised on the public health service platforms per statutory requirements
D: '() 6	Number of clinical teaching and training personnel in designated developmental provinces
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans
government that this grant primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
•	• Inputs
	Key activities, including the following:
	o monitoring and reporting
	o evaluation
	o assumptions and risks
	o funding
G W	o progress on performance
Conditions	A provincial business plan must have been submitted in the approved format by end February 2014 Province and advantage of the Alexander
	• Provinces receiving a developmental portion (Northern Cape, North West, Limpopo, Mpumalanga and Eastern Cape) must indicate the specific clinical teaching and clinical training personnel capacity
	established on the public health service platform, by reporting on the number of health professionals
	recruited and retained for this function
	• The service platform and accessing thereof for training need to be developed after consultation with the
	appropriate institutes for higher education
Allocation criteria	Until further technical work is completed, allocations will be progressively recalibrated based on a uniform
	weighted cost per trainee per category, the distribution of trainees and funding allocated towards approved
	developmental functions
Reasons not incorporated in	• Provinces give effect to the national human resource strategy by training health science trainees on the
equitable share	public health service platform. Coordination of the number of health science trainees to be trained and
	health trainee student programmes happens at a national level
	• The number and type of students in different provinces does not correspond to the distinction of the provincial equitable share
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcome
1 ast perior mance	Allocated and transferred R2 076 million to provinces
	Of the total available R2 085 million, (including provincial roll-overs), 99.6 per cent was spent
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	Provincial achievements in training and development by discipline:
	o 27 008 medical students and professional nursing students
	o 2 725 registrars
	o 1 155 specialists
Dunio ata d life	o 64 registrars/specialists involved in outreach services
Projected life	• The grant will remain as long as health science trainees are trained on the public service health platform
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R2 322 million, 2015/16: R2 429 million, and 2016/17: R2 557 million
Payment schedule Pasponsibilities of the	Monthly installments Responsibilities of the national department
Responsibilities of the transferring national officer	• Provide the guidelines, criteria and norms for the development, distribution and utilisation of the grant, as
and receiving officer	well as approval of the provincial business plans
and receiving United	 Monitor implementation and provide support visits to provinces
	Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter

Health Professions Training and Development Grant Responsibilities of the provincial departments Submit monthly financial reports to the national Department of Health (DoH) All provinces must monitor the following categories of trainees on the health platform by their category, province and training institution: undergraduate health science trainees, post graduate health science trainees and other health science trainees supervised on the public health service platform as per statutory requirements Quarterly reporting by provinces on the quarterly achievements against the outputs and targets as demonstrated in the business plan, using the prescribed format must be submitted to DoH within 30 days after the end of each quarter. Annual evaluation performance reports containing details of outputs of this grant must be submitted to DoH by the end of May 2015 The training platform and accessing thereof need to be developed after consultation with the appropriate institutes for higher education Participate in the national governance structure Business plans signed by the provincial Head of Department and approved by DoH in the prescribed Process for approval of the 2015/16 business plans format must be finalised by the end of February 2015

	National Health Grant
Transferring department	Health (Vote 16)
Strategic goal	 This grant has three components: (1) National Health Insurance (NHI), (2) Health Facility Revitalisation, and (3) Human Papillomavirus (HPV) vaccination To accelerate health sector improvement by strengthening the role of the national Department of Health (DoH) in accelerating delivery of infrastructure particularly in order to assist provinces with weaker capacity and performance in the preparatory phase of NHI To reduce the incidence of cancer of the cervix through the introduction of the HPV vaccination to grade 4 school girls As specified further in the three component frameworks
Grant purpose	 To address capacity constraints in the provinces and to create an alternate track to speed up infrastructure delivery To improve spending, performance, monitoring and evaluation on NHI pilots and infrastructure projects To fund the introduction of the HPV vaccination programme in schools
Outcome statements	As specified in the three component frameworks
Outputs	As specified in the three component frameworks
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans
Details contained in the business plan	As specified in the three component frameworks
Conditions	As specified in the three component frameworks
Allocation criteria	As specified in the three component frameworks
Reason not incorporated in	The provinces have not demonstrated capacity to deliver on these three components
equitable share	As specified in the three component frameworks
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcome
	New grant introduced in 2013/14
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	New grant introduced in 2013/14
Projected life	It is likely this will be a temporary grant, with the following three components: the NHI component which will ultimately be phased into the NHI fund once established the Health Facility Revitalisation component which will be progressively phased back to the provinces as provincial capacity improves the HPV vaccination component which will run for two years
MTEF allocations	2014/15: R1 575 million, 2015/16: R1 635 million, and 2016/17: R1 516 million of which the three components are: NHI: 2014/15: R395 million, 2015/16: R414 million, and 2016/17: R401 million Health Facility Revitalisation: 2014/15: R980 million, 2015/16: R1 021 million, and 2016/17: R1 115 million HPV vaccination 2014/15: R200 million, and 2015/16: R200 million
Payment schedule	As specified in the three components frameworks
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	As specified in the three component frameworks
and receiving officer	Responsibilities of the provincial department
	As specified in the three component frameworks
Process for approval of 2015/16 business plans	As specified in the three component frameworks

	National Health Grant: National Health Insurance Component
Transferring department	Health (Vote 16)
Strategic goal	 To strengthen aspects of the public healthcare system in preparation for National Health Insurance (NHI) To strengthen the design of NHI through the innovative testing of new reforms in pilot sites A public health care system that is better prepared to implement reforms necessary for NHI
Grant purpose	To develop and implement innovative models for contracting medical practitioners within the NHI pilot
FF	districts
	To identify and test alternative reimbursement models for central hospitals in readiness for the phased implementation of NHI
	To support central hospitals in strengthening health information systems and revenue management
Outcome statements	• Appropriate and innovative models for contracting medical practitioners within selected NHI pilot districts identified and tested
	 Development of a Diagnosis-Related Group (DRG) as a reimbursement mechanism for central hospitals Strengthened information systems and revenue management at central hospitals
Outputs	• Innovative models for the contracting of medical practitioners within selected NHI pilot districts
	Phase 1 of DRG tool development undertaken
	 200 medical practitioners contracted to render services at health facilities in NHI pilot districts Models for strengthening information and revenue management systems and an identified reimbursement mechanism for central hospitals
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans
government that this grant primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the business plan and service	• The business plan and Service Level Agreements (SLAs) for the NHI component will include information on the following:
level agreements	o outcome indicators
	o output indicators
	o key activities and resource schedule
	 monitoring and evaluation plan cash flow requirements for 2014/15
Conditions	• The national Department of Health (DoH) will establish two National Technical Task Teams (NTTT), as
	follows:
	 medical practitioners contracting NTTT: will coordinate the planning and, implementation, of projects for the contracting of medical practitioners within selected NHI pilot districts DRG NTTT: plan, coordinate, provide technical support/advice and oversee the work on central hospitals
	• DoH must, through the respective NTTTs, develop and submit by 29 April 2014, a framework outlining how the grant will operate, its systems and rules and the responsibility and functions of each sphere
	• Implementation of, or spending on, any project in a provincial facility, may only take place if DoH has signed an Service Level Agreement (SLA) with the provincial Department of Health on the respective responsibilities of each party with respect to that project in accordance with section 238 of the
	Constitution and the allocation of functions and powers in the National Health Act
	• DoH must enter into a SLA with the relevant provincial Department of Health regarding the contracting of medical practitioners in accordance with the Public Service Act (1994) as amended, or the applicable procurement prescripts, as the case may be. The SLA must include information on the availability of
	facilities and equipment for medical practitioners to deliver specified services, the recruitment and placement of medical practitioners in facilities, contract management arrangements and the determination and piloting of reimbursement mechanisms for medical practitioners. Any proposed changes to the SLAs
	must be formally approved by DoH • No province will be permitted to opt out of entering into an SLA in order to undertake this work
	independent of the systems and processes determined by the DoH and the respective NTTT
	• Project level administrative expenditure must not exceed a maximum of 3 per cent of the total grant funding. No activity that is linked to the responsibility of DoH that falls outside this scope may be funded
	through this grant
	 The grant must be used to achieve the objectives in the following areas: development and testing of innovative models for contracting medical practitioners within selected NHI pilot districts
	o identification of the most appropriate alternative reimbursement mechanisms for central hospitals strengthening information systems and revenue management at central hospitals
	o other areas approved in consultation with the National Treasury
	• The 10 central hospitals included in this arrangement for 2014/15 are as follows:
	o Charlotte Maxeke Academic Hospital (Gauteng)
	Steve Biko Academic Hospital (Gauteng) Dr. Coope Multheri Academic Hospital (Courteng)
	o Dr George Mukhari Academic Hospital (Gauteng)
	 Chris Hani Baragwanath Academic Hospital (Gauteng) Universitas Academic Hospital (Free State)
	o Inkosi Albert Luthuli Academic Hospital (KwaZulu-Natal)
	o King Edward VIII (KwaZulu-Natal)

	National Health Grant: National Health Insurance Component
	Groote Schuur Academic Hospital (Western Cape)
	Tygerberg Hospital (Western Cape)
	Nelson Mandela Academic Hospital (Eastern Cape)
	• Final business plans for the grant for 2014/15 must be submitted to the National Treasury within 14 days
	after the Division of Revenue Act takes effect, incorporating operational plans for contracting of medical practitioners and central hospitals respectively
	• Quarterly performance and monthly and quarterly financial reports must be submitted to the National
	Treasury. Where appropriate, financial reporting must include spending per province or national. The National Treasury, in consultation with the DoH, may require specific changes to the format and content
	of such reports and business plan
	• The DoH must put in place an evaluation strategy using independent external experts to evaluate the interventions funded through this grant
Allocation criteria	• Work in Central hospitals will be undertaken taking into account the capacity of their information systems and readiness to test the identified alternative reimbursement mechanism(s)
	• Health facilities in the NHI districts with the greatest need for medical practitioners and where medical practitioners are willing to work in the facility will be prioritised
Reason not incorporated in	• The lack of sufficient capacity at provincial level to pilot contracting of medical practitioners and revenue
equitable share	management in central hospitals
	• The importance of central coordination in development of models and the establishment of NHI to inform
Past performance	ongoing NHI designs 2012/13 audited financial outcome
rast performance	New grant introduced in 2013/14
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• New grant introduced in 2013/14
Projected life	Subject to policy developments that will be finalised as part of the implementation of National Health
	Insurance
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R220 million, 2015/16: R244 million, and 2016/17: R267 million
Payment schedule	• Payments will be made according to verified invoices or advance payments in line with approved
	Programme Implementation Plans from the service providers
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
national transferring officer	Convene and chair all meetings of the NTTTs
and receiving officer	• Ensure that the medical practitioners contracting NTTT must at a minimum comprise of a representative from the each provincial Department of Health
	• The DRG NTTT must at a minimum comprise of a representative from each of the identified central hospitals
	Submit approved SLAs, supporting project plans and lists to the National Treasury
	• Establish the necessary organisational structures and build capacity within the DoH to implement, oversee
	and monitor the execution of all approved projects using the 3 per cent administrative costs provision
	• Provide the guidance and support for innovative arrangements of engaging public and private sector
	providers, including methods of contracting (types of contracts and payment mechanisms)
	Manage, monitor and support programme implementation in provinces, selected pilot districts and selected central hospitals including regular visits to project sites
	• Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports, including meeting summaries where
	necessary, to National Treasury 20 days after the end of each month
	Submit quarterly performance reports to national Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	• Include in the annual performance evaluation report of the grant required by the Division of Revenue Act
	the lessons learnt, including failures experienced and how these lessons will inform the design of future
	interventions
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
D 6	Ensure compliance with all reporting requirements and adherence to the provisions of SLAs
Process for approval of	• DoH to submit first draft SLAs and business plans to national Treasury by end of December 2014
2015/16 business plans	DoH must submit final SLAs and business plans to National Treasury by 28 March 2015

	National Health Grant: Health Facility Revitalisation Component
Transferring department	Health (Vote 16)
Strategic goal	To plan, manage, maintain and transform health infrastructure in line with national and provincial policy objectives
Grant purpose	To help accelerate construction, maintenance, upgrading and rehabilitation of new and existing infrastructure in health, including health technology, organisational systems (OD) and quality assurance (QA) in National Health Insurance (NHI) pilot districts
	 Supplement expenditure on health infrastructure delivered through public-private partnerships To enhance capacity to deliver infrastructure in health
Outcome statements	 Improved quality of and well maintained health infrastructure (backlog and preventative maintenance) Improved rates of skills development in the delivery of infrastructure Value for money and cost effective facilities
Outputs	Number of health facilities, planned, designed, constructed, equipped, operationalised and maintained
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans
Details contained in the infrastructure programme management plan and the infrastructure programme implementation plan	The grant uses the Infrastructure Programme Management Plan (IPMP) and Infrastructure Programme Implementation Plan (IPIP) in the template provided by National Treasury. The plans must be submitted to National Treasury by 31 May 2014, and will include the following: costed project lists containing information per project as required by National Treasury for 2014/15, 2015/16, and 2016/17 projected milestones for procurement strategies human resource plan monitoring and evaluation plan Project proposals (business cases) for new hospitals must be submitted to National Treasury
Conditions	 The national Department of Health (DoH) must, in consultation with the provinces, develop and submit within 30 days of the promulgation of the 2014 Division of Revenue Act, an intergovernmental protocol agreement signed by provincial and national departments, outlining how the grant will operate and the responsibility and functions of each sphere. The agreements should also include: a list of the projects that are benefiting from the grant an indication of how projects will support the achievement of sector priorities an indication of how projects are aligned to the strategic plans and service transformation plans for provincial health departments confirmation by province that operational budgets (i.e. personnel, equipment, etc.) and maintenance budgets are affordable and will be made available for all new assets constructed or acquired The signed protocols should be submitted to National Treasury by 31 May 2014 This is a schedule 6, part A allocation (in-kind grant) administered by the DoH and it may be converted into an allocation in the Health Facilities Revitalisation Grant (in terms of section 21 of the Division of Revenue Act) and transferred to a province if the province is able to demonstrate, through proven track record, that it has the capacity to implement and spend the money. The DoH must submit such assessments to National Treasury by 15 August 2014 Any project in the planning or construction phases must have an approved project proposal (business case) DoH must submit monthly financial and quarterly non financial infrastructure reports to National Treasury within 30 days of the end of each quarter The provincial departments should report the progress of the projects under this grant in their annual reports and describe how these facilities have been considered in their future planning and budgeting
Allocation criteria	 compliance with any of the conditions above Allocations for 2014/15 are project and performance based
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	Funding infrastructure through an indirect conditional grant enables the national department to ensure the delivery and maintenance of health infrastructure in a coordinated and efficient manner that is consistent with national norms, standards and guidelines for health facilities
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcome • New grant introduced in 2013/14
	2012/13 service delivery performance
Projected life	New grant introduced in 2013/14 Health is a key government priority and given the need to continually maintain health infrastructure and
_	ensure that norms and standards are maintained, the grant will remain in place until at least the end of the 2014 Medium Term Expenditure Framework
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R980 million, 2015/16: R1 021 million, and 2016/17: R1 115 million
Payment schedule	Monthly payments made according to verified and approved invoices from services providers

National Health Grant: Health Facility Revitalisation Component Responsibilities of the Responsibilities of the national department transferring national officer Build and demonstrate the capacity necessary to manage this grant and receiving officer DoH must ensure that infrastructure plans are aligned to the Annual Performance Plans and must take cognisance of existing infrastructure projects in provinces Undertake the full infrastructure development cycle for all the projects (or as otherwise agreed with provinces) under the grant and management thereof, with all the necessary planning and documentation Appoint project level supervision via professional teams for level 2 and level 4 supervision on single projects or a cluster of projects depending on the nature and complexity of projects, for all projects under this grant as well as provincial direct grants Implement and manage project management and progress review meetings and reporting Submit all quarterly and annual progress and performance reports Collaboration and coordination with provincial departments for the full development cycle of infrastructure development in respect of projects funded by this grant Responsibilities of the provincial departments Provinces will provide all the available information, data and other available and necessary documents in respect of the projects under this grant to DoH Provinces should undertake life cycle maintenance as well as the full operation, staffing and management of the projects in facilities completed under this grant by the DoH All immovable asset management and maintenance responsibilities of the completed projects under this grant as prescribed by the Government Immovable Asset Management Act of 2007, rests with provinces Process for approval of Submission of the final Infrastructure Programme Management Plans, Infrastructure Programme 2015/16 annual Implementation Plans and Annual Implementation Plan for 2015/16 by 28 February 2015 implementation plans

	National Health Grant: HPV Vaccination Component	
Transferring department	Health (Vote 16)	
Strategic goal	To reduce the incidence of cancer of the cervix through the introduction of the Human Papillomavirus (HPV) vaccination for grade 4 school girls	
Grant purpose	To enable the health sector to prevent cervical cancer by making available HPV vaccination for grade 4 school girls	
Outcome statements	Increased access to HPV vaccines by grade 4 school girls	
Outputs	80 per cent grade 4 school girls received the HPV vaccination	
•	80 per cent of schools with grade 4 girls reached by the HPV vaccination team	
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators	
business plan	Output indicators	
	• Inputs	
	Key activities	
	Risk management plans	
Conditions	• Completion of a Service Level Agreement (SLA) in the prescribed format between each	
	provincial department and the national Department of Health (DoH)	
Allocation criteria	Allocations based on the number of grade 4 girls and schools with grade 4 from the Education Management Information System (EMIS) in each province	
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	• Cervical cancer is a high national priority and in order to have the desired impact of reducing cervical cancer significantly, the minimum coverage should be 80 per cent	
	• A coordinated response for the country as a whole is required to ensure rapid and uniform introduction of the vaccine. Funding will be shifted to the equitable share in 2016/17	
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcome	
	New grant introduced in 2013/14	
	2012/13 service delivery performance	
	New grant introduced in 2013/14	
Projected life	The grant is projected to end in 2015/16	
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R200 million, and 2015/16: R200 million	
Payment schedule	Payment will be made according to verified invoices or advance payments in line with approved HPV programme implementation plans	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department	
transferring national officer	Establish a project management unit (PMU) to manage the HPV vaccination programme	
and receiving officer	Procure and distribute vaccines and other resources as per provincial HPV implementation plans	
	Monitor and support provincial planning and implementation	
	Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter	
	Meet with National Treasury to review performance of the grant	
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments	
	Provincial health departments must provide DoH with full and unrestricted access to all records and data related to the programme	
	Provinces must submit a HPV implementation plan and micro plan for each district using standard formats as determined by the DoH	
	Submit to DoH an electronic version and/or a faxed hard copy signed by the provincial grant	
	receiving manager, Chief Financial Officer and the Head of Department	
	 Provinces must indicate all sources of funding for the programme in their business plans Quarterly performance output reports to be submitted within 30 days following the reporting 	
	• Quarterly performance output reports to be submitted within 30 days following the reporting period using standard formats as determined by the national department	
	• Clearly indicate measurable performance targets as agreed with the national department for	
	2014/15, and 2015/16 Assign a person to manage the HDV vaccination programme	
	 Assign a person to manage the HPV vaccination programme Provide human resource capacity and transport at all relevant levels 	
Process for approval of	Completion of SLA in the prescribed format, signed by each receiving officer, and the	
2015/16 service level agreement	transferring national officer by 31 March 2015	

	National Health Insurance Grant	
Transferring department	• Health (Vote 16)	
Strategic goal	Improve the performance of the District Health System through testing service delivery and provision innovations in readiness for the implementation of the National Health Insurance (NHI)	
Grant purpose	 Test innovations in health services delivery and provision for implementing NHI, allowing for each district to interpret and design innovations relevant to its specific context, in line with the vision for realising universal health coverage for all To undertake health system strengthening activities in identified focus areas To assess the effectiveness of interventions/activities undertaken in the districts funded through this grant 	
Outcome statements	Strengthened district capacity for monitoring and evaluation, including research/impact assessment reports	
	 Strengthened district capacity for monitoring and evaluation, including research impact assessment reports on selected interventions Strengthened coordination and integration of existing municipal ward-based outreach teams within pilot districts Strengthened supply chain management Strengthened monitoring and evaluation of direct delivery of chronic medication to patients 	
Outputs	 Existing municipal ward-based outreach teams equipped to collect relevant data from households Monitoring and evaluation, including impact assessment of the effectiveness of existing municipal ward-based outreach teams undertaken Monitoring and evaluation of direct delivery of chronic medication to patients undertaken to support efficient and effective provision of health services within the district Lean principles for supply chain management in relation to the non-negotiables implemented Research/impact assessment reports on district capacity for monitoring and evaluation, in selected interventions 	
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators	
business plan	 Output indicators Key activities Monitoring and evaluation plan Cash flow requirements 	
Conditions	 For the purpose of district interventions, funding from this grant to provinces will be made available after the national Department of Health (DoH) approves the business plans for each of the selected pilot districts The grant must be used to achieve the following objectives for each component, as is relevant to the specific district: existing municipal ward-based outreach teams equipped to collect relevant data from households monitoring and evaluation, including impact assessment of the effectiveness of existing municipal ward-based outreach teams undertaken monitoring and evaluation of direct delivery of chronic medication to patients undertaken to support efficient and effective provision of health services within the district lean principles for supply chain management implemented in relation to the non-negotiables The ten pilot districts selected for 2014/15 are: OR Tambo (Eastern Cape) Thabo Mofutsanyana (Free State) Tshwane (Gauteng) uMzinyathi (KwaZulu-Natal) uMgungundlovu (KwaZulu-Natal) Vhembe (Limpopo) Gert Sibande (Mpumalanga) Pixley ka Seme (Northern Cape) Dr Kenneth Kaunda (North West) Eden (Western Cape) The selected districts must comply with the stipulated provisions relating to monitoring and evaluation of progress in relation to agreed performance indicators as outlined in approved business plans The selected districts must allocate funding towards monitoring and evaluation, including research/impact assessments on selected interventions 	
Allocation criteria	assessments on selected interventions The selection of the pilot districts considers demography, population epidemiology, managerial capacity at district and facility level, and overall district health system performance Each district is allocated the same amount	
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	 Each district is allocated the same amount The implementation of NHI will be undertaken through a phased approach over a 14 year period. A conditional grant enables effective roll-out of the NHI pilots and allows DoH direct oversight over the pilot sites and the activities thereof 	

National Health Insurance Grant		
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcome	
	New grant introduced in 2013/14	
	2012/13 service delivery performance	
	New grant introduced in 2013/14	
Projected life	Subject to policy developments that will be finalised as part of the implementation of NHI	
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R70 million, 2015/16: R74 million, and 2016/17: R78 million	
Payment schedule	Quarterly installments	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department	
national transferring officer and receiving officer	 Given the formation of the new NHI grant and amended allocations, the DoH in consultation with the provinces, will ensure that the approved business plans compliment the activities, focus areas, targets and outcomes outlined in the indirect allocation grant framework Provide the guidelines for the development, distribution and utilisation of the grant as well as approval of the description of the interventions in the relevant business plans 	
	Provide the guidance and support to provinces and selected pilot districts on innovative arrangements of engaging public and private sector providers, including methods of contracting (types of contracts and payment mechanisms)	
	Determine the interventions that will be implemented in each of the selected pilot districts	
	Monitor implementation of pilot projects, including visits to provinces and selected districts	
	• Commission independent external expert evaluation of the progress and effectiveness of interventions tested in the pilot districts	
	• Submit consolidated quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter	
	• Facilitate a partnership with the provinces in the selection of the pilot districts, and monitoring and evaluation of interventions in order to ensure their experiences inform further NHI design work	
	• Include in the annual performance evaluation of the grant the lessons learnt, including challenges experienced and how these lessons will inform the design of future interventions	
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments	
	• Submit monthly financial reports to DoH within 20 days after the end of each month	
	• Reporting quarterly on the achievements of selected pilot districts against the outputs and targets stipulated in the approved business plans, using the prescribed format. Reports must be submitted to DoH within 30 days after the end of each quarter	
	• Submit detailed operational plans to the DoH within 30 days after the start of the financial year	
	• Submit the annual performance evaluation report containing details of outputs of this grant to DoH by the end of May 2014	
	• Each province must demonstrate evidence of the scalability of the interventions and frameworks developed from the interventions to other districts	
Process for approval of	Provinces to submit first draft plans for selected pilot sites by the end of November 2014	
2015/16 business plans	• Provinces to submit second draft business plans for selected pilot sites by 6 February 2015	
-	• Provinces must submit final business plans for selected pilot districts by 27 February 2015	

	National Tertiary Services Grant	
Transferring department	• Health (Vote 16)	
Strategic goal	To enable provinces to plan, modernise, rationalise and transform the tertiary hospital service delivery platform in line with a national tertiary services plan	
Grant purpose	Ensure provision of tertiary health services for all South African citizens	
	• To compensate tertiary facilities for the additional costs associated with provision of these services	
Outcome statements	Modernised and transformed tertiary services that allow for improved access and equity to address the burden	
	of disease	
Outputs	Provision of designated central and national tertiary services in 27 hospitals/complexes as agreed between the province and the national Department of Health (DoH)	
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans	
government that this grant primarily contributes to		
Details contained in the	This grant uses a Service Level Agreement (SLA) which is signed by each province and contains the	
Service Level Agreement	following:	
service Beverrigi comene	o national guidelines on definitions of tertiary services that may be funded by the grant	
	o designated tertiary services funded by the grant, by facility in each province	
	o number of inpatient separations, inpatient days, day patient separations, outpatient first visits, outpatient	
	follow-up visits per facility per year	
	o monitoring and reporting responsibilities	
	o validation and revision of data	
	o deviations or changes to tertiary services	
	o referral responsibilities	
	o business Plan	
C 100	National Tertiary Services Grant (NTSG) funded hospitals/complex budget letter	
Conditions	• Completion of a national SLA in the prescribed format, together with the NTSG funded hospital/complex	
	budget letter signed by the provincial head of department or receiving officer by 28 February 2014, and the	
	national department/transferring officer by 25 March 2014	
	• Completion of a provincial SLA signed by the provincial receiving officer and the benefitting institution by 31 March 2014, and submission to DoH by 30 April 2014	
	The grant allocation to each central/provincial tertiary facility must not exceed a maximum of 85 per cent of	
	the total facility budget	
	Provinces must gazette allocations to individual hospitals/complexes as per the SLA by 30 April 2014	
	• Institutions receiving the grant must report on expenditure monthly, in the prescribed format, to the provincial	
	department	
	Provinces must maintain a separate budget for each of the 27 benefiting hospitals/complexes	
	• Each benefiting hospital/complex's equitable share allocation, must be provided by the receiving officer to the	
	transferring officer by 30 April 2014	
Allocation criteria	Based on historical allocations and spending patterns	
Reason not incorporated in	• There are significant cross boundary flows associated with tertiary services that are not affected by provincial	
equitable share	boundaries due to their specialised nature	
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcome	
	Allocated and transferred R8 878 million to provinces	
	• Of the total available R8 909 million (including provincial rollovers), 98.9 per cent was spent	
	2012/13 service delivery performance	
	• Provincial tertiary services performance was measured against the Service Level Agreements (SLAs) and the	
	total patient activity rendered was:	
	o 619 691 inpatient separations	
	o 3 605 761 inpatient days	
	 270 558 day patient separations 1 055 655 outpatient first visits 	
	 1 055 655 outpatient first visits 2 884 864 outpatient follow up visits 	
Projected life	 Support for tertiary services will continue because of the need for sustaining and modernising tertiary services 	
MTEF allocations	 Support for tertiary services will continue because of the need for sustaining and modernising tertiary services 2014/15: R10 168 million, 2015/16: R10 636 million, 2016/17: R11 200 million 	
Payment schedule	Monthly installments as per approved payment schedule	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department	
transferring national officer	Revise and assess framework for SLAs prior to transfer of funds	
and receiving officer	Facilitate processes and systems to enable implementation of a national tertiary services plan	
and receiving officer	 Monitor expenditure and patient activity and provide on-site support to hospitals and provinces 	
	 Mountof expenditure and patient activity and provide on-site support to hospitals and provinces Conduct a minimum of 2 site visits to provinces and hospitals/complexes 	
	 Conduct a minimum of 2 site visits to provinces and nospitals/complexes Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter 	
	 Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter Establish a national strategic forum to discuss strategic matters related to the NTSG, including the monitoring 	
	of the implementation of a national tertiary services plan	
	Establish structures and mechanisms to govern tertiary services	
	Listation structures and mechanisms to govern terriary services	

National Tertiary Services Grant Responsibilities of the provincial departments • Submission of draft business plans (provincial and facility) by 30 November 2014 Submission of updated specialist details funded by the NTSG at facility level by 30 September 2014 and 31 March 2015 Submission of updated service specifications funded at each facility by 31 October 2014 Participate in structures and mechanisms to govern tertiary services • Report quarterly on the following approved expenditure areas: o cost of compensation of employees by group of staff category (medical, nursing, allied and other) cost of goods and services cost of capital cost of modernisation of tertiary services (MTS) where applicable cost of transfers to households provide patient utilization data (inpatient separations, inpatient days, day case separations, outpatient first visits, outpatient follow up visits) as per the prescribed format Process for approval of • Completion of SLA, in the prescribed format, signed by each receiving officer by 28 February 2015, and by 2015/16 service level the transferring national officer by 25 March 2015 agreements • Institutional budget letters, in the approved format, must be provided by the province to DoH by 28 February

HIGHER EDUCATION AND TRAINING GRANT

	Further Education and Training Colleges Grant Framework		
Transferring department	Department of Higher Education and Training (Vote 17)		
Strategic goal	 The successful transfer of Further Education and Training (FET) college functions to the Department of Higher Education and Training (DHET) 		
Grant purpose	To ensure the successful transfer of FET college functions to the DHET		
Outcome statements	 FET colleges offer approved programmes in support of skills development according to the national norms and standards for funding FET colleges 		
Outputs	Payment of staff employed by colleges		
	Transfer of FET colleges management staff to DHET finalised		
	Transfer of non-management staff to DHET finalised Transfer of non-management staff to DHET finalised		
	Transfer of Provincial Education Departments' (PEDs) staff to DHET finalised Provincial Education Departments' (PEDs) staff to DHET finalised		
	 Post provisioning model for FET colleges finalised Implementation of the national norms and standards for funding FET colleges 		
	 Implementation of the national norms and standards for funding FET colleges Implementation of the revised programme cost for 2014 		
	 Monitor the support of FET colleges by PEDs 		
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 5: A skilled and capable workforce to support an inclusive growth path		
government that this grant			
primarily contributes to			
Details contained in the	• This grant uses a Provincial Implementation Protocol which is signed by the Minister of Higher		
business plan	Education and Training and the Members of Executive Councils (MECs) of the PEDs		
	 Provincial Implementation Protocol signed by the Director General and the Heads of Departments (HoDs) of PEDs 		
Conditions	The conditional grant will be used as follows:		
	PEDs to provide a record of all FET college related employees including principals and deputy		
	principals paid through PERSAL from the conditional grant on behalf of each college and from		
	other voted funds, by name, ID number and PERSAL number by 15 April 2014 to DHET for		
	concurrence		
	o thereafter the list must be provided monthly on the 15th to DHET who will verify payments before the end of each month		
	o for the remuneration of officials in FET colleges that are paid via PERSAL, any deviation will be		
	subject to approval by the DHET and in compliance with the Treasury Regulations and the Public		
	Finance Management Act (PFMA)		
	o operational costs allocated for the FET units may not be transferred from PEDs to the FET colleges.		
	Operational costs should be managed by PEDs and must be subjected to PEDs procurement		
	processes PEDs to submit monthly cash flow statements against the FET unit's operational budget by the 15th		
	of each month		
	 uncommitted unspent operational funds at financial year-end should be surrendered to the National Revenue Fund 		
	The resources identified to support the FET college function must be utilised in pursuance of the functions of the FET unit and of the FET Act		
	• The verified compensation of employees data (PERSAL) linked to the student enrolment plan of FET		
	colleges will be used as a guideline for allocating the grant to each Provincial Education Department on		
	behalf of the college. Any upward adjustment in PERSAL costs emanating from an increase in		
	enrolments must be funded by the college		
	• A portion of the grant per province calculated on the basis of 5.4 per cent of the total PERSAL compensation of employees is to be withheld pending the finalisation of the labour negotiations in the		
	Education Labour Relations Council (ELRC) and General Public Service Sector Bargaining Council		
	(GPSSBC)		
	• Unspent funds earmarked for personnel costs at year end must be transferred to FET colleges subject to		
	compliance with the Treasury Regulations and the PFMA		
Allocation criteria	The verified compensation of employees data was used as the basis for allocating the grant		
Reasons not incorporated in	To prepare for the shifting of the FET college function to an exclusive national competence		
equitable share Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes		
1 ast per ioi manet	Allocated and transferred R4 844 million to provinces, and R4 824 million (99.6 per cent) was spent		
	2012/13 service delivery performance		
	• 267 staff trained towards improved management skills		
	• 100 new classrooms built and 294 upgraded		
	• 33 new workshops built and 131 upgraded		
	24 administration/student support centres built and 100 upgraded		
Projected life	The projected life will be determined by the legislative process that needs to take place to give effect to the shifting of the FET college function to the DHET		
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R2 631 million, 2015/16: R2 819 million, and 2016/17: R2 974 million		

Further Education and Training Colleges Grant Framework Payment schedule Eleven monthly installments based on the programme allocation to each PED on behalf of the college DHET withholds 5.4 per cent of the total compensation of employee costs per annum The remaining balance to be paid as soon as labour agreement for 2014/15 is signed Responsibilities of the Responsibilities of the national department transferring national officer Transfer the grant allocation to provincial treasuries as per the approved payment schedule and receiving officer Convene the National Technical Task Team Meetings to manage and monitor the transition of FET college functions from PEDs to DHET Manage the FET conditional grant according to the Implementation Protocol Provide a framework for the development of the College Strategic and Operational Plans Monitor the grant according to approved college operational plans and budgets Consolidate and submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury 45 days after the end of each quarter To monitor the utilisation of the grant against the set outcomes and to take appropriate action in cases of non-compliance Ensure regional level institutional support to FET colleges Evaluate the performance of the conditional grant at the end of the financial year and submit an evaluation report to National Treasury four months after the end of the financial year Ensure that all annexures to the protocols are verified Undertake verification of PERSAL records per month before the 10th of the next month Provide PEDs with the required templates to be completed in order to comply with the conditions of this grant Responsibilities of the provincial education departments Effective management of the PERSAL system to ensure that the college staff are paid accurately, timeously and ensure overall stability of the payroll function Provide accurate and reliable monthly payroll reports to the FET colleges Support the process of giving effect to the Provincial Implementation Protocol with the DHET Ensure provincial officials who are currently supporting FET college functions continue such support Confirm to DHET in writing the total unspent amount at the end of the financial year Provide the DHET with the consolidated monthly financial report not later than the 15th of each month Provide the DHET with the consolidated quarterly report 20 days after the end of each quarter Evaluate the performance of the conditional grant at the end of the financial year and submit an evaluation report to the transferring national officer two months after the end of the financial year Ensure that all the annexures to the protocols are completed with full disclosure and certified as correct by the Head of Department (HoD) Provide full disclosure of all functions related to the management of the FET college functions, including those directly related to the FET units in PEDs, such as finance, human resources management, governance, information, planning, monitoring and evaluation Identify where the skills development levy of the college management staff is allocated Identify the posts, personnel, capital, goods and services and funding allocated to the staff in the FET college units in the PEDs Process for approval of the The implementation protocols between the Minister of Higher Education and Training and MECs, as 2015/16 business plans well as the Director General and HoDs will remain in effect until such time that all functions are transferred to DHET

HUMAN SETTLEMENTS GRANT

	Human Settlements Development Grant (Schedule 5, Part A)	
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 31)	
Strategic goal	The creation of sustainable human settlements that enable an improved quality of household life, improved access, integration and settlements	
Grant purpose	To provide funding for the creation of sustainable human settlements	
Outcome statements	 The facilitation and provision of access to basic infrastructure, top structures and basic social and economic amenities that contribute to the creation of sustainable human settlements Improved rates of employment and skills development in the delivery of infrastructure 	
Outputs	 Number of residential units delivered in each housing programme Number of serviced sites delivered in each housing programme Number of finance linked subsidies approved and disbursed Number of households in informal settlements provided with household access to services/upgraded services Number of properties transferred and/or title deeds issued Hectares of well located land acquired and/or released for residential development Number of work opportunities created through related programmes 	
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 8: Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators	
business plan	 Outputs Cash flow (payment schedule) Quarterly reporting 	
Conditions	 Funds for this grant will only be released upon sign-off by the national Department of Human Settlements (DHS) provincial business plans consistent with the Housing Act, Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, local and provincial human settlements development plans, national human settlements development priorities and the national housing code The flow of the first installment is subject to the submission of approved business plans and fourth quarter 	
	reports for 2013/14 • Heads of Provincial Departments (HoDs) must confirm that projects captured in respective business plans	
	 are ready for implementation in the 2014/15 financial year Provinces may, if a proven need exists, utilise up to 5 per cent of the provincial allocation for the operational capital budget programme to support the implementation of the projects as contained in the business plan Provinces must make budget allocations consistent with provincial and related municipal backlogs Where municipalities have been accredited for the housing functions at levels 1 and 2, the provincial business plans must reflect relevant allocations, signed-off project lists with separate accredited project targets and outputs for those municipalities which must be gazetted in terms of section 10 (10) of the Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) 	
	 Where targets are revised and/or are budgets shifted, a revised business plan must be submitted to the DHS, by the relevant provincial department, within 30 days of the tabling of the Provincial Adjustment Budget In the event that the following metropolitan municipalities are assigned level 3 accreditation during 2014/15, the DHS will be required to allocate funds to these municipalities based on the new allocation formula as approved by Human Settlement MINMEC and National Treasury for the Human Settlements Development Grant (HSDG). The national department will make provision to be able to transfer the following indicative amounts directly to the stated municipalities once the municipalities are assigned with the housing function in terms of level 3 accreditation: 	
	 Nelson Mandela Bay 2014/15: R348 million Ekurhuleni 2014/15: R1 265.4 million Johannesburg 2014/15: R1 504.1 million Tshwane 2014/15: R970.3 million eThekwini 2014/15: R1 150.5 million Cape Town 2014/15: R1 350.5 million 	
	 Funds have been added to this grant for the repair of infrastructure damaged by floods. Should the cost of repairing the affected infrastructure exceed the amounts earmarked below, provinces may not fund any such shortfalls out of the remaining allocation of this conditional grant. The following amounts per province must be used for the repair of infrastructure damaged by natural disasters declared in the Government Gazette and as assessed by the National Disaster Management Centre:	
	 Business plans for the allocated disaster funds must be in line with the post disaster verification assessment reports and must be submitted to the NDMC Disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation funds may only be utilised for approved projects as listed in the post disaster verification assessment reports and approved business plans Monthly and quarterly performance reports on disaster allocations must be submitted to the NDMC 	
	• The following funds must be added to informal settlement upgrading projects in the area of each respective	

Human Settlements Development Grant (Schedule 5, Part A)		
	mining town. These are a projects in these areas:	dditional funds and may not be used to replace existing baseline funds allocated to
	1	
	Free State: o Matjhabeng:	R26.8 million
	o Moqhaka:	R5.2 million
	Gauteng:	
	o Merafong City:	R7 million
	o Randfontein:	R8.7 million
	o Westonaria:	R17.1 million
	Limpopo:	D=0 199
	o Thabazimbi:	R7.2 million
	 Greater Tubatse: Elias Motsoaledi:	R1.7 million R3.3 million
	o Lephalale:	R4.7 million
	o Fetakgomo:	R0.7 million
	Mpumalanga	
	o Emalahleni:	R25.5 million
	o Steve Tshwete:	R10.1 million
	o Thaba Chweu:	R7.5 million
	Northern Cape:	
	o Tsantsabane:	R2.8 million
	o Ga-Segonyana:	R3.3 million
	o Gamagara:	R3.3 million
	North West:	
	o Kgetlengrivier:	R4.1 million
	o Madibeng:	R69.8 million
	o Moses Kotane:	R16 million
	o Rustenburg:	R65.3 million
Allocation criteria	MINMEC and National T	arough the new HSDG allocation formula approved by the Human Settlements reasury. The formula is based primarily on the share of inadequate housing in each is for the population size and extent of poverty in each province
	The provincial allocation	ns to municipalities accredited to level 1 and 2 will be made on a basis that is
	consistent with the accred	litation framework is will consider the current approved projects budgets running in the municipalities
	accredited to levels 1 and	
	• Funds for informal settle settlements in each area	ement upgrading in mining towns are allocated based on the extent of informal
Reasons not incorporated in		les the national department to provide effective oversight and ensure compliance
equitable share	with the National Housing 2012/13 audited financial or	
Past performance		n and transferred R15 400 million to provinces, of which R15 300 million (97.1 per
	cent) was spent	
	2012/13 service delivery per	
	• 115 079 housing units cor	
D.,	45 698 serviced sites com This is a serviced site serviced sites com This is a serviced site serviced	
Projected life	• This is a long term grant settlements	t as government has an obligation to assist the poor with the provision of human
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R17 084 million	, 2015/16: R18 533 million, and 2016/17: R20 410 million
Payment schedule		er the approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the natio	
transferring national officer and receiving officer		pproval of the subsidy quantum and the allocation formula for the disbursement of accredited metropolitan municipalities
and receiving officer		provincial business plans and compliance certificates
		provincial business plans and the readiness of projects captured therein
		cial and non-financial grant performance and control systems related to the HSDG
		nces and accredited municipalities with regards to human settlements delivery as
	may be required	
		other visits to provinces and metropolitan municipalities as is necessary
		ction between national and provincial departments of human settlements and
	accredited municipalities Submit an annual evaluat	ion report for 2013/14 on the performance of the grant to National Treasury by 31
	July 2014	ion report for 2013/11 on the performance of the grant to ivational freasuly by 31
	Evaluate the audited prov	incial annual reports for submission to National Treasury by 12 December 2014

Human Settlements Development Grant (Schedule 5, Part A) Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter Provide systems (Housing Subsidy System) that support the administration of the human settlements delivery process Comply with the responsibilities of the national transferring officer outlined in the 2014 DoRA Responsibilities of the provincial departments and accredited municipalities Submit number of residential units and number of serviced sites delivered in each housing programme per Submit 2013/14 annual evaluation reports to the national department by 30 May 2014 Submit 2013/14 audited annual reports to the national department by 30 September 2014 Prioritise funds in order to build houses to meet the quota set for the military veterans Support accredited municipalities in carrying out delegated functions as per the accreditation framework · Provinces must utilise the Housing Subsidy System (HSS) for the administration and related performance reporting of all the human settlement delivery programme and processes • Ensure effective and efficient utilisation of the HSS by municipalities Comply with the terms and conditions of the national performance agreements and provincial and local delivery agreements The monthly expenditure report, as contemplated in section 12(3) of the 2014 DoRA and section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), must be submitted by the 15th of every month for the preceding month The monthly DoRA expenditure and quarterly reports must be signed by both the Head of Department and the relevant provincial treasury Submit number of residential units delivered in each housing programme by the 15th of every month for the preceding month Submit number of serviced sites delivered in each housing programme by the 15th of every month for the preceding month Submit a report on the number of jobs created and number of houses allocated to the national department by the 15th of every month for the preceding month

28 November 2014

First draft provincial business plans for 2015/16 financial year to be submitted to the national department by

Submit final provincial business plans, project lists including cash flow projections and compliance

certificates for 2015/16 financial year to the national department by 07 February 2015 Submit approved 2015/16 provincial and national plan to National Treasury by 31 March 2015

Process for approval of the

2015/16 business plans

	Human Settlements Development Grant (Schedule 6, Part A)	
Transferring department	Human Settlements Development Grant (Schedule 6, Fart A) Human Settlements (Vote 31)	
Strategic goal	The eradication of bucket sanitation in order to create sustainable human settlements	
0 0		
Grant purpose	To provide funding for the creation of sustainable human settlements The distriction of the creation of sustainable human settlements.	
Outcome statements	The eradication of bucket sanitation through the provision of access to basic infrastructure for sanitation	
Outputs	Number of households previously using bucket toilets provided with improved sanitation	
Priority outcome(s) of	 Outcome 8: Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life 	
government that this grant		
primarily contributes to		
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators	
business plan	• Outputs	
	Cash flow (payment schedule)	
	Monthly reporting	
Conditions	Spending in terms of this grant must comply with any conditions set in terms of Section 4 of the 2014	
	Appropriations Act	
	Projects undertaken through the Schedule 6, Part A Human Settlements Development Grant may only	
	fund sanitation projects that contribute to the eradication of bucket sanitation	
	Projects funded through this grant must take account of and must not duplicate projects funded through	
	the Urban Settlements Development Grant or Municipal Infrastructure Grant that will eradicate bucket	
	sanitation	
	• All proposed projects must be approved by a joint committee comprising the departments of Human	
	Settlements, Water Affairs and Cooperative Governance. This committee must ensure there is no	
	duplication with existing projects	
	• This grant must prioritise areas where bucket sanitation is still being used • The Department of Human Sattlements (DHS) must enter into a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with	
	• The Department of Human Settlements (DHS) must enter into a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with the relevant province and Water Services Authority before any project is implemented. All SLAs must be	
	concluded by 31 March 2014	
	• SLAs must specify:	
	SLAs must specify: the consultation process undertaken with affected communities	
	the alignment between the project plan and the Water Services Development Plan of the	
	municipality where the project is located and any provincial or municipal informal settlement	
	upgrading or settlement development plans approved for the area where the project will be	
	implemented	
	o the infrastructure that will be built	
	how maintenance of the infrastructure will be conducted and funded in future	
	o agreement by the province and Water Services Authority that the project should be implemented as	
	an allocation-in-kind	
	The DHS must provide for skills transfer as part of the implementation of projects	
Allocation criteria	• Funds have been divided among the provinces based on the number of households using bucket	
	sanitation	
Reason not incorporated in	• It is a national priority to eradicate bucket sanitation and this grant will accelerate progress towards this	
equitable share	goal	
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes	
	New grant	
	2012/13 service delivery performance	
	New grant	
Projected life	This grant is allocated for two years and will end in 2015/16	
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R899 million, and 2015/16: R975 million	

Human Settlements Development Grant (Schedule 6, Part A)		
Payment schedule	Payments are made after verification of work performed	
Responsibilities of national	Responsibilities of national department	
transferring officer and receiving officer	Facilitate the planning for bucket eradication within national government and coordinate with other spheres	
	 Negotiate with provinces and sign Service Level Agreements (SLAs) for the implementation of projects The DHS must submit its proposed plans to the National Treasury by 14 March 2014, after the plans have been approved by the joint committee with the departments of Water Affairs and Cooperative Governance. These plans must set out the following details: project location and number of units to be delivered estimated cost per unit; start and implementation time for the project; any other details as the National Treasury might ask for, from time to time 	
	 All service level agreements signed with provinces must be submitted to National Treasury The department must submit quarterly progress reports to the Office of the Chief Procurement Officer on the implementation of the plans for monitoring purposes Submit reports in the format and on the dates prescribed by National Treasury 	
	Responsibilities of provincial departments	
	Ensure projects implemented through the Schedule 6, Part A Human Settlements Development Grant do not duplicate existing projects	
	Facilitate cooperation with municipalities to ensure the sustainability of bucket eradication projects	
Process for approval of 2015/16 business plans	Business plans for 2015/16 will be based on progress in eradicating backlogs in 2014/15. Draft plans for 2015/16 and allocations per province must be submitted to National Treasury by 5 December 2014	

PUBLIC WORKS GRANTS

	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Provinces
Transferring department	Public Works (Vote 7)
Strategic goal	 To provide Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) funding to expand job creation efforts in specific focus areas, where labour intensive delivery methods can be maximised
Grant purpose	To incentivise provincial departments to expand work creation efforts through the use of labour intensive delivery methods in the following identified focus areas, in compliance with the EPWP guidelines: road maintenance and the maintenance of buildings low traffic volume roads and rural roads other economic and social infrastructure tourism and cultural industries sustainable land based livelihoods waste management
Outcome statements	 Improved quality of life of poor people and increased social stability through engaging the previously unemployed in paid and productive activities Reduced levels of poverty Contribute towards increased levels of employment Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained
Outputs	 Increased number of people employed and receiving income through the EPWP Increased average duration of the work opportunities created
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth
Details contained in the business plan	The programme is implemented through provinces using incentive agreements that contain project lists and targets for the creation of Full Time Equivalents (FTEs) and work opportunities
Conditions	 Eligible provincial departments must submit a signed incentive agreement containing the final EPWP project list to the national Department of Public Works (DPW) by 30 April 2014 EPWP projects must comply with the project selection criteria determined in the EPWP grant manual, the EPWP guidelines set by DPW and the Ministerial Determination Eligible provincial departments must sign a funding agreement with their final EPWP project list attached, before the first grant disbursement Provincial departments must report quarterly on all EPWP projects via DPW's EPWP reporting system Reports must be loaded on the EPWP reporting system within 15 days after the end of every quarter in order for progress to be assessed Provincial departments must maintain beneficiary and payroll records as specified in the audit requirements in the EPWP grant manual The grant cannot be used for departmental personnel costs, however a maximum of 5 per cent of the grant can be used to fund contract based capacity required to manage data capturing and on-site management costs related to the use of labour intensive methods The grant can only be utilised for EPWP purposes, for the projects approved in the incentive agreement signed by each eligible provincial department To receive the first planned grant disbursement, eligible provincial departments must: submit a final EPWP project list by 30 April 2014 sign a grant agreement with DPW Subsequent grant disbursements are conditional upon eligible provincial departments: reporting on EPWP performance quarterly within the required timeframes implementing their approved EPWP project list as planned towards the agreed job creation targets
Allocation criteria	 To be eligible for an EPWP grant allocation in 2014/15, a provincial department must have reported EPWP performance (in either the infrastructure or environment and culture sector) by 15 October 2013 The EPWP grant allocations are based on EPWP performance in the past 18 months, number of FTEs per R million created and the duration of the work opportunities created
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	 This grant is intended to fund expansion in specific focus areas as well as incentivise increased EPWP performance The grant is based on performance, the potential to expand and the need for EPWP work in key geographic regions
Past performance	 2012/13 audited financial outcomes R292.8 million was disbursed to eligible provincial departments with reported expenditure of 90 per cent 2012/13 service delivery performance 217 674 work opportunities were reported by provincial departments in the infrastructure and, environment and culture sectors 62 777 FTEs were reported by provincial departments in the infrastructure and environment and culture sectors

	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Provinces
Projected life	Grant continues until the end of 2018/19 financial year, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R349 million, 2015/16: R357 million, and 2016/17: R412 million
Payment schedule	Three instalments per annum (15 May 2014, 15 August 2014 and 17 November 2014) 40 per cent of the allocation will be disbursed on 15 May 2014 a further two payments of 30 per cent each are planned for 15 August 2014 and 17 November 2014
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer and receiving officer	 Determine eligibility and set grant allocations and FTE targets for eligible provincial departments Publish on the EPWP website all documents relevant for provincial departments to understand and implement the grant, including a grant manual, the relevant EPWP guidelines and the Ministerial Determination Support provincial departments, in the manner agreed to in the funding agreement, to identify suitable EPWP projects, develop EPWP project lists in accordance with the EPWP project selection criteria,
	apply the EPWP project selection criteria and EPWP guidelines to project design, report using the EPWP reporting system • Monitor the performance and spending of provincial departments and assess progress towards
	implementing their EPWP project lists
	Disburse the grant to eligible provinces
	Report to National Treasury on a quarterly basis, progress against FTE targets and spending against the grant allocation
	Conduct data quality assessments on a continuous basis to support good governance and identify areas for administrative improvement
	Manage the EPWP coordinating structures in collaboration with provincial coordinating departments to support implementation, identify blockages and facilitate innovative solutions
	Support the sector to collect the required data, align monitoring and reporting frameworks and to report on key outputs on the EPWP Web Based System
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	 Develop and submit an EPWP project list to the DPW by 30 April 2014 Sign the standard funding agreement with DPW agreeing to comply with the conditions of the grant before receiving any grant disbursement by 30 April 2014
	 Agree on the areas requiring technical support from DPW upon signing the grant agreement Report on all EPWP projects into the EPWP reporting system and update progress quarterly in accordance with the reporting requirements and timelines stipulated in the grant agreement
	 Provincial departments must maintain beneficiary and or payroll records as specified in the audit requirements in the EPWP grant manual, and make these available to DPW for data quality assessment tests
Process for approval of the 2015/16 business plans	• Provincial departments must report on performance of EPWP projects for the 2013/14 financial year by 15 April 2014 or report on 2014/15 performance by 22 October 2014 to be eligible for a grant allocation
	 Provincial departments must submit draft 2015/16 EPWP project lists to DPW by the end of April 2015 Eligible provincial departments must sign the standard funding agreement with an approved 2015 EPWP project list by the end of April 2015

	Social Sector Expanded Public Works Programme Incentive Grant for Provinces	
Transferring department	Public Works (Vote 7)	
Strategic goal	To increase job creation through the expansion of Social Sector Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP)	
Grant purpose	• To incentivise provincial social sector departments identified in the 2013 Social Sector EPWP log-frame to increase job creation by focusing on the strengthening and expansion of social sector programmes that have employment potential	
Outcome statements	 Improved service delivery to communities by expanding the reach and quality of social services Improved quality of life of unemployed people through employment creation and increased income Contribute towards decreased levels of unemployment Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained Strengthened capacity of non-government delivery partners through increased access to funds for training, wages and administration 	
Outputs	 11 139 Full Time Equivalents (FTEs) funded through this grant A minimum of 9 700 people employed and receiving income through the EPWP A minimum average duration of the 200 person days for work opportunities created A minimum of 30 000 households to which services are provided A minimum of 60 000 beneficiaries to whom services are provided A minimum daily wage of R70.59 per EPWP beneficiary A minimum of 500 beneficiaries who received training 	
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	 Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth Outcome 5: A skilled and capable workforce to support an inclusive growth path 	
Details contained in the business plan	Outcome indicators Output indicators Inputs Key activities	
Conditions	 Provincial departments must submit to the national Department of Public Works (DPW) signed-off business plans on how to achieve the incentive grant targets by 31 March 2014 Provincial departments must sign an incentive agreement with DPW by 15 April 2014 to comply with the conditions and obligations of the grant Provincial departments must report EPWP expenditure on the monthly In-Year-Monitoring (IYM) tool in accordance with section 32 of the Public Finance Management Act Reports on financial and non-financial performance must be loaded on the EPWP Integrated Reporting System within 15 days after the end of each quarter Provincial departments must adhere to the audit requirements stipulated in the social sector EPWP Incentive grant manual The incentive grant allocation must be used to expand job creation programmes in the Social Sector The incentive grant allocation must be used to fund the following priority areas: to provide stipends to unpaid volunteers at a minimum R70.59 per day and further adjustments as per the Ministerial Determination for EPWP workers and the prescripts of the Department of Labour to expand Social Sector EPWP programmes as identified in the EPWP Social Sector log-frame to create additional work opportunities A minimum of 80 per cent of the total incentive allocation must be used to pay stipends or wages Of this 80 per cent, at least 25 per cent must be used for the creation of work opportunities for persons not previously employed in the relevant programme The balance of the overall incentive allocation must be used for capacity-building at the implementation level or the standardisation of wages 	
Allocation criteria	 To be eligible for an incentive allocation in 2014/15, a provincial department must have reported 2012/13 and/or 2013/14 EPWP performance by 22 October 2013 Each department that reported in the above period receive a nominal allocation of R2 580 000 For departments that reported in 2012/13, the department's performance is assessed against a set of Social Sector EPWP standards to determine the size of an additional allocation. These are: number of FTEs per R million per departmental programme as compared to the median value for similar programmes (cost-effectiveness) beneficiary profile consisting of 2 per cent persons with disabilities beneficiary profile consisting of 40 per cent youth beneficiary profile consisting of 55 per cent female beneficiaries 10 per cent of days worked spent in training average duration of 100-day work opportunities average minimum daily wage of R66.34 per person a day of work The additional allocation for each eligible provincial department is based on its proportion of the total allocation, which is derived by multiplying a composite score against the above standards with the number of FTEs created in the 18 month period 	
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share Past performance	The incentive allocation is based on the performance of programmes in a prior financial year and use of the allocation is specifically earmarked for EPWP programme expansion 2012/13 audited financial outcomes	
1 ast perior mance	R202 million (92.9 per cent) spent of an allocation of R217 million	

	Social Sector Expanded Public Works Programme Incentive Grant for Provinces
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	• 11 902 FTEs created
	93 032 Households serviced
	317 379 beneficiaries serviced
	2 890 Not for Profit Organisations (NPOs) administratively supported
Projected life	Ongoing subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R258 million, 2015/16: R268 million, and 2016/17: R375 million
Payment schedule	Three installments (9 May 2014, 31 July 2014 and 31 October 2014)
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	Determine the eligibility of provincial departments, set job creation targets and performance measures and
and receiving officer	calculate incentive allocations
	Revise an Incentive Manual that will provide provincial departments with standard information on the
	rules of the incentive programme, its application, monitoring and evaluation information and audit
	regulations
	Develop an incentive agreement outlining the requirements of the incentive grant and ensure that each provincial department signs the agreement by 30 April 2014
	Reach agreement with national sector departments on their roles in ensuring effective implementation of
	the incentive grant by 30 April 2014
	Support provincial departments to develop plans to meet job creation targets
	Support the sector to collect the required data, align monitoring and reporting frameworks and to report on
	key outputs on the EPWP Integrated Reporting System
	• Monitor the performance of provincial departments and the use of the incentive grant against the
	conditions in the framework and report to National Treasury on monthly and quarterly progress
	Audit the final performance of provincial departments after the end of the financial year
	Report quarterly to provincial departments on projected eligibility for the incentive grant in the following year
	Issue guidelines to provincial departments on how to report expenditure by 15 March 2014
	Verify anomalies in the reported data
	Responsibilities of the provincial department
	Compile and sign Business Plans on how to achieve the incentive grant targets by 31 March 2014
	By 30 April 2014 sign the standard incentive agreement with DPW agreeing to comply with the
	conditions and obligations of the grant before receiving any incentive payment
	Report EPWP performance onto the EPWP Integrated Reporting System and update progress monthly and
	quarterly in accordance with the reporting requirements in the incentive agreement
	• Provide financial and non-financial data on the use of the incentive grant on a quarterly basis in the
	format and manner prescribed by National Treasury and DPW
	Maintain beneficiary and payroll records as specified in the audit requirements of the EPWP Grant manual
Process for approval of the	• Provincial departments must have reported EPWP performance by 15 October 2014 to be eligible for an
2015/16 business plans	allocation
	Provincial departments participate in the planning exercise from December to January each year and
	submit their business plans and targets to DPW during this process in the format prescribed
	DPW to distribute the incentive agreements in May every year
	• Provincial departments sign the incentive agreement with DPW by 30 April 2015 and agree to comply
	with the conditions and obligations of the incentive grant

SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT GRANT

	Substance Abuse Treatment Grant	
Transferring department	Social Development (Vote 19)	
Strategic goal	To strengthen the harm reduction programme by providing treatment for substance abuse	
	To improve access to public substance dependency treatment facilities	
Grant purpose	To provide funding for the construction of substance dependency treatment facilities in the provinces of Northern Cape, North West, Eastern Cape and Free State	
Outcome statements	Reduction in recurrence of substance abuse	
	Affordable public treatment programmes	
Outputs	Four Substance Dependency treatment facilities	
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans	
government that this grant		
primarily contributes to	The state of the s	
Details contained in the business plan	 The national Department of Social Development (DSD) will sign project charters with each of the provinces. The charters will contain the following: project background project objectives 	
	 scope of the work deliverables project dependencies 	
	 constraints and assumptions stakeholders list controls strategy 	
	 risk assessment with mitigation plan exclusions measurement and acceptance criteria 	
	 project governance Structure cost breakdown project plan 	
Conditions	The approved feasibility report and project charter must be signed off by Head of Department (HoD) of the provincial Departments of Social Development	
	Progress reports against approved project plans (2 per quarter) with an expenditure report must be submitted to the DSD The DSD must approve the progression of control of	
Allocation criteria	The DSD must approve the procurement strategy for appointment of service providers Provinces were allocated funds according to the cost calculations for a standard decire guidaline of a	
Anocation criteria	Provinces were allocated funds according to the cost calculations for a standard design guideline of a substance dependency treatment centre	
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	This grant enables the DSD to ensure the delivery of substance abuse treatment facilities in the four provinces that do not have these public facilities	
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes	
-	New grant	
	2012/13 service delivery performance	
	New grant	
Projected life	• 2014/15 to 2016/17	
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R29 million, 2015/16: R48 million, and 2016/17: R48 million	
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department	
transferring national officer	• Planning	
and receiving officer	Monitoring of project progress and compliance to conditional grant framework	
	Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development and approval of project charters	
	To assess and approve the project charters submitted by provinces	
	Monitor implementation through project site visits and provide support on a monthly and quarterly basis	
	To monitor the utilisation of the grant against the set outcomes and to take appropriate action in cases of non-compliance	
	Submit an annual evaluation report after the end of the 2014/15 financial year	

Substance Abuse Treatment Grant	
	Responsibilities of the provincial department
	Appointment and management of implementing agent
	Construction of the substance dependency treatment facilities
	Develop project charter and submit a charter signed off by the Head of Department to the DSD
	Provinces to implement the project charter as approved by DSD (DSD must be notified in writing about
	deviations before implementation can take place)
Process for approval of the	Provinces submit first draft project charter and assessment of project charter to the national department by
2015/16 business plans	14 November 2014
	Submit final provincial project charter, including cash flow projections and compliance certificates signed
	off by HoDs for 2015/16 to the DSD by 16 February 2015
	Director General approves provincial project charter by 19 March 2015
	Submit approved 2015/16 provincial project charter to National Treasury by 20 March 2015

SPORT AND RECREATION SOUTH AFRICA GRANT

	Mass Participation and Sport Development Grant
Transferring department	Sport and Recreation South Africa (Vote 20)
Strategic goal	Increasing citizens' access to sport and recreation activities
Grant purpose	To facilitate sport and recreation participation and empowerment in partnership with relevant stakeholders
Outcome statements	Increased and sustained participation in sport and recreation Improved sector capacity to deliver sport and recreation
Outputs	School sport supported through: learners supported to participate in national school sport competitions learners supported to participate in district school sport competitions learners supported to participate in provincial school sport competitions educators trained schools provided with equipment and/or attire sport focus schools supported school sport coordinators remunerated provincial school sport structures supported district school sport structures supported Community sport and recreation participation supported through: youth attending the annual youth camp active recreation programmes people participating in active recreation events tournaments and leagues for hubs and clubs affiliated, and functional clubs provincial programmes athletes supported through an athlete support programme people trained to deliver sports academy programme sport and recreation projects implemented by the Sport Council people trained as part of community sport programmes people trained as part of community sport programme people trained as part of the club development programme hubs provided with equipment and/or attire clubs provided with equipment and/or attire staff appointed on a long term or permanent basis academies supported
Priority outcome of	Outcome 12: An efficient, effective and development oriented public service and an empowered, fair
government that this grant	and inclusive citizenship
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Output indicators Inputs Key activities
Conditions	Provincial compliance
	 Provincial departments responsible for sport and recreation are required to: ensure that the measurable objectives and performance indicators of the conditional grant (as agreed to by Sport and Recreation South Africa (SRSA)) are reflected in the respective provincial departments' annual performance plan for 2014/15 submit a signed business plan to SRSA by 17 March 2014 enter into a formal agreement with SRSA after the approval of their business plans prior to the start of the financial year by 31 March 2014 not use this grant on projects falling outside the scope of the grant unless prior written request and approval to such effect is granted by SRSA only procure equipment and attire from the transversal contracts as determined by SRSA in conjunction with provinces procure, store, and maintain branding material for display by provinces at SRSA funded events in the respective provinces, as per SRSA specifications submit monthly financial reports and monthly breakdown reports per sub-programme to SRSA 15 days after the end of each month, using the standard format as determined by SRSA. An electronic version and faxed hard copy signed by the Chief Financial Officer and Head of Department of the respective province must be submitted appoint staff on a long-term or permanent basis (at a cost not exceeding 6 per cent of the total grant allocated to the respective province) for the coordination of school sport, club, hub, academy and Sport Council programmes provinces will endeavour to create community structures within the same local municipalities to contribute to seamless service delivery in SRSA priority codes ensure that 50 per cent of the clubs and hubs established must be from rural and farm areas

Mass Participation and Sport Development Grant

adhere to all financial prescripts as contained in the Public Finance Management Act

Financial allocation

• The conditional grant must be utilised according to the following allocation:

employment of permanent staff: 6 per cent o branding: 0.5 per cent o district and provincial academies: 4.5 per cent provincial Sport Councils: 4 per cent 0 o school sport: 40 per cent 20 per cent o hubs: o club development: 20 per cent o provincial programmes: 5 per cent

 Provinces, based on their provincial dynamics, may apply to the Director General to change the above sub-allocations

School Sport

- Provinces must ring-fence R8 million to provide transport, accommodation, meals, attire and support for the delivery of provincial teams to national school sport tournaments hosted by SRSA
- The remaining school sport allocation must be allocated in the following proportions:
 - o 20 per cent to support the training of educators and school volunteers
 - 10 per cent to purchase equipment for disadvantaged schools identified through participation in leagues
 - o 5 per cent to purchase attire for disadvantaged schools identified through participation in leagues
 - o 20 per cent to deliver district and provincial competitions
 - o 10 per cent to support the implementation of sport focus schools
 - 15 per cent to remunerate circuit coordinators who coordinate and support the delivery of school sport programmes and monitor and evaluate at a local level
 - o 15 per cent to support school sport structures
 - o 5 per cent for administration costs
- Provinces, based on their provincial dynamics, may apply to the Director General to change the above sub-allocations

Community sport and recreation

- Hubs:
 - o provinces must ring-fence R3 million per province for youth camps
 - o the remaining hubs allocation must be allocated in the following proportions:
 - 35 per cent for sport and recreation promotion programmes
 - 10 per cent to purchase equipment
 - 20 per cent to purchase attire
 - 5 per cent for Minister's outreach programmes
 - 20 per cent for training
 - 10 per cent for administration costs
 - o provinces based on their provincial dynamics may apply to the Director General to change the above sub-allocations
- Club development:
 - o the portion of the grant ring-fenced for club development must be used in the following proportions:
 - 25 per cent for training in the following: sport administration, coaching, technical officiating and team management
 - 45 per cent for tournaments and league fixtures
 - 15 per cent to purchase equipment
 - 5 per cent to purchase attire
 - 10 per cent for administration costs
- Provinces, based on their provincial dynamics, may apply to the Director General to change the above sub-allocations
- District and provincial academies:
 - 4.5 per cent of the total conditional grant (allocated to the respective province) must be used for the establishment and development of academies in line with SRSA guidelines
- Transfers to Sport Councils and academies:
 - provinces may transfer funds allocated to provincial Sport Councils and academies with the following conditions:
 - the transfer was planned for and it is part of the provincial business plan approved by the national department
 - the transfer of funds must be used in line with the main purpose of the grant
 - there must be a service level agreement or memorandum of agreement between the provincial department and the provincial Sport Council and/or academies
 - provinces must furnish their provincial Sport Council and academies with the reporting template from SRSA to monitor their expenditure and performance

Allocation criteria

Funds are distributed among provinces on the basis of a baseline allocation of R20 million, a needs analysis, and the provincial equitable share formula

	Mass Participation and Sport Development Grant
Reasons not incorporated in	A conditional grant is necessary to ensure national coordination, monitoring and facilitation
equitable share	
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
	Allocated and transferred R469.6 million to provinces
	Of the total available of R473 million (including provincial roll-overs), R444.8 million (94 per cent)
	was spent
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	Number of people trained in sport and development: 7 405 educators
	Number of mass mobilisation campaigns held: 33 events
	Number of people participating in the programme: 2 900 758
Projected life	Ongoing subject to review as agreed with National Treasury
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R526 million, 2015/16: R550 million, and 2016/17: R579 million
Payment schedule	Four installments (30 April 2014, 29 August 2014, 28 November 2014, and 16 February 2015)
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	• Submit the 2013/14 annual evaluation report to National Treasury four months after the end of the
and receiving officer	financial year
_	Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objectives for 2015/16 by
	12 September 2014
	Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development and approval of business plans
	Monitor implementation and provide support
	Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	Ensure that all the conditional grant practice notes issued by National Treasury are adhered to
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	Submit the 2013/14 annual evaluation report to SRSA two months after the end of the financial year
	Submit monthly reports as per the requirements contained in the Division of Revenue Act
	• Submit quarterly performance reports (as per operational plans) to SRSA within 30 days after the end
	of each quarter
	Monitor progress on grant implementation
	Ensure that provincial grant managers attend all the national conditional grant meetings
	• Ensure that capacity exists to manage the grant and that there is a grant manager responsible for the
	grant
	Ensure organisational capacity to deliver on the programme
Process for approval of the	Provinces to provide draft business plans to SRSA by 7 November 2014
2015/16 business plans	SRSA evaluates draft business plans by 5 December 2014
	Comments sent to provinces by 12 December 2014
	Provinces to submit revised business plans to SRSA by 13 February 2015
	SRSA to approve revised business plans by 27 February 2015
	Provincial Heads of Departments (HoDs) to submit signed business plans to SRSA by 13 March 2015
	• SRSA to sign project implementation agreements and business plans with provincial HoDs by 3 April
	2015
	SRSA to submit approved business plans to National Treasury by 10 April 2015

TRANSPORT GRANTS

	Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant
Transferring department	• Transport (Vote 37)
Strategic goal	• To ensure efficient investment in provincial roads to implement the Road Infrastructure Strategic
	Framework For South Africa (RISFSA) in line with the S'hamba Sonke Road Programme and other related road infrastructure asset management programmes
Grant purpose	To supplement provincial investments for preventative, routine and emergency maintenance and road
Grant purpose	rehabilitation of provincial road networks, ensure all roads are classified as per RISFSA and the Road
	Classification and Access Management (RCAM) guidelines
	Implement and maintain road asset management systems
	• To supplement provincial projects for the repair of roads and bridges damaged by declared natural disasters
	To improve the state of the road network serving electricity generation infrastructure
_	To construct rural pedestrian access bridges
Outcome statements	• Improve the condition and lifespan of the assets (provincial roads), thereby improving the level of service
	• Improved rates of employment, community participation and skills development through the delivery of
	roads infrastructure projects (Expanded Public Works Programme objective) • Create work opportunities for unemployed people through labour-intensive construction methodologies for
	the delivery of road infrastructure projects
Outputs	Road classification processes 100 per cent completed by the end of 30 September 2014
	Number of lane-kilometres of surfaced roads rehabilitated against a target of 1 100 lane-kilometres
	• Number of lane-kilometres of surfaced roads resealed against a target of 3 000 lane-kilometres
	Number of kilometres of gravel roads re-gravelled against a target of 3 000 km
	• Number of m ² of blacktop patching (including pothole repairs) against a target of 810 000m2
	 Number of kilometres of gravel roads bladed against a target of 350 000 km
	Submission of updated road condition data/report by 29 August 2014
	Number of work opportunities created against a target of 212 662
District the second of	Number of Full Time Equivalents (FTEs) jobs created against a target of 60 100
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant	Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	This grant uses a Road Asset Management Plan, which contains the following details:
business plan	o level of service
	 network condition and traffic volumes
	o project lists for 2014/15 to 2016/17 with a summary of targets as per Key Performance Indicator (KPI)
	for preventative, routine and emergency maintenance and road rehabilitation works
	 financial summary organisational and support plan
	o job creation estimates
	o emerging contractor opportunities
	o linkages to socio economic activities and opportunities
Conditions	• Provinces may use a maximum of R10 million from the Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant (PRMG),
	subject to approval from the national Department of Transport (DoT), for:
	o the completion of road classification and updating of the Geographic Information System spatial maps and records for all roads in South Africa by the end of 2014/15
	 Visual Condition Index assessments and ensuring that Provincial Road Asset Management Systems are
	kept up to date
	• This funding (up to a maximum of R10 million) may be used for the appointment of mainly public servants
	to infrastructure units. This funding is allocated as part of a capacity support and is available until the
	2015/16 financial year
	• Provinces must submit visual condition inspection data to the national data repository as per the format
	determined by the Committee of Transport Officials (COTO), Road Asset Management System (RAMS) Technical Sub-Committee and prescribed by the national DoT
	 Up to a maximum of R1000 per km per year for paved roads and R500 per km per year for gravel roads of
	the grant may be allocated towards the road classification and collection of data required by this grant
	• A draft detailed Road Asset Management Plan (RAMP) for 2014/15 that is compliant with the
	requirements of the Government Immovable Assets Management Act (2007) and based on the COTO Road
	Asset Management Guidelines must be submitted by 29 August 2014 to DoT, relevant provincial treasury
	and National Treasury
	• The payment of the first installment is dependent upon submission to DoT and the relevant provincial treasury of the following:
	o receipt by DoT of all outstanding RAMS data, signed-off 2014/15 fourth quarter performance report,
	monthly Infrastructure Reporting Model (IRM) and signed-off budget sheet by 15 April 2014
	o planning IRM for 2014 Medium Term Expenditure Framework, final RAMP and signed-off project list
	for the 2014 Medium Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF) in a Table B5 format by 19 April 2014
	• The payment of the second installment of this grant is dependent on submission to DoT of the first quarter
	performance report for 2014/15, updated monthly IRM and signed-off budget sheet by 15 July 2014

	Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant	
	The third instalment is dependent on receipt by DoT of the second quarter performance report for 2014/15,	
	updated IRM and signed-off budget sheet for 2014/15 by 15 October 2014	
	• The fourth instalment is dependent on receipt of the third quarter performance report for 2014/15, updated	
	monthly IRM and signed-off budget sheet reporting for 2014/15 by 15 January 2015	
	• Should the cost of repairing the disaster affected infrastructure exceed the amounts earmarked below	
	provinces must fund that shortfall from their provincial equitable share	
	• The following amounts per province must be used in 2014/15 for the repair of infrastructure damaged by the natural disaster declared in Government Gazette 33949 and as assessed by the National Disaster	
	Management Centre (NDMC):	
	• Eastern Cape: R171.2 million	
	o Free State: R33.3 million	
	o Gauteng: R1.4 million	
	o KwaZulu-Natal: R52.2 million	
	 Limpopo: R79.6 million Mpumalanga R76.3 million 	
	Northern Cape: R93.2 million	
	North West: R8.1 million	
	Western Cape R86.9 million	
	Business plans for the allocated disaster funds must be in line with the post disaster verification	
	assessment reports and must be submitted to the NDMC	
	Disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation funds may only be utilised for approved projects as listed in the part disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation funds may only be utilised for approved projects as listed in the	
	post disaster verification assessment reports and approved business plans	
	 Quarterly performance reports on disaster allocations must be submitted to the NDMC All S'hamba Sonke projects must be branded in the contract sign boards with the logo S'hamba Sonke 	
Allocation criteria	Allocations are based on the PRMG formula, which takes into account the extent of the provincial road	
	network (gravel/paved), the traffic volumes, the visual condition indices on the network and geo-climatic	
	and topographic factors	
	• The funding for road networks supporting electricity generation infrastructure are subject to separate	
	allocation criteria based on the programme schedule;	
	o Mpumalanga must allocate at least R740 million in 2014/15 to coal haulage projects	
	o KwaZulu-Natal must allocate R63 million in 2014/15 for roads supporting the Avon Peaking Power Plant	
	The funding for rehabilitation and repair of roads and bridges that were assessed by the NDMC is subject	
	to separate allocation criteria	
	• From 2015/16 the grant will become performance based	
	• Allocation criteria from 2015/16 onwards shall consider compliance by provinces to submit recently	
	updated road condition data/report	
Reasons not incorporated in	• This grant is intended to ensure that provinces give priority to road infrastructure maintenance and promote	
equitable share Past performance	efficiency in road investment 2012/13 audited financial outcomes	
1 ast periormance	Allocated and transferred R8 696 million to provinces, of R7 219 million (90 per cent) was spent by	
	provinces provinces	
	2012/13 service delivery performance	
	• 4.3 million m ² of re-sealing of paved roads	
	• 13 346 km of re-gravelling	
	1.1 million m² of black top patching of paved roads	
	363 522 km of gravel roads bladed 42 010 FTEs graveled	
Projected life	42 919 FTEs created The grant is engoing, but will be subject to periodic review.	
MTEF allocations	The grant is ongoing, but will be subject to periodic review 2014/15: R9 362 million, 2015/16: R9 952 million, and 2016/17: R10 292 million	
Payment schedule	Payment will be made in accordance with a payment schedule agreed to with provinces and approved by	
	National Treasury	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department	
transferring national officer	Assess and evaluate all provinces' Road Asset Management Plans (RAMP) and give feedback to provincial	
and receiving officer	departments	
	• The DoT in partnership with the national Department of Public Works will assess business plans to ensure	
	compliance to S'hamba Sonke and Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) guidelines. In addition,	
	the two departments will monitor and assess the performance on the S'hamba Sonke and EPWP by provincial departments	
	Assess and approve the submissions from provinces regarding the use of the maximum of R10 million for	
	RAMS and capacity building of their infrastructure units	
	Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury and the National Council of Provinces within	
	45 days after the end of each quarter	
	Submit a grant evaluation report to National Treasury 120 days after the end of the financial year	

Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant Responsibilities of the provincial departments Provincial departments must submit quarterly infrastructure reports to the DoT and the relevant provincial treasury that comply with the Infrastructure Reporting Model and S'hamba Sonke templates 45 days after the end of each quarter Provincial departments must implement their projects in line with the S'hamba Sonke and EPWP guidelines Provincial departments should report on the EPWP job creation data to the DoT and national Department of Public Works on the EPWP reporting system Provinces must report all infrastructure expenditure partially or fully funded by this grant on the Infrastructure Reporting Model provided by the National Treasury Ensure projects are selected using RAMS as the primary source of information Ensure ongoing stakeholder communication and engagement, with regard to planning and implementation of road projects Ensure that the approved PRMG funded projects are gazetted through the provincial legislative system and processes. The national Department of Transport's approval is needed on the PRMG project list before it is tabled at the provincial legislature Design and implement projects in compliance with the S'hamba Sonke and EPWP guidelines Submit quarterly performance reports within 30 days after the end of each quarter to DoT, the relevant provincial treasury and National Treasury Process for approval of the Provinces submit a draft business plan in the prescribed Road Asset Management Plan (RAMP) format, 2015/16 business plans with projects selected using RAMS as the primary source, by 29 August 2014 Road Asset Management Plans including PRMG project lists are assessed and reviewed by DoT, Department of Public Works and National Treasury and feedback is provided within 30 days Provinces to submit final 2014/15 RAMP to DoT, relevant provincial treasury and National Treasury by end November 2014

	Public Transport Operations Grant	
Transferring department	Transport (Vote 37)	
Strategic goal	Subsidisation of road based public transport services	
Grant purpose	To provide supplementary funding towards public transport services provided by provincial departments of transport	
Outcome statements	The provision of public transport services in terms of contracts which are kilometre based and affordable to the users of the services	
Outputs	Subsidy per trip operated	
_	Subsidy per kilometre operated	
	Subsidy per passenger	
	Subsidy per vehicle	
	Number of vehicles subsidised	
	Number of cumulative annual vehicles subsidised	
	Number of scheduled trips	
	Number of trips operated Programme and billion the programme.	
	Passengers per kilometre operatedPassengers per trip operated	
	Passengers per trip operatedEmployees per vehicle	
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network	
government that this grant		
primarily contributes to	N. C. U.	
Details contained in the business plan	Not applicable	
Conditions	• The conditional grant is a national contribution to subsidised service contracts entered into by the	
	provincial departments of transport and public transport operators for the provision of affordable subsidised	
	services	
	• The contracting authority must supervise, monitor and verify the correctness of the operators' claim in	
	terms of the kilometres of service provided and provide a summary report	
	• If the contracting function is devolved to any municipality before the 2014/15 adjustment budget, the appropriate portion of the grant will also be devolved to the municipality	
	The implementation of the devolution should be in terms of section 17(6) of the Division of Revenue Act	
	(DoRA)	
	The municipality and province will have to make transitional arrangements to ensure payments to operators meet contractual commitments. Should contracts be devolved during 2013/14, a Service Level Agreement (SLA) between the province and the municipality must be signed and funds must flow in line with DoRA requirements. Provinces must take all reasonable measures to assist the transition within a framework to be prescribed by the national Department of Transport (DoT) and National Treasury	
	All new contracts concluded must be done as per relevant legislation and in compliance with the Public Transport Strategy	
	Designs and operators' business plans detailing subsidised services must be approved by a Public Transport Integration Committee comprising of the three spheres of government to ensure alignment with Integrated Public Transport Network (IPTN) plans. Where an Intermodal Planning Committee is established at municipal level, in terms of the National Land Transport Act, the functions of the two committees must be consolidated to ensure integration of planning, services and modes	
Allocation criteria	The 2014/15 to 2016/17 allocations are based on 2009 DoRA allocation baseline plus a percentage of additional budget per year as determined by National Treasury. Provinces/contracting authorities should determine individual operator's budget and ensure that the operation stays within the allocation or provide supplementary funds from the provincial budget.	
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	Subsidies are earmarked for the provision of public transport services	
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcome	
•	• Allocated and transferred R4 317 million to provinces, of which R4 315 million (99.9 per cent) was spent	
	2012/13 service delivery performance	
	• Summary of monthly averages for key outputs and performance for subsidised services 2012/13:	
	o number of vehicles subsidised: 6 600	
	o total number of cumulative annual vehicles subsidised: 79 196 number of routes subsidised: 121.5	
	o number of vehicle kilometres subsidised: 121.3	
	o subsidy/vehicle: R55.4	
	o subsidy/passenger: R12.8	
	o subsidy/kilometre operated: R17.2	
	o kilometres operated/vehicle: 3 228	
	o passengers/vehicle: 4 342	
	o passengers/trip operated: 50.4 o passenger revenue/kilometre: R15.1	
	o passenger revenue/kilometre: R15.1	

	Public Transport Operations	s Grant
Projected life	Land Transport Act (NLTA)	R546.1 2.6 343.8 million 12.9 million 6.8 million overnment as part of the operationalisation of the National
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R4 833 million, 2015/16: R5 053 mi	llion, and 2016/17: R5 318 million
Payment schedule	Twelve monthly installments according to a pa	yment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the transferring national officer and receiving officer	received from contracting authorities Develop and coordinate the necessary contracting services Provide guidelines and criteria for the develope Advise contracting authorities regarding the description of the provincial departments Any contractual agreement entered into by a responsibility of the contracting authority Ensure that contracted operators' certified clareceipt Certify and submit monthly performance refollowing the operation and quarterly perform using the reporting format developed by DoT	nance indicators of public transport services as per data eting documents to be used in subsidising public transport ment of business plans for services to be subsidised
Process for approval of the 2015/16 business plans	Not applicable	

ANNEXURE W3:

FRAMEWORKS FOR CONDITIONAL GRANTS TO MUNICIPALITIES

Annexure W3: Frameworks for Conditional Grants to Municipalities

Detailed frameworks on Schedule 4, Part B; Schedule 5, Part B; Schedule 6, Part B; and Schedule 7, Part B grants to municipalities

Introduction

This annexure provides a brief description for each grant in Schedule 4, Part B; Schedule 5, Part B; Schedule 6, Part B; and Schedule 7, Part B of the 2014 Division of Revenue Bill. The following are key areas considered for each grant:

- Strategic goal and purpose of the grant
- Outcome statements and outputs of the grant
- Priority outcome(s) of government that the grant primarily contributes to
- Conditions of the grant (additional to what is required in the Bill)
- Criteria for allocation between municipalities
- Rationale for funding through a conditional grant
- Past performance
- The projected life of the grant
- 2014 MTEF allocations
- The payment schedule
- Responsibilities of transferring national department and receiving municipalities
- Process for approval of business plans for 2015/16

The attached frameworks are not part of the Division of Revenue Bill, but are published in order to provide more information on each grant to parliament, legislatures, municipal councils, officials in all three spheres of government and the public. Once the 2014 Division of Revenue Bill is enacted, these frameworks will be gazetted in terms of the Act.

The financial statements and annual reports for 2014/15 will report against the Division of Revenue Act, Division of Revenue Amendment Act and their schedules, and the grant frameworks as gazetted in terms of the Act. Such reports must cover both financial and non-financial performance, focusing on the outputs achieved.

COOPERATIVE GOVERNANCE GRANTS

	Municipal Disaster Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (Vote 3)
Strategic goal	To enable a timely response to immediate needs after a disaster has occurred
Grant purpose	To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response
Outcome statements	Immediate consequences of disasters are mitigated
	Emergency repair of critical infrastructure and provision of essential services
Outputs	Victims of disasters provided with immediate relief
•	The impact of disasters mitigated
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the business plan	This grant uses the guideline developed by the National Disaster Management Centre (NDMC) which must include a detailed disaster report highlighting: number of people affected and the extent of infrastructural damages and losses various sectors affected
	 items to be purchased or that have already been purchased by municipalities with relevant proof support received from Non-Government Organisations (NGOs) and local businesses contribution by the municipality (both financially and in-kind) funds required for disaster response plan on how the funds will be spent
Conditions	 plan on how the funds will be spent A copy of the classification letter and declaration of disaster in terms of the Disaster Management Act must be submitted to the NDMC
	 Funds from this grant must be used to repair or replace infrastructure that supports the provision of basic municipal services and environmental health services for six months after the disaster Provide temporary shelter in the event that the Department of Human Settlements is unable to make provision for immediate housing, with evidence that they are unable to make such provisions Provide humanitarian relief, in the event that the Department of Social Development is unable to make provision, with evidence that they are unable to make such provisions
	Municipalities must fund a portion of the costs of the disaster response and recovery from their own budget or prove that they are not able to do so
Allocation criteria	The grant is allocated based on declared municipal disasters and assessment reports of immediate needs
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	This grant caters for response to unforeseen disasters
Past performance	 2012/13 audited financial outcomes R330 million was allocated and R73.1 million was transferred to municipalities in Limpopo, Eastern Cape and Western Cape provinces
	2012/2013 service delivery performance Following the occurrence of floods, emergency relief was provided as follows: Langeberg Local Municipality (LM): repairs to raw water pipeline which cut off drinking water to Montague Bitou LM: repair and relocation of damaged sewer pump station
	 Ndlambe LM: repair to water and sewer pumps, waste water treatment works and access roads Kouga LM: repairs to access roads, causeway and bridges, sewer plant, pump station Nelson Mandela Bay Metropolitan Municipality: repairs to a sewer plant and pump station, access roads and bridge, and a water pipe Sundays River Valley LM: repair of sewer pump station Koukamma LM: repair of sewer system
	 Makana LM: repair to electrical infrastructure and sewer pump station Maruleng LM: repair of water purification plant and access road
	• 29 995 households benefitted from this grant
Projected life	This grant is expected to continue over the medium term and will be subject to review
Projected life MTEF allocations	 This grant is expected to continue over the medium term and will be subject to review 2014/15: R364 million, 2015/16: R376 million, and 2016/17: R396 million

Responsibilities of the transferring national officer and receiving officer

Municipal Disaster Grant

Responsibilities of National Disaster Management Centre

- Advise municipalities and Provincial Disaster Management Centres (PDMCs) about the existence of the grant and how grant funding can be applied for
- Circulate a guideline on the items that will qualify for funding through this grant by end June 2014
- Establish procedures for funding items already purchased by municipalities
- Together with the affected municipalities and provinces, conduct preliminary assessments of disaster
 impacts to verify the applications for funding within 40 days following the receipt of written funding
 requests and as per the requirements of the Disaster Management Act
- Seek approval from National Treasury for disbursement of funds to municipalities and provide written
 advice on the timing of disbursements to municipalities and transfer these funds to municipalities within
 5 days of drawing the funds from the National Revenue Fund
- Notify the relevant municipality of a transfer at least 1 day before transfer and transfer the funds no later than five days after notification
- Notify the relevant PDMC and its respective Provincial Treasury of a transfer and reason for transfer within 5 days of the transfer of funds to municipalities
- Build relationships and establish the necessary communication channels with relevant national departments to ensure the country has a coordinated approach to disaster response
- Provide a performance report to National Treasury within 45 days of the end of the quarter in which funds are spent
- Provide National Treasury and the relevant Provincial Treasury with written notification of the transfer within 14 days of a transfer of this grant

Responsibilities of Provincial Disaster Management Centres

- Advise municipalities about the existence of the grant and how grant funding can be applied for
- Together with the affected municipalities, conduct preliminary assessments of disaster impacts to verify
 the applications for funding within 40 days following the occurrence of the incident and as per the
 requirements of the Disaster Management Act
- Assist municipalities with requests for disaster funding, and monitor projects and provide reports to the NDMC and Provincial Treasury
- Provide a performance report to the NDMC within 30 days of the end of the quarter in which funds are spent

Responsibilities of municipalities

- Provide a performance report to the NDMC and relevant PDMC within 30 days of the end of the quarter in which funds are spent
- Initiate requests for disaster funding and monitor projects and provide a report to the NDMC through the relevant PDMC
- Municipalities must follow emergency procurement processes when spending the grant fund
- Submit request for funding within 45 days following the declaration of a disaster

Process for approval of 2015/16 MTEF allocations

Not applicable

	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (Vote 3)	
Strategic goal	To restore functionality of municipal infrastructure following a disaster	
Grant purpose	To rehabilitate and reconstruct disaster damaged municipal infrastructure	
Outcome statements	Disaster damaged municipal infrastructure rehabilitated and reconstructed	
Outputs	Number of disaster damaged municipal infrastructure rehabilitated and reconstructed	
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system	
government that this grant primarily contributes to		
Details contained in the	This grant uses the template/framework developed by the National Disaster Management Centre	
business plan	(NDMC) which must include a project implementation plan, highlighting:	
	o list of projects to be implemented in terms of priority	
	o time frames within which the projects will be implemented	
	o the implementation of disaster risk reduction measures for these projects to prevent reoccurrence	
	o number of people to benefit from the projects and jobs created	
Conditions	A business plan and project implementation plan signed by the accounting officer aligned to the post	
	disaster verification assessment report must be submitted to the NDMC	
	Disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation funds may only be utilised for approved projects as listed in	
	the post disaster verification assessment reports and approved business plans	
	Quarterly financial and non-financial performance reports on disaster allocations must be submitted to the NDMC	
Allocation criteria	The grant is allocated based on approved post disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation assessment	
	reports	
	Only post disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation projects that have been submitted for verification	
	assessments within a six month time frame following a disaster will be considered	
Reason not incorporated in	This grant caters for response to unforeseen disasters	
equitable share		
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes	
	• New grant	
	2012/13 service delivery performance New grant	
Projected life	New grant The grant is projected to end in 2015/16, but will be subject to review	
MTEF allocations	The grant is projected to end in 2015/16, but will be subject to review 2014/15: R37 million, and 2015/16: R22 million	
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of National Disaster Management Centre	
transferring national	Advise municipalities about the existence of the grant and its conditions	
officer and receiving officer	Provide through the Provincial Disaster Management Centre (PDMC) a final post disaster verification	
	assessment report that includes a project list for all infrastructure to be reconstructed or rehabilitated	
	Together with the affected municipalities and provinces, monitor the implementation of projects	
	Notify the relevant municipality of a transfer at least one day before transfer and transfer the funds no	
	later than five days after notification	
	Notify the relevant PDMC of a transfer and reason for transfer within one day of the transfer of funds to municipalities	
	Provide a performance report to National Treasury within 45 days of the end of the quarter in which	
	funds are spent	
	Provide National Treasury and the relevant Provincial Treasury with written notification of the transfer	
	within 14 days of a transfer of this grant	
	Responsibilities of Provincial Disaster Management Centres	
	Advise municipalities about the existence of the grant and its conditions	
	Assist municipalities with the rapid assessment reports to be submitted to NDMC	
	Provide support to municipalities with regard to the final post disaster verification report	
	• Ensure that the final post disaster verification report is signed off by both the accounting officer within	
	the municipalities and the provincial department Provide a final post disaster verification report to municipalities	
	 Provide a final post disaster verification report to municipalities Assist municipalities with business plans incorporating the implementation plan and disaster risk 	
	reduction measures for disaster funding	
	Conduct on site visits to monitor the implementation of projects and provide reports to the NDMC	
	• Provide expenditure and performance report to the NDMC within 30 days of the end of the quarter in	
	which funds are spent	
	Responsibilities of municipalities	
	Develop and submit business plans incorporating implementation plans and disaster risk reduction	
	measures for the disaster funding	
	Conduct on site visits to monitor projects and provide reports to the NDMC through the relevant PDMC This of the first state of the state of t	
	Utilise the funds in line with the approved post disaster verification assessment report Provide finencial and performance appets to the NDMC and relevant PDMC within 20 days of the and	
	Provide financial and performance reports to the NDMC and relevant PDMC within 30 days of the end of the quarter in which funds are spent	
Process for approval of	Not applicable	
2015 MTEF allocations	- 1 του αργιτοασίο	
anocations		

	Municipal Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (Vote 3)
Strategic goal	Subsidise the capital costs of providing basic services to poor households
Grant purpose	 To provide specific capital finance for eradicating basic municipal infrastructure backlogs for poor households, micro enterprises and social institutions servicing poor communities
Outcome statements	Improved access to basic services infrastructure for poor communities
Outputs	Number of additional poor households receiving basic water and sanitation services
	 Number of additional kilometres of municipal roads developed Number of additional poor households serviced by transfer stations, recycling facilities and solid waste
	disposal sites
	Number of additional poor households serviced by sport and recreation facilities
	 Number of additional poor households serviced by street/community lighting Number of additional poor households serviced by public facilities
	 Number of additional poor households serviced by public facilities Number of work opportunities and Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs) created using Expanded Public Works
	Programme (EPWP) guidelines for above outputs
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
government that this grant primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	As per the Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) registration form as agreed with sector departments
business plan	
Conditions	• Receiving officers must ensure appropriate programme and project planning and implementation
	readiness prior to the year of implementation and must be informed by the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) (Chapter 5 of the Municipal Systems Act, 2000) and a three year capital plan
	Prioritise basic residential infrastructure for water, sanitation, roads, refuse removal, streets lighting,
	connector and internal bulk infrastructure, and other municipal infrastructure like sport and recreation
	and community facilities in line with the MIG 2004 policy framework and/or other government sector policies
	 Municipalities with bucket sanitation backlogs must prioritise the eradication of these backlogs. Bucket
	eradication projects must be planned in conjunction with provinces and national government to ensure
	alignment of projects implemented by each sphere. Transfers may be withheld or stopped if a municipality with substantial bucket sanitation backlogs does not comply with this condition
	 Funds can be used for new or upgrading of municipal bulk and connector infrastructure to support the
	formalisation of settlements subject to compliance with sector policies and on condition that pre-2001
	backlogs have been addressed
	• Municipalities must spend at least 60 per cent of their previous transfers and comply with the reporting provisions in the Division of Revenue Act before the next transfers are made
	• Municipalities must use labour-intensive construction methods in terms of Expanded Public Works
	Programme (EPWP) guidelines
	 Municipalities must comply with sector norms, standards and legislation as confirmed by sectors through the project registration process
	 A municipality receiving MIG must table a three year capital budget as part of its budget for the 2014/15
	financial year in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act, unless exempted in terms of
	 that Act The MIG must be transferred directly to a category B or C municipality that has the powers and
	functions referred to in section 84 of the Municipal Structures Act, to enable the municipality to provide
	basic municipal infrastructure (to category C municipalities only as it relates to water and sanitation)
	A maximum of 5 per cent of a municipality's MIG allocation may be used for project management costs directly related to infrastructure projects
	 At least 95 per cent of a municipality's MIG allocation must be appropriated on the municipality's
	capital budget
Allocation criteria	• Part 5 of the Explanatory Memorandum to the Division of Revenue Bill spells out the MIG formula in
Reason not incorporated in	 detail, showing how the formula incorporates backlog and poverty data This is a specific purpose grant with conditions, objectives and distribution criteria different from that of
equitable share	the equitable share
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcome
	• The MIG programme was allocated R13 881 million in the 2012/13 financial year. An amount of
	R13 881 million was transferred to municipalities and R10 963 million (79 per cent) was reported as spent by the end of municipal financial year
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	Additional poor households receiving:
	o water: 151 300 o sanitation: 91 474
	o street/community lighting: 8 346
	Number of additional kilometres of municipal roads developed: 1 022
	Number of additional solid waste sites and transfers stations developed: 5

	Municipal Infrastructure Grant
	Number of additional sport and recreation facilities servicing poor communities developed: 26
	Number of public facilities servicing the poor developed: 54
	Number of work opportunities created using EPWP guidelines for above outputs: 131 916 work opportunities
Projected life	The programme will continue up to 2016/17, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R14 684 million, 2015/16: R15 098 million, and 2016/17: R15 767 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of national departments
transferring national	• Department of Cooperative Governance (DCoG) administers the MIG and co-ordinates its activities with
officer, national	all stakeholders, through appropriate structures:
departments, provincial	 DCoG must monitor expenditure and non-financial performance DCoG is responsible for the coordination of overall programme implementation
departments and receiving	 DCoG is responsible for the coordination of overall programme implementation Department of Water Affairs:
officer	o support and monitor municipalities to prepare and implement Water Services Development Plans (WSDPs)
	o monitor and oversee progress on water and sanitation projects implemented through the MIG
	o synchronise between the MIG programme, Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant and the Municipal
	Water Infrastructure Grant
	 Department of Human Settlements: support and monitor municipalities to prepare and implement sanitation component of the WSDPs
	o monitor and oversee progress on sanitation projects implemented through the MIG
	o coordinate policy and planning of housing development and the provision of infrastructure through
	the MIG programme, between the MIG programme and the housing programme
	Department of Public Works:
	o monitor compliance with the EPWP guidelines and advise municipalities on the use of labour
	intensive processes, systems, techniques and approaches o support municipalities with planning for public facilities in terms of EPWP
	o monitor the number of work opportunities and Full Time Equivalents created on MIG funded
	projects that contribute towards EPWP
	o ensure that municipalities register their EPWP projects on the EPWP reporting system and monitor
	compliance to norms and standards applicable to this sector
	Department of Environmental Affairs: support municipalities with planning and implementation of solid waste management and monitor their performance and compliance with conditions applicable to this sector
	Department of Energy: support municipalities with planning and implementation of public lighting and monitor municipalities' performance and compliance with conditions applicable to this sector
	• Sport and Recreation South Africa: support municipalities with planning and implementation of
	municipal sport and recreation facilities and monitor municipalities' performance and compliance with
	 conditions applicable to this sector Department of Transport: support municipalities with planning and implementation of municipal roads
	and monitor municipalities' performance and compliance with conditions applicable to this sector
	Each national sector department will be expected to fulfil a monitoring role on the relevant sector
	outputs in collaboration with provinces and districts municipalities
	Responsibilities of provincial departments responsible for local government
	Coordinate municipal reports and submit to the national department Coordinate district appropriate and a
	 Coordinate district appraisal and progress meetings Provide and coordinate technical support to municipalities
	 Provide and coordinate technical support to municipalities Monitor project implementation in collaboration with sectors and submit site visit reports to DCoG
	 Monitor project implementation in contact and in sectors and submit site visit reports to Decod Monitor compliance with provincial legislation and alignment to Provincial Growth and Development
	Strategies through project registration
	Monitor performance of municipal Project Management Units and recommend relevant sanctions for
	under-performance to DCoG
	• Final sign-off on registered projects on the Municipal Infrastructure Grant-Management Information System (MIG-MIS)
	Responsibilities of provincial sector departments
	Each provincial sector department must fulfil a sectoral monitoring and guidance role on relevant sectoral outputs
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	• Municipalities must ensure appropriate programme and project planning and implementation readiness
	 prior to the year of implementation and must be informed by the IDP and three year capital plan Municipalities must monitor each project and ensure that MIG funds are spent for the intended purpose
	as registered under the MIG-MIS
	• The municipality must report monthly, quarterly and annually in the prescribed formats, signed by the municipal manager or the delegated official to national government via the provinces
	municipal manager of the delegated official to national government via the provinces

Municipal Infrastructure Grant

Process for approval of 2015/16 MTEF allocations

- Municipalities must—submit all technical reports to the sector departments responsible for water, sanitation, solid waste, sport and recreation, roads and transport for all projects to be implemented in 2015/16, by 31 July 2014
- The responsible sector department must evaluate reports and provide final recommendations to the municipality by 30 September 2014
- The municipality must submit all the project registration forms by 1 October 2014, for projects to be implemented in 2015/16 to the provincial department responsible for local government
- The provincial departments must provide final recommendations to municipalities by 28 November 2014
- Municipalities must submit to the national department by 31 January 2015, detailed project implementation plans for all the projects to be implemented in the 2015/16 and 2016/17 financial years
- Such plans should include timelines regarding project designs, initiation of procurement, and Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) and/or relevant permit/license approvals in the prescribed format

	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (Vote 3)
Strategic goal	• An efficient and developmental sphere of government capable of delivering services to local communities
Grant purpose	To assist municipalities to perform their functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems as required in the Municipal Systems Act (MSA) and related legislation
Outcome statements	A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Outputs	Number of municipalities with information systems that support effective service delivery
•	Number of municipalities with strengthened administrative systems enabling effective implementation of
	the ward participation system
	Number of municipalities developing by-laws and policies that support local government legislation
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
•	Key activities
	• Inputs
Conditions	Municipalities must submit to the Department of Cooperative Governance (DCoG) signed activity plans in the prescribed format with detailed budgets and timeframes for the implementation of prioritised measurable outputs
	Municipalities must submit a status report on their Information and Communications Technology (ICT) infrastructures on a quarterly basis to the DCoG
Allocation criteria	The grant allocations are equally made to all non-metropolitan municipalities
Reasons not incorporated	• The grant is conditional and aimed at building the capacity of municipalities to implement sound
in equitable share	institutional and governance systems required in terms of Local Government: Municipal Systems Act
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
	Allocated R230 million, and transferred R230 million
	2012/13 municipal pre-audit outcome
	R230 (100 per cent) was spent at the end of the municipal financial year
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	98 municipalities were supported on information systems that support effective service delivery
	• 93 municipalities were supported to strengthen administrative systems enabling effective implementation
	of the ward participation system 158 municipalities were supported to develop by-laws, policies and systems that support local government
	158 municipalities were supported to develop by-laws, policies and systems that support local government legislation
Projected life	The grant continues until 2016/17, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R252 million, 2015/16: R261 million, and 2016/17: R275 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of national department
transferring national	Submit monthly, quarterly and annual performance reports to National Treasury
officer and receiving	Monitoring of expenditure on the grant and analysis of monthly expenditure reports from municipalities
officer	and where necessary engaging provinces and/or municipalities
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	Comply with the duties of the receiving officer per the Division of Revenue Act
	Submit monthly, quarterly and annual performance reports to the DCoG
Process for approval of	Activity plan format guidelines, criteria, outputs and reporting templates sent by DCoG to municipalities
2015/16 allocations	by 28 February 2014
	Submission of business/activity plans by municipalities by 28 March 2014

ENERGY GRANTS

	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management (EEDSM) Grant
Transferring department	Energy (Vote 29)
Strategic goal	To reduce electricity consumption by promoting energy efficient practices
Grant purpose	To provide subsidies to municipalities to implement Energy Efficiency and Demand Side
	Management (EEDSM) initiatives within municipal infrastructure in order to reduce electricity
	consumption and improve energy efficiency
Outcomes statements	Reduced demand for electricity
	Increased awareness of energy saving
	Skills development in energy efficiency
	Energy management capability enhanced
Outputs	Amount of electricity saved in MWh
	Number of energy efficient street lights retrofitted
	Number of energy efficient traffic lights retrofitted
	Number of buildings retrofitted
	Number of jobs created
	• Number of inefficient technologies in street, traffic and building lighting, water services infrastructure
	retrofitted with efficient technologies
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plans	Output indicators
	Key activities
	• Inputs
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
government that this grant	Outcome 10: Environmental assets and natural resources that are well protected and continually
primarily contributes to	enhanced
Conditions	Funds can only be used to implement electricity savings projects in municipal infrastructure
	• The focus for implementation of Energy Efficiency (EE) interventions shall be limited to buildings,
	streetlights, traffic lights, and waste water treatment and pump stations
	• Municipalities must respond to the Request For Proposal (RFP) issued by the Department of Energy
	(DoE) in the format provided
	Sign a contractual agreement with the DoE
Allocation criteria	Because of limited budget the following criteria shall be used for selection of municipalities:
	o municipalities that have responded to the RFP as issued by the DoE and have shown a higher
	electricity savings potential in their proposal
	 municipalities that have shown readiness to implement past performance if previously participated in the programme
	o performance of other electrification programmes funded by the DoE
	o capacity to provide electricity reticulation
Reason not incorporated in	This is a specific conditional transfer in support of the EEDSM programme
equitable share	This is a specific conditional audister in support of the EEDSW programme
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
_	• The grant was allocated R200 million and the entire R200 million was transferred to municipalities, of
	which municipalities reported to have spent R56.1 million (28.1 per cent) of the allocated amount
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	• A total electricity saving of 18.32GWh was reported against the projected savings (baseline) of
	39.23GWh in line with the monitoring and evaluation tool. The reported savings have not been
	verified in terms of the measuring and verification protocol
Projected life	The grant will continue until 2016/17, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R 137 million, 2015/16: R 188 million and 2016/17: R204 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national	Monitoring and evaluation of the EEDSM programme
officer and receiving officer	• Provide municipalities with guidance through capacity building workshops on best practices and
	pricing for EEDSM projects
	• Communicate to municipalities the process and requirements for obtaining EEDSM grant funds in
	2015/16
	Undertake the measuring and verification for all grant funded projects
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	1 *
	Submit the proposal as per the RFP issued by DoE
	Implement the EEDSM programme as per the framework and contractual agreement
	 Implement the EEDSM programme as per the framework and contractual agreement Submit to the DoE the monthly and quarterly reports approved by the municipal manager
Process for approval of	 Implement the EEDSM programme as per the framework and contractual agreement Submit to the DoE the monthly and quarterly reports approved by the municipal manager Allocations for 2015/16 will be based on the proposals submitted in line with the RFP issued by the
	 Implement the EEDSM programme as per the framework and contractual agreement Submit to the DoE the monthly and quarterly reports approved by the municipal manager Allocations for 2015/16 will be based on the proposals submitted in line with the RFP issued by the DoE
Process for approval of 2015/16 business plans	 Implement the EEDSM programme as per the framework and contractual agreement Submit to the DoE the monthly and quarterly reports approved by the municipal manager Allocations for 2015/16 will be based on the proposals submitted in line with the RFP issued by the

	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant
Transferring department	Energy (Vote 29)
Strategic goal	To reduce the backlogs of un-electrified households and funding of bulk infrastructure to ensure
	constant supply of electricity
Grant purpose	To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme (INEP) by providing capital subsidies to Eskom to address the electrification backlog of occupied residential dwellings, the installation of bulk infrastructure and rehabilitation and refurbishment of electricity infrastructure in order to improve quality of supply
Outcome statements	A reduction in household and clinic electrification backlogs
	Universal access to electricity and improvement in distribution infrastructure reliability
Outputs	The number of connections to households and clinics per annum
	The number of bulk infrastructure installations
	• Implementation of labour intensive methods on electrification projects and the number of jobs created
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network
government that this grant	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	Key activities
C. 144	• Inputs
Conditions	Plans need to have undergone pre-engineered project feasibility approval Project feasibility approval Output Description:
	 Projects must be prioritised by municipalities in their Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) and supporting letters provided to demonstrate municipalities are in agreement with projects to be undertaken Eskom to comply with requirements to provide approved bulk project in their business plans
Allocation criteria	Allocations to Eskom are made on behalf of municipalities based on applications from Eskom for non-
	licensed municipalities according to the following criteria:
	o high backlogs
	o rural bias
	 integration with other programmes such as Urban Renewal Programme, Integrated Sustainable Rural Development and other infrastructure programmes like Breaking New Ground (BNG) ability to provide top-up or seed capital for project finance
	o effective credit control policies
	o cost of project is contained and aligned with IDPs for a particular municipality
Reason not incorporated in	This is a specific conditional capital transfer for electrification of households and clinics
equitable share	
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
	• R1 879 million was allocated, transferred R1 879 million to Eskom, of which R1 504 million (80 per cent) was spent by the end of the 2012/13 financial year
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	• 118 926 connections were completed at the end of the financial year
Projected life	The grant will continue until 2015/16, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R2 948 million, 2015/16 R3 680 million, and 2016/17: R3 875 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national	Agree with Eskom on outputs and targets
officer and receiving	Continuously monitor implementation
officer	Provide central coordination for bulk infrastructure
	Approve submissions for refurbishment of critical infrastructure
	Responsibilities of Eskom
	• Minimum size of supply of 2.5 KVA, ADMD, 20 Amp per household connection and applicable supply
	for clinic connections
	Provide 20 Amp connections for households and applicable supply for clinic connections
	Report to Department of Energy and National Treasury on monthly expenditure for the grant
Process for approval of	• Ensure that all planned projects are in line with municipal IDPs and the priority list
2015/16 MTEF allocations	Ensure that planned projects are feasible and went through the pre-engineering process

	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant
Transferring department	Energy (Vote 29)
Strategic goal	To reduce the backlogs of un-electrified households and funding of bulk infrastructure to ensure
Structure gour	constant supply of electricity
Grant purpose	To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme (INEP) by providing capital subsidies
	to municipalities to address the electrification backlog of occupied residential dwellings, and the
	installation of bulk infrastructure
Outcome statements	A reduction in household electrification backlogs
	Universal access to electricity and improvement in distribution infrastructure reliability
Outputs	The number of connections to households per annum
	The number of bulk infrastructure installations
	Implementation of labour intensive methods on electrification projects and the number of jobs created
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network
government that this grant	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	Key activities
	• Inputs
Conditions	• Adhere to labour intensive construction methods in terms of the Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) guidelines for activities such as trenching, and planting of poles
	Register master plans for bulk infrastructure with INEP and abide by the advice or guidnee of the
	Department of Energy (DoE) regarding the central planning and co-ordination for such bulk
	infrastructure
	Use INEP funds for the refurbishment of critical infrastructure, only upon submission of a project plan
	which must be approved by DoE
	Utilise own funding if subsidy is insufficient – top–up funding must be available
	• Minimum size of supply of 1.2 KVA, After Diversity Maximum Demand (ADMD), 20 Amp per
	household connection
	• Municipalities to utilise up to R1.5 million of the total allocation for Service fees (Pre-Engineering and
	Eskom connection fee) if approved by the Department of Energy in their business plans
Allocation criteria	Allocations are based on applications from licensed municipal distributors and are prioritised on:
	o high backlogs
	o rural bias
	 priority areas - 23 district municipalities number of occupied households for connections projects
	o past performance
	o integration with other programmes such as Urban Renewal Programme, other infrastructure
	programmes like Breaking New Ground (BNG)
	o the financial, technical and staff capabilities to distribute electricity and expand and maintain the
	networks
	o consultation with communities in terms of the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) process
	o ensuring that universal access objectives are fast tracked
	o new and upgrading of bulk infrastructure projects related to (i) future electrification and (ii) where
	distribution network reliability adversely impacts economic activity
	o infrastructure which is in a state of disrepair, unsafe and which prohibits further connections
	o informal settlements where service delivery has been prioritised
Reason not incorporated in	This is a specific conditional capital transfer for electrification of households
Post performance	2012/12 audited financial autooms
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcome P1 006 million was allocated and transformed to municipalities with (50 per cent) sport by the end of
	• R1 096 million was allocated and transferred to municipalities with (59 per cent) spent by the end of 2012/13 of which R1 019 million (93 per cent) was spent by the end of the municipal financial year
	2012/13 of which K1 019 million (95 per cent) was spent by the end of the municipal mancial year
	2012/12 sawing delivery performance
	2012/13 service delivery performance
Duningted life	47 204 connections were achieved and 10 substations were completed Contracting a partial 2016/17 publication and a partial actions are completed.
Projected life	Grant continues until 2016/17, subject to review

	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R1 105 million, 2015/16: R2 056 million, and 2016/17: R2 165 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of national department
transferring national	Agree with municipalities on outputs and targets
officer and receiving officer	Continuously monitor implementation and provide support to municipalities
	Verify reports from municipalities
	Evaluate the performance of the Approach to Distribution Asset Management pilot projects and submit a
	report to National Treasury by 30 September 2014
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	• Ensure that projects are implemented in line with what is reflected in the Integrated Development Plan
	of the municipality
	Report correctly on the management of this grant
Process for approval of	Application forms are sent to municipalities and evaluation of all applications and business plan
2015/16 business plans	proposals received from municipalities to be done by 29 August 2014

HUMAN SETTLEMENTS GRANTS

	Municipal Human Settlements Capacity Grant
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 31)
Strategic goal	To ensure effective management of human settlements programmes at the local government level in line with the accreditation framework
Grant purpose	To build capacity in municipalities to deliver and subsidise the operational costs of administering human settlements programmes
Outcome statements	Human settlements programmes are administered by skilled personnel to ensure optimal service delivery
	• Management information systems are in place and efficient to ensure that beneficiary management is effective, units and services delivered are appropriately recorded and accounted for
Outputs	Assets and liabilities successfully transferred from provinces to municipalities after assignment
	Housing projects successfully transferred from provinces to municipalities
	Staff transferred from provinces to municipalities
	Feasibility, design, planning, project management and monitoring capacity built in municipalities
	Organogram approved
	Capacity building plan in place
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 8: Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life
government that this grant	Outcome 9:Responsive, accountable, efficient and effective local government
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	Output indicators
business plan	Outcome indicators
	Inputs
	Key activities
Conditions	Positions to be funded from the conditional grant must be on the council-approved organogram for the
	department responsible for housing and human settlements in the municipality
	• Municipalities to submit a business plan on how the grant is to be utilised. The business plan must
	reflect the municipality's plans to develop capacity to deal with planning, program and project
	management, subsidy and beneficiary management and financial management for human settlements
	• If any staff is to be transferred from the province to the municipality, the business plan should reflect the
	number, levels, budgets for such staff as well as how such transferred staff will be absorbed/funded
	• Funds must be spent in accordance with the approved business plans
	Municipalities must have submitted a level 3 business plan (earmarked for assignment) The Grant of the state of the
A 11 4'	The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan The flow of funds is subject to submission of a business plan and capacity building plan and capacity buil
Allocation criteria	• The grant is allocated to six metropolitan municipalities identified to be assigned the housing function in
	2014. Allocations are made up of a base allocation and a weighted share based on the number of
Reasons not incorporated in	 households living in the municipality with a monthly income of less than R3 500 per month To facilitate the building of capacity in municipalities to be assigned to ensure functionality to deliver
equitable share	effective services in the human settlements sector by respective municipalities
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
1 ast performance	New grant
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	New grant
Projected life	The grant continues until 2016/17, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R300 million, 2015/16: R300 million, and 2016/17: R300 million
Payment schedule	Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	Approve the national and municipal business plans and compliance certificates
and receiving officer	Provide frameworks for the development of municipal business plans
	Provide capacity development support to municipalities
	Undertake structured and other visits to municipalities as is necessary
	• Facilitate regular interactions between national, provincial and municipal departments of human
	settlements
	Submit approved 2015/16 municipal and national plan to National Treasury by 31 March 2015
	• Submit an annual evaluation report for 2014/15 on the performance of the grant to National Treasury by
	31 July 2015
	Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	Establish national level institutional capacity support for municipalities

	Municipal Human Settlements Capacity Grant
	Responsibilities of the municipalities
	Submit draft municipal business plans and compliance certificates to the national department by 30 April 2014
	Submit final municipal business plans including cash flow projections by 30 June 2014
	Submit the 2014/15 annual evaluation reports on their performance to the national department by 29 May 2015
	Municipalities should utilise the grant to develop capacity for the development of human settlements and such capacity should be demonstrated by expenditure on the Human Settlements Development Grant, Urban Settlements Development Grant and other associated budgets
	Ensure effective and efficient utilisation of the grant
	The monthly Division of Revenue Act expenditure and quarterly reports must be signed by the Municipal Manager
Process for approval of the	Submission of a signed Executive Assignment Agreement and or draft agreement
2015/16 business plans	• First draft municipal business plans for 2015/16 financial year to be submitted to the national
	department by 28 November 2014
	• Submit final municipal business plans with cash flow projections and compliance certificates for the
	2015/16 financial year to the national department by 10 February 2015

	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 31)
Strategic goal	To reduce sanitation backlogs in rural households
Grant purpose	To provide specific capital funding for the reduction of rural sanitation backlogs and to target existing households where bulk-dependent services are not viable
Outcome statements	Improved access to basic sanitation in rural areas
Outputs	Number of rural households provided with access to on-site sanitation
	Number of jobs created
	Number of households trained in on-site technologies and maintenance of facilities Number of households trained in on-site technologies and maintenance of facilities.
Priority outcome(s) of	Number of households reached by health and hygiene awareness training Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities with food security for all
government that this grant	Outcome 8: Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life
primarily contributes to	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	Key activities
	• Inputs
Conditions	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant direct component (Schedule 5B)
	Municipalities must submit business plans approved by the Accounting Officer, in accordance with their Water Services Development Plans (WSDPs)
	• Fund training for beneficiaries on health and hygiene practices and how to maintain the facilities
	provided
	Target the provision of on-site sanitation facilities to rural households not intended for connector
	services
	The design of sanitation facilities has to be consistent with South African National Standards norms and standards
	• The implementation of the programme must include training of communities on their responsibilities
	with regard to the outcomes of the programme and health and hygiene awareness training
	Rural Household Infrastructure Grant indirect component (Schedule 6B)
	• For municipalities where this grant is implemented as an allocation-in-kind (Schedule 6B), the
	Department of Human Settlements (DHS) must enter into a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with the relevant municipality before any project is implemented. All SLAs must be concluded by 31 March
	2014
	SLAs must specify:
	 the consultation process undertaken with affected communities
	o the alignment between the project plan and the municipality's WSDP
	 the infrastructure that will be built how maintenance of the infrastructure will be conducted and funded in future by the
	municipality
	o details of how the capacity of the municipality will be strengthened through the process so that
	it can implement projects itself in future
	o agreement by the municipality that the project should be implemented as an allocation-in-kind
	 DHS must provide for skills transfer as part of the implementation of projects If a municipality does not submit a business plan by 30 June 2014 the municipality's allocation may be
	allocated to a performing municipality
Allocation criteria	Allocations are based on the highest number of backlogs in each of the 23 priority district municipalities
	identified by government
Reason not incorporated in	This is a special purpose grant with specific objectives and distribution criteria
equitable share Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
1 ast per for mance	The indirect grant was allocated R340.6 million and expenditure was recorded at R135 million (60 per
	cent) of the allocation
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	Number of households served with sanitation facilities per province were as follows: Footom Const. (488)
	 Eastern Cape: 6 488 Free State: 1 675
	o KwaZulu-Natal: 6 558
	o Limpopo: 5 320
	o Mpumalanga: 2 936
	Northern Cape: 507North West: 3 893
	o North West: 3 893 o Total: 27 377
Projected life	The grant will continue until 2016/17, and will be subject to review
MTEF allocations	Direct Transfers (Schedule 5B)
	2014/15: R48 million, 2015/16: R51 million, and 2016/17: R125 million
	Allocation-in-kind (Schedule 6B) Allocation-in-kind (Schedule 6B) Allocation-in-kind (Schedule 6B) Allocation-in-kind (Schedule 6B)
	2014/15: R66 million and 2015/16: R67 million

	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant
Payment schedule	Payments are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national	Administer the implementation of the programme
officer and receiving officer	To approve the business plans submitted by municipalities for Schedule 5B allocations
	Agree on Service Level Agreements (SLAs) with municipalities for Schedule 6B allocations
	Continuously monitor implementation and provide support to municipalities
	Submit monthly financial and quarterly non-financial reports to National Treasury
	Submit an annual evaluation report after the end of the financial year
	Explore the possibility of incorporating beneficiation of sanitation waste in projects
	Provide support to municipalities and households
	Verify reports from municipalities
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	Municipalities will be responsible for selection of the project areas that provide total coverage within
	available funds
	Municipalities shall be responsible for maintenance of the installed infrastructure
	Submit monthly financial and quarterly non-financial reports for Schedule 5B allocations
	Municipalities to ensure efficient and effective use of resources
	Municipalities will choose the appropriate technology to be implemented
	Municipalities must ensure that groundwater protocols have been conducted to manage the potential of
	groundwater contamination from the on-site sanitation facilities
Process for approval of	Business plans for Schedule 5B allocations must be submitted by 30 September 2014 for the 2015
2015/16 business plans	Medium Term Expenditure Framework
	SLAs for Schedule 6B allocations must be signed by 2 February 2015

	Urban Settlements Development Grant
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 31)
Strategic goal	• To assist metropolitan municipalities to improve urban land production to the benefit of poor households, to improve spatial integration and densities by supplementing the budgets of metropolitan municipalities
Grant purpose	• Supplements the capital revenues of metropolitan municipalities in order to support the national human settlements development programme, focusing on poor households
Outcome statements	• The integrated sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life outcomes to be realised are:
	o reduction in the real average cost of urban land for integrated development
	 increase in the supply of well-located land for human settlements development improve spatial densities by providing household access to public amenities and socio-economic services
	 household access to basic and reticulation services for poor communities and related infrastructure incremental improvements in security of tenure
	o improved rates of household employment through skills development and transfer in the delivery of infrastructure
	o bridging the gap for infrastructure provisions within mixed income and mixed use development to support the leveraging of private and non-state sector grants and funding
	 improved spatial integration of poor and low income households for better access to socio-economic opportunities improving the sustainable livelihoods of poor households within the municipal jurisdiction
Outputs	Number of households in informal settlements provided with basic household and socio-economic
	infrastructure, via: o in-situ upgrading or
	 relocation Number of additional households receiving support in the access of basic municipal services, including
	water and sanitation, solid waste, transport access and area lighting
	The hectares of land identified, procured and proclaimed for informal settlements upgrading and/or mixed use development
	 Number of title deeds transferred to eligible households
	Number of work opportunities created through the overall capital programme of the municipality
	Number of households provided with access to public amenities and economic services within upgraded settlements
	Improved dwelling unit densities within an improved spatial integration framework
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 8: Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life
government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in	This grant uses the Urban Settlements Development Grant (USDG) performance matrix, that is consistent
business plan	with the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) including the Human Settlements Chapter and the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plans (SDBIPs) of the receiving municipalities
Conditions	• The flow of the first instalment is subject to:
	 submission of 2013/14 third quarter report, signed-off by the municipal Accounting Officer (AO) submission of USDG performance matrix for 2014/15, that is aligned to the municipal IDP, SDBIP
	and municipal budget, by 15 May 2014
	• The flow of the second instalment will be conditional upon the:
	 submission of 2013/14 fourth quarter report signed-off by the AO of the municipality submission of 2014/15 first quarter report signed-off by the AO of the municipality to the
	Transferring National Officer (TNO) and the National Treasury
	o submission of the council approved SDBIP and IDP, the Outcome 8 delivery targets and the municipal human settlements development plan by 31 October 2014
	• Flow of the third instalment will be conditional upon submission and approval of signed-off second quarter
	 report by the AO to the TNO and the National Treasury Municipalities must prioritise at least 3 per cent of their allocation to projects for bucket eradication and
	upgrading of sanitation
Allocation criteria	• The base allocation is derived from the Municipal Infrastructure Grant formula explained in part 5 of annexure W1 of the 2014 Division of Revenue Bill
	The formula incorporates household backlogs in basic services and access to socio-economic services and poverty-weighted data
Reason not incorporated in	• This is a supplementary capital infrastructure grant with conditions, objectives and distribution criteria
equitable share Past performance	including infrastructure backlogs aimed at improving outcomes of the application of the equitable share 2012/13 audited financial outcomes
i ast per for malice	• The grant was allocated R7 392 million, and the full amount was transferred to municipalities.
	Expenditure by municipalities was reported at R6 895 million (93 per cent of allocation) by the end of the municipal financial year
	2012/13 service delivery performance
Dec. 2 - 4 - 1 116	Delivery performance as indicated in the performance evaluation reports for 2012/13 The state of 1201/17 and the st
Projected life MTEF allocations	 The programme will continue until 2016/17, subject to review 2014/15: R10 285 million, 2015/16: R10 655 million, and 2016/17: R11 232 million
Payment schedule	Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
1 a, mene senedule	1 Tailotto will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by Prational Treasury

Urban Settlements Development Grant Responsibilities of Responsibilities of the national department national transferring Develop proper indicators for the outcomes officer and receiving officer Have a structured forum to meet with municipalities on a quarterly basis Monitor and evaluate the municipal financial and non-financial performance of the grant, including quarterly summary reports on performance across municipalities Provide support to municipalities with regards to human settlement programmes Undertake oversight visits to municipalities as may be necessary Facilitate strategic and spatial planning support related to human settlements development Submit an evaluation report on the 2013/14 municipal grant to National Treasury by 30 September 2014 Provide systems, including the Housing Subsidy System that support the administration of the human settlement delivery process Comply with the responsibilities of the TNO outlined in the 2014 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) Review and approve USDG performance matrix Responsibilities of municipalities Submit 2013/14 evaluation reports in terms of the USDG performance matrix, as contained in the SDBIP, to the TNO on or before 29 August 2014 Ensure that the USDG performance matrix is consistent and aligned with national priorities and provincial human settlements plans Comply with the terms and conditions of the receiving officer outlined in the DoRA Submit USDG performance matrix with the relevant extracts from the SDBIP on proposed targets, outputs and outcomes in the application of the USDG in the municipality Ensure compliance with required intergovernmental forums reporting and accountability framework for human settlements Process for approval of Municipalities must submit a comprehensive USDG performance matrix as included in the Built 2015/16 business plans Environment Performance Plan (BEPP) which shall include indicators and targets aligned to the IDP and SDBIP and a draft and/or approved municipal budget Municipalities must submit their first draft of the USDG performance matrix to the TNO by 14 March 2015 and the final USDG performance matrix should be submitted by 15 May 2015

NATIONAL TREASURY GRANTS

	Local Government Financial Management Grant
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 10)
Strategic goal	To secure sound and sustainable management of the fiscal and financial affairs of municipalities
Grant purpose	To promote and support reforms in financial management by building capacity in municipalities to implement the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA)
Outcome statements	 Improved capacity in financial management of municipalities Improved and sustained skills development including the appointment of at least five interns per municipality supporting the implementation of financial management reforms focusing on the gaps identified in Financial Management Grant (FMG) support plans Appropriately skilled financial officers appointed in municipalities consistent with the competency regulations Improvement in budget practices consistent with the budget reforms Improvement in management of revenue and expenditure, assets and liabilities Improvement in supply chain management practices Timely submission of financial statements and improved audit outcomes
	Improvement in municipal financial governance and oversight
Outputs	 Number of municipal officials registered for financial management training Number of interns serving on the internship program per municipality Submission of the FMG support plans Preparation and implementation of multi-year budgets Improved submission of financial management reports
	 Number of municipalities that reviewed or adopted a System of Delegations Improvement in supply chain management practices Number of internal audit units and audit committees established Preparation and implementation of financial recovery plans, where appropriate
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	 Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system Outcome 12: An efficient, effective and development oriented public service and empowered, fair and inclusive citizenship
Details contained in the business plan	This grant uses the FMG support plan which identifies weaknesses in financial management, to be addressed through the grant allocation
Conditions Allocation criteria	 Establishment of a Budget and Treasury Office (BTO) with positions filled by appropriately qualified personnel Establishment of Supply Chain Management, Internal Audit unit and Audit Committees Appointment of at least five interns over a multi-year period Ongoing review, revision and submission of FMG support plans to National Treasury that addresses weaknesses in financial management Acquisition, upgrade and maintenance of financial management systems to produce multi-year budgets, in-year reports, Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plans, Annual Financial Statements, annual reports and automated financial management practices Review and adoption of a System of Delegations Support the training of municipal officials in financial management towards attaining the minimum competencies, as regulated in Government Gazette 29967 of June 2007 Preparation and timely submission of annual financial statements for audits Implement corrective actions to address audit findings Technical support in financial management to municipalities must include the transfer of skills to municipal officials The preparation of a financial recovery plan and the implementation thereof, where appropriate Funds must be used to assist in support and implementation of the financial management reforms Timely submission of the FMG support plan consistent with the conditions of the grant Priority allocations granted to municipalities with a low revenue base and weaker capacity to enable
Allocation criteria	 Priority allocations granted to municipalities with a low revenue base and weaker capacity to enable them to sustain the financial management reforms Regular, timely submission of reports with completed information and maintenance of expenditure at appropriate levels All municipalities benefit from allocations to augment own resources in support of implementation of the financial management reforms
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	To provide direct support to municipalities to develop financial management and technical capacity for the implementation of the MFMA and its regulations
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes Allocated and transferred R402.7 million to 278 municipalities of which R387.3 million (96 per cent) was spent by the end of the municipal financial year

	Local Government Financial Management Grant
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	All 278 municipalities have submitted FMG support plans
	• 1 850 graduate finance interns have been serving on the internship program in municipalities with the
	objective of increasing financial management capacity in municipalities
	Additional support provided by the national department:
	 Facilitation of regionally based training opportunities for municipalities through updated listing of Local Government Sector Education and Training Authority (LGSETA) accredited training providers. Internship workshops to improve the programme and sustain the reforms, have been concluded in all nine provinces on the following dates: North West: 26 July 2012
	o Eastern Cape: 01, 02 and 03 August 2012
	o Mpumalanga: 06 September 2012
	Northern Cape: 06 and 07 September 2012
	o Western Cape: 26 September 2012
	o Gauteng: 15 March 2013
	o Free State: 27 March 2013
	o Limpopo: 11 June 2013
	o KwaZulu-Natal: 20 June 2013
	The grant supported the following outputs:
	A total of 3 600 municipal officials are registered on the Municipal Finance Management Programme (MFMP)
	• 263 municipalities submitted Annual Financial Statements for the 2012/13 financial year by 31 August
	2013 municipantics submitted Annual Financial Statements for the 2012/13 milancial year by 31 August 2013
	• 277 municipalities adopted their 2012/13 budgets within the prescribed period
	• 267 municipalities prepared their 2012/13 budgets in house
	All 278 municipalities submitted the verified quarter 3 and quarter 4 Section 71 reports
	260 municipalities have established websites and published reports
	The folia wing a contraction were established in manifestation
	 bid specification committees - 248 municipalities bid evaluation committees - 253 municipalities
	o bid adjudication committees - 254 municipalities
	The establishment of:
	o audit committees at 267 municipalities
	o internal audit units at 264 municipalities
Projected life	Ongoing with periodic reviews as the financial reforms are still in progress
MTEF allocations	Oligonia with periodic reviews as the inhalicial reforms are still in progress 2014/15: R449 million, 2015/16: R470 million and 2016/17: R495 million
Payment schedule	
•	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury Page probabilistic of the patient deposits and deposits
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer and receiving officer	Management, monitoring and reporting on the programme The form of the description of the control of the c
and receiving officer	Transfer funds to municipalities in terms of the 2014 Division of Revenue Act
	Undertake ongoing monitoring in municipalities B. W. W. G. L. W.
	Responsibilities of the municipalities
	Submit support plans consistent with conditions of the grant
D c l c	Submit reports consistent with the reporting requirements in the 2014 Division of Revenue Act
Process for approval of	Ongoing review, revision and submission of the FMG support plans to address weaknesses in financial
2015/16 MTEF allocations	management
	• The programme is based on the FMG support plans submitted by municipalities before the start of the
	municipal financial year

	Integrated City Development Grant
Transferring Department	National Treasury (Vote 10)
Strategic goal	The development of more inclusive, liveable, productive and sustainable urban built environments in metropolitan municipalities
Grant purpose	To provide a financial incentive for metropolitan municipalities to integrate and focus their use of available infrastructure investment and regulatory instruments to achieve a more compact urban spatial form
Outcome statements	Improved spatial targeting and sequencing of public investments in the urban built environment to achieve a more compact, inclusive, productive and sustainable urban spatial form
Outputs	 Infrastructure within the functional mandates of municipalities, including public transport, roads, water, energy, housing, land acquisition and development and other assets Municipalities have the authority to select preferred investments within their functional mandates, with a preference for investment in identified integration zones Specific outputs will include the number of strategic/catalytic projects within sub-metropolitan spatial integration zones implemented by municipalities
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network
government that this grant	Outcome 8: Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life
primarily contributes to	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Output indicators Inputs Key activities
Conditions	 Eligibility is restricted to metropolitan municipalities who must have: obtained a financially unqualified audit opinion from the Auditor General (AG) for the 2012/13 financial year, or finalised an audit action plan by 28 February 2014 achieved acceptable levels of capital expenditure performance (reported a variance between adjusted budgeted and actual expenditures of 35 per cent or lower to the National Treasury for the 2012/13 financial year) Grant funds can be spent on any capital expenditures within the functional mandate of the municipality that are related to the performance of identified integration zones The grant will only be released to a municipality that has submitted: (i) a Built Environment Performance Plan (BEPP) in the prescribed format by 31 May 2014 including Council approval of integration zones in accordance with guidelines on Urban Networks, BEPPs and the Integrated City Development Grant (ICDG); and (ii) a signed Cities Support Programme (CSP) participation agreement by 1 July 2014
Allocation criteria	 Allocations will be made to eligible metropolitan municipalities on a population-weighted basis in order to account for the relatively greater planning complexity and investment needs in larger metropolitan municipalities. Final allocations are adjusted by weighted performance against specified indicators as below: no decrease in total debt to revenue ratio in 2012/13 (20 per cent) no Section 57 vacancies for longer than 6 months in 2013 (20 per cent) financially unqualified audit opinion by AG (with or without findings) for the last financial year (30 per cent) decrease in total value of irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure identified by AG (20 per cent) timely submission of 2014 BEPP and performance indicators (10 per cent)
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	The ICDG provides a specific financial incentive for metropolitan municipalities to enhance the performance of their urban built environments. It reflects commitments contained in the National Development Plan to streamline funding for urban public investments to support the restructuring of the urban built environment
Past performance	New grant introduced in 2013/14
Projected life	The grant will continue until 2016/17, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R255 million, 2015/16: R266 million, and 2016/17: R293 million

	Integrated City Development Grant	
Responsibilities of	Responsibilities of National Department	
transferring national officer and receiving officer	National Treasury will review eligibility criteria and assess compliance with grant conditions prior to the transfer of each grant instalment	
	National Treasury in consultation with Department of Cooperative Governance and Department of Rural Development and Land Reform will facilitate engagements on the BEPPs with the metropolitan municipalities and other sector departments	
	National Treasury will provide operational guidelines, facilitate peer learning and provide capacity support through the CSP	
	National Treasury will review the credibility and measurability of Financial Management Improvement Strategies	
	Responsibilities of Municipalities	
	Municipalities will submit BEPPs and in-year reports	
	Municipalities will ensure consistent planning in integration zones, including alignment of Integrated	
	Development Programmes, Social Housing Restructuring Zones and Urban Development Zones	
	Strengthen and align their own capacity to support BEPP implementation	
Process for approval of 2015/16 business plans	Eligible municipalities must submit a proposal for a BEPP by 3 November 2014 in accordance with requirements outlined in the grant guidelines	

Tuonafannina donoutment	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 10) Develop agreeity within provising littles by greeting a long term and quetainable neal of young.
Strategic goal	Develop capacity within municipalities by creating a long term and sustainable pool of young professionals with built environment related technical skills (engineering, town planning, architecture, quantity surveying, Geographic Information System (GIS) and project/operations management skills); and improve infrastructure management
Grant purpose	To recruit unemployed graduates in municipalities to be trained as per the requirements of the relevant Statutory Council/professional body within the built environment
Outcome statements	 Developed technical capacity within local government to enhance infrastructure related performance Trained graduates with built environment qualifications (diplomas and degrees) in line with Statutory Council/professional body requirements Increased number of qualified and professionally registered technical experts appointed in municipalities Increased infrastructure performance in rural/low capacity municipalities Decreased infrastructure backlogs Improved reporting on infrastructure indicators by municipalities in their Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plans (SDBIPs), Spatial Development Frameworks (SDFs) and Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) Improved performance on infrastructure grants
Outputs	 Accelerated implementation of infrastructure projects Number of graduates with built environment related diplomas and degrees recruited in municipalities Number of built environment graduates registered and trained as per requirements of the relevant Statutory Council/ professional body in municipalities Number of registered senior experts mentoring graduates during period of training Number of graduates recognised as professional experts by the relevant Statutory Council/ professional body Number of graduates absorbed in municipalities as technical experts in the built environment
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 5: A skilled and capable workforce to support an inclusive growth path Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the business plan	Outcome indicators Outcome indicators
business pian	Output indicators Inputs
	Key activities
Conditions	 Candidates must have a diploma or degree in the built environment from an accredited academic institution Upon intake and within 12 weeks, municipalities must submit proof of registration of graduates with the relevant Statutory Council/professional body as candidates and provide training as per the road to registration requirements of the relevant Statutory Council/professional body Municipalities must submit proof of graduate registration to National Treasury Mentoring must be provided by registered professionals in the same field as the graduates-in training Infrastructure Skills Development Grant (ISDG) funding to be utilised exclusively for costs associated with the training/road to registration process for graduates (outlined in the ISDG Guideline) Municipalities to include an absorption strategy for the graduates within its municipality or any other municipality A project administrator per municipality may be appointed for the sole purpose of ISDG administration Graduates to be placed in units to support the implementation of infrastructure related projects and accelerated service/ infrastructure delivery The municipality to provide and update the list of business tools and assets purchased with ISDG funds quarterly Municipalities to timely submit monthly and quarterly reports Non-compliance to the above conditions can result in the funds being withheld or re-allocated
Allocation criteria	• Allocations are based on business plans submitted and demonstrated ability of municipalities to train
Reason not incorporated in	graduates for the period as stipulated by Statutory Councils/professional bodies Conditional grant meant to specifically develop technical skills in municipalities
equitable share Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
	 R75.4 million was allocated and transferred to municipalities, R58.3 million (77.2 per cent of allocation) was reported as spent by the end of the municipal financial year 2012/13 service delivery performance The grant has created employment and training opportunities to for 355 graduates The following municipalities received the grant: Buffalo City (21 graduates), Nelson Mandela Bay (31 graduates), eThekwini (66 graduates), Ditsobotla (23 graduates), Westonaria (12 graduates), Polokwane (16 graduates), Emfuleni (120 graduates), Lukhanji (8 graduates), Alfred Nzo (still to recruit graduates), Ugu (25 graduates), Sol Plaatjie (20 graduates) , John Taolo Gaetsewe (still to recruit graduates), King Sabata Dalindyebo (still to recruit graduates) and George (13 graduates)
Projected life	The grant is expected to continue over the Medium Term Expenditure Framework and will be subject to review
	review

	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R104 million, 2015/16: R129 million and 2016/17: R139 million	
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of national department	
transferring national officer	Roll-out the programme in municipalities in compliance with the ISDG Guidelines	
and receiving officer	Ensure training is aligned to Statutory Council/professional body requirements	
	Monitor progress of the programme as per the ISDG Guideline	
	Monitor the registration of graduates with the relevant Statutory Councils/bodies by the municipalities	
	Monitor financial and non-financial performance of the grant	
	Maintain the database of graduates	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of municipalities or public entities	
transferring national officer	Recruit unemployed graduates within the built environment and register them with relevant Statutory	
and receiving officer	Council/professional bodies (12 weeks after recruitment)	
	Expose graduates to the required road to registration training	
	Recruit mentors in the same identified technical area as the graduates	
	Manage the programme and provide progress reports on a monthly and quarterly basis in the prescribed format	
	Utilise the ISDG funds for the road to registration programme and training of graduates within a municipality/water board	
	Update and submit the ISDG database of graduates as required by the transferring officer	
	Update and submit the ISDG expenditure list for business tools and assets to National Treasury on a quarterly basis (as an addendum to the quarterly reports)	
Process for approval of	• Interested municipalities to submit business plans by 28 August 2014 to be evaluated by National	
2015/16 business plans	Treasury	
-	Participating municipalities to submit revised/updated business plans to the National Treasury by the date prescribed	

Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant		
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 10)	
Strategic goal	Eradicating spatial inequality towards the creation of liveable, sustainable, resilient, efficient and integrated towns and cities	
Grant purpose	• To support and facilitate the development of urban network plans that consist of primary and secondary networks that interconnect at strategic nodes, which in townships are referred to as urban hubs. Urban network plans, precinct plans and then all projects aim to guide the delivery of catalytic infrastructure to leverage third party public and private sector development in the urban hubs. The aim of targeting investment in these strategic locations, as identified by urban network plans, is to improve the quality of life and access of residents in under-served neighbourhoods, generally within townships	
Outcome statements	 Spatially transformed and integrated cities and towns Diversity of public and private capital investments leveraged into targeted strategic locations Improved ratio of Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (NDPG) to third party capital 	
	 investment into strategic locations Improved municipal capacity for strategic and sustainable township development 	
Outputs	Long term urban spatial network plans and precinct plans for cities and towns	
	 Catalytic projects in strategic locations and specifically in urban hubs and secondary linkages in urban municipalities Leveraged third party capital investment in strategic locations (urban hubs, secondary linkages and in 	
	 secondary nodes) Strengthened municipal strategic spatial planning, urban design and project implementation capacity through the production and dissemination of toolkits, guidance and good practice notes and through 	
Priority outcome(s) of	workshops and related knowledge sharing events Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth	
government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 8: Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators	
business plan	Output indicators	
	Key activities Inputs	
Conditions	 Inputs The NDPG has segmented its total portfolio of supported municipalities into urban and rural portfolios. 	
	All municipalities have been directly notified of their portfolio status, and the list of segmented urban and rural municipalities is reflected on the Neighbourhood Development Partnerships' (NDPs) page on the National Treasury website Conditions applicable to the portfolio of urban municipalities: Compliance with the aims and objectives of the Urban Network Strategy and the NDPG terms as outlined in a memorandum of agreement signed between the municipality and the national department Urban network plans and precinct plans are reflected in municipal Spatial Development Frameworks (SDFs) and Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) Catalytic projects are reflected in municipal capital investment frameworks (as a chapter in the municipal SDF) and in municipal annual Built Environment Performance Plans (BEPPs) which are only applicable to metropolitan municipalities Acceptance by the Transferring National Officer (TNO) of urban network plan, precinct plans and approval of project plans Receiving officer must submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and capital grant implementation as requested by the TNO Municipal strategy to attract and leverage third party capital investment into strategic locations developed. Approach and progress of municipal stakeholder identification, engagement and partnership development submitted Submit evidence of funding leveraged into the targeted locations Prioritisation of projects and associated instruments that align and demonstrate an explicit response to government-wide priorities, including the spatial principles as outlined in chapter 8 of the National Development Plan: Vision for 2030 Conditions applicable to the portfolio of rural municipalities	
	 Compliance with terms of funding agreement signed between the municipality and the national department Approval by TNO of business plans and project plans which are aligned with NDPG objectives and guides Business plans and project plans are aligned to municipal IDPs and the council resolution supporting the ward and/or programme to be implemented Receiving officer must submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and capital grant implementation as requested by the TNO 	
L	Submit evidence of funding leveraged into the targeted locations	

	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant
Allocation criteria	Schedule 5B: Capital grant allocations are determined on the number and value of project plans in strategic locations and specifically in urban hubs and secondary linkages in urban municipalities
	Schedule 6B: Technical assistance allocations are for municipalities to prepare urban network plans, precinct plans, project concept plans and for a professional programme management function
	There will be no new municipal awards as the NDPG application process has been closed
	Allocation criteria applicable to the portfolio of urban municipalities
	o Allocations will only focus on municipalities that align with the NDPG's urban networks
	strategy criteria (including population densities, nature and diversity of economic activity,
	concentrations of poverty and demand for access and connectivity networks i.e. transport)
	 Allocation criteria applicable to the portfolio of rural municipalities Allocations are for those municipalities with approved NDP business plans and/or project
	plans (currently in implementation or still awaiting implementation) and with an amount remaining from their original NDPG allocation
Reason not incorporated in	This grant has a strong focus on nodal and linkage development as well as the catalytic role of public
equitable share	and private funding for spatially targeted development that is not the focus of the equitable share
	To facilitate township development in strategic municipal locations and specifically in urban hubs and
Past performance	secondary linkages in urban municipalities 2012/13 audited financial outcomes
r ast per for mance	R578.1 million allocated and transferred in Schedule 5B direct transfers to municipalities, with R531.6
	million reported as spent by municipalities
	R80 million allocated in Schedule 6B indirect transfers to municipalities, R38 million (47.5 per cent)
	spent by the end of the national financial year
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	• 60 municipalities granted award status, 40 of which are in receipt of technical assistance funding for programme planning and preparation (Schedule 6B grant), and 36 have embarked on construction or
	implementation (Schedule 6B grant) to date
	222 townships directly targeted by NDPG investment
	18 municipalities meeting township regeneration strategy requirements
	51 business plans approved for NDPG programme implementation
	118 projects under construction 120 projects in completion (coils and accious) et al.
	 129 projects in completion (exit and review) stage 7 programmes with identified partnerships and funding leveraged
	One learning/training event delivered to township development stakeholders through the training for
	township renewal initiative
	Formulation of a new model for the training for townships renewal initiative
Projected life	The projected life of the programme is being reviewed subject to the approval of the Neighbourhood Development Partnership's revised business plan
MTEF allocations	• Direct transfers (Schedule 5B) 2014/15: R591 million, 2015/16 5: R600 million, and 2016/17: R632 million
	Allocation-in-kind (Schedule 6B)
	2014/15: R58 million, 2015/16: R55 million, and 2016/17: R52 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer and receiving officer	 Appropriate allocations for the grant and reporting in terms of the 2014 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) Determine the grant allocations for future Medium Term Expenditure Framework periods
and receiving officer	Perform the obligations as set out in the Memorandum of Agreement (for urban municipalities) and
	Funding Agreement (for rural municipalities), which include:
	Evaluating municipal performance
	 Monitor, manage and evaluate financial and non-financial performance Oversee and enforce objectives and conditions of this grant
	Oversee and enforce objectives and conditions of this grant Responsibilities applicable to the portfolio of urban municipalities:
	Compile and submit monthly and quarterly expenditure and progress reports in line with NDPG
	requirements and as stipulated in the DoRA • Submit cash flow schedules with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and / or capital grant
	implementation as requested by the TNO
	Assign adequate human resources capacity for the successful coordination and implementation of NDPG
	Coordinate the formulation of urban network plans, precinct plans and a pipeline of planned projects for
	the strategic locations and specifically in urban hubs and secondary linkages in urban municipalities,
	aligned with the grant objectives against agreed performance criteria Establish additional clear indicators for outputs and outcomes intended by the municipality against which
	performance may be further assessed
	Manage and monitor technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation according to the approved

Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant

- urban network plans, precinct plans and project plans ensuring sound financial management and value for money
- Maintain accurate and current grant and performance information as specified in NDPG management information formats and systems
- Engage stakeholders so as to develop partnerships that leverage funding into the targeted locations
- Mainstream both the urban network and the township development agenda in municipal and other relevant growth and development strategies and plans

Responsibilities applicable to the portfolio of rural municipalities:

- Compile and submit monthly and quarterly expenditure and progress reports in line with NDPG requirements and as stipulated in the DoRA
- Submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and / or capital grant implementation as requested by the TNO
- Provide adequate human resources capacity for the successful coordination and implementation of NDPG
- Coordinate the development of business plans and project plans for strategic locations and ensure that they are aligned with the grant objectives against which performance will be assessed
- Establish additional clear indicators for outputs and outcomes intended by the municipality against
 which performance may be further assessed
- Manage and monitor implementation of projects according to the approved plans and ensuring sound financial management and value for money
- Maintain accurate and current grant and performance information as specified in NDPG management information formats and systems
- Engage stakeholders so as to develop partnerships that leveraged funding into the targeted locations
- Mainstream the township development agenda in municipal and other relevant growth and development strategies and plans

Process for approval of 2015/16 municipal NDPG plans

Process applicable to the portfolio of urban municipalities:

- Submission of municipal NDPG urban network plans, precinct plans and project concept plans. The
 process is based on:
 - evidence of a credible planning process to systematically progress from strategic towards local planning
 - linking of a municipality's development objectives and strategic planning processes to physical projects on the ground
 - the targeting of development within strategically well-located areas to ensure value for money and to optimise impact
 - o the overall prioritisation of elements within the urban network to ensure network plan optimisation
 - the quality of progress reporting and performance reviews and alignment with current municipal planning processes, i.e. SDF, IDP, Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) and BEPP processes
- Submission of municipal NDPG project plans. The process of phasing and funding project plans is based on:
 - the overall prioritisation of projects within a precinct plan to ensure both precinct level and network level optimisation
 - o the development of sustainable urban hubs and secondary linkages
 - o the coordination, targeting and prioritisation with other related capital implementation projects
 - \circ the ability to leverage third party funds
 - the quality of progress reporting and performance reviews and alignment with current municipal planning processes, i.e. SDF, IDP, SDBIP and BEPP processes
- Municipal provisional allocations will be finalised by the TNO by 31 October 2014

Process applicable to the portfolio of rural municipalities:

- The NDPG business and project plans are approved for a multi-year period
- The process for approval of these plans and annual allocations against these plans are based on:
 - the alignment with NDPG criteria for sustainable urban township locations, focusing on leveraged funds and job creation
 - the quality of progress reporting and performance reviews and alignment with current municipal planning processes, i.e. SDF, IDP, SDBIP and BEPP processes
- Municipal provisional allocations will be finalised by the TNO by 31 October 2014

PUBLIC WORKS GRANT

	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities
Transferring department	Public Works (Vote 7)
Strategic goal	To provide Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) incentive funding to expand job creation efforts in specific focus areas, where labour intensive delivery methods can be maximised
Grant purpose	To incentivise municipalities to expand work creation efforts through the use of labour intensive delivery methods in the following identified focus areas, in compliance with the EPWP Guidelines: road maintenance and the maintenance of buildings low traffic volume roads and rural roads basic services infrastructure, including water and sewer reticulation, sanitation, pipelines (excluding bulk infrastructure) other economic and social infrastructure tourism and cultural industries waste management parks and beautification sustainable land-based livelihoods social services programmes health service programmes
	o community safety programmes
Outcome statements	 54 534 Full Time Equivalents (FTEs) to be created through the grant Reduced levels of poverty through employment of beneficiaries in paid and productive activities Contribute towards increased levels of employment
Ovetavsta	Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained Improved opportunities Improved opportunitie
Outputs	 Increased number of people employed and receiving income through the EPWP Increased average duration of the work opportunities created Increased income per EPWP beneficiary
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth
government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the	• The programme is implemented through municipalities using Incentive Agreements, that include
business plans Conditions	 project lists, and details of plans for creation of FTEs and work opportunities EPWP projects must comply with the project selection criteria determined in the EPWP Grant Manual.
	the EPWP guidelines set by Department of Public Works (DPW) and the Ministerial Determination updated annually on 1 November each year Eligible municipalities must sign a funding agreement with the DPW before the first grant disbursement, with their final EPWP project list attached Municipalities must report quarterly on all EPWP projects via DPW's EPWP reporting system Reports must be loaded on the EPWP reporting system within 22 days after the end of every quarter in order for progress to be assessed Municipalities must maintain beneficiary and payroll records as specified in the audit requirements in the EPWP grant manual The EPWP grant cannot be used to fund the costs of permanent municipal personnel; however, a maximum of 5 per cent of the grant can be used to fund contract based capacity required to manage data capturing and on-site management costs related to the use of labour intensive methods The EPWP grant can only be utilised for EPWP purposes, for the projects approved in each municipality's EPWP project list To receive the first planned grant disbursement, eligible municipalities must submit a signed Incentive Agreement with a project list by 6 June 2014 Subsequent grant disbursements are conditional upon eligible municipalities reporting on EPWF performance quarterly within the required timeframes Municipalities must implement their approved EPWP project list and meet their agreed job creation targets
Allocation criteria	 To be eligible for an EPWP grant allocation in the 2014/15 financial year, a municipality must have reported EPWP performance by 15 October 2014. The EPWP grant allocations are based on: past EPWP performance the number of full time equivalent jobs created in the prior six quarters past performance with regard to labour intensity in the creation of EPWP work opportunities the need for EPWP work in a municipal area, indicated by levels of unemployment, poverty and service backlogs Allocation criteria include rural bias. These municipalities will also be prioritised in terms of technical support for implementation provided by DPW
Reason not incorporated in	
equitable share	performance. The grant is based on performance, the potential to expand and the need for EPWP work in key geographic regions

	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
	• The incentive grant had an adjusted allocation of R662.1 million and 246 eligible municipalities earned
	the incentive grant and the total adjusted allocated amount of R662.1 million (100 per cent) was
	transferred to these municipalities
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	234 405 work opportunities were reported by 272 municipalities and validated by the EPWP system
	• 61 023 FTE jobs were reported by 272 municipalities and validated by the EPWP system
Projected life	Grant continues until 2016/17, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R595 million, 2015/16: R619 million and 2016/17: R706 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national Department of Public Works
transferring national	Determine eligibility and set grant allocations and FTE targets for eligible municipalities
officer and receiving officer	Publish on the EPWP website all documents relevant for municipalities to understand and implement the
	grant, including a grant manual, the relevant EPWP guidelines and the Ministerial Determination
	Support municipalities, in the manner agreed to in the grant agreement to:
	o identify suitable EPWP projects and develop EPWP project lists in accordance with the EPWP
	project selection criteria
	o apply the EPWP project selection criteria and EPWP guidelines to project design
	 report using the EPWP reporting system Monitor the performance and spending of municipalities according to Incentive Agreement signed
	Disburse the grant to eligible municipalities
	Conduct data quality assessments on a continuous basis, to support good governance and identify areas
	for administrative improvement
	Manage the EPWP coordinating structures in collaboration with provincial coordinating departments to
	support implementation, identify blockages and facilitate innovative solutions
	Conduct site visits to identify where support is needed
	Responsibilities of the eligible municipalities
	Develop and submit an EPWP project list to DPW by 6 June 2014
	Sign the standard funding agreement with DPW agreeing to comply with the conditions of the grant
	before receiving any grant disbursement
	Agree on the areas requiring technical support from DPW upon signing the grant agreement
	• Ensure that reporting is done within the timelines stipulated in the grant agreement and that information
	is captured in the EPWP reporting system
	Municipalities must maintain beneficiary and payroll records as specified in the Audit Requirements in
	the EPWP grant manual, and make these available to DPW for data quality assessment tests
Process for approval of	• Municipalities must report performance on EPWP projects for the 2014/15 financial year by 22 October
2015/16 MTEF allocations	2014 to be eligible for a grant allocation
	Municipalities must submit a signed Incentive Agreement with a project list by 5 June 2015

TRANSPORT GRANTS

Tuansfauring danautment	Public Transport Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department Strategic goal	• Transport (Vote 37)
Strategic goai	 To support the National Land Transport Act (NLTA) and Public Transport Strategy (PTS) and action plan in promoting the provision of accessible, reliable and affordable integrated public transport
Grant purpose	 To provide for accelerated planning, construction and improvement of public and non-motorised transport infrastructure
Outcome statements	 Improved integrated public transport network infrastructure that supports formal, scheduled and well managed services, which are accessible to an increasing percentage of the population of urban municipalities
Outputs	 Public transport infrastructure including the development, and upgrading of bus lanes, routes, stations, depots, control centres and related information technology, fare systems and vehicle purchases subject to Department of Transport (DoT) approval Non-Motorised Transport (NMT) infrastructure that supports network integration (e.g. sidewalks, cycle ways, cycle storage at stations) Plans related to the above including: network operational plans including universal design access plans business and financial plans (including financial modelling, economic evaluation, and operator transition plan) institutional network management plan engineering and architectural preliminary and detailed designs public transport vehicle and technology plans marketing and communication plans
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	 Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the business plan	This grant uses Integrated (Rapid) Public Transport Network (IRPTN or IPTN) operational and related plans including financial modelling
Conditions	Projects must support an integrated network approach as defined in the PTS and in the NLTA
	 Integrated public transport solutions should incorporate: i) physical integration of public transport infrastructure, including non-motorised transport infrastructure; ii) fare collection infrastructure; iii) unified branding and information; and iv) unified institutional management of network infrastructure Infrastructure projects must be based upon an IRPTN/IPTN operational plan (including detailed financial modelling) approved by the municipal council For each phase, final network routing and related financial modelling will be agreed with DoT before municipalities are to proceed with detailed infrastructure design
	 IRPTN/IPTN projects must meet the minimum requirements of the South African Bureau of Standards (including Part S of the Building Regulations) Contracted operators should finance and own vehicles unless the use of grant funds is approved by
	National Treasury and DoT, in which case the municipality must retain ownership New vehicles, purchased for the IRPTN/IPTN must be universally accessible in line with the PTS Existing vehicles may continue to be used and their use phased out in-line with the vehicle's life span.
	 Where vehicles are inaccessible, the public's right to expect equality of service provision must be met, within a reasonable time period Municipalities are required to establish specialist capacity to manage infrastructure and to plan future
	expansions of the network • Payments will be conditional on the attainment of milestones specified in the grant allocation letter to each municipality
Allocation criteria	Budget requests will be evaluated in accordance with the outputs of the above business plan which specifies the infrastructure costs of serving a defined number of passenger trips per average weekday, to standards specified in government policy
Reason not incorporated in	• Public transport investment has been prioritised by national government through the approval by cabinet
equitable share	of the PTS in 2007
Past performance	 2012/13 audited financial outcome The grant was allocated R4 988 million, R4 884 million was transferred to municipalities with expenditure reported at R2 139 million (43.7 per cent) of the transferred amount 2011/12 service delivery performance Johannesburg and Cape Town: These municipalities have continued with Phase 1 planning, infrastructure design and construction and service implementation in 2012/13. At the same time both municipalities have continued with operating and extending Phase 1A bus operations Johannesburg: The full Phase 1A system was in operation and comprised of the following: 41 articulated buses and 102 standard buses in operation 25.5 kilometres (km) of dedicated routes

Public Transport Infrastructure Grant

- o 75.8 km of feeders and complementary routes
- o 30 stations in operation
- o 35 453 average weekday passenger trips of
- o phase 1B construction of trunk route and stations was almost completed
- Cape Town: As at 30 June 2013 the following progress was made in Cape Town:
 - average number of weekday passenger trips (journeys) carried on the integrated system was 13 775
 17.1 km of dedicated bi-directional median bus way lanes in operation within the integrated system
 - 17.1 km of dedicated bi-directional median bus way lanes in operation within the integrated system for trunk and/or complementary services
 - o 20.5 km of bi-directional trunk or complementary services operating in mixed traffic lanes
 - o 51 km of bi-directional feeder services operating in mixed traffic lanes
 - o 17 trunk stations in use in network
 - 137 feeder stops in use in network
- eThekwini: Activities completed to date in line with the draft business plan are as follows:
 - o integrated fare management system (Muvo Card)
 - wall-to-wall IRPTN
 - o preliminary design for Phase 1
 - o universal access plan
 - o rebranding, marketing and change management for Integrated Fare Management System
 - o high level operational plan
 - ITS and IFMS status quo document
 - o ITS and IFMS strategy document
- Ekurhuleni: has completed its operational, marketing and communications, and business and financial
 plans, and completed the following planning activities:
 - o a new household survey was used to update the demand model and financial plan
 - o a benchmarking study tour was completed
 - the structures of the Management Entity and the Performance Management System have both been designed
 - an industry transition structure has been planned and a universal access service provider has been appointed
 - o preliminary and detailed design consultants have been appointed
- **Msunduzi:** The planning of the full IRPTN and preliminary design of phase 1 commenced in August 2011 and was to be complete in September 2013, as well as the following:.
 - o the project commenced with the detailed planning and preliminary design in August 2011
 - the original date for completion of the detailed planning and preliminary design was April 2013
 - the revised date for completion of the detailed planning and preliminary design was September 2013 (revised due to delays in the Household Travel Surveys)
 - the municipality awarded a contract to carry out the detailed planning of the full IRPTN and the
 preliminary design of the phase 1 corridor, taking into consideration the strategic planning proposals
 for the IPTN documented in our CITP

• Mbombela:

o during 2012/13, the municipality has undertaken the following infrastructure projects: i) the northern, central and southern sections of the R40, ii) testing and evaluation of Central Business District (CBD) intersection/priority lanes in respect of public transport priority, iii) completed detailed designs for the construction of Rocky's Drift public transport rank and land purchase for the Nelspruit public transport rank

• Nelson Mandela Bay

- 7 Bus Rapid Transport pilot routes have been completed
- 5 routes in Port Elizabeth, operating from the city centre:
 - route 300: Port Elizabeth city centre Korsten (8 km)
 - route 301: Port Elizabeth city centre Coega (26 km)
 - route 302: Port Elizabeth city centre Nelson Mandela Metropolitan University (15 km)
 - route 303: Port Elizabeth city centre Airport (9 km)
 - route 304: Port Elizabeth city centre Greenacres (8 km)
- o 2 routes operating in Uitenhage and Despatch:
 - route 305: Uitenhage terminus Despatch (9 km)
 - route 306: Uitenhage terminus KwaNobuhle (13 km)

Total: 88 km

- Polokwane: the technical operational plan is complete, including the following:
 - o phase 1 and 2 detailed plan
 - \circ phase 3 and 4 concept plan
 - The business and financial plans are complete, including:
 - detailed full financial model
 - costs and revenues over 12 years
 - business structures and contractual arrangements
 - organizational, capacity and governance requirements

Public Transport Infrastructure Grant the transport directorate is established industry transition and engagement is on-going with a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) signed between the municipality and taxi associations Rustenburg: has completed all its planning (operational, business/finance plans, and preliminary design). During 2012/13 the following were achieved: 5.3 km of bi-directional bus ways and dual carriageway built, substructures (foundations) for 6 stations completed for the construction of the North West corridor the appointment of contractors for the construction of the North East corridor the detailed design and tender documentation of the CBD trunk routes completed detailed design and tender documentation for several stations, a Transport Management Centre and depots was completed land acquisition for Boitekong and Tlhabane depots and CBD holding area Tshwane: the Tshwane Rapid Transport Operational Plan and financial model for phase 1 of the City of Tshwane Bus Rapid Transit System were formally approved by the Mayoral Committee on 6 March MoUs were signed with the bus and taxi industry as well as Memorandum of Agreement concluded with the taxi leadership completion of the prototype station in Hatfield naming of the services, logo and slogan were concluded Projected life Grant continues until 2016/17, subject to review MTEF allocations 2014/15: R4 968 million, 2015/16: R5 098 million, and 2016/17: R5 104 million Payment schedule Transfers are made in accordance with an agreed payment schedule, approved by National Treasury Responsibilities of the Responsibilities of national department transferring national Disburse PTIG funds and monitor PTIG expenditure officer and receiving Monitor IRPTN/IPTN implementation progress in line with the NLTA and the PTS officer Verify reports from municipalities by conducting at least one site visit per annum Allocate funds based on stated priorities through an allocation mechanism agreed to by DoT and National Treasury Evaluate the performance of the grant annually Responsibilities of municipalities Ensure that projects are implemented in line with what is reflected in the Integrated Development Plan of the municipality Ensure that reporting is done correctly on the management of this grant and all relevant Division of Revenue Act requirements are adhered to including compliance to specified reporting requirements prescribed by the Transferring National Officer Provide budget proposals for the PTIG funding that are based on sound operational plans Establish a dedicated project team to plan, manage and maintain network infrastructure Compile and submit data that indicates the efficiency and effectiveness of planned and actual infrastructure investment including: change, relative to the previous year, in the number and percentage of households within 500 metres of formal public transport access points planned/actual capital expenditure for the relevant financial year total capital expenditure per passenger km for PTIG funded systems as at 30 June 2013 the actual total and unit costs (per km, per station etc.) of procuring infrastructure inputs (e.g. roadway, stations, depots, etc) Process for approval of Municipalities will be requested to submit budget proposals that are based on sound IRPTN/IPTN 2015/16 business plans operational plans by 15 July 2014 These requests will be evaluated by the DoT and National Treasury Municipal provisional allocations will be finalised by 26 November 2014

	Public Transport Network Operations Grant
Transferring department	Transport (Vote 37)
Strategic goal	To support the National Land Transport Act (No. 5 of 2009) (NLTA) and Public Transport Strategy
	(PTS) and action plan in promoting the provision of accessible, reliable and affordable integrated public
	transport services
Grant purpose	• To provide operational funding to support the planning, regulation, control and management of
	municipal public transport networks and services
Outcome statements	• Improved integrated public transport network services that are formal, scheduled and well managed and
	which are accessible to an increasing percentage of the population of urban municipalities
Outputs	Number of average weekday passenger trips carried on Public Transport Network Operations Grant
	(PTNOG) funded systems
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network
government that this grant	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
primarily contributes to	TI'
Details contained in the	• This grant uses Integrated (Rapid) Public Transport Network (IRPTN or IPTN) operational and related
business plans Conditions	plans including financial modelling
Conditions	 Projects must support an integrated network approach as defined in the PTS and in the NLTA Integrated public transport solutions should incorporate: i) integration between different public transport
	• Integrated public transport solutions should incorporate: i) integration between different public transport services; ii) fare integration between different services; iii) marketing integration with unified branding;
	and, iv) institutional integration between the services
	Projects must be based upon an IRPTN/IPTN operational plan (including detailed financial modelling)
	and universal design access plans) approved by the municipal council
	• The grant can be used to fund the costs of maintenance of fixed public transport assets, security, station
	management, ticketing services, control centre operations, information and marketing, network
	management, insurance, interest payments for bus vehicles financed from the Public Transport
	Infrastructure Grant (PTIG) and compensation for the economic rights of existing operators
	• From the start of operations, IRPTN/IPTN systems must recover all the direct operating costs of
	contracted vehicle operators from fare revenue, other local funding sources and, if applicable, from any
	Public Transport Operations Grant contributions. These direct operational costs consist of fuel, labour,
	 operator administration and vehicle maintenance If PTNOG funds are to be used to cover the costs of existing economic rights of affected operators,
	• If PTNOG funds are to be used to cover the costs of existing economic rights of affected operators, verified data on operator revenue must be provided to the Department of Transport (DoT) prior to
	entering into agreements on economic rights
	Municipalities are required to establish specialist capacity to manage and monitor public transport
	system contracts and operations supported by this grant
	• Payments will be conditional on the attainment of milestones specified in the grant allocation letter to
	each municipality
Allocation criteria	Budget requests will be evaluated in accordance with the outputs of the above business plan which
	specifies operating and systems costs of serving a defined number of passenger trips per average
	weekday, to standards specified in government policy
	• The grant can be used in each Phase and Sub-Phase of the introduction of services to fund up to 70 per
	cent of any deficit relating to operating costs (but not direct operating costs) for two years after the
	municipal financial year in which operations start. Thereafter the grant can fund up to 50 per cent Compensation for the economic rights of existing operators and interest payments for bus vehicles
	financed from the PTIG can be funded up to 100 per cent in each phase
Reason not incorporated in	Operational costs associated with the implementation of the PTS and NLTA were not included in
equitable share	municipal budgets prior to the introduction of IRPTN services. These include station management and
•	security, contracting and contract monitoring, operator compensation and transformation costs and
	electronic fare collection
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
	The PTNOG was introduced in 2013/14
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	The PTNOG was introduced in 2013/14
Projected life	The grant will continue until 2016/17, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R903 million, 2015/16: R1 043 million, and 2016/17: R1 362 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with an agreed payment schedule, approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	Disburse PTNOG funds and monitor PTNOG expenditure
and receiving officer	Monitor IRPTN/IPTN implementation progress in line with the NLTA and the PTS
	Verify reports from municipalities by conducting at least one site visit per annum
	Allocate the funds based on stated priorities through an allocation mechanism agreed to by the DoT and
	National Treasury
	Evaluate the performance of the grant annually
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	• Ensure that projects are implemented in line with approved business plans and also reflected in the
	integrated development plan of the municipality
	• Report on the management of this grant and satisfy all relevant Division of Revenue Act requirements, including compliance to specified reporting requirements prescribed by the transferring national officer.
	including compliance to specified reporting requirements prescribed by the transferring national officer

	Public Transport Network Operations Grant
	 Report to the transferring national officer on projected and actual costs of the maintenance of fixed public transport assets, security, station management, ticketing services, control centre operations, information and marketing, network management, insurance, interest payments for bus vehicles financed from the PTIG and compensation for the economic rights of existing operators Provide budget proposals for the PTNOG funding that are based on sound operational plans Establish a dedicated project team to establish a specialist capacity to manage and monitor operations and to plan expansions Compile and submit data that indicates the efficiency and effectiveness of operational services including: number of weekday passenger trips on PTNOG funded systems number of municipal operational staff employed per bus in service number of staff employed by each bus operating company per bus in service planned/actual operational expenditure per passenger kilometre in the PTNOG funded system
Process for approval of 2015/16 business plans	 Municipalities will be requested to submit budget proposals that are based on sound IRPTN operational plans by 15 July 2014
2015/10 business plans	These requests will be evaluated by the DoT and National Treasury
	Municipal provisional allocations will be finalised by 26 November 2014

	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant
Transferring department	Transport (Vote 37)
Strategic goal	Ensure efficient and effective investment in rural municipal roads through development of Road Asset Management Systems (RAMS) and collection of data
Grant purpose	To assist rural district municipalities to set up rural RAMS, and collect road and traffic data on municipal road networks in line with the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa (RISFSA)
Outcome statements	 Improved data on municipal rural roads to guide infrastructure maintenance and investments Reduced vehicle operating costs
Outputs	 Road inventory data Condition assessment, traffic data and rural access bridges Pavement and bridge management systems compatible with national standards
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	 Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities with food security for all Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the business plan	This grant uses Road Asset Management Business Plans which contain the following details: network data collection plan network condition and traffic volumes organisational and support plan financial summary
Conditions	 For RISFSA Class R1, R2 and R3 roads, data collection requirements are: visual condition data not older than two years for pavements and five years for bridges instrumental pavement data for roughness, rut depth and macro texture not older than two years instrumental pavement data for structural strength not older than five years, and traffic data not older than three years For RISFSA Class R4 and R5 roads, data requirements are: visual condition data not older than three years for pavements and five years for bridges traffic data not older than five years The above condition data shall be utilised according to applicable national Committee of Transport Officials (COTO) standards, according to Technical Recommendations for Highways (TRH) and Technical Methods for Highways (TMH) to identify and prioritise the maintenance requirements within the relevant budget limit, to improve condition of the roads and extend the lifespan of road infrastructure All road condition report and data collected must be submitted to the national Department of Transport (DoT), and the relevant Provincial Roads Authorities Systems developed to record data must be compatible with DoT specifications (TRH26 and TMH22) for uniformity and standards
Allocation criteria	R500/km rate based on the extent of network and number of local municipalities within a district municipality 36 district municipalities will benefit from this grant in 2014/15
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	• This is a specific purpose grant mainly for the provision of systems to collect data on rural roads, traffic and rural access bridges
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
1 ast perior mance	 R37.2 million was allocated and transferred to municipalities, with R35.4 million (95 per cent) reported as spent by municipalities 2011/12 service delivery performance
	 All progress and up to date road inventory data was collected per district Condition assessment is on schedule 118 young graduates have been recruited into the programme
Projected life	The grant has a life span up to 2016/17, and will be subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R75 million, 2015/16: R98 million, and 2016/17: R103 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
	<u> </u>

	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of national department	
transferring national officer and receiving officer	• Performance evaluation report on the initial 21 Districts Municipalities (DMs) against the objective of the grant by 30 September 2014	
J	Monitoring implementation of RAMS together with provincial road authorities	
	Data integrity will be checked by DoT and Provincial Road Authorities	
	Provide guidance on sustainable RAMS operations and standards	
	Facilitate training to local municipalities and assist them to acquire RAMS data from DMs, provinces or DoT	
	Check the quality of data captured on municipalities' RAMS in collaboration with Provincial Road Authorities	
	Responsibilities of municipalities	
	Municipalities must make provision to maintain RAMS after the lifespan of the grant	
	Data for all rural roads to be updated within two years	
	Employ unemployed youth, S3 experiential training students and young graduates	
	Ensure human capacity at municipalities for the operation of RAMS is developed	
	Road quality data on RAMS must be used for planning Municipal Infrastructure Grant (roads) investments as well as road maintenance funded from other sources	
Process for approval of	DMs must submit a road conditions report for every year to DoT by 15 March of that year or the next	
2015/16 business plans	working day	
	Road condition reports must contain the following:	
	o the extent of the road network in the municipality	
	o the condition of the network in the municipality	
	o the status of the municipality's RAMS	
	o the proportion of municipal roads with updated data captured on its RAMS	
	DoT, together with Provincial Roads Authorities will evaluate the business plans and progress reports by 30 April or the next working day of every year	

WATER AFFAIRS GRANTS

	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department	Water Affairs (Vote 38)
Strategic goal	Facilitate achievement of targets for access to clean water through successful execution and implementation of regional bulk infrastructure projects
Grant purpose	To develop new and refurbish, upgrade and replace ageing infrastructure that connects water resources to infrastructure serving extensive areas across municipal boundaries or large regional bulk infrastructure serving numerous communities over a large area within a municipality
	To develop new and refurbish, upgrade and replace ageing waste water infrastructure of regional significance
Outcome statements	 Access to water supply enabled through regional bulk infrastructure Proper waste water management and disposal enabled through regional waste water infrastructure
Outputs	Number of regional bulk projects initiated
•	Number of projects completed
	Number of people or households targeted to benefit from bulk supply
	Number of people benefitting from projects completed
	Number of municipalities benefiting
	Number of job opportunities created
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network
government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities with food security for all
Details contained in the	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system This great was Intelligent Deadings Studies (IDS) and finding agreements which contain the
business plan	• This grant uses Implementation Readiness Studies (IRS) and funding agreements which contain the following:
business plan	o cash flow and implementation milestones
	o details of key stakeholders and main contractors
	o specific funding conditions related to the project
Conditions	• The Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant (RBIG) is intended to fund the social component of regional
	bulk water and waste water projects approved by the Department of Water Affairs (DWA), unless exemption based on affordability is approved by DWA and National Treasury
	This grant can be used to build enabling infrastructure required to connect or protect water resources over
	significant distances with bulk and reticulation systems
	• The need for a bulk infrastructure solution must be confirmed and accepted by DWA through the regional
	 bulk master planning process A financing plan with associated co-funding agreements must be in place prior to implementation of RBIG funded projects
	All sources of funding for the full cost of the project must be outlined in the Implementation Readiness Study (IRS) and the funding agreement
	RBIG allocations will be paid based on proof of expenditure and achievement of outcomes by DWA's contracted Implementing Agent (IA)
	After project completion the asset transfer will be to the owner identified in the IRS
	All projects must be aligned with and referenced to municipalities' Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) and Water Services Development Plans (WSDPs) as well as a detailed plan which shows alignment of
	RBIG and Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) projects
Allocation criteria	Projects are assessed individually, and allocations are made by DWA on a project basis, taking into account the conditions listed above and considering that no blanket allocation method is used
Reason not incorporated in	Regional bulk projects are closely linked to water resource planning and development, which is a DWA
equitable share	competency
	Where water boards will own and operate RBIG funded infrastructure, water boards will be funded
D. (directly through the Appropriation Act and not the Division of Revenue Act
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcome
	• Of an allocation of R2 523 million, R2 421 million (96 per cent) was spent
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	Five projects were completed, benefitting the following local municipalities: Intsika Yethu Local Municipality (LM) with 4 395 people benefitting
	o Kopanong LM with 6 600 people benefitting
	Newcastle LM with 76 003 people benefitting
	Umsobomvu LM with 17 259 people benefitting
	Overstrand LM with 40 000 people benefitting
	• 63 Projects were in construction phase, 27 projects in design or tender phase and 33 projects in feasibility
Duningted Rfs	stage The great will continue until 2016/17, subject to review.
Projected life	• The grant will continue until 2016/17, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2014/15: R3 987 million, 2015/16: R4 222 million, and 2016/17: R4 624 million

	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant
Payment schedule	Payments are made after verification of work performed
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national	• Ensure every municipality benefiting from a specific project or scheme is invited to participate in the
officer and receiving	feasibility and IRS
officer	 Enter into agreements with WSA regarding the construction, ownership, funding arrangements, and operation and maintenance of proposed infrastructure prior to the commencement of construction Ensure the necessary authorisations including environmental impact assessment and water use licences
	are obtained
	Monitor the implementation of projects quarterly
	Provide detailed information on the selection criteria and conditions for the grant (RBIG Programme Implementation Framework)
	Ensure that agreements are in place between Water Services Providers and WSAs
	Responsibilities of WSAs which schemes will be transferred to
	Submission of monthly, quarterly and annual reports
	Ensure that projects are appropriately linked to the municipality's IDP
	• Ensure that once a project is completed the owner will adhere to an operations and maintenance plan or requirements agreed to as part of the funding agreement and will ensure that the infrastructure is operated and maintained efficiently and effectively
	Ensure integration of planning, funding, timing and implementation of bulk and reticulation projects
	Ensure that the WSA is able to provide the reticulation services required to provide households with access to the water services provided through the bulk infrastructure funded by this grant
Process for approval of 2015/16 business plans	All proposed projects which comply with the RBIG criteria must be registered and listed with DWA's provincial bulk master plans
	IRS will be evaluated and approved by DWA if the feasibility studies comply with the RBIG implementation framework and criteria
	At a regional level, a co-ordination committee comprising of representatives from DWA, National Treasury, Department of Cooperative Governance, and the South African Local Government Association meets to assist with the planning of projects, co-ordination and alignment with the WSAs reticulation needs
	At national level, projects are allocated a budget by DWA based on the RBIG Programme Implementation Framework
	 Based on the outcome of the IRS, DWA will nominate the IA for the construction phase and designate the owner of the infrastructure. National Treasury and benefitting municipalities will be informed of the decisions

	Munisipal Water Infrastructure Cuent
Transferring department	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant • Water Affairs (Vote 38)
Strategic goal	To assist Water Services Authorities (WSAs) to provide interim and/or intermediate and/or localised water supply
	services to consumers currently without services, particularly those in rural areas
Grant purpose	To facilitate the planning, acceleration and implementation of various projects that will ensure water supply to communities identified as not receiving a water supply service
Outcome statements	Increased household access to water supply enabled through, interim, and/or intermediate and/or localised water
	supply projects to communities identified as not receiving a water supply service as at March 2013
Outputs	Number of households provided with a water supply service
	Number of projects completed
	• Investment in the development of new infrastructure and/or refurbishment and/or upgrading and/or extension of
	 existing infrastructure Number of existing rural schemes that are made functional
	Number of existing that schemes that are made functional Number of communities/villages benefiting
	Number of job opportunities created
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities and food security for all
government that this grant	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	This grant uses business plans and agreements which contain the following: Outcome indicators
business plan	Outcome indicators Output indicators
	Key activities
	• Inputs
Conditions	Municipal Water Infrastrucutre Grant direct component (Schedule 5B)
	WSAs which are receiving municipalities will be required to conclude a Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant
	(MWIG) Agreement with the Department of Water Affairs (DWA) prior to implementation of project(s)
	MWIG funded projects must be included in the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and Water Services
	 Development Plan (WSDP) of the WSA The WSA must sign-off and submit, and DWA must approve, the technical report and business plans before funds
	can be transferred
	Business plans must include a commitment from the WSA to budget for and fund sustainable operations of the
	project
	• Where necessary DWA, in consultation with the WSA, must facilitate service level agreements for the
	appointment of Water Boards as service providers to operate and manage the water supply on behalf of the WSA
	 once the project is completed All projects having an impact on water resources must be aligned with any relevant water resource planning study
	and strategy developed or adopted by DWA
	WSAs that fail to comply with any of the Division of Revenue Act requirements and these framework conditions,
	or any MWIG contractual obligation, or have not made adequate progress during the previous financial year may
	have their allocations converted to schedule 6B allocations in terms of section 21 of the Division of Revenue Act
	and business plans will then be implemented by DWA
	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant indirect component (schedule 6B)
	• For municipalities where this grant is implemented as an allocation-in-kind (schedule 6B) DWA must enter into a
	Service Level Agreement (SLA) with the relevant municipality before any project is implemented. All SLAs
	must be signed by a Municipal Manager (or a delegated official) and DWA before projects can begin
	SLAs must specify: the location of the project and communities impacted
	- the consultation process undertaken with affected communities
	- the alignment between the project plan and the municipality's WSDP
	- the interim/intermediate and/or localised infrastructure that will be built or the intervention that will be
	implemented
	 the cost of the project and timeframe for completion how maintenance of the infrastructure will be conducted and funded in future by the municipality
	- details of how the capacity of the municipality will be strengthened through the project implementation
	process so that it can implement projects itself in future
	- who DWA's implementing agent will be
	- agreement by the municipality that the project should be implemented as an allocation-in-kind
	DWA and/or the implementing agent must provide for skills transfer as part of the implementation of projects DWA will appoint implementing agent must provide for skills transfer as part of the implementation of projects.
Allocation criteria	DWA will appoint implementing agents
Anocation Criteria	• Funding allocations have been prioritised to WSAs within the 24 priority district municipalities identified by
	government, based on communities with no access to water supply services as at March 2013

	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant
	 Municipalities will benefit in-kind through schedule 6B grant allocations if, on the assessment of DWA, a WSA fails to comply with any of the these framework conditions, or any MWIG contractual obligation, or where the WSA has not made adequate progress with a previous financial year's allocation
Reason not incorporated in	• The grant is an intervention which is earmarked for specific projects aimed at eradicating backlogs in water
equitable share	infrastructure
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcome
_	New grant introduced in 2013/14
	2012/13 municipal pre-audit outcome
	New grant introduced in 2013/14
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	New grant introduced in 2013/14
Projected life	The grant will continue until 2016/17, subject to review
MTEF allocations	Schedule 5B component:
	• 2014/15: R534 million, 2015/16: R1 380 million, and 2016/17: R1 302 million
	Schedule 6B component:
	• 2014/15: R525 million, 2015/16: R1 292 million, and 2016/17: R1 512 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of	Responsibilities of National Department
transferring national officer	Manage the overall grant
and receiving officer	• Facilitate the development of appropriate planning for each WSA and the development of a provincial plan to eradicate water supply backlogs in the prioritised districts
	Evaluate and approve the technical reports and business plans for each project
	Report to the National Water Sector Planning and Co-ordination Committee regarding any project in excess of R20 million
	Ensure that the conditions of the grant and approved business plans are met
	Facilitate support to WSA if required to implement the projects
	Facilitate agreement on SLAs for WSAs with schedule 6B allocations
	Submit monthly, quarterly progress and annual reports to the National Treasury
	Responsibilities of the participating Water Boards
	Assist DWA in managing the implementation of the overall programme
	Carry out technical reports for some of the projects
	Manage the implementation of some of the projects as an implementing agent of the WSA
	Become Water Service Providers of the WSAs for the on-going management of water supply for projects where
	appointed by the WSA
	Assist the WSA where necessary in managing water supply infrastructure
	Develop adequate capacity, resources and skills to manage rural water supply schemes
	Water Boards must submit monthly, quarterly and annual reports when implementing projects
	Responsibilities of Water Services Authorities
	Develop adequate integrated planning for water services
	• Compile an overall plan for the jurisdiction of the WSA on how to address all water supply backlogs and how all
	available funding will be aligned
	• For schedule 5B allocations, compile and submit signed-off business plans for each project, including addressing how the projects will be operated and maintained (budget and capacity)
	• For schedule 6B allocations, conclude a SLA with DWA on the project including how the WSA or its nominated WSP will fund and operate and maintain the infrastructure
	Consideration must be given to Community Based Organisations (CBOs) to operate and maintain rural schemes
	Manage the development and sign off the technical report for each project
	Ensure adequate participation and involvement of the public in each of the projects, particularly in rural areas
	Manage the project implementation in line with the business plan and/ or the SLA
	Budget for and ensure on-going effective and efficient operations and maintenance of the projects once completed, at the WSA's cost
	Comply with all the funding conditions agreed to in the Business plan and MWIG Agreement and/ or SLA where there is co-funding
l	Contribute to the financial costs of some of the projects
	 Contribute to the financial costs of some of the projects Submit monthly, quarterly and annual reporting as required by the Division of Revenue Act and DWA for

Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant

Process for approval of 2015/16 business plans

Schedule 5B allocations

- WSA to submit business plan by 30 September 2014, including technical report
- DWA to evaluate and ask for any changes if required by 31 October 2014
- business plans signed and formalised by 30 November 2014, must include:
 - specific support plans to enhance ability and capacity
 - o a breakdown of the cost of projects to be implemented
 - o clear time lines of when and where projects will be implemented
 - o commitment of budget and capacity to operate and maintain the project
- Where technical reports are still in process as at September 2014, conditional approval may be granted by DWA, subject to the final technical report as well as amendments to the business plan being submitted for approval to DWA no later than 15 May 2015

Schedule 6B allocations

- DWA, in consultation with a WSA, must compile a business plan by 30 September 2014, including tecnichal reports
- WSA and DWA officials must sign the business plans and technical reports by 30 November 2014
- business plans signed and formalised by 30 November 2014, must include:
 - o specific support plans to enhance ability and capacity
 - a breakdown of the cost of projects to be implemented
 - o clear time lines of when and where projects will be implemented
 - o commitment of budget and capacity of the WSA to operate and maintain the project
- Where technical reports are still in process as at September 2014, conditional approval may be granted by DWA, subject to the final technical report as well as amendments to the business plan being approved by both the WSA and DWA by no later than 30 May 2015

Transferring denartment	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant
Transferring department	Water Affairs (Vote 38) To transfer Department of Water Affairs (DWA) restor comings function at 6f and assets to lead.
Strategic goal	• To transfer Department of Water Affairs (DWA) water services function, staff and assets to local government in accordance with the agreed policy framework, enabling effective, efficient and sustainable
	service delivery by all receiving Water Services Authorities (WSAs)
Grant purpose	To subsidise, refurbish and restore the functionality of water services schemes previously owned and/or
Grant pur pose	operated by DWA or by other agencies on behalf of the department
Outcomes statements	The transfer of the water services function, including departmental staff to local government
O accomes statements	The transfer of infrastructure owned by the department to receiving WSAs or their elected Water Service
	Providers (WSPs)
	To ensure that transferred schemes are fully functional to ensure optimal service delivery by the WSA
	WSA/WSP is supported to develop sufficient capacity in line with funding requirements
Outputs	Operating outputs as defined in the business plan:
•	o number of and degree to which WSAs were supported to build capacity and skills for enabling
	optimal service delivery on transferred water services schemes
	Transfer outputs as outlined in the policy framework and business plan:
	o schemes refurbished to standards outlined in terms of the agreed policy framework
	o schemes where the functionality has been restored
	o number of transferred schemes
	o number of transferred staff
Details contained in	Outcome indicators
business plans	Output indicators
	Key activities
	• Inputs
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
government that this grant	
primarily contributes to	
Conditions	• Funds transferred to WSAs must be utilised for the intended purpose and there must be proper
	accountability by both receiving and transferring institutions
	• The operating subsidy (grant-in-kind) will cover staff related costs (HR component), the direct operating
	and maintenance costs, refurbishment of water services schemes transferred to water boards, and will
	facilitate the transfer of schemes
	All receiving municipalities and WSPs will be required to conclude formal Transfer Agreements (TA)
	and subsequent addendums to the TA
	Approval of allocations is conditional on a business plan that meets the requirements prescribed
	• Receiving WSAs must illustrate that appropriate operations and maintenance measures are in place to
	ensure the sustainability of transferred water services schemes
	Reporting on the grant must be done on a monthly basis
Allocation criteria	Allocations based on the residual refurbishment and functionality requirements established in June 2013
	• Allocation are set out in the transfer agreement, in line with a business plan for the project and as agreed
	upon with National Treasury
	Schedule 5B will cover provision for areas where refurbishment of schemes falls under a WSA
	Schedule 6B will cover provisions for staff not yet transferred to a WSA, and goods and services
Reason not incorporated in	The refurbishment component addresses the refurbishment of transferred water services schemes
equitable share	
Past performance	2012/13 audited financial outcomes
	• Direct transfers to municipalities: R562.4 million allocated, and transferred, of which R332.3 million (59
	per cent) was reported spent by municipalities
	• Allocation in kind for municipalities: R132.6 million allocated, with R112.6 million (85 per cent) spent
	2012/13 service delivery performance
	• Over the life of the grant 59 agreements have been signed, 5 779 staff transferred and 1 651 schemes transferred (including rudimentary schemes), the total value of schemes transferred (valuated at the 2002-
	baseline) amounts to R4 587 million 11 schemes valued at more than R100 million and with a total value of R1 732 million (aligned to the
	• 11 schemes valued at more than R100 million and with a total value of R1 732 million (aligned to the 2002-baseline) have not yet been transferred due to capacity reservations of receiving WSAs
	300 DWA staff members have not been accepted for transfer by receiving WSAs Funding has been allocated to refurble 188 water services schemes in the 2013/14 financial year.
Ducinated life	Funding has been allocated to refurbish 188 water services schemes in the 2013/14 financial year The great continues partial 2016/17 publicates review.
Projected life	• The grant continues until 2016/17, subject to review
MTEF allocations	Direct transfers (Schedule 5B): 2014/15 PASS : IV: 2015/16 PASS : IV: 12016/17 P
	o 2014/15: R450 million, 2015/16: R470 million, and 2016/17: R495 million
	Allocation-in-kind (Schedule 6B): 2014/15 PM20 :: III
	o 2014/15: R142 million, 2015/16: R151 million, and 2016/17: R159 million

	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant		
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury		
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of national department		
national department and	Agree with WSAs on outputs and targets		
municipalities and WSAs	Continue to provide support to municipalities to enable independence in managing the schemes		
	Report to National Treasury on the grant performance (in the prescribed format) and ensure compliance		
	with the grant conditions		
	Maintain the comprehensive Refurbishment Project Management System (RPMS)		
	Conduct regular site inspections on projects implemented by WSAs		
	Submit monthly, quarterly progress and annual reports in a format agreed to with National Treasury		
	Responsibilities of municipalities (WSAs)		
	WSAs will submit monthly, quarterly and annual reports in the format prescribed by National Treasury and DWA		
	Submission of refurbishment plans prior to the scheduled transfer of funds in compliance with standards set by DWA		
	Approval of Transfer Agreement Addendum		
	• Effective, efficient and sustainable operations and maintenance of transferred, and refurbished water		
	services schemes		
Process for approval of	• Refurbishment project plans (business plans) must be approved prior to transfer of funds and should		
2015/16 business plans	include, at minimum:		
	o names of schemes to be refurbished as aligned to the TA		
	o components to be refurbished as aligned to the TA		
	 scope/degree of refurbishment per component 		
	o a breakdown of the cost of refurbishment and its implications		
	o measures in place to ensure sustainability (adequate operations and maintenance) of water services		
	schemes to be refurbished		
	 specific support plans which may be required to enhance ability and capacity 		

ANNEXURE W4

SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B; SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 7, PART B): CURRENT GRANTS

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B & SCHEDULE 7, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS 1 OF 2

		Local G	Local Government Financial		Municipal Sys.	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	nent Grant	Expanded P	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	rogramme	Munic	Municipal Disaster Grant	Srant	Public Trans	Public Transport Network Operations	Operations
	•	National and	Municipal Fin	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	+	National and	Municipal Fin		National and	Municipal Fir	nancial Year	National and	Municipal Fin	ancial Year
Category	Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	_	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)		2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE																
A BUF A NMA	Buffalo City Nelson Mandela Bay	1 500	1 500	1 500				1 890						130 000	150 000	150 000
	Camdeboo	1 800	1 850	1 900	934	296	1 018	1 000								
B EC102	Blue Crane Route	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296	1 018	1 000								
	Ikwezi Makana	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	796	1 018	1 000								
	Ndlambe	1 800	1 850	1 900	934	296	1 018	1 000								
	Sundays River Valley	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 000								
B EC107	Baviaans Konga	1 600	1 700	1 800	934	796	1018	1 285								
	Kou-Kamma	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1 000								
C DCI0	Cacadu District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	296	1 018	1 236								
Total: Cacadu Municipalities	micipalities	16 650	17 450	18 300	9 340	0.04	10 180	10 918								
	Mbhashe	1 600				296	1 019	1 153								
	Mnquma	1 600				296	1 019	1 522								
	Great Kei	1 800				196	1 018	1 000								
B EC124		1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296	1018	1 245								
	Nkonkobe	1 800				196	1 018	1 070								
	Nxuba	1 800				296	1 018	1 000								
C DC12	Amathole District Municipality	1 250				296	1 018	3 045								
Total: Amathole Municipalities	Aunicipalities	13 250			7 472	7 736	8 146	11 035								
B EC131	Inxuba Yethemba	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 487								
	Tsolwana	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1 177								
B EC133	Inkwanca	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1 281								
B EC134	Lukanji Intsika Vethu	009 1	1 650	700	934	796	1018	1 714								
	Emalableni	1 800	1 850	1 900	934	196	1 018	1217								
	Engcobo	1 600	1 650	1 700	930	196	1 019	1 687								
B EC138	Sakhisizwe	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296	1 018	1 000								
Total: Chris Hani	Municipalities	14 900	15 500	16 100	8 402	8 697	9 163	20 536								
	- Trainchannes		200		7010			0000							İ	
	Elundini	1 600		1 700	934	196	1 018	1 590								
	Sengu	1 600		1 700	934	967	1 018	1 976								
B EC143	Garien	800	1 950	2 100	934	796	1 018	1000								
C DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	1 250		1 300	934	296	1 018	1 309								
Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities	Municipalities	8 050		8 900	4 670	4 835	2 090	2 0 1 0 1 0								
B EC153	Ngquza Hill	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 000								
	Port St Johns	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 119								
	Nyandeni	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 172								
B EC156	Mhlonto Vira Sabata Dalindados	1 800	1850	1 900	934	967	1018	1 221								
	O.R. Tambo District Municipality	1 500	1 500	1 500	934	796	1 018	12 994								
otal: O.R	Municipalities	0066	10 250	10 600	5 604	5 802	9019	19 035								
	No. of the Control of	000	000	100	700	200	9	0, 4								
B EC441	Matatie	009	1 650	1 700	934	796	1018	1 503								
	Mbizana	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 000								
B EC444	Ntabankulu	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 298								
C DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	196	1 018	8 323								
Total: Affred Nzo Municipalities	Municipalities	7 850	8 150	8 200	4 670	4 835	2 090	16 699								
Total: Eastern Ca	Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities	73 350	76 550	80 000	40 158	41 575	43 777	100 628						130 000	150 000	150 000

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B & SCHEDULE 7, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS 1 0F2

	Local G	Local Government Financial Management Grant	ancial	Municipal Sy	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	nent Grant	Expanded Pt	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	ogramme	Munic	Municipal Disaster Grant	Srant	Public Tran	Public Transport Network Operations	Operations
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	+	National and Municipal Financial Year	Municipal Fin	-	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year
Category Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	_	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)		2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
ESTATE															
MAN Mangaung	1 500	1 500	1 500				2 431								
	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 010								
FS162 Kopanong FS163 Mohokare	009 1	1 650	2 100	934	967	1 018	1 225								
	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 000								
DC16 Xhariep District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	967	1 018	1 080								
i. Analiep Municipalnes	007.0	00/0	0000	0/0+	660+	ncn c	0.040								
FS181 Masilonyana	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 023								
	1 800	1 950	2 100	930	967	1019	1 223								
	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 139								
FS185 Nala DC18 Loiueleauteure Dietrict Municipalite	1 250	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1 034								
tsw2	10 050	10 700	11 400	5 600	5 795	6 109	5 502								
FS191 Sersoto	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296	1 018	2 632								
FS192 Dihlabeng	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 019	1 067								
	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296	1 018	1 104								
FS194 Maluti-a-Phofung	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	967	1018	1 000								
	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	967	1 018	1 00 1								
DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	296	1 018	1 282								
l: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	11 050	11 450	11 900	6 538	6 2 6 9	7 127	12 952								
FS201 Moqhaka	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296	1 019	1 195								
	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296	1 019	1 000								
FS204 Metsimaholo	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	967	1018	1 109								
	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	967	1 018	1 055								
l: Fezile Dabi Municipalities	7 850	8 150	8 500	4 670	4 835	5 092	5 359								
l: Free State Municipalities	38 700	40 550	42 600	21 478	22 234	23 418	31 592								
TENG															
	1 250	1 250	1 300				6 422								
JHB City of Johannesburg TSH City of Tshwane	1 250	1 250 4 700	3 000				36 492						236 000	287 000	302 211
GT421 Emfuleni	1 450	1 500		934	196	1 018	4 191								
	1 450	1 500		934	296	1 018	1 135								
GT423 Lesedi DC42 Sedibeng District Municipality	1 450	1 500	1 300	934	967	1 019	1 269								
: Sedibeng Municipalities	5 600	5 750	6 400	3 736	3 868	4 073	7 595								
	1 450	1 500	1 700	934	196	1 018	2 052								
	1 450	1 500	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 003								
G1483 Westonana GT484 Merafong City	1 450	1 650	1 700	934	967	1 018	1 954								
DC48 West Rand District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	196	1 018	1 290								
l: West Rand Municipalities	7 200	7 400	8 100	4 670	4 835	2 090	8 230								
l: Gauteng Municipalities	20 300	20350	20 100	8 406	8 703	9 163	89 799						374 000	448 000	488 211

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B & SCHEDULE 7, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS I OF 2

1300 1300 134 1300 134 1300 134 1300 130			Local Go	Local Government Financial Management Grant		Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	tems Improve	ement Grant	Expanded Pt.	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	ogramme	Munic	Municipal Disaster Grant	Grant	Public Tran	Public Transport Network Operations Grant	Operations
Municipality Total control of the control			National and	Municinal Fin	ancial Year	National and	Municipal Fin	nancial Year	National and N	Vimicinal Fina	-	National and	Municipal Fi	inancial Year	-	Municipal Fir	nancial Year
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Category	Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	-	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)		2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
1350 1260 1360	KWAZULU-NATAL																
the control of the co	ETH		1 250	1 250	1 300				34 154						120 820	162 713	171 337
near 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 1300 934 967 1018 1800 1950 1300 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 1200 934 967 1018 1800 1950 1900 4666 4828 5902 1800 1800 1950 1900 4666 4828 5902 1800 1800 1950 1900 4666 4828 4072 1018 1800 1950 1900 1900 344 967 1018 1800 1950 1900 1900 344 967 1018 1800 1950 1900 1900 344 967 1018 1800 1950 1900 1900 344 967 1018 1800 1950 1900 1900 344 967 1018 1800 1950 1900 1900 344 967 1018 1800 1950 1900 1900 344 967 1018 1800 1950 1900 1900 344 967 1018 1800 1950 1900 1900 344 967 1018 1800 1950 1900 1900 344 967 1018 1800 1950 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 19	KZN211	0	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 000								
the control of the co	KZN212		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 261								
Manicipality 1800 1959 2100 934 967 1018 set Manicipality 1800 1959 2100 934 967 1018 Manicipality 1800 1959 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018	KZN213		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 020								
Municipality 1 800 1 550 2 100 934 967 1 018 Municipality 1 800 1 650 1 700 934 967 1 018 In 800 1 550 2 100 934 967 1 018 In 800 1 500 1 5	KZN214	bantu	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 000								
Manicipality 12.00 12.50 13.00 93.4 967 10.08 Manicipality 12.00 12.50 13.00 93.4 967 10.08 1 800 15.50 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 1 800 15.50 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 1 800 15.50 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 1 800 15.50 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 1 800 15.50 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 1 800 15.50 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 1 800 15.50 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 8 8 8 9 10.00 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 2 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3 9 10.00 93.4 967 10.08 3	KZNZIS	II	008	1 950	2 100	934	796	1018	1 053								
1856 12650 13500 6538 6769 7136 11360 12650 11360 12650 11360	DC21 1	ict Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	967	1018	1 368								
ini lead to le	Total: Ugu Municipalities		11 850	12 650	13 500	6 538	6929	7 126	7 786								
ini limited Municipality (1906) 1550 1700 1740 1740 1740 1740 1740 1740 174	ICCINZA		1 000	050	91,0	034	290	0101	900								
ini 1800 1950 2 100 934 967 1018	VZNIZZI	=	009 1	1 650	1 700	934	106	1010	900								
initic learner Municipality 1800 1850 2110 914 967 1018 1800 1850 2110 914 967 1018 1800 1850 2110 914 967 1018 1800 1850 2110 914 967 1018 1800 1	KZN223		008	1 950	2 100	934	796	1018	000								
tinit 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 lood Desired Municipality 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 Load Desired Municipality 1250 1250 1300 934 967 1018 Ladysmith 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 Ladysmith 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 strict Municipality 1800 1650 1700 934 967 1018 strict Municipality 1800 1650 1700 934 967 1018 strict Municipality 1800 1850 2100 934 967 1018 <td< td=""><td>KZN224</td><td></td><td>1 800</td><td>1 950</td><td>2 100</td><td>934</td><td>196</td><td>1 018</td><td>1 294</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	KZN224		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 294								
inite to the control of the control	KZN225		1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	2 782								
1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	KZN226	ıthini	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1 132								
Market M	KZN227		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 255								
13.456 14.350 15.250 74.72 77.56 8.144 1.4.50 1.4.	C DC22 Omgungu	ndiovu District Municipality	0071	0071	nnc I	404	707	0101	3 321								
Cladysmith 1 600 1 650 1 700 934 967 1 018 1 0	Total: Umgungundlovu Munk	cipalities	13 450	14 300	15 200	7 472	7.736	8 144	12.784								
strict Municipality 1 810 1850 2 110 954 967 1018 8 150 1860 1850 2 110 954 967 1018 8 150 1860 1850 2 110 954 954 967 1018 8 150 1860 1850 2 110 954 954 967 1018 8 150 1850 1850 1850 1850 1850 185	KZN232	thi/Ladysmith	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	4 032								
strict Municipality 1 600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 strict Municipality 1 800 1850 2 100 934 967 1018 strict Municipality 1 800 1850 1 1000 8 44 967 1018 1 800 1850 1 1000 8 40 967 1018 1 800 1850 1 1000 8 40 967 1018 1 800 1850 1 250 2 100 934 967 1018 1 800 1850 1 300 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 300 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 300 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 944 947 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800	KZN233	•	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 000								
strict Municipality 1800 1959 2100 934 967 1018 strict Municipality 1800 1850 2100 934 967 1018 strict Municipality 1800 1850 2100 934 967 1018 strict Municipality 1800 1850 1800 969 1000 strict Municipality 1800 1850 1800 969 1018 strict Municipality 1800 1800 1800 1800 1801 1801	KZN234		1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296	1 018	1 000								
strict Municipality 1800 1850 2100 934 967 1018 strict Municipality 1800 1850 1300 934 967 1018 Destrict Municipality 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 1 600 1670 1700 934 967 1018 1 800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1 800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1 800 1950 1300 934 967 1018 1 810 8 8 850 900 4666 4828 5092 1 800 1 800 1 800 934 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 934 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 934 967 1018 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 2 10	KZN235	ıba	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 159								
1000 1000	KZN236	ne Dienies Meniorinalise	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1018	1 000								
District Municipality 1 (600 1 (650 1700 934 967 1018 1800 1850 1800 1850 1800 1850 1800 1850 1800 1850 1800 1850 1800 1850 1800 1850 1800 1850 1800 1850 1800 180	Total: Uthukela Municipalities	S same pancy	0886	10 400	11 000	5 604	5 802	6 108	11 490								
District Municipality 1800 1950 1700 534 907 1018 District Municipality 1800 1950 1700 934 967 1018 1800 1950 1800 934 967 1018 1800 1950 1350 1300 934 967 1018 1810 1850 1950 1010 934 967 1018 1810 1850 1950 1010 934 967 1018 1810 1850 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1810 1850 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1810 1850 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1810 1850 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1810 1850 1950 2100 934 967 1018 1810 1850 1950 2100 934 967 1018	12/2/12/41		1 600	1,650	1 700	100	200	0101	000 1								
1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018	KZN241		1 800	1 950	2 100	930	096	1 020	1 254								
District Municipality 1250 1750 1800 954 967 1018 1250 1520 9000 4666 4838 5902 1250 1550 9000 4666 4838 5902 1550 1550 1750 954 967 1018 1550 1550 150 954 967 1018 1550 1550 150 954 967 1018 1550 1550 150 954 967 1018 1550 1550 1650 1650 1650 1650 1550 1550 1550 1650 1650 1550 1550 1550 1550 1550 1550 1550 1550	KZN244		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1 899								
District Municipality 1 250 1 250 1 300 934 967 1 018 150 1 250 1 200 1	KZN245		1 700	1 750	1 800	934	196	1 018	2 132								
ss 8 150 8 8550 9 000 4 666 4 828 5 902 8 150 8 150 8 150 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	DC24	hi District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	296	1 018	1 790								
ii 1 600 1 650 1 700 934 967 1 018 1 800 1 950 2 100 934 967 1 018 2 1 800 1 950 1 1 800 1 950 2 100 934 967 1 018 2 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8	Total: Umzinyathi Municipali	ities	8 150	8 550	000 6	4 666	4 828	5 092	8 075								
ii 1800 1950 2100 934 967 1018 strict Municipality 6700 7 1950 3736 3868 4072	KZN252		1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296		2 411								
strict Municipality 1 800 1950 2 100 934 967 1 018 strict Municipality 1 800 1 500 1 500 934 967 1 018 6 700 7 400 3 736 3 868 4 072	KZN253	eni	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196		1 000								
Strict Municipality 1 500 1 500 1 500 1 500 934 967 1 018 67 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	KZN254	er	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196		1 000								
6 700 7 050 7 400 3 736 3 868 4 072	C DC25 Amajuba1	District Municipality	1 500	1 500	1 500	934	196		1 276								
	Total: Amajuba Municipalitie	88	6 700	7 050	7 400	3 736	3 868	4 072	2 687								

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B & SCHEDULE 7, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS 1 OF 2

			Local G	Local Government Financial Management Grant	ancial	Municipal Sys	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	nent Grant	Expanded P	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	Programme	Muni	Municipal Disaster Grant	Grant	Public Tran	Public Transport Network Operations Grant	Operations
			National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Vear	National and	National and Municinal Financial Year	meial Year	National and	National and Municinal Financial Year	nancial Year	_	1 Municipal F	National and Municipal Financial Year	ľ.	National and Municinal Financial Year	nancial Year
Ĺ	Category	Municipality	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	_	2015/16	2016/17		2015/16	2016/17
			(ana w)	(000 W)	(000 W)	(ana w)	(account	(accay)	(GOOW)	(000)	(000)	(ann w)	(ann w)	(account)	(wood)	(anow)	(aaa w)
В	KZN261	eDumbe	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 081								
В	KZN262		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 837			_					
В	KZN263		1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296	1 018	1 376			_					
В	KZN265		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1 041								
В	KZN266		1 700	1 750	1 800	934	296	1 018	1 031			_					
O	DC26	Zululand District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	296	1 018	2 486								
Tota	Total: Zululand Municipalities	unicipalities	0666	10 500	11 100	5 604	5 802	9019	8 852								
В	KZN271		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1 355								
В	KZN272	Jozini	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 019	2 011			_					
В	KZN273	The Big 5 False Bay	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1 000								
В	KZN274		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 019	1 000								
В	KZN275	Mtubatuba	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 019	1 059								
O	DC27		1 250	1 250	1 300	934	196	1 018	1 126			_					
Lota	Umkhanyaka	Total: Umkhanyakude Municipalities	10 250	11 000	11 800	5 604	5 802	1119	7.551								
В	KZN281	Mfolozi	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1 455								
В	KZN282		1 600	1 650	1 700	930	096	1 019	1 896								
В	KZN283	Ntambanana	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1.771			_					
В	KZN284	uMlalazi	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	2 172								
В	KZN285	Mthonjaneni	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	2 375								
В	KZN286	Nkandla	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 648								
Ö	DC28	Uthungulu District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	196	1 018	5 337								
Tota	Uthungulu N	Total: Uthungulu Municipalities	11 650	12 350	13 100	6 534	6 762	71127	16 654								
В	KZN291	Mandeni	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 646								
В	KZN292	KwaDukuza	1 700	1 750	1 750	934	296	1 018	1 248			_					
В	KZN293	Ndwedwe	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1 000								
В	KZN294	Maphumulo	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1 000								
Ü	DC29	iLembe District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	296	1 018	2 2 1 8								
Tota	Total: iLembe Municipalities	nicipalities	8 350	8 820	9 350	4 670	4 835	2 090	7 112								
д	K7N431	Incress	1 800	1 950	2 100	034	290	8101	000								
ם	VZNI432		900	1 050	0017	034	100	0101	1 000			_					
9 6	NZIN432		1 200	1 930	7 100	934	706	0101	1 001			_					
20 1	KZN455		00/1	1 /50	1 800	934	/96	1 018	1/54			_					
B	KZN434		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 090			_					
В	KZN435		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 913								
ပ	DC43	Harry Gwala District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	296	1 018	2 729								
Lota	Fotal: Sisonke Municipalities	nicipalities	10 150	10 800	11 500	5 604	5 802	9019	9 567								
Tota	KwaZuh-Na	Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities	101 600	107 700	114 250	56 032	900 85	980 19	179 717						120.820	162 713	171 227

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B & SCHEDULE 7, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS I OF 2

		Local G	Local Government Financial	r				Expanded P.	Expanded Public Works Programme	ramme				Public Tran	Public Transport Network Operations	Operations
		Ma	Management Grant		Municipal Sys	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	ment Grant	Integrated t	Integrated Grant for Municipalities		Munici	Municipal Disaster Grant	Grant		Grant	
		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	Н	National and	Fina		National and Municipal Financial Year	Municipal Fi	nancial Year	-	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year
Category	Municipality	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16 24	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
		(many)	(0.00	(ana w	(0.00	(200)		(2000)							(ana se	(000 11
LIMPOPO																
B LIM331 Greater Giyani		1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 480								
B LIM332 Greater Letaba	a	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 73 1								
B LIM333 Greater Tzaneen	uax uax	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	2 060								
B LIM334 Ba-Phalaborwa	va va	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296	1 018	1212								
LIM335		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1316								
C DC33 Mopani Distric	Mopani District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	296	1 018	2 195								
Total: Mopani Municipalities		9 450	008 6	10 200	5 604	5 802	9019	9 994				Ī				
B I M341 Musina		1 800	1 050	2 100	034	290	1 018	1.067								
I IM342		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	667	1018	1357								
L IM343		1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296	1018	1 737								
		0091	1 650	1 700	934	196	1018	1128								
DC34	Vhembe District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	196	1 018	3 696								
1.5		8 050	8 450	8 900	4 670	4 835	5 090	8 985								
n 1 1905		000 1	0501	001.0	100	200	0101	1 661								
		000	0.60	2 100	934	/06	1019	1001								
LIM352		1 800	0561	7 100	934	/96	6101	1 550								
LIM353		1 600	1 650	1 700	934	967	1 018	1454								
LIM354		1 800	1 950	2 100	930	196	1 019	3 960								
	id	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	967	1 018	1712								
C DC35 Capricorn Dist	Capricorn District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	/96	1 018	1 964		1		Ī				
Total: Capricorn Municipalities		0886	10 400	11 000	2 600	5 802	11119	12 277		1	1	Ī				
F		1	1 / 50		700	100	010	1 40 %								
		000 1	000 1		456	/06	1018	1490								
LIM362		1 600	1 650		934	1967	1 018	1 035								
LIM364		1 800	1 950		934	967	6101	1134								
		1 600	0001		934	/96	8101	1 502								
B LIM366 Bela-Bela		009 1	1 650		934	196	6101	1 123								
		1 360	1 050	1,000	934	700	0101	1 000								
12	wateroerg District Municipality	11.050	1 450	ľ	954	/06	1 1018	1 000	1	l	t	Ī				
rotal: traceroof attended		00011	004.11		0000	6/6	1	0.00								
	pie	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296	1 018	1 279								
LIM472	ledi	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1187								
	naga	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 032								
		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 052								
LIM475	se	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 364								
C DC47 Sekhukhune D	Sekhukhune District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	296	1 018	3 466								
Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities	s	9 450	008 6	10 200	5 604	5 802	9019	9 380								
Total: I impone Municipalities		47.850	49 900	52 200	28 016	29 010	30 545	49 931								

ANNEXURE W4
SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B & SCHEDULE 7, PART B): CURRENT GRANTS I OF 2

National and Municipal Financial Year National According 1978 170			Local G	Local Government Financial Management Grant	nancial unt	Municipal Sys	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	ment Grant	Expanded P Integrated	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	rogramme ncipalities	Munic	Municipal Disaster Grant	Grant	Public Tran	Public Transport Network Operations Grant	Operations
PUMALANGA Number Municipality 2014/13 2014/15			National and	Municipal Fir	nancial Year	National and	Municipal Fin	ancial Year	National and	Municipal Fin	nancial Year	National and	Municipal Fi	nancial Year	Na tional and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year
Mary	Category	Municipality	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
MP301 Albert Luthulf 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP302 Mahaligwa 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP303 Mahaligwa 1600 1600 1600 1700 934 967 1018 MP304 Mahaligwa 1600 1600 1700 934 967 1018 MP304 Chevan Medical Mahaligwa 1600 1600 1700 934 967 1018 MP304 Chevan Medical Mahaligwa 1600 1600 1700 934 967 1018 MP304 Chevan Medical Mahaligwa 1250 1250 1260 1700 934 967 1018 MP304 Chevan Medical Mahaligwa 1250 1250 1700 934 967 1018 MP304 Chevan Medical Mahaligwa 1600 1600 1700 934 967 1018 MP304 Chevan Medical Mahaligwa 1600 1600 1700 934 967 1018 MP304 Chevan Medical Mahaligwa 1600 1600 1700 934 967 1018 MP304 Chevan Medical Mahaligwa 1600 1600 1700 934 967 1018 MP304 Chevan Medical Mahaligwa 1600 1600 1700 934 967 1018 MP304 Chevan Che			(anna)	(A OOO)	(a) (a)	(0000	(4,000)	(A 000)	(000 V)	(A 000)	(N 000 0)	(N 000 0)	(4 000)	(000 V)	(ann v)	(000 V)	(ann w
MP301 Albert Luthuli 1 600 1 650 1 700 934 967 1 018 MP303 MRJandaligwa 1 600 1 650 1 700 934 967 1 018 MP304 MP304 MP304 1 700 934 967 1 018 MP304 Lokeva 1 600 1 600 1 700 934 967 1 018 MP304 Lokeva 1 600 1 600 1 700 934 967 1 018 MP304 Corra Shande District Municipality 1 250 1 200 934 967 1 018 MP311 Victor Klanye 1 600 1 500 1 700 934 967 1 018 MP311 Victor Klanye 1 600 1 700 934 967 1 018 MP312 Emaldaran 1 600 1 700 934 967 1 018 MP312 Emaldaran 1 600 1 700 934 967 1 018 MP312 Emaldaran 1 800 1 70	MPUMALANGA																
MF301 Meant Luthuil 1 600 1 600 1 700 934 967 1 018 MF303 Mashachigane 1 600 1 650 1 700 934 967 1 018 MF303 Lekwa 1 600 1 650 1 700 934 967 1 018 MF303 Lekwa 1 600 1 650 1 700 934 967 1 018 MF304 Pock Meshes 1 600 1 600 1 700 934 967 1 018 MF304 Cert Shande Municipality 1 600 1 600 1 700 934 967 1 018 MF314 Stock Meshes 1 600 1 600 1 700 934 967 1 018 MF312 Emaluscent 1 600 1 600 1 700 934 967 1 018 MF313 Stave Tshare 1 600 1 600 1 700 934 967 1 018 MF315 Therwisele Hmi 1 600 1 600 1 700 934 967 1 018 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>9</td> <td></td>			9														
MF930. Michaeland, Mandarality 1 (600) 1 (500) 1 (700) 9.24 9.77 1 (10) MF930. Michaeland, Michaeland 1 (600) 1 (600) 1 (700) 9.94 9.67 1 (10) MF930. Lewes 1 (600) 1 (700) 9.94 9.67 1 (10) MF930. Lewes 1 (600) 1 (700) 9.94 9.67 1 (10) MF930. Cowan Meeds 1 (600) 1 (20) 1 (20) 9.94 9.67 1 (10) MF931. Cora Shande Dastrict Municipality 1 (20) 1 (20) 9.94 9.67 1 (10) MF931. Francisco 1 (20) 1 (20) 1 (20) 9.94 9.67 1 (10) MF931. Francisco 1 (20) 1 (20) 1 (20) 9.94 9.67 1 (10) MF931. Francisco 1 (20) 1 (20) 1 (20) 9.94 9.67 1 (10) MF931. Francisco 1 (20) 1 (20) 1 (20) 9.94 9.67			1 600	1 650	1 700	934	796	1018	4 105								
MF940 Purpose 1 000 554 507 1 019 MF941 Falkey and MF943 Falkey and MF943 1 000 954 967 1 019 MF946 Decay Daylescog 1 000 1 700 954 967 1 018 MF940 Decay Daylescog 1 000 1 700 954 967 1 018 MF940 Cora Mebag 1 500 1 700 954 967 1 018 D C30 Ger Shonde Municipalities 1 260 1 700 954 967 1 018 MF941 Every Elawer 1 600 1 650 1 700 954 967 1 018 MF941 Every Elawer 1 600 1 650 1 700 954 967 1 018 MF941 Every Elawer 1 600 1 650 1 700 954 967 1 018 MF941 Every Elawer 1 600 1 650 1 700 954 967 1 018 MF941 Every Elawer 1 600 1 650 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1 000</td><td>000 1</td><td>1 700</td><td>934</td><td>196</td><td>1010</td><td>1 144</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			1 000	000 1	1 700	934	196	1010	1 144								
MF305 Likyan MF305 Likyan 934 967 1019 MF305 Likyan 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1019 MF307 Covam Medic 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 DC30 Cear Shande District Municipality 1250 1300 934 967 1018 MF312 Emalabrai 1260 1300 1300 934 967 1018 MF312 Emalabrai 1660 1660 1700 934 967 1018 MF312 Emalabrai 1660 1660 1700 934 967 1018 MF312 Familya 1660 1660 1700 934 967 1018 MF312 Familya 1660 1660 1700 934 967 1018 MF312 Familya 1660 1660 1700 934 967 1018 MF32 Mempala 1660			009 1	1 650	1 700	934	796	1019	3 554								
MF307 Openes May Name May Name District Municipality 1800 1930 934 967 1018 DC30 Gert Shande District Municipality 1 250 1 250 1 300 934 967 1018 DC30 Gert Shande District Municipality 1 250 1 250 1 300 934 967 1018 MP311 Emailular 1 600 1 60 1 700 934 967 1018 MP312 Emailular 1 600 1 60 1 700 934 967 1018 MP312 Emailular 1 600 1 60 1 700 934 967 1018 MP312 Emailular 1 600 1 60 1 700 934 967 1018 MP312 Emailular 1 60 1 60 1 700 934 967 1018 MP312 Emailular 1 60 1 60 1 700 934 967 1018 MP312 Emailular 1 60 1 60 1 700 934 967 1018 MP32 Mombela 1 60 1 60 1 60 1 60 1 700 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>1 600</td> <td>1 650</td> <td>1 700</td> <td>934</td> <td>296</td> <td>1 019</td> <td>1 190</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296	1 019	1 190								
MS917 Gers Mebale MS927 Gers Shande Municipality 1269 1369 1369 7472 7736 8146 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			1 800	1 950	21	934	296	1 018	1 435								
12.00 Gard Shande District Municipality 12.60 12.00 13.000 934 957 1018 101			1 600	1 650		934	296	1 018	2 071								
Mary Cart Shanade Municipalities 12 660 13 100 13 660 7 472 7756 8 146 17	C DC30		1 250	1 250	1 300	934	196	1 018	1 587								
MP311 Victor Khanye 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP312 Emabhicat 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP313 Sheve Tshwete 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP314 Sheve Tshwete 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP314 The Emabhazari 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP316 Dr.S. Morosla 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP316 Dr.S. Morosla 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP321 Namagan Daviret Municipality 1160 1450 1700 934 967 1018 MP322 Nixomar 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP324 Mrombrela 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018	Total: Gert Sibane	de Municipalities	12 650	13 100	13 600	7 472	7 736	8 146	17 991								
MP312 Frambhleira (600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP313 Special Elbacke 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP314 Termbalazari 1800 1960 1700 934 967 1018 MP314 Termbalazari 1800 1960 1700 934 967 1018 MP314 Termbalazari 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP316 Dr.Sh Moroka 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP316 Namagali District Municipality 11690 1450 1700 934 967 1018 MP321 MP322 Namadali District Municipality 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP323 MP324 Namadali District Municipality 1600 1650 1700 934 967 1018 MP324 Inhabuckidage 1600 1650 1700	B MB311		1 600	1 650	1 700	03.4	290	1018	1 873								
MISTAL Street Tabuset			1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1018	2 446								
MP314 Emblacacia Institute of the control			1 600	1 650	1 700	934	296	1 018	1 705								
MP315 Throughlides Throughlides 1 (60) 1 (62) 1 (70) 934 967 1 0.18 DC31 Nkumgala District Municipality 1 (60) 1 (50) 1 (30) 934 967 1 0.18 Apti. Nkumgala District Municipalities 1 (60) 1 (40) 1 (40) 1 (40) 7 (40) <t< td=""><td></td><td>_</td><td>1 800</td><td>1 950</td><td></td><td>934</td><td>196</td><td>1 018</td><td>1 23 5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		_	1 800	1 950		934	196	1 018	1 23 5								
MF316 Dr. Nkmogala Dstrict Municipality 1269 1269 1700 934 967 1018 1018 1048 1269 1300 934 967 1018 1048 1269 1300 934 967 1018 1048			1 600	1 650		934	196	1 018	3 757								
12.90 12.91 13.00 934 907 10.18			1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	3 406								
April: Neargala Municipalities 11 659 11 459 11 900 6 538 6 769 7 126 1 16 <td>C DC31</td> <td>Nkangala District Municipality</td> <td>1 250</td> <td>1 250</td> <td>1 300</td> <td>934</td> <td>196</td> <td>1 018</td> <td>2 121</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	C DC31	Nkangala District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	196	1 018	2 121								
MP321 Thaba Chweu 1600 1630 1700 934 967 1018 MP321 Withouthelp 1600 1660 1700 934 967 1018 MP321 Unjuich 1600 1660 1700 934 967 1018 MP321 Shahouthelige 1600 1660 1700 934 967 1018 DC32 Ehharom Darici Municipality 1500 1600 1500 934 967 1018 DC32 Ehharom Darici Municipality 1500 1600 1500 934 967 1018 Abb All Municipalities 950 9750 1000 5604 5802 6109 2	Total: Nkangala N	Municipalities	11 050	11 450	11 900	6 538	692 9	7 126	16 493								
MP32.2 Mbombel MP32.2 Mbombel 1 (600 1 (60) 1 (700 93.4 967 1 (10) MP32.3 Mbombel MP32.4 Mbombel 1 (600 1 (60) 1 (700 93.4 967 1 (10) MP32.3 Mbombeldig 1 (600 1 (60) 1 (700 93.4 967 1 (10) DC32. Elibracent Derict Municipality 1 (600 1 (60) 1 (60) 1 (60) 1 (10) 93.4 967 1 (10) DC32. Elibracent Derict Municipality 1 (60) 1 (60) 1 (60) 1 (60) 1 (60) 1 (60) 1 (10) 1 (10) DASS PRINTED MUNICIPALITIES 1 (60) 1 (60) 1 (60) 1 (60) 1 (60) 1 (60) 1 (10) 2 (10)			1 600	0591	1 700	034	290	1010	1 657								
MP23.2 Unijudi Lingindi 1 600 1 650 1 700 934 967 1 019 MP32.3 Unijudi MP32.3 Unijudi 1 600 1 650 1 700 934 967 1 018 MP32.4 Subhekedige 1 600 1 600 1 700 934 967 1 018 D C3.2 Ehlenzeni District Municipality 1 500 1 500 1 500 934 967 1 018 D 40.3 Ehlenzeni District Municipalities 9 500 9 750 1 000 5 604 5 802 6 109 2 A 10.4 Ehlenzeni District Municipalities 9 500 9 750 1 0 000 5 604 5 802 6 109 2			009	1 650	1 700	934	196	1018	6 040								
MP324 Molecularity MP334 Molecularity 1 600 1 650 1 700 934 967 1 018 MP324 Bushbuckridger 1 600 1 600 1 700 934 967 1 018 DC32 Bharmoen Destrict Municipality 1 500 1 500 1 500 954 967 1 018 Date: EAtharment Municipalities 9 500 9 750 1 000 5 604 5 802 6 109 2			1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 019	1 795								
MP325 Babback-didge			1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	5 451								
ct Municipality 1500 1500 1500 934 967 1018 959 9750 10000 5.604 5.802 6.199 2.30 9.500 9.			1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	2 192								
9.500 9.750 10.000 5.664 5.802 6.10.9	C DC32		1 500	1 500	1 500	934	296	1 018	2 887								
10.11	Total: Ehlanzeni ?	Municipalities	9 500	9 750	10 000	5 604	5 802	6 10 9	20 02 2								
22.700 24.200 35.500 10.514 30.207 31.301																	
35 200 35 300 15 014 20 307 21 301	Total: Mpumalan	ga Municipalities	33 200	34 300	35 500	19 614	20 307	21 381	54 506								

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B & SCHEDULE 7, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS I OF 2

		Local G	Local Government Financial	nancial	Municipal Svs	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	ment Grant	Expanded P	Expanded Public Works Programme	rogramme	Munic	Municipal Disaster Grant	Grant	Public Trans	Public Transport Network Operations	Operations
		Mational and	Management Grant National and Municipal Einancial Vaca	_	Notional and	Municipal Pin	ancial Vaar	National and	Integrated Grant for Municipalities National and Municipal Empedial Veer	nerpalities	National and	Notional and Municipal Einancial Vesa	your Voor	National	Grant National and Municipal Einencial Veer	nancial Voor
Category	Municipality	2014/15	2015/16	_	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
NORTHERN CAPE	PE										ì					Ì
B NC061	Richtersuld	1 800		2 100	034	1967	1 018	1 000								
B NC062		1 600		1 700	934	196	1 018	1 000								
B NC064		1 800		2 100	934	196	1 018	1 000								
B NC065		1 800		2 100	934	196	1 018	1 308								
B NC066		1 800		2 100	934	296	1 018	1 000								
B NC067	Khâi-Ma Namabua Dierriot Municipality	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	796	1018	1 000								
Total: Namakwa Municipalities	Municipalities	11 850	-	13 500	6 538	692 9	7 126	7 308								
B NC021	Thurst	1 800	1 050	2 100	034	290	1 018	1 000								
		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1 000								
		1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 000								
B NC074		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 000								
B NC075		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 000								
B NC076		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 018	1 000								
B NC077		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 000								
B NC078	Siyancuma Dielec V. Seese Dieleist Menicipality	1 200	1 250	2 100	934	796	1018	1 000								
Total: Pixley Ka S	Fotal: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities	15 450	16 550	17 700	8 406	8 703	9 162	000 6								
B NC081	Miss	1 000	1 050	001.0	034	730	0101	1 000								
		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	796	1018	1374								
B NC083		1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 015								
B NC084		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 000								
B NC085		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	296	1 019	1 000								
B NC086	Kgatelopele Z.F. Mecawu District Municinality	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	796	1 019	1 000								
Total: Siyanda Municipalities	unicipalities	11 850	12 650	13 500	6 538	6929	7 129	7 389								
NC081	Col Disortiis	1 600	0591	1 700	034	290	9101	6 330								
B NC092		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 192								
B NC093		1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 348								
B NC094		1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1215								
DC ₀	Frances Baard District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	696	1 019	1 000								
Total: Frances Ba	Fotal: Frances Baard Municipalities	8 050	8 450	8 900	4 670	4 837	5 091	10 001								
B NC451	Joe Morolong	1 600		1 700	934	296	1 018	1 969								
		1 600		1 700	934	296	1 019	1 000								
B NC453		1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 019	1 000								
C DC45	John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality	1 250		1 300	934	296	1 018	1 000								
Total: John Taolo	Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities	050 9	6 200	6 400	3 736	3 868	4 0 7 4	4 969								
Total: Northern C	Total: Northern Cape Municipalities	53 250	26 500	000 09	29 888	30 946	32 582	38 757								

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B & SCHEDULE 7, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS I OF 2

						I									
	Local C	Local Government Financial Management Grant	nt	Municipal Sy	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	ment Grant	Expanded P	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	ogramme cipalities	Munic	Municipal Disaster Grant	Grant	Fublic I ran	Public I ransport Network Operations Grant	Operations
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year
Category Municipality	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
LS4M HLRON	(coox)			(0.00	(000	(0.00)		6	6	6	6000	(accept	(accept	(0.00	
- Delinix	000 1		000	700											
I/SWN	1 600	1 650	1,000	934	796	1018	2 240								
B NW3/2 Madibeng	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	/96	1018	2.288								011 460
NW3/3	1 800	1 050	90,7	934	796	1018	1000								311 430
	1 800	1 650	1 700	934	796	1018	1 845								
DC37		1 250	1 300	934	196	1 018	1 191								
Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities	9 450	008 6	10 200	5 604	5 802	9019	14 688								311 450
NW381	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1757								
	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 092								
NW383	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	2 291								
NW384	1 600	1 650	1 700	930	196	1 018	1181								
B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa	_	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 464								
C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality		1 250	1 300	934	296	1 018	3 142								
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	9 650	10 100	10 600	5 600	5 802	8019	10 927								
Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	009 1	1 650	1 700	93.4	290	8101	1 846								
	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	067	1018	1 386								
NW394	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1018	1 205								
	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 236								
NW397	2 588	2 549	2 348	930	196	1 019	1 000								
C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	unicipality 1 250	1 250	1 300	934	196	1 018	2 141								
Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	10 638	10 999	11 248	5 600	5 802	6 10 9	8 814								
B NW401 Ventersdorp	1 800	1 950	2 100	934	196	1 018	1 388								
B NW402 Tlokwe	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 000								
B NW403 City of Matlosana	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 913								
NW404	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 189								
C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality		1 250	1 300	934	196	1 018	1 000								
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities	7 850	8 150	8 500	4 670	4 835	2 090	6 490								
Total: North West Municipalities	37 588	30 040	40 548	21 474	12 241	23.415	40.010								311.450

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B & SCHEDULE 7, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS I OF 2

		Ma	Management Grant	T T	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	stems Improve	ment Grant	Integrated	Integrated Grant for Municipalities	icipalities	Munic	Municipal Disaster Grant	Grant	Grant	Grant	
		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	-	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year
Category	Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)		2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
WESTERN CAPE																
A CPT	City of Cape Town	1 250	1 250	1 300				21 204						217 548	228 000	229 554
B WC011	Matzikama	1 450	1 500	1 700		296	1018	1 201								
B WC012	Cederhero	1 450	1 500	1 700	934	296	1018	1 328								
	Bergrivier	1 450	1 500	1 700		296	1 018	1 147								
	Saldanha Bay	1 450	1 500	1 700		196	1 018	1 086								
	Swartland	1 450	1 500	1 700		196	1 018	1 2 1 3								
C DC1	West Coast District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300		196	1 018	1 000								
Total: West Coast Municipalities	Municipalities	8 200	8 750	008 6	5 604	5 802	9019	6 975								
B WC022	Witzenbero	1 450	1 500	1 700	934	296	1018	1 000								
	Duckmotein	1 450		1 700	03.4	700	0101	000								
	Challadeach	1 450		1 700	934	796	1010	1 5 4 4								
	Sterrenbosch Broode Valley	1 450	1 500	1 700	934	796	1018	1 006								
B WC026	Langeberg	1 450		1 700	934	296	1 018	1 440								
	Cape Winelands District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	196	1 018	1 000								
Total: Cape Winela	Fotal: Cape Winelands Municipalities	8 500	8 750	0 800	5 604	5 802	6 108	0669								
B WC031	Theamsterbloof	1 600	1,650	1 700	03.4	990	1 010	1106								
	Overstrand	1 450	1 500	1 700	934	996	1010	1 768								
WC033	Cane Agulhas	1 450	1 500	1 700	934	996	1019	1 120								
	Swellendam	1 600	1 750	1 900	934	996	1 019	1 3 0 5								
C DC3	Overberg District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	996	1 019	1 056								
Total: Overberg Municipalities	unicipalities	7 350	7 650	8 300	4 670	4 830	5 09 5	6 355								
B WC041	Kannaland	1 600	1 750	1 900		196	1018	1 000								
	Hessenia	1 450	1 500	1 700	934	296	1018	1 33 5								
B WC043	Mossel Bay	1 450	1 500	1 700		196	1 018	1 844								
	George	1 450	1 500	1 700		196	1 018	2 933						60 449	54 311	11 769
	Oudtshoorn	1 450	1 500	1 700	934	196	1 018	1 665								
	Bitou	1 450	1 500	1 700		967	1 018	1371								
B WC048	Knysna Edan Dietniet Municipality	1 250	1 250	1,00		796	1018	000								
Total: Eden Municipalities	palities	11 550	12 000	13 400	7 472	7 736	8 144	12 148						60 449	54 311	11 769
1300/m	Topographum	1 200	0501	0000	034	130	0101	1 013								
	Lamgsoung Prince Albert	00/1	1 750	1 900	934	796	1 019	1000								
B WC053	Beaufort West	1 600	1 650	1 700	934	967	1 018	1 834								
C DC5	Central Karoo District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 300	934	196	1 018	1 212								
Total: Central Karoo Municipalities	oo Municipalities	6 150	9 200	9 900	3 736	3 868	4 074	5 059								
Total: Western Cape Municipalities	oe Municipalities	43 300	44 900	49 500	27 086	28 038	29 529	58 731						277 997	282 311	241 323
Unallocated									996 819	705 997	363 580	376 424	396 374			

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B & SCHEDULE 5, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS 2 OF 2

		Water Serv	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant		Infrastructure Skilk Development Grant	Skills Developi	ment Grant	Energy Effici	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant		Municipal Human Settlements Capacity Grant	an Settlement Grant		Integrated City Development Grant	ty Developme	ent Grant	SUB-TC	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	ENT
		National and	Municipal Fin	nancial Year		Municipal Fina		National and N	1micipal Final		ational and N	funicipal Fina	-	ational and N	funicipal Fina	ancial Year	National and	Municipal Fin	ancial Year
Category	Municipality	2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)		2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)		2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)		2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)		2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE	22																		
A BUF A NMA	Buffalo City Nelson Mandela Bay				5 500 8 000	7 000	8 000 6	10 000	10 000	10 000	37 707	37 707	37 707	4 133			8 890 204 529	8 500 207 457	9 500
B ECIOI	Camdahan																3 734	7.817	2 018
																	3 534	2 617	2718
B EC103																	3 734	2 917	3 118
	4 Makana Ndlambe																3 734	2.817	2 918
B EC106																	3 734	2 917	3 118
B EC107																	3 924	2 667	2818
																	3 734	2 917	3 118
C DC10	Cacadu District Municipality								2 000	2 000							3 420	32 120	13.480
rotat: Cacado Minimelpanties	unicipanues								000 c	000 c							30 300	37 170	22 400
																	3 687	2 617	2 719
																	4 056	2 617	2 719
B EC123																	3 734	2 917	3118
B EC124																	37/9	2 617	3118
	7 Nkonkobe							4 000	2 000	2 000							7 804	7167	8118
																	3 734	2 917	3 118
C DC12	Amathole District Municipality	10 000	10 500	5 000													15 229	12 717	7318
Total: Amathole Municipalities	Municipalities	10 000	10 200	2000		1		4 000	2 000	2 000							45 757	37 236	32 946
В ЕСІЗІ																	4 021	2 617	2 718
B EC132	2 Tsolwana 3 Informaca																3911	2 917	3118
					2 200	2 500	2.500										6 448	5 117	5 218
B EC135																	4 383	2 617	2718
																	3 951	2 817	2 918
B EC137	7 Engcobo 8 Salbisiana																3 534	2 611	2719
C DCI3	Chris Hani District Municipality	12 000	2 000	2 000													23 558	7 467	7.518
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities	i Municipalities	12 000	2 000	2 000	2 200	2 500	2 500										58 038	31 697	32 763
DC141	Dhundini																101	717	3710
																	4 124	2 617	2718
B EC143	3 Maletswai																3 935	2 917	3118
	-																3 734	2 917	3 118
C DCI4	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	10 000	2 000	2 000													13 493	7217	7318
rotat: 30e edabi vi unicipalities	Atmicipances	000 01	000 c	000 C													06/ 67	10 700	16 990
																	3 534	2 617	2 718
																	3 853	2 917	3118
B EC156	Mhlontlo																3 955	2 817	2 918
					3 000	4 000	2 000										7 063	6 617	7 718
Total: O.R.Tambo Municipalities	O.R. Tambo District Municipality o Municipalities	10 000	10 000	7500	3 000	4 000	2 000			+							25 428	30 052	29 208
	commence of																		00 = 0
																	7 019	2 617	2 718
B EC442																	3 534	2617	2718
	1 Ntabankulu																4 032	2 917	3 118
C DC44	. Alfred Nzo District Municipality	5 000	10 000	7 500	3 000	4 000	2 000	4 000									22 507	16 217	14 818
Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities	o Municipalities	2 000	10 000	7500	3 000	4 000	2 000	4 000		+							41 219	26 985	26 090
Total: Eastern Ca	Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities	47 000	40 500	30 000	21 700	26 000	29 500	18 000	20 000	20 000	37 707	37 707	37 707	4 133			472 676	392 332	390 984

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B & SCHEDULE 5, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS 2 OF 2

		9 7 70		Г									L						
		water ser	water Services Operating Subsidy Grant		Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	Skills Develop		Energy Eme Man	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant		Municipal Human Settlements Capacity Grant	in Sertiement Grant		Integrated City Development Grant	ty Developme	nt Grant	SUB-T	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	INS
		National and Municipal	Municipal Fins	Financial Year	National and Municipal Financial Year	Municipal Fins		National and P	Fina	-	National and Municipal Financial Year	unicipal Fina		National and Municipal Financial Year	funicipal Fina	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category	Municipality	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R 000)	(R'000)		(R'000)	(R'000)		(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
REE STATE																			
MAN Mangaung								7 490	2 000	2 000				5 596			17 017	6 500	6 500
	50																3 744	2 917	3 118
FS162 Kopanong FS163 Mohokare																	3 759	2 617	3 118
																	3 734	2 917	3 118
Octal: Xhariep Municipalities	Xhariep District Municipality cipalities																3 264	13 585	14390
	ma																3 757	2 917	3 118
	٥																3 957	2 917	3118
	90							4 000	10 000	10 000							7 673	12 617	12 718
	Nala Leiwelemitswa District Municipality																3 768	2 917	3 118
18	alities							4 000	10 000	10 000							25 152	26 495	27 509
FS191 Sereoto																	5 166	2,617	2718
		5 500	2 500														9 101	5 117	2 719
FS193 Nketoana	,	0000	00 0														3 638	2 617	2 718
FS194 Malutia Phorung FS195 Phumelela	hotung	8 200	0000														3 734	2 917	3 118
								4 000	10 000	10 000							7 535	12 617	12 718
Octol: Thabo Mofutsanyana D	Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	14 000	000 8					4 000	10 000	000 01							3 466	36 219	2318
Otal: Thabo Montaganyana M	earne bannes	14 000	000 0					-	000 01	000 01							010	00 00	170 (7
								4 000	2 000	2 000							3 534	7 617	2719
	olo	9 000	3 500														9 643	6 117	2 718
FS205 Mafube	bi District Municipality								2 000	2 000							3 734	7917	8 118
otal: Fezile Dabi Municipalities	ies	9 000	3 500					4 0 0 0	10 000	10 000							27 879	26 485	23 592
otal: Free State Municipalities	Sa	20 000	11 500					19 490	35 000	35 000				5 596			136 856	109 284	101 018
SAUTENG																			
N EKU Ekurhuleni								10 000	15 000	15 000	52 374	52 374	52 374	40 323			110 369	68 624	68 674
	City of Johannesburg City of Tshwane				1 000	2 500	3 500	10 000	10 000	15 000	59 573 47 506	59 573 47 506	59 573 47 506	50 497			384 812 275 925	350 323	366 584
1																			
GT421 Emfuleni GT422 Midvaal																	3 519	2 467	2718
																	3 653	2 467	2719
Otal: Sedibeng Municipalities	Searbeing District Municipality icipalities																16 931	9196	10 473
GT481 Mogale City	2							4 000	2 000	2 000							8 436	7 467	7.718
	2 · II ·																3 387	2 467	2 718
	a City				2 000	2 000	2 000	4 000									6 615 8 488	4 467 2 617	2718
DC48 West Ran	West Rand District Municipality				- 000 6	900	- 000	-	000	- 000	+	1	+	+	+		3 474	2217	2318
otal: West Kand Municipalities	ies				7 000	000 7	7 000	2000	000 c	000 c							30 400	67 61	061 07
					000 6	1 200	000	00000	00000	000	Car Car	007	0.00	Out ac.	1	T	207 070	200 142	100
otal: Gauteng Municipalities					3 000	4 500	2 200	28 000	30 000	35 000	59 453	59 455	59 453	135 479	-		818457	671 006	717 427

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B & SCHEDULE 5, PART B): CURRENT GRANTS 2 OF 2

	Water Serv	Water Services Operating	Subsidy	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	kills Develop		Energy Effici	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side		1micipal Hun	Municipal Human Settlements Capacity		Integrated Ci	Integrated City Development Grant	nt Grant	T-8U8-T	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	ENT
	Notional	Notional and Municipal Ein-	Total Voca	Notional and Municipal Discussion Vess	Imiginal Find	-	Intional and N	Notional and Municipal Financial Voca	-	Notional and N	Notional and Municipal Electrical	+	A bus landing	Notional and Municipal Electrol	noiol Voor	Notional	Notional Municipal Enemaiol Vers	Total Voca
Category	2014/15	2015/16		2014/15	2015/16	-	2014/15	2015/16	+	2014/15	2015/16	+-	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R 000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R 000)	(R'000)
/AZULU-NATAL																		
ETH eThekwini				25 425	25 000	23 000	10 000	15 000	15 000	52 469	52 469	52 469	52 621			296 739	256 432	263 106
K ZN211 Vulamehlo																3 734	2 917	3118
																3 995	2 917	3118
																3 754	2 917	3 118
																3 734	2 917	3 118
KZN215 Ezingoleni																3 787	2 917	3 118
																3 618	2 617	2 718
DC21 Ugu District Municipality		2 650		1 500	3 000	4 000										5 052	7 867	9318
al: Ugu Municipalities		2 650	3 000	1 500	3 000	4 000										27 674	25 069	27 626
ideandaM. ICCNY/																3 734	2017	3 110
																40,0	2.917	5 110
																3 534	2 617	2.718
																3 734	2 917	3 118
																4 028	2 917	3 118
																5316	2 617	2 718
																3 866	2 917	3 118
																3 989	2 917	3 118
DC22 Umgungundlovu District Municipality																5 505	2217	2 318
al: Umgungundlovu Municipalities																33 706	22 036	23 344
KZN232 Ennambithi/Ladysmith																9959	2 617	2 718
																3 734	2 917	3 118
																3 534	2 617	2 718
KZN235 Okhahlamba																3 893	2 917	3 118
																3 734	2 917	3 118
DC23 Uthukela District Municipality	0006	2 650	3 000													14 483	4 867	5 318
al: Uthukela Municipalities	0006	2 650	3 0 0 0													35 944	18 852	20 108
																2534	5000	e e
							_		_	_	_	_				3 064	2 910	3 120
																3 904	2 910	3 1 2 0
																4 766	2717	2818
	4 000	2 650	3,000													7 974	4 867	818
ĮΞ	4 000	2 650	3 000													24 891	16 028	17 092
		2 650	3 000				4 000	2 000	2 000							8 945	10 267	10 718
KZN253 Emadlangeni																3 734	2 917	3 118
	_															3 734	2 917	3 118
DC25 Amajuba District Municipality	1	0000	0000	1	1	1	000	000	000	1	1	1	1	†	T	3 710	2 467	2 518
ol: Amoinho Municipalities		11114	1	-		-	4 0000	1000	2 0000		-	-	-			2011/1/	1 × 56 ×	10 477

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B & SCHEDULE 5, PART B): CURRENT GRANTS 2 OF 2

	Water Serv	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant	ing Subsidy	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	Skills Develor	1	Energy Effic.	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Municipal Human Settlements Capacity Management Grant Grant	and Side	Municipal Hu	man Settlemer Grant	nts Capacity	Integrated	Integrated City Development Grant	ment Grant	SUB-T	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	ENT
	National and	Municipal F.	National and Municipal Financial Year	_	National and Municipal Financial Year	_	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	Municipal Fin	uancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Category Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
																3 815		3 118
																4 571	2 917	3 118
													_	_		3 910		2718
NZNZ65 Nongoma													_			3 //5		5 118
	3 500	3 300	3 660													8 170		5 978
ΙĒ	3 500	3 300														27 906	-	20 868
													_	_		4 089	2 917	3 118
													_	_		4 745	2 917	3 119
																3 734	2917	3 118
													_	_		3.734	2.917	3119
KZN2/5 Mtubatuba DC27 Umkhanyakıde District Municinality		2 650	3 000													3 310	4 867	5318
١š		2 650			İ				İ	l						23.405	10 452	20 01 1
i. Cilmiany abune 31 univipantes		100 A														CO. C. C.	40 LO	116.07
KZN281 Mfolozi																4 189	2 917	3 118
	14 000	2 650	3 000	8 000	12 000	12 000							_	_		26 426	17 260	17 719
													_			4 505	2 917	3 118
													_	_		4 706	2 617	2 718
													_	_		5 109	2 917	3 118
													_			4 382	2 917	3 118
DC28 Uthungulu District Municipality		2 650														7 521	4 867	5318
d: Uthungulu Municipalities	14 000	5 300	0009	8 000	12 000	12 000										56 838	36 412	38 227
													_	_		4 380	2 917	3 118
													_			3 882		2 768
													_			3 734		3 118
_													_	_		3 734		3 118
DC29 iLembe District Municipality	4 500	2 650														8 902		5 318
d: iLembe Municipalities	4 500	2 650	3 000							1						24 632	16 335	17 440
KZN431 Inowe																3 734	2.917	3118
																3815	2 917	3118
													_			4 388	2717	2 818
													_	_		3 824	2 917	3 118
													_	_		4 647	2 917	3 118
DC43 Harry Gwala District Municipality							3 415	3 000	2 000							8 3 2 8	5 217	7 318
I: Sisonke Municipalities							3 4 15	3 000	2 000							28 736	19 602	22 608
d: KwaZuth-Natal Municipalities	35 000	24 500	27 660	34 925	40 000	39 000	17415	23 000	25 000	52 469	52 469	52 469	52 621			600 594	468 388	490 802
ii. ixwazuna-yarai wumcipanines	1000	200 14			10000	27 000	A	2000	2000	CO	100.00	101.00	****				Too ook	

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B & SCHEDULE 5, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS 2 OF 2

	Water Ser	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant		Infrastructur	e Skills Devel	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant		Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant		Municipal Human Settlements Capacity Grant	an Settlements Grant		Integrated City Development Grant	ty Developmen	nt Grant	T-BUS	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	ENT
	National and	Municipal Fi	National and Municipal Financial Year	National and	Municipal Fi	National and Municipal Financial Year	+	National and Municipal Financial Year	+	National and Municipal Financial Year	Tunicipal Finan	+	National and Municipal Financial Year	funicipal Final	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Catanary	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	₩	2015/16	-	2014/15	2015/16	⊢	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000) ((R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R 1000)	(R'000)
IPOPO																		
IIM331 Greater Givani		_														4 0 1 4	2 617	2.718
		_			_											4 265	2 617	2 718
		_			_		4 000	000 9	2 000							8 594	8 617	7.718
		_														3 746	2 617	2.718
		_														4 050	2 917	3 118
	25 000	30 000	20 000													29 379	32 217	52 318
al: Mopani Municipalities	25 000	30 000	20 000				4 000	000 9	2 000							54 048	51 602	71 308
TROAT Marin																100 €	1000	0110
TIM342 Murala		_			_											4 001	2 917	3118
		_					4 000	000 9	9							1000	16.2	0110
		_					1000		0000							3 667	7190	0 7 10
	35 000	000 09	70 000					0009	2 000							40 880	68 217	77.318
1.3	35 000						4 000	12 000								60 705	85 285	93 990
I IM251 Dloubon																4 395	710 0	3 110
		_														4 230	7017	3 110
		_			_											3 000	1177	011.0
	000 00	05,000	0000 50	3 000	3,000	3 000										20,600	20 917	31 110
	000 07						_									2000	0.000	21112
LIM355 Lepele-Inkumpi DC35 Convicous District Municipality	35,000	30,000	35 000				7 000	0009	9000							33 148	28 217	2 /18
ž	45 000			3 000	3 000	3 000										767 97	80 202	85 111
at. Capitoti i atumelpanues	000 C+			2 000				0000	2 000	+	1		+	+	T	17161	707 00	111.00
LIM361 Thabazimbi																4 020	2 617	2 718
LIM362 Lephalale	10 000	10 000	2 000		_		4 000		2 000							17 569	12 617	12 718
LIM364 Mookgopang		_			_											3 868	2 917	3 119
		_														4 036	2 617	2 718
LIM366 Bela-Bela	1 000	_														4 657	2 617	2 719
	10 000	10 000														14 549	12 617	2 718
DC36 Waterberg District Municipality		_			_											3 184	2 2 1 7	2 3 1 8
al: Waterberg Municipalities	21 000	20 000	2 000				4 000		2 000							51 883	38 219	29 028
1 IM471 Enhaim Morala																3.813	2,617	2718
		_		_	_											1000	1000	01/10
		_														3 721	2.617	2 /18
		_			_											3 566	2 617	2718
		_			_			5 000	2 000							3 786	71917	8118
LIM475 Greater Tubatse		_														3 898	2 617	2 718
DC47 Sekhukhune District Municipality	20 000															25 650	27 217	52 318
al: Sekhukhune Municipalities	20 000	25 000	20 000					2 000	2 000							44 434	45 602	71 308
		_																
al. I forman Manipole alities	146,000	100 000	335 000	2,000	0000	3 000	1,5000	000 00	000 00							707.000	010 000	250 745
at timpopo vimicipantes	I AAA ALT			2000				2000	lana ac	-		_	_		1	470171	300	220 /12

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B & SCHEDULE 5, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS 2 OF 2

	Water Serv	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant		Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	Skills Develop	ment Grant	Energy Effici Mana	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Municipal Human Settlements Capacity Management Grant Grant	and Side M	tunicipal Hums	in Settlements Grant		Integrated City Development Grant	Development	t Grant	SUB-TC	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	LNS
	National and Municipal	区	inancial Year	National and Municipal Financial Year	Municipal Fina	₩	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	unicipal Finar	⊢	National and Municipal Financial Year	micipal Financ	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category Municipality	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	-		L	L	_	Ľ	L	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000) (A	(R'000) ((R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
MPUMALANGA																		
B MP301 Albert Luthuli	15 000	15 000														21 639	17 617	2 718
B MP302 Msukaligwa																3 678	2 617	2 718
B MP303 Mkhondo																5 439	2 617	2 719
																880 9	2 617	2 718
_																3 724	2 617	2 719
																4 169	2 917	3 118
B MP307 Govan Mbeki				26 000	32 500	35 000										30 605	35 117	37 718
C DC30 Gert Sibande District Municipality				3 000	7 000	2 000										6 771	9 217	9318
Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	15 000	15 000		29 000	39 500	42 000										82 113	75 336	63 746
D MD211 Victor Chance																4 357	2196	2716
									0000							000	107	01/10
									2 000							4 980	7 19 7	//18
																4 239	2 617	2 718
																3 969	2 917	3 118
	10 000	8 000	2 000													16 291	10 617	7 718
	15 000	10 000														20 940	12 617	2 718
C DC31 Nkangala District Municipality																4 305	2 217	2 318
Total: Nkangala Municipalities	25 000	18 000	2 0 0 0						2 000							59 081	36 219	29 026
R MP321 Thatha Chuxen																4 101	2,617	2 718
	15 000	10.000	15,000													23 574	12 617	317.71
	200	200	000													4 329	2 617	2710
	12 000	15 000	15 000													19 985	17 617	17.718
B MP325 Bushbuckridge	20 000	20 000	40 000													24 726	22 617	42 718
C DC32 Ehlanzeni District Municipality																5 321	2 467	2 518
Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities	47 000	45 000	20 000													82 126	60 552	86 109
Total Maumalance Municipalities	0000	20 000	75 000	20 000	20 500	000 07			0002		ŀ			L	Ī	112 210	173 107	170 001

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B & SCHEDULE 5, PART B): CURRENT GRANTS 2 OF 2

	Water Ser	Water Services Operating Subsidy		Infracture Stille Davelonment Const	Cleille Descolore		Energy Effici	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side		unicipal Hum	Municipal Human Settlements Capacity		Internation C	Integrated City Develorment Count	trong to	7. 012	ENAGGIES : IATOT GIES	EN
		Grant		mrastruciure	Skills Develop		Man	Management Grant	_		Grant	-	Illegrated C	пу печенорш		DI-goe	JAE: CURR	1110
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	\rightarrow	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	\rightarrow	National and N	틢	_	ational and M	Fina	\dashv	Vational and I	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	(R'000) (2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
ORTHERN CAPE																		
																, 10.1		911
NC062 Name Khoi																3 534	2917	2718
																2 724	2017	2 110
NC064 Kamesberg																3 /34	2917	3 1 8
																3 734	2 017	3118
																3 734	2.917	3 118
																3 184	2 2 1 7	2 318
otal: Namakwa Municipalities																25 696	19 419	20 626
NC021 Thursts																3 734	7 017	3 11 8
																10.0	1100	0110
																3 534	7167	0110
																3 734	2 917	3 118
																3 734	7100	3 110
																3 734	2 917	3 110
																10.00	1000	2110
																46/ 6	7167	5116
NC078 Siyancuma																3 734	2917	3118
DC/ PIXIES Na Seme District Municipanty	1				1				1	1						5 104	1777	2318
otal: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities														1		32 856	55.253	798 97
NC081 Mier																3 734	2 917	3 119
																4 108	2 917	3 118
							4 000									7 549	2 617	2 718
																3 734	2 917	3 118
																3 734	2 917	3 119
																3 734	2 917	3 119
DC8 Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality																3 184	2 217	2 318
otal: Siyanda Municipalities							4 0 0 0									29 777	19 419	20 629
NC001 Sol Plantie				2 500	2 500	2 500			4.815							10 364	5117	10.033
																3 926	2.917	3118
																4 082	2 917	3118
	20 000	25 000														23 749	27 617	2 718
DC9 Frances Baard District Municipality																3 190	2 2 1 9	2 3 1 9
otal: Frances Baard Municipalities	20 000	25 000		2 500	2 500	2 500			4 815							45 311	40 787	21 306
	10 000	15 000	15 000													14 503	17 617	17.718
NC452 Ga-Segonyana	7 000		7 500													10 534	10 117	10 219
DC45 John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality				2.500	4 000	5 00 5										5 684	6217	7 343
10	17 000	22 500	22 500	2 500	4 000	5 0 25								l		34 255	36 568	37 000
OTHE OTHER ROLD CHARGE IT MINE DE MINE				200	-											20 10	000	2000
odelt Nordhoun Come Municipalities	27 000	47 500	003 66	0002	0027	202 1	000	1	4 015	\dagger	+	+				1,67,005	141 446	137 433
otal: Northern Cape Municipanties	3 / 000	4/ 2nn	DOC 77	onn c	anc o	C7C /	4 000	_	CT0 +	-	_	_	_			10/9/2	141 440	776/71

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B & SCHEDULE 5, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS 2 OF 2

	Water Sei	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant		Infrastructure	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	pment Grant	Energy Effic Man.	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant		Municipal Hu	Municipal Human Settlements Capacity Grant		Integrated C	Integrated City Development Grant	ent Grant	T-BUS	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	TNS
	National and	National and Municipal Fin	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	_	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	uncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	_	Vational and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	_	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Category	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R '000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R '000)	(R'000)
ORTH WEST																		
NW371 Moretele	10 000	5 000														15 080	7 617	7 718
	10 000		5 000					2 000	2 000							14 822	17 617	12 718
	5 000															12 145	2 617	314 168
																4 941	2 917	3 118
NW375 Moses Kotane DC37 Boianala Platinum District Municipality	7 500	7 500	2 000				4 000	2 000	2 000							3 375	15 117	2 3 1 8
otal: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities	32 500	22 500	15 000				4 000	10 000	10 000							66 242	48 102	352 758
																4 491	2 917	3 118
																3 826	2 917	3 118
									2 000							4 825	2 617	7 718
				2 500	2 500	2 500										6 211	5 117	5 218
																3 998	2 617	2 718
DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	30 000		70 000													35 326	52 217	72 318
otal: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	30 000	20 000	70 000	2 500	2 500	2 500			2 000							58 677	68 402	94 208
NW390 C05000																4 380	2,617	2 718
	_															120	2017	2110
																4 120	7 6 7	2118
NW306 I days Towns																3 939	7167	3118
																4 518	3 516	3 367
	10 000	5 739	20 002													14 325	7 956	22 320
8	10 000															35 052	22 540	37 359
																4 122	2 917	3 118
									3 000							3 534	2 617	5 718
																4 447	2 617	2 718
NW404 Maquassi Hills DC40 Dn V amoth V condo Dietnict Municipality																3 723	2 617	2718
13	\int		İ		Ì	İ	t	t	2,000	İ	t	t	t	t	Ī	10010	13.00	2 310
otal: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities							\dagger		3 000					1		19 010	286.71	10 290
otal: North West Municipalities	72 500	78 239	105 002	2 500	2 500	2 500	4 000	10 000	18 000							178 981	152 029	500 915

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B & SCHEDULE 5, PART B): CURRENT GRANTS 2 OF 2

	Water Ser	Water Services Operating Subsidy	ng Subsidy	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	Skills Develop		Energy Effici	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side		unicipal Hun	Municipal Human Settlements Capacity	is Capacity	Integrated (Integrated City Development Grant	ent Grant	L-BUS	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	TNS
	Nationaland	National and Municipal Finar	inoncial Voor	Notional and	Notional and Municipal Einengiel Veer	-	Matternational A	National and Minicipal Emancial Year		ofional and N	National and Municipal Financial Vear	+	Notional and	National and Municipal Einengial Veer	ancial Voor	National and	National and Municipal Emancial Voor	noial Voor
Category Municipality	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	-	2014/15	2015/16		2014/15	2015/16	+	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
ESTERN CAPE	(max w)	(and w)	(non w)	(100.00)	(ana w		(GOOW)		(ana v	(and w	(GOOM)	(ann w	(non w	(and w	(ago w)	(wow)	(acaw)	(man w)
CPT City of Cape Town				2 300	4 226	6 700	10 000	15 000	15 000	50 371	50371	50 371	57 171			359 844	298 847	302 925
	1 058															4 643	2 467	2.718
WC012 Cederberg	3 000															3 531	2 467	2718
																3.470	2 467	2718
							4 000	0009	2 000							7 597	8 467	27.18
																3 184	2 2 1 7	2 3 1 8
otal: West Coast Municipalities	4 058						4 000	0009	2 000							29 137	20 22	20 908
WC022 Witzenberg																3 384	2 46/	2 /18
WC023 Drakenstein								4 305	000							3 384	740/	2 / 18
								4 303	000 +							3 300	2//0	0 /18
																3 824	2 467	2718
																3 184	2 217	2318
۱ğ								4 305	4 000							21 094	18 857	19 908
																3 640	2 616	2 719
																4 152	2 466	2 719
WC033 Cape Agulhas																3 504	2 466	2 719
																3 839	2.716	2 919
DC3 Overberg District Municipality																3 240	2 2 1 6	2319
otal: Overberg Municipalities									1							18 375	12 480	13 395
WC001 Kannaland							4 000	4 000								7.534	2112	2 10 0
							1 000	900								1710	6 467	2710
							4 000	4 000								900 8	6 467	2718
				3 000	3 000	3 000		-								992.89	59 778	17 487
	1 000															5 049	2.467	2.718
																3 755	2 467	2 718
~																3 384	2 467	2 718
DC4 Eden District Municipality																3 184	2 217	2 318
otal: Eden Municipalities	1 000			3 000	3 000	3 000	12 000	12 000	1							107 619	89 047	36 313
WC051 Laingsburg																3 647	2 817	3 019
																3 534	2 717	2 919
~							4 000	4 000	7 000								6 617	9 718
DC5 Central Karoo District Municipality																3 396	2 217	2 318
otal: Central Karoo Municipalities							4 0 0 0	4 000	7 000							18 945	14 368	17 974
otal: Western Cape Municipalities	5 058			5 300	7 226	9 700	30 000	41 305	31 000	50 371	50 371	50 371	57 171			555 014	454 151	411 423
nallocated														266 000	292 950	363 580	1 261 390	1 395 321
Market Market	440 550	000 027	105 163	104 475	200 001	302 001	136.005	100 305	202 015	000 000	000 000	000 000	000 220	000 336	020.000	2 000 150	4 133 043	4 664 030
ational lotal	955 444			C75 501	077 671	138 /25	130 905	CUC 881	CT8 CO7	300 000	300 000	300 000	nnn cc7	700 000	792 950	3 808 130		

ANNEXURE W5

INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B)

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 1 OF 2

		Municipa	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Urban Settler	Urban Settlements Development Grant		Neighbourhood Development Partnership	Development	_	Public Trans	Public Transport Infrastrucutre Grant	cutre Grant	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	olds Infrastru	ture Grant
		National and	Municipal Fin	ancial Year	National and	Municipal Fina	ıncial Year	Sran National and	Grant (Capital Grant) al and Municipal Financ	+	National and	Municipal Fir	nancial Year	National and	Municipal Fin	incial Year
Category	Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE																
A BUF A NMA	Buffalo City Nelson Mandela Bay				673 289 828 863	700 458 858 144	743 775 903 625	5 000	16 878 60 554	17 744	100 000	234 000	250 000			
B EC101	Camdeboo Dha Cenna Danta	13 125	13 427	13 834												
		8 002	7 862	8 000												
B EC104	Makana Mil amba	23 298	23 889	24 800												
		24 147	25 069	26 037												
B EC107	Baviaans	9898	8 910	9008												
B EC109		14 765	15 123	15 612												
otal: Caes	micipalities	164 757	166 132	171 976												
5		100		0,000												
B EC121	Mbhashe	54 027		59368												
		12 815		13 542												
		31 235		33 932												
B EC126	Ngqushwa	32 207	33 721	35 107												
B EC128		9 451		9 830												
C DC12 Amathole Total: Amathole	Amathole District Municipality Municipalities	425 764 648 267	445 210 677 590	708 348												
B EC131 B EC132	Inxuba Yethemba Tsolwana	15 214	15 811	16333												
		9 153														
B EC134	Lukanji Inteika Vorhu	37 591		40 979												
		30 970	32 508													
B EC137		35 804														
C DC13	Saknsizwe Chris Hani District Municipality	277 977		291 392										4 000	4 000	
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities	Municipalities	475 388	Ш											4 000	4 000	
		36 485	38 335	39 943												
		35 838	37 597	39 169												
B EC145	Maletswai Gariep	12 029	12 255	12 605												
	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	151 469	156 692	164 009												
Total: Joe Gqabi	Gqabi Municipalities	246 797	750 137	797 781												
		50 594	53 198													
B EC155	Port St Johns Nyandeni	56 324	59 368	54 950												
		40 675	42 579													
B EC157	King Sabata Dalindyebo OR Tambo District Municipality	80 071	84 480	88315												
otal: O.R	o Municipalities	864 033	899 404													
D 2	Mendal	46.760	40.006													
B EC441 B EC442	Matauele Umzimvubu	45 /59	48 086	50 164 47 220												
B EC443		44 992	47 216													
	Ntabankulu Alfred Nzo District Municipality	357 363	371 871													
Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities	Municipalities	516 985	539 067													
Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities	pe Municipalities	2 9 1 6 2 2 7	3 022 805	3 158 498	1 502 152	1 558 602	1 647 400	23 461	77 432	81 406	100 000	234 000	250 000	4 000	4 000	
			İ		İ	Í	i	Í	i	i					ì	

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 1 OF 2

		Municip	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	re Grant	Urban Settle	Urban Settlements Development Grant		Neighbourhoo Gran	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Capital Grant)	t Partnership	Public Tran	Public Transport Infrastrucutre Grant	ucutre Grant	Rural Househ	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	ture Grant
		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	d Municipal Fi	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	incial Year
Category	y Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
FREE STATE	3.															
A	MAN Mangaung				654 406	206 089	723 188	5 000	16 878	17.744	30 000					
B FS	FS161 Letsemeng	17 254	17 203	17 792												
		17 462														
	FS164 Naledi PC16 Vloucion Dietrict Menicipality	13 406														
Total: Xharie]iil	68 202	69 253	71 630												
D I	191 Marilomona	78 731														
B FS	516.1 iyassilotiyana 3182 Tokologo	16 918		16792												
B	\$183 Tswelopele	23 703	16 186													
B FS	B FS185 Nala	130 240		30 157												
Total I gived	C18 Lejweleputswa District Municipality	978 896	201 147	200 645												
Total: Lejwer	ieputswa muncipanues	709 940		500 607												
		29 660														
	FS192 Dihlabeng	40 410														
B FS		166 047	158 624											4 500	2 000	
	FS195 Phumelela	20 796		21381												
	r S196 Mantsopa DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	21 3 /8														
Total: Thabo	Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	335 063	307 808	321 209										4 500	2 000	
	FS201 Moghaka	38 123														
		39 881														
B	FS204 Metsimaholo	42 139	43 610	45 472												
		21 400														
Total: Fezile	Total: Fezile Dabi Municipalities	141 543	145 852	151 924												
Total: Free S	Fotal: Free State Municipalities	813 654	724 060	754 408	654 406	206 089	723 188	2 000	16 878	17.744	30 000			4 500	2 000	
GAUTENG																
4 4 4 B E E	EKU Ekurhuleni JHB City of Johannesburg TSH City of Tshwane				1 804 532 1 695 189 1 469 450	1 868 279 1 755 074 1 521 361	1 967 298 1 848 093 1 601 993	50 000 48 461 150 000	80 739 60 554 80 739	84 883 63 662 84 883	250 000 829 571 867 571	350 000 900 693 800 000	370 000 930 412 812 300			
	GT421 Emfuleni	157 727	164 648	172 349				2 000	10 737	11 287						
		25 037														
C DX Total: Sediber	C DC42 Sedibeng District Municipality Total: Sedibeng Municipalities	212 600	221 571	231 536				1 365	10 737	11 287						
	CTRACOL Manual City	000 30						000	10.01	11.000						
		35 567						70 000	10 /3/	11.28/						
B GI	GT483 Westonaria GT484 Merafong City	51 342 57 929	46 800 56 537	48 816 59 023												
O	DC48 West Rand District Municipality	or core	200 000	100 000				000 00	3 500	3.780						
Iotal: West I	Lotal: West Kand Municipalities	740 / 18	7.40 04.7	250 694				70 000	14 23 /	/90 CI						
Total: Gauter	Total: Gauteng Municipalities	453 318	461 648	482 230	4 969 171	5 144 714	5 417 384	274 826	247 006	259 782	1 947 142	2 050 693	2 112 712			1

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 1 OF 2

		Miminim	Mimioin of Infrastructure Crant	Grant	Tirkon Sottlements Davalonment Crent	onte Develon	nont Gront	Neighbourhood Development Partnership	1 Development	Partnership	Public Trans	Dublic Transmort Infrastrucutra Crant	Trong Cront	Dural Hous	Dural Households Infrastructura Grant	Tuetnes Crant
		winning to	TILL ASLI UNION	Grant	OI DAII SCLICI	ens perenpi	III GI alli	Gran	Grant (Capital Grant)	it)	T digital Trains	por camasara	cure Grant	Nul al Hous	cuorus min ast	acture or ann
		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and Municipal Financial Year	Municipal Fin:	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	inancial Year
Category	Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
KWAZULU-NATAL																
A ETH eThekwini	in				1 800 076	1 863 667	1 962 441	33 592	60 554	63 662	654 751	747 287	790 043			
11016271	-	900	100.01	0,00												
B KZN212 Uladoni	nio	17 999	10/81	20 950												
KZN213	ž	33 370	34 27 87 8	36.267												
KZN214	abantii	21.896	22 855	23 717												
KZN215	eni	13 987	14 464	14 921												
KZN216	s Coast	47 892	20 590	52 789												
Total Usu Municipalities	Ugu District Municipality	245 189	253 453	265 438												
Total: Ugu Municipalities		399 / 00	415 IU/	453 444					1							
B KZN221 uMshwathi	<u> </u>	25 698	066 96	28.050												
KZN222		21415	22 428	23.268												
KZN223	· co	11 991	12 371	12 726												
	٠	11 736	12 137	12 481												
KZN225	zi	163 158	170 413	178 393				10 350	10 737	11 288	100 000	220 000	250 000			
KZN226	bathini	16 251	16 974	17 551												
_	pu	17 493	18 152	18 786												
C DC22 Umgung	Umgungundlovu District Municipality	97 264	91 204	95363												
Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities	icipalities	365 006	370 669	386 618				10 350	10 737	11 288	100 000	220 000	250 000			
KZN232	Ennambithi/Ladysmith	40 950	43 037	44 872				10 200	4 078	4 404						
B KZN233 Indaka		21 401	22 228	23 059												
KZN234	12	17 289	18 090	18 721				1 326								
KZN235	ımba	26 537	27 689	28 783												
B KZN236 Imbabazane C DC23 Uthukela Dis	Imbabazane Uthukela District Municipality	22 787	23 709	24 611										4 124	5 000	
Total: Uthukela Municipalities	9	306 283	319 144	333 090				11 526	4 078	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4				4 124	2 000	
B KZN241 Endumeni		14 383	14 943	15422												
		00000	30 506	31738												
KZN242		36 513	38 391	40 001												
		25 497	26 793	27 845												
C DC24 Unzinya	Umzinyathi District Municipality	179 014	185 692	194 409										4 000	5 000	
Total: Unzinyathi Municipalities	ities	284 627	296 327	309 415										4 000	2 000	
B KZN252 Newcastle		107 320	112 554	117 742				12 000	10 737	11 288						
	ngeni	9 050	9 227	9 431												
KZN254	user	20 422	21 240	22 024												
C DC25 Amajuba	Amajuba District Municipality	41 650	40 721	42 445												
Total: Amajuba Municipalities	es	178 442	183 742	191 642				12 000	10 737	11 288						

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 1 OF 2

			Municip	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Urban Settle	Urban Settlements Development Grant		Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Canital Grant)	rhood Development Pa	t Partnership	Public Trans	Public Transport Infrastrucutre Grant	icutre Grant	Rural House	Rural Households Infrastructure Grani	ture Grant
			National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nncial Year
Cate	Category	Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
4	١.	-															
n c		eDumbe	17 041	10/ /11	18313												
n		ur nongoto	68/ 07														
m i		Abaqulusi	34 158						1								
В		Nongoma	29 812						6 867								
В	2	Ulundi	29 000														
C	DC26 Z	Zululand District Municipality	221 622														
Total: Zu	Total: Zululand Municipalities	ricipalities	358 422		384 368				298 6								
В		Umhlabuyalingana	32 490														
В		Jozini	34 916														
		The Big 5 False Bay	11 156		11 798												
	KZN274 F	Hlabisa	13 902														
В	KZN275 N	Mtubatuba	29 524														
O	DC27	Umkhanyakude District Municipality	206 020	213 694	223 761										4 000	2 000	
Total: Un	hhanvakude	Total: Umkhanyakude Municipalities	328 008	341 326											4 000	2 000	
ı	100,000				100												
g i		IVII 010ZI	72 4 27		170 07												
В		uMhlathuze	90 831		99 175										4 500	2 000	
В		Ntambanana	14 596		15 668												
В		uMlalazi	37 496		41 105												
В	KZN285 N	Mthonjaneni	12 610	12 986	13 371												
В	KZN286	Nkandla	21 582		23 204												
Ö	DC28 u	uThungulu District Municipality	172 063		186 488												
Total: Uth	Total: Uthungulu Municipalities	unicipalities	372 630	387 534	404 538										4 500	2 000	
В	_	Mandeni	32 957						20 377	4 972	5370						
В	_	KwaDukuza	47 941		52 643				14 946	1 250	1350						
В		Ndwedwe	27 936	29 155					11 000								
В	KZN294	Maphumulo	21 070	21 862													
Ü	DC29 ii	iLembe District Municipality	184 985	192 912													
Total: iLe	Total: iLembe Municipalities	ripalities	314 889	328 946	343 609				46 323	6 222	6 7 2 0						
Д	V ZNA31	Inmuse	23.407														
Q £		IIIBMC	164.67														
В		Kwa Sani	7 478														
В		Greater Kokstad	16 545		17 569												
В		Ubuhlebezwe	23 553														
В	KZN435 L	Umzimkhulu	41 033		44 164				16 000								
C		Harry Gwala District Municipality	187 028												4 500	5 000	
Total: Sis	Total: Sisonke Municipalities	cipalities	299 134	311 697	325 286				16 000						4 500	2 000	
Total Ky	vaZulu-Nata	Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municinalities	3 2 0 7 1 4 1	3 322 553	3 468 354	1 800 076	1 863 667	1 962 441	130 658	92 328	97.362	754 751	967 287	1 040 043	21 124	25 000	

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 1 OF 2

							N. J. L.L.		D						
	Municip	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Urban Settle	Urban Settlements Development Grant		Neignbournood Development Farmersmp Grant (Capital Grant)	rnood Development Fa Grant (Capital Grant)	nt)	Public Tran	Public Transport Infrastrucutre Grant	eutre Grant	Rural Househ	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	cture Grant
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Catanary	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
LIMPOPO															
D I IM221 Grantor Gironi	\$6.046	20 216													
LUMD31	53 440	29 210	01 032												
LIM332	33 440	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2													
LIM333	87 083	92 085					21 951	4 400	4 7 52						
	29 769	31 314	32 583					3 200	3 780						
LIM335	25 309	26 046	27 062												
C DC33 Mopani District Municipality	429 490	452 363	473 944												
Total: Mopani Municipalities	681 137	717 242	750 394				21 951	7 900	8 532						
d thought	10.042														
	10 943														
LIMD42	24 038	22 208	140276				15 000								
	126 460						000 CI								
LIM344	10/ 08/		118604												
C DC3+ VIGILIOP DISTRICT MULTICIPATITY	100 010	712 214	337.007				000								
Total: Vhembe Municipalities	763 058	805 122	842 755				15 000								
n indet plantam	30 408														
LIMDSI	30 + 00														
LIMIS 32	32.157	23 005													
LIM353	28 943														
LIM3 54	266 671		293 473				2 000	10 737	11 288	200 000	190 000	190 000			
	49 920	52 617	54914											0	
C DC35 Capricorn District Municipality	252 059	264 083	276 581										4 500	4 500	
Total: Capricorn Municipalities	668 158	701 105	733 478				2 000	10 737	11 288	200 000	190 000	190 000	4 500	4 500	
	200 00	00													
I DATE CO	35 920	27 070	30 607												
LIM362	35 992	5/ 0/9													
LIM364	15 / 66	16 2/1													
B LIM262 Modimone	32.364	23 000													
1 INGS 67	120 640	144 672													
	130 043	107													
tal: Waterbero Mi	278 090	273 662	285 417												
constitution of the control of the c															
LIM471	31 070														
LIM472	50 840														
LIM473	57 452														
B LIM474 Fetakgomo	21 388		23 121												
LIM475	61 745						10 000	3 500	3 780						
C DC47 Sekhukhune District Municipality	451 120	471 627	,										4 500	4 500	
Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities	673 615	705 800	738 400				10 000	3 500	3 780				4 500	4 500	
- 1940 -	2001000	1000000	2 220 444					201.00	00000	000 000	000 001		0000	0000	
Total: Limpopo Municipalities	3 064 058	3 202 931	3 350 444			_	51 951	22 137	23 600	200 000	190 000	190 000	0006	0006	

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 1 OF 2

		Municipa	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	Grant	Urban Settle	Urban Settlements Development Grant		Neighbourhood Development Partnership	d Development	Partnership	Public Trans	Public Transport Infrastrucutre Grant	cutre Grant	Rural Househ	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	ture Grant
				100			100	Crar	Gramt (Capital Gramt)	(III)			111111111111111111111111111111111111111			
		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Category	Municipality	2014/12	2012/10	/1/0107	2014/12	2012/10	/1/0107	2014/13	7012/10	/1/0107	2014/10	2012/10	/1/9107	2014/102	2012/10	/1/01/07
		(K'000)	(K.000)	(K000)	(K'000)	(R000)	(K'000)	(K.000)	(R000)	(K'000)	(K.000)	(R000)	(K.000)	(R.000)	(K000)	(K'000)
MPUMALANGA																
				1000												
	Albert Luthuli	81 407	84 911	88 766												
	Msukaligwa	49 076	51 454	53 695												
B MP303	Mkhondo	72 765	76 401	79 846												
B MP304	Pixley Ka Seme	25 220	25 859	26865												
	Lekwa	33 994	28 217	29 337												
B MP306	Dipaleseng	17 985	18 453	19 102												
B MP307	Govan Mbeki	71 781	56 416	58 896												
C DC30	Gert Sibande District Municipality															
Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	Municipalities	352 228	341 711	356 507												
d d	121	022.00	000 70	200.20												
	victor Knanye	0/ 5 57	74 288	72 272												
B MP312	Emalahleni	111 477	116 945	122 345					10 736	11 288						
B MP313	Steve Tshwete	46 283	48 541	50 641					4 800	5 184						
B MP314	Emakhazeni	17 232	17 888	18 509												
B MP315	Thembisile Hani	115 285	120 322	125 885												
B MP316	Dr JS Moroka	116 875	121 952	127 594												
C DC31	Nkangala District Municipality															
Total: Nkangala Municipalities	micipalities	430 722	450 036	470 297					15 536	16 472						
	Thaba Chweu	45 004	47 377	49 421												
B MP322	Mbombela	286 043	302 750	317114				2 000	10 736	11 288	195 191	120 217	170 000			
B MP323	Umjindi	29 824	31 090	32349												
B MP324	Nkomazi	210 291	222 463	232 953										4 500	4 000	
	Bushbuckridge	353 138	371 102	388 763					1 000	1 080						
C DC32	Ehlanzeni District Municipality															
Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities	unicipalities	924 300	974 782	1 020 600				2 000	11 736	12368	161 261	120 217	170 000	4 500	4 000	
Total Manualanas Municipalitie	Municipalities	1 707 350	1 766 530	1 847 404				2 000	27, 77,	30 0 40	105 101	120 217	170.000	4 500	4 000	

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 1 OF 2

		Municipal	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Urban Settle	Urban Settlements Development Grant		Neighbourhoo	d Developme	Neighbourhood Development Partnership	Public Trans	port Infrastr	Public Transport Infrastrucutre Grant	Rural House	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	cture Grant
		Notional and		analel Vaca	Notional and		Venni	Notice of	Gram (Capital Gram)	ram)	Notional and	Municipal	Notional Windowski	Notional	Noticed Menicipal Research	onelel Veen
Catagory	Municipality	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Category	Municipanty	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
NORTHERN CAPE	APE				_											
B NC061		7 182	7 276	7386												
		13 979	14 34 1													
		6716	7 485													
		9 9 5 3	685 6													
		8 890	8 036													
_		8 376	7 715													
DC9	 Namakwa District Municipality 															
Total: Namakwa Municipalities	a Municipalities	57 509	54 442	55 622												
		9 655	9 839	10 073												
		11 148	11 319	11 624												
		12 608	11 969	12 305												
B NC074		7 848	7 958	8 101												
		7.741	7 415	7.531												
		10 598	9 334	9 543												
		9 708	9 702	9 9 29												
~		16 023	16 303	16848												
C DC7	7 Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality															
Total: Pixley Ka	Fotal: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities	85 329	83 839	85 954												
190 JN	Mes	000	001.9	2002												
		21 178	21 958	22 77 776												
		22 17	27.763	23.620												
B NC084		10.834	10 542	10.809												
		14 760	15 264	15 760												
		7.843	2 06.7	20.00												
Total: Siyanda Municipalities	Municipalities	85 539	85 288	87 955												
		47 211	48 779	20 890				2 000	10 736	11 288						
		20 010	18 980	19 654												
B NC093		10 787	11 001	11 290												
B NC094	Hokwane Erong Dougl District Menicipality	24 830	00/ \$7	26 698												
Total Brancoe B	1	100 644	104 460	100 533				0002	327 01	11 200						
Total: Frances D	Saaru Muncipanues	107 044	104 +01	100 552				000 C	JC/ 01							
B NC451	51 Joe Morolong	57 058	59 366	61 989												
		51 027	52 924	55 236												
B NC453		11 638	12 032	12371												
C DC45	5 John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality															
Total: John Taol	Fotal: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities	119 723	124 322	129 596												
Total: Northern	Total: Northern Cape Municipalities	450 944	452 351	467 659				5 000	10 736	11 288						

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 1 OF 2

	Municip	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Urban Settle	Urban Settlements Development Grant		Neighbourhoo	Neighbourhood Development Partnership	Partnership	Public Trans	Public Transport Infrastrucutre Grant	utre Grant	Rural Househ	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	ture Grant
	Notional	National and Municipal Financial Voca	andio I Voor	Notional and	National and Municipal Cinemais I Voor	anoial Voor	Notional and	Notional and Municipal Einencial Voor	mojal Voor	Notional and	National and Municipal Einensial Year	anoial Vane	National and	National and Municipal Energial Year	noial Voor
	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Category Municipality	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R000)	(R'000)
NORTH WEST															
B NW371 Moretele	99 541														
NW372	244 694	257 048	269 207												
	196 593						5 000	10 736	11 288	520 000	570 000	330 000			
B NW374 Kgetlengrivier	22 715														
B NW375 Moses Kotane	130 837														
1	604 390	735 403	750 303				000	10 736	11 300	230,000	000 023	330 000			
Total: Dojanata Flatinum Muncipanues	094 300	764 07/	C07 6C/				non c	06/ 01	90711	000 076	000 0/6	200 000			
B NW381 Ration	27 464	28 755	29 901												
B NW382 Tswaing	27 493	28 632	29 772												
B NW383 Mafikeng	56 801	59 746	62 387												
B NW384 Ditsobotla	34 2 14	35 707	37 188												
B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa	34 624	36 304	37814				3 869								
C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	283 852	299 322	313 520												
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	464 448	488 466	510 582				3 869								
B NW392 Naledi	16 051	16 663	17 226												
B NW393 Mamusa	14 991	15 413	15916												
NW394	44 192	46 478	48 479				2 800								
B NW396 Lekwa-Teemane	14 152	14 534	14 994												
B NW397 NW397	28 383	29 405	30 582												
C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	132 640	139 059	145 526										4 500	4 000	
Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	250 409	261 552	272 723				2 800						4 500	4 000	
B NW401 Ventersdorp	21 904		23 450												
B NW402 Tlokwe	45 453		49 512					4 000	4 3 2 0						
B NW403 City of Matlosana	95 331		89 192				21 625	10 736	11 287						
B NW404 Maquassi Hills	26 925	27 599	28 689												
C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality															
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities	189 613	182 982	190 843				21 625	14 736	15 607						

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B) I OF 2

		Municipa	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Urban Settler	Urban Settlements Development Grant		Veighbourhood Gran	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Capital Grant)	Partnership	Public Transp	Public Transport Infrastrucutre Grant	cutre Grant	Rural House	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	cture Grant
		National and	Municipal Fin	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	Municipal Fin	ancial Year
Category	Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
WESTERN CAPE																
A CPT City of C	City of Cape Town				1 358 879	1 406 883	1 481 448	52 678	80 739	84 883	1159140	900 000	912 841			
HOOM		000 00	00.00	21.046												
B WC011 Matzikama	ama	20 089	20 8/9	21 043				1110								
WC012	25.00	13.764	13 386	12 007												
WC014	ha Bay	18 389	19 037	19 715												
	and	19 918	20 872	21 638												
C DCI West Co	West Coast District Municipality		1													
Total: West Coast Municipalities	alities	87 077	90 470	93 630				311								
B WC000 Witzenberg	horn	21.7.10	21.052	077 66												
WC022	locig	22 120	24 340	25 763												
WC023	bosch	33 313	34 964	36.410												
WC025	Valley	32.353	33 677	35 061												
	oerg oerg	20 686	21 538	22 335												
DC2	Cape Winelands District Municipality															
Total: Cape Winelands Municipalities	nicipalities	140 708	146 479	152 339												
reo Olin	ç. -	0.00	10000	25.040												
WC031	I neewaterskioor	856 47	148 67	70 840												
	rand	20 674	21 587	22 388												
WC033	Agulhas	10 532	10.847	11 129												
WC034	Swellendam Occadeura Dietrica Municipality	11 399	11.754	12 079												
Total Ocerhone Municipalit	ag District Municipality	CJ E CJ	000 02	17, 442		İ	Ì		İ							
Total: Overberg Municipalities	ries	6/ 203	670 0/	77 447												
B WC041 Kannaland	land	9 927	10 134	10 382												
WC042	THE STATE OF THE S	12 997	13 418	13 824												
	Bay	22 531	23 598	24 496												
WC044		37 946	39 183	40 832							61 805	65 684	98456			
WC045	noom	20 437	21 306	22 092												
WC047		18 914	19 774	20 486												
WC048		23 648	24 504	25 445												
DC4	Eden District Municipality	747 400	210121	100 000					1		2006	107 27	727 00			
rotat: Eden Municipannes		140 400	/16 161	/66 /61							C06 10	60 00	98 430			
	burg	6 523	6 578	6 654												
	Albert	7377	7 491	7 611												
WC053	Beautoff west Control Ranco Dietrict Municipality	10 /43	15 /5/	14 138												
Control Posses	ratio District Municipality	20.645	200 22	10.433			l									
Total: Central Naroo Mulin	cipalities	20 043	7/ 000	C74 07												
Total: Western Cane Municipalities	inalities	101 227	486 701	504 301	1 358 870	1 406 883	1 481 448	52 980	80 739	84 883	1 220 945	965 684	1 011 297			
										30						
Unallocated																124 599
National Total		14 683 835	15 098 070	15 766 819	10 284 684	10 654 773	11 231 861	591 179	000 009	631800	4 968 029	5 097 881	5 104 052	47 624	51 000	124 599
						ı										

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	set Management	Systems Grant	(Municipal) Grant	(Municipal) Grant	,	Municipal Wa	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	re Grant	Municipal D	Mumerpal Disaster Recovery Grant	y Grant	SUB-LOL	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	UCI UKE
	National and	National and Municipal Fins	ancial Year	Nationalan	d Municipal Fins	nncial Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	Nationalan	d Municipal Fir	ancial Year
Category Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
STERN CAPE															
BUF Buffalo City NMA Nelson Mandela Bay				27 000 18 000	27 000 28 000	12 000							705 289 965 324	744 336 1 180 698	773 519 1 235 287
				200	10 000	2 000							13 625	23 427	18 83
					5 000	4 000							15 891 8 002	14 075 12 862	14 513 12 000
EC104 Makana EC105 Ndlambe													23 298	23 889	24 80
				000	2 000								24 147	27 069	28 03
EC107 Baviaans EC108 Kouga				3 000	5 000	5 000				2 985			35 817	13 910	14 098
		0000	1300							5 626			20391	15 123	15 61
DCTO Cacadu District Municipanty al: Cacadu Municipalities	2110	2 2 0 0	2 261	4 400	32 000	26 000			T	8 611			179 878	200 332	200 237
FC121 Mhhacha				2 000	21 000	25,000							26.027	998 77	
				5 400	20 000	25 000							65 413	82 760	
EC123 Great Kei													12 815	13 148	13 542
													22.755	23 676	
EC127 Nkonkobe					4 200	4 300							32 207	37 921	
DC12 Amathole District Municipality	2 7 0 8	2 7 7 8	2 874										428 472	447 988	•
al: Amathole Municipalities	2 7 0 8	2 778	2 874	7 400	45 200	54300							658375	725 568	765 522
EC131 Inxuba Yethemba													15 2 14	15 811	16 333
													9 153		
				3 000	000 30	000 30							40 591		
EC135 missika reulu EC136 Emalahleni				10 000	20 000	25 000							40 970		
				8 000	20 000	30 000							43 804		69 214
	2 979	3,060	3 165	0000 c			48 528	120 608	70 273				333484	405 880	
Σ	2 9 7 9	3 0 60	3 165	32 000	66 200	80 000	48 528	120 608	70 273				562 895		
EC141 Flundini													36 485		
													35 838	37 597	39 169
EC143 Maletswai													12 029		
	2 084	2 1 2 4	2 204				20 009	25 011	7 328				173 562		
tal: Joe Gqabi Municipalities	2 084	2 1 2 4	2 204				20 009	25 011	7 328				268 890		
				2 000	25 000	30 000							55 594	78 198	
EC154 Port St Johns EC155 Nvandoni				4 000	20 000	25,000							31 998		
				4 000	20 000	15 000							44 675		
EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo	4			15 300	30 000	30 000							95 371		
DC15 O.R.Tambo District Municipality Tal: O.R.Tambo Municipalities	2 686	2 737	2 841	28 300	95 000	100 000	89 442	124 303	175 675				696 499 984 461	1 121 444	1219 862
FC441 Managele				19 300	25,000	30,000							050 59		
				25 000	25 000	30 000							68 294	70 277	
EC443 Mbizana				24 400	36 600	30 000							69 392	83 816	79 253
DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality	2 104	2 144	2 225										359 467	374 015	
al: Alfred Nzo Municipalities	2 1 0 4	2144	2 225	98 700	113 100	115 000							617 789	654 311	
al: Eastern Cane Municipalities	14 671	15 043	15 570	215 800	406 500	405 300	157 979	269 922	253 276	8 611			4 942 901	5 588 304	5 811 450

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

	Dural Donde Accot Managem	seet Management	Out Systems Crant	Integrated Nati	Integrated National Electrification Programme	n Programme	Municipal	Municipal Woter Infrastructure	The Count	Municipal	Municipal Disaster Decourant Creat	Cront	SIBLOT	STIB-TOTAL: INEBASTBICTIBE	CTIBE
	National a	oset Manieinel Fine	Systems of ant	()	(Municipal) Grant	noial Vaar	National and	Municipal Fina	ncial Vear	National and	National and Municipal Financial Vear	ncial Vear	ne lenoiseN	d Municipal Fine	neial Voor
Category Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
FREE STATE															
A MAN Mangaung				30 200	23 000	26 000							719 606	720 785	766 932
FS161					1 000	1 000							17 254	18 203	18 792
B FS162 Nobokare					5 000	5 000							17 462	23 009	23 637
B FS164 Naledi	690		1 001		2 000	2 000							13 406	18 390	18 795
1.3	1852	1 892			16 000	16 000							70 054	87 145	89 591
i N introdu					0000	000							00	10010	200.00
B FS181 Mashonyana B FS182 Tokologo				2 000	000 9	0009							18 9 18	22 249	22 792
FS183					2 000	2 000							23 703	21 186	21 726
B FS184 Matjhabeng				4 200	5 000	5 000							160 446	30 999	35 157
DC18	1 775		2 185	7	7	000 5							1775	2 105	2 185
Total: Lejweleputswa Municipalities	1775	2 1 0 5		8 200	26 000	26 000							278 821	229 252	237 830
					200								29 660		48 874
FS192					2 000								40 4 10		41 345
FS193				5 300	2 000								31 872	29 837	30 794
B FS194 Maluti-a-Phofung				17 000	25 000	25 000							187 547	188 624	191 034
FS196				1 000	2 000	2 000							22 578	21 578	22 281
C DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	1885	2 2 2 5											1 885	2 225	2 307
Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	1885		2 307	31 300	48 500	49 500							372 748	363 533	373 016
				5 000	000 6	7 000							43 123	48 250	47 903
				5 000	000 9	0009							44 881	47 007	48 744
B FS204 Metsimaholo				7 000	20 000	21 000							49 139	63 610	66 472
C DC20 Fezile Dabi District Municipality	1 709			200	000 01	000 61							1 709	2 039	2 119
Total: Fezile Dabi Municipalities	1709	2 039	2 119	20 000	45 000	49 000							163 252	192 891	203 043
Total: Free State Municipalities	7 2 2 1	8 261	8 572	89 700	158 500	166 500							1 604 481	1 593 606	1 670 412
GAUTENG															
A EKU Ekurhuleni				000 19	50 000	40 000							2 165 532		2 462 181
JHB				31 000	20 000	40 000							2 604 221	2 766 321	2 882 167
A 15H City of 1shwane				32 000	30 000	40.000							170 616 7		7 2 3 3 4 1 7 0
					54 000	15 000							162 727	229 385	198 636
B GT423 Lesedi				7 000	15 000	20 000							32 037	36 060	46 849
DC42		2 080	2 350										1365	2 080	2 350
Ę		2 080		7 000	74 000	45 000							225 965	308 388	290 173
GT481					2 000	2 000							115 880		117 685
GT482				i i	5 000	12 700							35 567		51 157
B GT483 Westonaria B GT484 Merafino City				7 000	12 000	20 000							58 342	58 800	79 073
C DC48 West Rand District Municipality		2 2 0 4													6 264
Total: West Rand Municipalities		2 2 0 4	2 484	13 000	32 000	54 700							273 718	288 518	322 945
Total: Gauteng Municipalities		4 2 8 4	4 834	144 000	236 000	219 700							7 788 457	8 144 345	8 496 642

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

	Rural Roads As	set Managemen	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	Integrated Natio	Integrated National Electrification Programme	on Programme	Municipal Wa	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	ure Grant	Municipal	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	ry Grant	SUB-TOI	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	UCTURE
	National an	National and Municipal Fin	Financial Year	Nationalan	National and Municipal Financial Year	neial Vear	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	vncial Year	Nationalar	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Vear
Cotonom	2014/15		2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
KWAZULU-NATAL															
A ETH eThekwini				15 000	20 000	22 000							2 503 419	2 691 508	2 838 146
B KZN211 Vulamehlo				5 000	000 6	0006							22 999		28 362
B KZN212 Umdoni						2 000							19 367		25 950
KZN213				9 000	10 000	10 000							39 370	44 828	46 267
						2 000							21 896		25 71
				000	000 01	3 000							13 987		17 92
B NZ.NZ.16 HIBISCUS Coast C DC21 Usu District Municipality	2 430	2 490	2.578	000 q	10 000	10000	27 500	118 808	128 713				275 119	374 751	396 729
ipa	2 430	2 4 90		17 000	29 000	39 000	27 500	118 808	128 713				446 630	565 405	603 73
				000	000	0							000		2000
B KZN221 uMshwathi				3 000	0000	0009							28 698		34 050
				2 000	000 01	10 000							16 9 9 1		22 20
				3 000	10 000	10 000							14 736	22 137	22 481
				3 000	000 6	0006	11389	58333	26 721				287 897		
				2 000	000 6	0006							21 251	25 974	
B KZN227 Richmond C DC22 Umonomodlovu District Municipality	2 303	2373	2 452		8 000	8 000	28.611	080 080	50 235				17 493	26 152	
	2 202	0.00		000 01	000 00	00000	00007	136 413	750 72				027 762	100 000	
Lotal: Umgungunatova Municipanties	7 202	5,57		19 000	000 000	000 00	000 04	130413	006.0/				600 000	907 197	16 /0/
B KZN232 Emnambithi/Ladysmith				7 000	8 000	8 000							58 150		
					10 000	10 000							21 401		
				10 000	10 000	10 000							28 615		
				9 000	12 000	12 000							32 537		
IS NZINZ36 Imbabazane C DC23 Uthukela District Municipality	2315		2 446		8 000	8 000							183 758	191 746	195 490
Total:Uthukela Municipalities	2315	2355	2 446	23 000	48 000	48 000							347 248		
				8 000	10 000	10 000							22 383		25 42.
				7 000	15 000	15 000							36 220		46 738
				8 000	10 000	13 000							44 513		53 001
B KZN245 Umvoti	2136		1300	12 000	30 000	38 000	10 775	05030	111 801	159	120		37 656	56 913	304 77
ĮΣ	2128	2 168		35 000	000 59	26 000	19 775	78 250	111801	159	120		345 689	446 865	495 777
				0	8 000	8 000	7 040	14 825	13 613				126360	146 116	150 643
B KZN253 Emadlangeni B KZN254 Dannhauser				000 x	10 000	10 000							20 422	21 227	
C DC25 Amajuba District Municipality	2 0 2 0	2 051	2 132				12 040	19 825	15 133				55 710	62 597	
Total: Amainha Municinalities	2 0 2 0	2 051	2 132	8 000	18 000	18 000	19 080	34 650	28 746				219 542	249 180	251 808

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

			Rural Roads Ass	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant		Integrated Nati	Integrated National Electrification Programme	on Programme	Municipal Wa	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	Ire Grant	Municipal	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	erv Grant	SUB-TOL	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	CTURE
			N. C.	National Manipulation	Pierreit IV.	7	(Municipal) Grant	No.	Notional on A	V I open on St. I original Municipal St. I original St. I	and Voice	Notional	Notional Municipal Electronia	vanial Voor	7		William V
			2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Category	gory	Municipality	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
		eDumbe				8 000	10 000	10 000							25 041	27 701	28 313
В						12 000	15 000	15 000							38 789	43 089	44 203
						000 6	000 6	0006							43 1 58	44 883	46 373
						000 9	10 000	10 000							45 679	41 160	42 422
						5 000	10 000	10 000							34 000	40 216	41 432
C	DC26	Zululand District Municipality	2 167	2 2 1 7	2 297				39 205	20 000	124 771				262 994	306 235	362 693
Total: Zub	uland Mur	Total: Zululand Municipalities	2 167	2 2 1 7	2 297	40 000	54 000	54 000	39 2 05	900 62	124 771				449 661	503 284	565 436
В							000 6	0006							32 490	43 126	44 531
						7 000	10 000	10 000							41916	46 536	48 058
						7 000	8 000	8 000							18 1 56	19 486	19 798
						8 000	12 000	12 000							21 902	26 441	26 897
						1 500	10 000	10 500							31 024	41 043	42 799
C	DC27	Umkhanyakude District Municipality	2 440	2 491	2 584										212 460	221 185	226 345
Total: Um	khanyaku	Total: Umkhanyakude Municipalities	2 440	2 491	2 584	23 500	49 000	49 500							357 948	397 817	408 428
	13CN2A	Medori				2 000	000 8	000 8							28 452	32 583	33 577
<u> </u>						8 000	10 000	0006	18850	50 882	7 921				122 181	160 724	116 096
							3 900	3 000							14.596	19 077	18 668
						7 000	10 000	10 000							44 4 96	49 44	51 105
						3 000	10 000	10 000							15 610	22 986	23 371
В	KZN286					4 000	8 000	8 000							25 582	30 366	31 204
O	DC28	uThungulu District Municipality	2 3 0 5	2 3 6 5	2 447				37412	109 483	690 16				211 780	289 984	280 004
Total: Uth	ungulu M	Total: Uthungulu Municipalities	2 3 0 5	2365	2 447	27 000	49 900	48 000	56 262	160 365	066 86				462 697	605 164	553 975
	1001827					000 0	000 01	00001							, ,	000	17013
						000 6	00000	00001							100 00	49 339	21 303
						000	000 6	0006							/8879	00 / 00	62 993
n 1						8 000	000 6	0006							46 936	58 155	39 520
	MZN294	Maphumio	0010	910	,		8 000	8 000	00000	2000	100 000				21 0/0	708 67	30.676
Total I	13	tremo Districtivi unicipanty	2 120	2100	247 7	17 000	000 20	000 76	39,000	200 154	102 032	Ì			410 222	503 403	100 007
		inclusions.		0012	-	200 (1	200	200	900	100	200				10000	100	200 001
	KZN431	Ingwe				5 000	0 000 6	0006							28 497	33 520	34 461
	KZN432														7 4 7 8	7 556	7 679
	KZN433					5 000	8 000	8 000							21 545	24 990	25 569
В	KZN434	Ubuhlebezwe				8 000	12 000	12 000							31 553	36 536	37 478
	KZN435					15 004	15 000	15 000							72 037	57 361	59 164
C	DC43	Harry Gwala District Municipality	2 0 4 4	2 0 8 4	2 163				22 800	43 500	109 118				216 372	246 318	316 216
Total: Sisc	Total: Sisonke Municipalities	nicipalities	2 0 4 4	2 084	2 163	33 004	44 000	44 000	22 800	43 500	109 118				377 482	406 281	480 567
Total: Kwa	a Zulu-Nat	Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities	22 272	22.754	23 592	257 504	472 900	494 500	263 622	862 146	777 437	159	120		6 466 307	7 628 755	7 863 729
										1						1	

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

Municipality Continued and Municipality Continued by Continued b		Rural Roads Ass	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme	ystems Grant	Integrated Nati	tional Electrificatio	on Programme	Municipal W.	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	ture Grant	Municipal	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	ry Grant	SUB-TOT.	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	UCTURE
NHOPO NHOPO		National and	d Municipal Finan	cial Vear	Nationalan	d Municipal Fina	neial Vear	National and	Municipal Fins	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	Nationalan	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Vear
MATCH Count Cipal Match		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
MATCH Marche Ma		(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
In M31 Center Clouds 1	JIMPOPO															
In M33 Gravet Teachs In M33 Gravet Teachs In M34 In M34 In	LIM331				10 000	000 01	8 000							66.046	912 69	
LM33 Grant Toxacon LM33 Mandam LM34 Mandam LM35	LIM332													53 440	56 218	
LM33 Be-Plankova 1995 2045 2117 25 000 6 000 10 000	LIM333				9 000	40 000	25 000							115 034	136 485	126 038
LOS3 Manufepallities LOS3 Manufepallities LOS3 Manufepallities LOS3 Manufepallities LOS3 Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Manufepallities LOS3 Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Magnati Deric Magnati	LIM334				000 6	000 9	10 000							38 769	40 814	
DC33 Morparii Darica Municipality 1995 2045 2117 25 000 43 00	LIM335										1 100	836		26 409	26 882	
1935 1945	DC33	1 995	2 045	2 117										431 485	454 408	
LM341 Musina LM342 Musina LM342 Musina LM342 Tulaimela LM343 Tulaimela LM343 Roberge LM351 Roberge LM351 Roberge LM352 Roberge LM352 Roberge LM353 Roberge LM353 Roberge LM353 Roberge LM354 Roberge LM354 Roberge LM355 Lychalmine LM355 Lychalmine LM355 Lychalmine LM356 Lychalmine LM356 Lychalmine LM356 Lychalmine LM356 Lychalmine LM356 Lychalmine LM356 Lychalmine LM356 Lychalmine LM356 Lychalmine LM356 Roberg LM356 Roberge LM356 Roberg	otal: Mopani Municipalities	1 995	2 0 45	2 117	25 000	26 000	43 000				1 100	836		731 183	784 023	804 043
LM32 Mathem LM34 Mathem LM34 Mathem LM35 Mathem LM35 Mathem LM35 Mathem LM35 Bucherge LM35 Rabberg LM35 Rabberg LM35 Rabberg LM35 Rabberg LM35 R	I BA341													10.043		
Interest Interest	LIM342													24 0 58	25 268	26 226
In MA44 Makbado In MA42 Makbado In MA45 Makbado In MA44 Makbado In MA45 Makbado In MA45 Makbado In MA45 In MA45 In MA45 In MA45 In MA45 In MA45 In MA45 In MA45 In MA45 In MA45 In MA45 In MA45 In MA45 In Makbado In MA45 In MA45 In Makbado In Makbado In MA45 In Makbado In Makbado In Makbado In Ma45 In Makbado In	LIM343				45 000	45 000	40 000							186 460		
DC24 Vhembe District Municipality 1948 1988 2 061 52 000 60 000 60 000 LM351 Bloubey Municipalities 1948 1988 2 061 3 000 3 000 10 000 LM352 Againate LM353 Advanced municipality 2 184 2 234 2 315 2 8 000 44 0 000 45 000 27 379 51 698 LM354 Capicarom District Municipality 2 184 2 234 2 315 2 8 000 45 000 27 379 51 698 LM354 Capicarom District Municipality 2 184 2 234 2 315 2 8 000 40 000 27 379 51 698 LM354 Capicarom District Municipality 2 184 2 234 2 315 2 8 000 5 000 5 000 2 7 379 51 698 LM356 Modernole LM356	LIM344				7 000	15 000	20 000							114 087		
LM35 Blotherg	DC34	1 948	1 988	2 061										488 458		
LM351 Blouberg	otal: Vhembe Municipalities	1 948	1 988	2 061	52 000	000 09	000 09							832 006	867 110	904 816
LM351 Pototrogy LM353 Adjorance LM353 Molecured LM354 Molecured LM354 Molecured LM355 Lepek-Natural LM356 Lepek-Natural LM356 Lepek-Natural LM356 Lepek-Natural LM356 Lepek-Natural LM356 Molecured LM356 Molecured LM356 Molecured LM356 Molecured LM356 Molecured LM356 Molecured LM356 Molecured LM356 Molecured LM356 Molecured LM356 Molecured LM356 Molecured LM356 Molecured LM356 Molecured LM356 Molecured LM356 Molecured LM357 Molecured LM357 Molecured LM357 Molecured LM357 Molecured LM357 Molecured LM357 Molecured LM357 Molecured LM357 Molecured LM473 Else Molecured LM473 Else Molecured LM473 Else Molecured LM473 Else Molecured LM473 Malbundenturaga LM474 Edita Molecured LM475 Greater Tebatsse LM476 Greater Tebatsse LM476 Greater Tebatsse LM476 Greater Tebatsse LM476 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM476 Greater Tebatsse LM476 Greater Tebatsse LM476 Greater Tebatsse LM476 Greater Tebatsse LM476 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM476 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM477 Greater Tebatsse LM478 Greater Tebatsse LM478 Greater Tebatsse LM478 Greater Tebatsse LM478 Greater Tebatsse LM478 Greater Tebatsse LM478 Greater Tebatsse LM478 Greater Tebatsse LM478 Greater Tebatsse LM478 Greater Tebatsse LM478 Greater Tebatsse LM478 Greater Tebatsse LM478 Greater Tebatsse LM478 Greater	1 184351				000 6	2 000	000 01							41 400	370 01	2013
LM352 Againing LM353 Againing LM354 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp LM355 Polekwamp	L COVET				0000	000 0	00001							22160	233 66	25.04
LM354 Declaration LM354 Declaration LM354 Legebrane LM355 Legebrane LM355 Legebrane District Municipality 2 184 2 2 3 4 2 3 15 2 8 000 4 3 000 27 3 79 5 16 98 2 185 2 8 000 4 3 000 27 3 79 5 16 98 2 185 2 8 000 4 3 000 5 2 7 3 79 5 16 98 2 185 2 8 000 4 3 000 5 2 7 3 79 5 16 98 2 185 2 8 000 1 16 000 1 16 000 1 16 000 1 17 17 18 2 18 18 2 1 18 7 18 2 1 18 7 18 2 1 18 7 18 2 1 18 7 18 2 1 18 7 18 2 1 18 18 2 1 18 7 18 2 1 18 18 2 1 1	I BA353													32 137	30 277	31 406
LM355 Lqcqc-Nkmmp 2184 2234 2315 28000 43 000 27 379 51 698 21 608 22 234 2315 2	LIM354				25 000	40 000								496 671	520 935	539 761
DCSS Capricom District Municipality 2184 2234 2315 38 600 43 600 27 779 51 608	LIM355													49 920	52 617	
LM361 Trabazimbi	DC35	2 184	2 2 3 4	2 315				27 379	51 698					286 122	322 515	
LM361 The bearing is a continuous contin	otal: Capricorn Municipalities	2 184	2 2 3 4	2 315	28 000	43 000	25 000	27.379	51698					935 221	1 003 274	1 046 519
L.M.5G. Lephalate L.M.5G. Lephalate L.M.5G. Mookgoong L.M.5G. Mookgoong L.M.5G. Mookgoong L.M.5G. Mookgoong L.M.5G. Molamide L.M.5G. Molamide L.M.5G. Materberg District Municipality D.C36 Waterberg District Municipalities D.C36 Waterberg District Municipalities D.C36 Waterberg District Municipalities L.M.47 Eliza Motosude L.M.48 Eliza Motosude L.M						6	9							9		
LM 354 Modespore	LIM361					8 000	16 000							32 926	37 423	46 601
LM 3-56 Modespoing LM 3-56 Modespoing LM 3-56 Modespoing LM 3-56 Modespoing LM 3-56 Modespoing LM 3-56 Modespoing LM 3-56 Modespoing LM 3-56 Modespoing LM 3-56 Modespoing LM 3-56 Modespoing LM 3-76 Modespoing LM 3-76 LM 3-76 Epitram Mogale Epitram Mogale LM 3-76 Epitram Mogale Epitram	LIM362													266 66	57.079	38 02
LIN 366 Bela-Bela Lin Lin Set Bela-Bela Lin Lin Set Bela-Bela Lin Lin Set Bela-Bela Lin Lin Set Bela-Bela Lin Lin Set Bela-Bela Lin Set Montchery District Municipality 1779 1839 1897 5 000 26 000 29 000 100 kW archery Municipalities Lin Lin Lin Lin Lin Lin Lin Lin Lin Lin	LIM364				900	000	000							15 /00	16 2/1	16 81
LM 357 Mogalia kwent	LIM365				3 000	9 000	3 000							37.304	23 157	26 951
DC56 Waterberg District Municipality 1779 1839 1877 5 000 26 000 29 000 LM471 Ephraim Actors Model Lm472 Emission Model Lm473 Emission Model Lm473 Emission Model Lm474 Emission Model Lm474 Emission Model Lm474 Emission Lm474 Emission Lm474 Emission Lm475	1 IM367					10.00	0008							138 849	154 672	159 410
rate. Waterberg Municipalities 1 779 1 839 1 887 5 000 26 000 29 000 LM471 Ephraim Mogale EIAM 474 Ephraim Mogale 8 000 20 000	DC36	1779	1 839	1 897										1779	1 839	1 897
LM471 Ephraim Mogale 8 000 8 000 1	otal: Waterberg Municipalities	1779	1 839	1 897	2 000	26 000	29 000							284869	301 501	316 314
LM 472 Elisa Moteosada: 8 000 1	I IM471													31.070	32 680	
LM473 Makhadrahamasa LM474 Fetakgomo LM474 Fetakgomo LM474 Fetakgomo LM474 Fetakgomo LM475 Greater Tubaste LM475 Sekulukhame District Municipality 2 063 2 113 2 188 66 000 70 000	1 IN 472					000 8								50.840	109 75	55 045
LM474 Featmontainment LM475 Featmont Thomas Company Company Control Thomas Company Com	I IM473					0000								57.452	100 10	
LM475 Greader Telektse 66 000 70 000 70 000 DC47 Schtaukhure District Municipality 2 063 2 113 2 188 66 000 78 000 70 000 ndb Schlakhure Municipalities 2 068 2 113 2 188 66 000 78 000 70 000	LIM474													21 388	22 287	23 121
DC47 Sekhukhune Disrict Municipality 2 063 2 113 2 188 66 000 78 000 70 000 nat: Sekhukhune Municipalities 2 063 2 113 2 188 66 000 78 000 70 000	LIM475				000 99	70 000	70 000							137 745	138 576	
ies 2 0.65 2 11.3 2 188 6.6 00.0 78 00.0 70 00.0	DC47	2 063	2 113	2 188										457 683	478 240	
	otal: Sekhukhune Municipalities	2 0 63	2113	2 188	000 99	78 000	70 000							756 178	793 913	
	otal: Limpopo Municipalities	6966	10 219	10 578	176 000	263 000	257 000	27 379	51 698		1100	836		3 539 457	3 749 821	3 886 060

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

					Total Management	7 5										
		Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	et Management		megrared vari	Antegrated National Electrification of ogramme (Municipal) Grant	t t	Municipal Wa	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	re Grant	Municipal I	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	ry Grant	SUB-TOT/	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	CTURE
		National and Municipal		Financial Year	Nationalan	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	Nationaland	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
	NA COLUMN	2014/15		2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Category	Municipanty	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
MPUMALANGA																
B MP301	Albert Lathuli				10 400	12 000	15 000							708 16	116 96	103 766
B MP302	Msukaliowa				10 000	14 900	20 000							920 65	66 354	73 695
B MP303	Mkhondo				5 000	006 6	15 000							77 765	86 301	94 846
B MP304	Pixley Ka Seme				3 000	8 000	12 000							28 2 2 0	33 859	38 865
B MP305	Lekwa				1 500	3 000								35 494	31 217	34 337
B MP306	Dipaleseng				1 500	4 500								19 485	22 953	27 102
B MP307	Govan Mbeki					000 6	10 000							71 781	65 416	968 89
C DC30	Gert Sibande District Municipality	2 063	2 133	2 200										2 063	2 133	2 200
Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	Municipalities	2 063	2 133	2 200	31 400	61 300	000 58							385 691	405 144	443 707
B MP311	Victor Khanye				3 300	005 9	10 000							26 870	30 888	35 323
B MP312	Emalahleni					14 900	20 000							111 477	142 581	153 633
B MP313	Steve Tshwete					7 000	10 000							46 283	60 341	65 825
B MP314	Emakhazeni					5 000	2 000							17 232	22 888	23 509
	Thembisile Hani					7 000	10 000							115 285	127 322	135 885
	Dr JS Moroka					7 000	10 000							116875	128 952	137 594
C DC31	Nkangala District Municipality	1950	2 0 1 0	2 076										1950	2 010	2 076
Total: Nkangala Municipalities	micipalities	1 950	2 010	2 076	3 300	47 400	000 59							435 972	514 982	553 845
B MP321	Thaba Chweu				1 000	0 200	10 000							46 004	53 877	59 421
B MP322	Mbombela				10 000	20 000								496 234	453 703	523 402
B MP323	Umjindi				5 300	13 000		21 000	108 726	114 488				56 124	152 816	160 837
B MP324	Nkomazi				000 6	20 000	30 000							223 791	246 463	262 953
	Bushbuckridge				5 200	18 000	20 000							358338	390 102	409 843
C DC32	Ehlanzeni District Municipality	1 843	1 893	1 958										1 843	1 893	1 958
Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities	unicipalities	1 843	1 893	1 958	30 500	77 500	000 66	21 000	108 726	114 488				1 182 334	1 298 854	1418414
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities	Municipalities	9889	9039	6 234	65 200	186 200	249 000	21 000	108 726	114 488				2 003 997	2 2 18 980	2 415 966

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

	á	Doods A.	Monogomon	Dural Decale Acces Management Systems Court		Integrated National Electrification Programme	on Programme	Municipal	Municipal Water Infractureture Curnt	Count	Municipal	Municipal Disactor December Count	Cuant	TOT dils	TOT OT ALL INED ACTUAL TOTAL	Cribe
	<u> </u>	mar wound on	Sec Managemen	of Systems Of and		(Municipal) Grant		a medicament	and minasin in	1110	madinamari,	Disaster Mecore	3 01 111			
		National an		Financial Year	Nationalan	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	Nationalan	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category Municipality	lity	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
NORTHERN CAPE			(000)	(2003)	(ana se)	(and the	6000	(Garage)	(access)	(000.1)	6000	(access)	(000.11)	(0000)	(000	(600.41)
NC061							2 000							7 182	7 276	9 386
NC062					1 000		2 000							14 979	19 341	19 792
NC064						2 000	1 000							9129	9 485	8 605
NC065					1 000	1 500	000							10953	11 089	9 810
						200	1 000							8890	8 536	9 183
B NC06/ Khai-Ma C DC6 Namakwa District Municipality			922 0	199 0		7 000								8 3 / 0	9 715	7 667
Įž			2376		2 000	11 000	0006							59 509	818 29	67 289
ייייייון וואסענע נו						000								33	0.00 1.1	0000
INCO/I					000 1	0000 C								cciti	14 939	6/0.01
NC072					1 500	2 000	3 000							12 648	16 319	14 624
						000 9								12 608	17 969	12 305
														7 848	7 958	8 101
						1 000								7 7 4 1	8 415	7 531
														10 598	9 334	9 543
B NC077 Siyathemba					200	200								10 208	10 202	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
~					1 500		2 000							17 523	19 303	18 848
C DC7 Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality	ipality		2 657												2 657	2 973
Total: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities			2 657	2 973	2 000	20 500	2 000							90 329	966 901	93 927
														000	0000	000
														268.8	66/ 9	0 880
NC082					1 000		000							87 1 78	21 958	22 776
B NC083 //Khara Hais					3 000	000 c	17,000							72 037	27 /63	35 620
NC084														10834	10 242	10 809
														14 760	15 264	15 760
B NC086 Kgatelopele			-			1 000	2 000							7 843	8 962	10 104
T. 1. S. L. Mgcawu District Municipi	mry		1667			000	000							000	500 00	7 00 7
Lotal: Siyanda Municipalities			7.394	7 09/	4 000	000 0	14 000	1						665.68	750 6%	104 047
B NC091 Sol Plaatije					3 000	2 000	3 000							55 211	515 49	65 178
						4 000	1 000							20010	22 980	20 654
														10.787	11 00 11	11 290
						1 600	1 000							24 836	27 300	27 698
C DC9 Frances Baard District Municipality	pality		2 153	2 427											2 153	2 427
Total: Frances Baard Municipalities			2 153	2 427	3 000	10 600	2 000							110 844	127 949	127 247
D NC461 Landsman								00003	00000	180				030 201	235 011	136 160
B NC451 Joe Morolong					000		00011	30,000	000000	021 00				10/038	119 300	155 169
NC452					4 000	7 500	15 000	141/0	C1 / / 7	601 67				15 638	19 532	27 371
	Municipality	1 725		1 823										1 725	1 755	1 823
Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities		1 725	1755	-	2 000	12 500	26 000	64 1 70	87 713	102 363				190 618	226 290	259 782
					000 01	007.07	00000							0000		100

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

	Rural Roads As	Rural Roads Asset Management	t Systems Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme	Integrated Natio	tional Electrificatio	on Programme	Municipal W	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	ture Grant	Municipal	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	ry Grant	SUB-TOT.	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	UCTURE
					rumcipai) Gram		N-M-	Manipus Disc	The state of the s	Notional	Municipal Eng	majo I Vener			
	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	incial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	incial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Teal	ncial rear	National and	National and Municipal Financial rear	ICIAL LEAF	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial y ear
Category Municipality	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
TH WEST															
NW371 Moretele													99 541	103 415	
NW372 Madibeng				8 000	20 000	18 000							252 694	277 048	287 207
				10 000	50 900	38 500							731 593		
													22 715		24 401
													130 837	-	143 081
DC37 Bojanala Platinum District Municipality	1 767	2 0 1 0	2 175										1 767	2 010	2 175
: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities	1 767	2 010	2 175	18 000	20 900	56 500							1 239 147	1 379 138	1159246
													1		
NW381 Katiou													\$ 4 / 2	CC/ 87	106 67
						7 500							27 493	28 632	37 272
NW383 Mafikeng													26 801	59 746	62 387
NW384 Ditsobotla				558	13 000	13 000							34 772	48 707	50 188
NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa				2 000		13 000							43 493	36 304	50 814
DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	2312	2360	2 449										286 164	301 682	315 969
: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	2312	2 3 60	2 449	5 558	13 000	33 500							476 187	503 826	546 531
				000 0	e e	000 61							0.00	27.10	200.00
				000 8	0000 /	15 000							74 021	24 105	30 770
													14 991	15 413	15 916
				2 200									49 192	46 478	48 479
				7 200	15 000	15 500							21 3 52	29 534	30 494
NW397 NW397													28 383	29 405	30 582
DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	2 2 2 5	2 2 7 5	2 358										139 365	145 334	147 884
: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	2 2 2 5	2 2 7 5	2 358	17 400	22 500	28 500							277 334	290 327	303 581
NW/401 Vanteredom				000 8	9	7 500							20 904	109 80	30.050
					13 000	13 000							45.453	64 464	66.83
				0011	000 51	00000							2000	100	200 00
				1 100	000 CT	000 07							118 036	111 054	120 4/9
													C7 6 07	666 17	78 089
DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality	1801	2 1 52	2 242										1801	2 152	2 242
: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities	1801	2152	2 242	9 100	34 000	40 500							222 139	233 870	249 192
: North West Municipalities	8 105	8 797	9 224	50 058	140 400	159 000							2 2 1 4 8 0 7	2 407 161	2 258 550

ANNEXURE W5
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B) 2 OF 2

	Rural Roads As	set Management	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	Integrated Na	tional Electrification	ion Frogramme	Municipal V	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	ture Grant	Municipal	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	ry Grant	SUB-TO	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	UCTURE
	National an	National and Municipal Fins	nancial Year	Nationalan	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	Nationaland	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	Nationalanc	National and Municipal Financial Year	incial Year	Nationala	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
STERN CAPE															
CPT City of Cape Town				5 000	8 000	10 000							2 575 697	2 395 622	2 489 172
WC011 Matzikama				1 500	3 000	3 000				_	_		21900	23 879	24 645
WC012 Cederberg				1 000	2 000					_	_		71651		17 28
				2 000	3 000						_		20 389		22 71
				4							_		81661		23 63
DC1 West Coast District Municipality	1 960		2 424						1		_		1 960		2 42
al: West Coast Municipalities	1 960	2 4 1 9	2 424	009 9	11 000	13 000							95 948		109 054
WC022 Witzenberg						2 000							21 2 18	21 952	24 770
				3 000	2 000					_	_		36 138		40 763
				3 000	5 000						_		36313		41 410
					20 000	27 000				_	_		32 353	53 677	62 061
WC026 Langeberg		7000	607.6	700	1 000					_	_		21386		23 335
DCz Cape Winelands District Municipanty al: Cape Winelands Municipalities		2384	2 683	9 200	31 000	40 000							147 408		195 022
				3 900	3 000						_		28 858		29 840
				2 000	2 000						_		22 674		24 388
WC033 Cape Agulhas				2 000	2 000	2 000					_		12 532		13 129
		2 154	2 427			7 000				_	_		665 11	2 154	2 427
al: Overberg Municipalities		2 154	2 427	7 900	7 000	0006							75 463		83 869
				0											
				2 000	5 000						_		14 927		15 38
WC042 Hessequa WC043 Mossel Bay				3 796	2 000	2,000				_	_		26327		29 496
				8 900	14 900						_		108 651		159 288
				4 000	2 000						_		24 437		27 092
WC047 Bitou				2 000	2 000	0009					_		23 9 14		26 480
WC048 Knysna DC4 Eden District Municipality	1 947	2 2 83	2 364	7 000	3 000					27 432	20 849		29 379	23 132	2 364
럂	1 947		2 364	28 696	39 900	46 000				27 432			266 280		304 377
WC051 Laingsburg				3 000	2 000	2 000							9 523		8 654
				2 000	3 000						_		9 3 7 7		10 01
WC053 Beaufort West	1 407	100	1001	27 500	30 090					_	_		44 2 45	43 827	46 221
DC3 Central Karoo District Municipality	149/		1 865	33 500	000 20	13021							149/		1 805
al: Central Naroo Publicipantes	144		C00 I	00c 7c	33 090								71010		0 33
J. Western Com Munichellides	2 404	11.034	11 763	200 200	121 000					27.433	20040		1115 410		2 2 40 646
al: Western Cape Municipalities	5 4 0 4	11 034	11 /63	8/ 396	131 990	155 063				27.432	70 849		3 772 438	3 103 880	3 248 845
	75 113	192 40	100 001	1104 658	000 950 6	1,165,063	53.4.150	1 390 305	1 303 003	17 102	30816		13 375 684	15 057 597	36 470 140

ANNEXURE W6

ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

4718 2680 42107 44235 8042 114113 201520 317415 29152

112.859 117.731 117.731 110.079 28.688 8.868 8.705 8.705 8.005.20 8.81.97 6.16.05 8.81.97 8.91.97 8.91

220 600 18 767 1756 1 1678 1 1678 285 839 60 435 10 715 112 319 10 715 18 771

2 210 229 National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT 1 839 839 1 608 895 2 520 3 222 22 277 16 416 39 600 7 500 7 800 48 168 11 483 8 870 2 033 17 875 11 875 113 684 21 446 1 220 220 409 Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant 179 921 91 071 88 850 88 850 Rural Households Infrastructure Grant 4 000 22 500 00006 4 500 4 500 4 500 4 500 Neighbourhood Development Partnership
Grant
Grant
Grant
Grant
Green al Assistance)
National and Municipal Financial Year
2014/15
2015/16
2016/17 2 500 2 690 2 500 5 386 1.567 4 929 600 8 767 1 1756 1 1678 1 1867 1 9 597 60 435 60 435 1 12 319 1 10 715 2 680 2 680 442 107 4 4235 8 042 14 113 15 895 28 945 28 945 88 097 177 731 10 079 28 688 8 705 45 704 2 5 5 2 40 102 42 128 7 6 5 9 11 4 4 1 11 0 3 7 5 5 4 4 3 0 5 4 4 3 0 5 6 138 4 694 500 8 159 1 1 436 1 1 779 1 3 619 5 6 62 1 7 8 7 7 880 568 81 568 775 146 29 599 27 322 7 338 42 099 81 504 81 504 81 31 31 351 31 351 824 600 3 475 2 020 2 20 1 446 1 2 20 2 520 3 222 22 277 16 416 3 9 600 7 500 91 535 10 590 58 758 187 580 29 393 20 146 34 400 8381 43 227 59 176 2 940 720 23 146 3 120 National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/7 Water Services Operating Subsidy 300 300 300 300 300 1 800 121 000 36 000 220 000 10 000 153 386 National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant 49 689 20 000 80 000 23 808 123 808 60 000 243 503 110 000 835 502 14 400 10 000 113 464 20 000 59 400 59 400 Municipality | KC13 | Inotaba Velocida | KC13 | Inotaba Velocida | KC13 | Inotaba | KC13 | Inotaba Velocida | KC13 | Inotaba Velocida | KC13 | Inotaba Velocida | KC13 | Inotaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba Velocida | Contaba V B EC141 Ehmdmi
B EC142 Songu
B EC142 Songu
B EC14 Ghalesswai
C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Mu
Total Joe Gqabi Municipalities Total: Eastern Cape Municipalitie EASTERN CAPE Category

ANNEXURE W6
ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

	Regional	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	are Grant	WaterSer	Water Services Operating Subsidy		ntegrated Nation	Integrated National Electrification Programme	1 Programme	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant	evelopment Pari Grant	tnership	Rural Household	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant		Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	Infrastructure C	Srant	SUB-TOI	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	
	National an	d Municipal Fin	ancial Year	National and	Municipal Finan	cial Year	National and	Municipal Finan	cial Year	(Techni National and Mu	(Technical Assistance) I and Municipal Financia	ıl Year	National and Mu	unicipal Financia		National and Mun	icipal Financial	Year	National and M	unicipal Financ	ial Year
Category Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	(R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R000)	2014/15 (R'000)	(R'009) (R'009) (R'009)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	(R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)		(R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	115/16 2. (1000) (A	016/17 (2000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R000) (R000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R000)	2016/17 (R'000)
				004	906	9	2	1	i i		ş	20							· c	9	3
A MAN Mangsung	I			300	300	200	944	(6)	8 14/	000	7 494	2 494	1	ł		l	1	I	7 809	10 223	4
B FS161 Lebemong B FS162 Copaning B FS163 Kopaning B FS163 Mondeare B FS163 Mondeare B FS164 Mandal C FS165 Copaning C FS165 Copan	10 000	20 000	20 000	300	400	200	170 200 157 196	1170 1200 1157 1196	1170 1200 1157 1196							18 635 20 140 7 730 7 905	62 178 13 012 5 000 4 4 490	70 201 13 702 5 265	18 805 30 640 47 887 8 101	63 348 34 612 69 157 5 686	71371 35 402 6 422 1 1 96
Total: Xhariep Municipalities	20 000	83 000	20 000	300	400	200	723	4 723	4 723							54 410	84 680	89 168	105 433	172 803	114 391
Total Similar																			000	200	
B FSI81 Masilonyana B FSI82 Tokologo B FSI82 Tumbanda	46 000 10 000	33 000	72 000	0.0			246 246	124	2 2 2 2										46 184 10 246	34 246	72 184 25 246
B FS184 Mathabeng B FS185 Nala	18 000	12 000					5 505	3 011	3 566	893	345	241							6 398	7.850	3 566
C DC18 Letweleputswa District Municipality Total: Letweleputswa Municipalities	74 000	105 000	97 000			\dagger	7 092	13 092	10 647	893	345	124		+				<u> </u>	81 985	118 437	107 888
B FS191 Setsoto B FS192 Dihlabone	20 000		30 000	300	400	200	171	9 766	10.255	883	34	242							36 400	29 766	40 255
FS193	20 000			300	400	900	8 947	8 9 47	9 3 4 7										31 434	38 947	54347
B FS195 Phunckla B FS196 Manisopa	30 000	20 000					213	1213	1413										30 213 7 279	21 213	1413
Corat: Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	132.806	131 654	175 000	009	800	1 000	20 055	32 650	35 030	803	A4	242	+	+	+	+	+	1	154 444	165 449	211 281
B FS201 Moqfaska B FS203 Ngwathe	15 000						22 880	10 456	12 256										37 880	30 456 15 080	42 256 31 080
	20 159	27 000	40 000	300	400	200	159	1230	1 359										20 318	1630	1955
tal: Fezile Dabi M	49 159	62 000	100 000	300	400	200	23 374	12 925	16 150		H	H		H	H		\parallel	П	72 833	75 325	116 650
Total I Ensa Stata Municipa litica	300,000	V27 16E	303 000	0091	0001	0026	20100	9711	202.82	1361	3 104	2 007	+		+	24.410	03770	971 09	117 804	273 673	561361
GAUTENG																					
A EKU Ekurhalen A JHB City of Johannesburg A TSH City of Tshwane	30 000	90 000	95 000	300	300	300	12 309 58 554 71 604	5 2 56 60 801 77 0 59	5 5 19 61 191 79 913	2 500 2 500 2 500	2 500 2 500 2 500	2 500 2 500 2 500							14 809 61 054 124 404	7 756 63 301 139 859	8 019 63 691 177 713
GT421	150 000	187 000	330 000	_			5 637	6 161	6196	1 567	2 500	2 500							157 204	195 661	342 119
B GT422 Midwal B GT422 Leselds D D A Control Control Municipality	000 06						498			600	246	190							90 000 49 8	108 000	
tal: Sedibeng Mur	240 000	295 000	330 000		İ	İ	6 135	6 161	619 6	2 460	2 845	2 741							248 595	304 006	342 360
B GT481 Mogale City B GT482 Randfontein							3 131	5 212 841	5 971	1 565	2 500	2 500							4 696	7 712	8 471
	47 700		15 000	0			200			š	25	7							47 700 500 805	345	15 000
tal: West Rand M	47 700		15 000		H		4 144	6 053	6 854	2 460	2 845	2.741							54 304	8 8 8 8	24 595
												7	1	+	+	+	+				
Total: Gautene Municipalities	337 700	355 000	440 000	300	300	300	152.746	155 330	163 096	12.420	13 100	12 982		_	_	_	_	_	203 166	523.820	816 378

ANNEXURE W6
ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

52 698 26 742 6 383

164 150 150 4 089 85

23 985 35 500 125 415

National and Municipal Financial Year 2014(15 2015/16 2016/17 (R000) (R000) SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT 6 205 55 611 55 611 35 300 120 522 47 165 330 21 644 5 402 45 300 119 861 164 150 3 156 83 | National and Municipal Financial Year | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | (R'000) | (R'000) | Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant 50 000 Rural Households Infrastructure Grant National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000) 4 500 4 500 4 500 2 500 242 2 500 (Technical Assistance)
National and Municipal Francial Year
2014/15 2015/16 2016/17
(R'000) (R'000) (R'000) Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant 2 500 2 500 1 567 1 567 1 567 52 456 26 500 6 383 20 321 12 787 706 52 437 Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant 23 985 32 145 83 851 32 164 19 829 12 178 672 50 416 48 339 21 524 6 079 29 186 79 858 86 585 30 633 46 270 350 20 751 5 402 150 6 133 63 030 927 500 | National and Municipal Financial Year | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) Water Services Operating Subsidy 300 300 300 300 National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R900) (R900) (R900) Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant 18 834 243 000 35 000 Municipality | KZV222 Emmunbihli Jakysmin | KZV233 Induka | KZV234 Umshori | KZV234 Umshori | KZV235 Oktohamma | KZV235 Oktohamma | KZV235 Oktohamma | KZV235 Umshori | C DC23 Umshori | District | Torak Uthakela Municipalities ETH eThekwini KWAZULU-NATAL Category

ANNEXURE W6
ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

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Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalitie

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National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT | National and Municipal Financial Year | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | (R'000) | (R'000) | Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant 53 775 | National and Municipal Financial Year | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) Rural Households Infrastructure Grant 4 000 4 000 4 000 | Neighbourhood Development Partnership | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Gran 242 28 909 7 524 29 176 65 609 17 366 53 55 51 504 27 194 27 194 27 194 27 194 27 194 27 194 27 194 27 194 27 194 27 194 27 194 27 194 28 537 28 5 National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000) 24 321 59 717 46 207 130 245 16 253 26 064 6 052 69 052 25 899 150 14 637 74 243 14 142 25 260 332 78 961 14 295 6 254 125 102 6 980 6 980 6 3 165 63 165 12 587 7 524 18 850 38 961 500
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ANNEXURE W6
ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

						ALLOC	-VII-CVIOLIV	ALLOCATIONS-IN-MIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 8, FART B)	ICITALI IEC	S (SCREDULE	O, FARI D)										
	Regional	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	cture Grant	Water S	Water Services Operating Subsidy		Integrated Natio	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant		Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	rhood Development Part Grant (Technical Assistance)		Rural Household	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant		Municipal Wate	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	SUB-TO	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	_
	Nationala	National and Municipal Financial Year	inancial Year	National ar	National and Municipal Financial Year	metal Year	National and	Municipal Financ	L	National and Mt.	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and M.	Financ		National and M	Financ	ial Year	National and N	Junicipal Financia	교
Category Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (RD00)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	(R'000) (R'000) (R'000)		2014/15 2 (R'000) (.	2015/16 2 (R'000) (2016/17 2 (R'000) (2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 .: (R'000) (2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 201 (R'000) (R'000) (R'0	201 (RY
LIMPOPO																					
							31 555	37 006	48 857				8 500	9 500					40 055	46 506	
B LIM332 Greater Letaba							124 056	128 693	129 927	803	244	242							124 056	128 693	
							4 336	11 346	11 913	893	35.5	241							5 229	11 691	
B LIM335 Maruleng C DC33 Mopani District Municipality	135 165	140 167	1:	11 957	12 771	13 670	14 004	18 435	18 656							43 071	102 532	107 966	14 004	18 435	
Total: Mopani Municipalities	135 165			11 957	12 771	13 670	199 982	238 909	258 954	1786	069	483	8 500	9 500		43 071	102 532	107 966	400 461	504 569	Ш
							3 150	11 772	12 361										3 150	11 772	
B UM342 Mutale							10 405	26 994	28 344	603	346	241	4 600	4 600					10 405	26 994	
	030.00					1000	38 973	45 896	48 191	660	Ŝ.	ŧ.	4 200	4 200		00000	000000	0.00	38 973	45 896	
C DC34 Vhembe District Municipality Total: Vhembe Municipalities	27 250	30 000	170217	17 27 446	29 205	30 944	197 964	238 648	245 082	893	345	124	4 500	4 500	+	988 69	200 232	210 844	323 939	502 930	
B LINASI Blouberg							10 330	25 078	26 331										10 330	25 078	
							6 865	8 2 78	8 692										6 865	8 278	
B LIM354 Polokwane B LIM355 Lenele-Nkumni	1 200	0		300	300	820	14 560	86 403	23 121	1 567	2 500	2 500							80 983	89 203	
	1 150	_	30.00	00 30 342		34 150													31 492	32 292	
Total: Capricorn Municipalities	2 350		30 000	00 30 642	32 592	34 670	121 252	167 957	173 355	1 567	2 500	2 500							155 811	203 049	Ш
							3 783	5 894	6 189										3 783	5 894	
B LIM362 Lephalate B LIM364 Mookenone	250		70 400	300	400	520	22 832	27 957	28 824										23 382	28 357	
	750						150	3 000	7 000										006	3 000	
	84 000	0 141 500	160	000 18 405	19 613	20 804	19 626	25 616	26 896	895	345	241							122 926	187 074	
ΙĒ	85 250	0 141 500	230	400 18 705	20 013	21 324	47.471	63 043	69 544	895	345	241							152 321	224 901	П
							9 231	14 075	14 779									_	9 231	14 075	
							10 646	18 929	19 376						_		_		10 646	18 929	
B LIN473 Makhuduthamaga							19616	23 496	24 171										9 616	23 496	
							2 000	53 914	54266	893	346	241							5 893	54 260	
C DC47 Sekhukhune District Municipality	497 484		00 514 600			38 211							1	+	+	81514	150 502	158 479	612 961	716 606	
Total: Sek hukh une Municipalities	497 484	530 000		33 963	36 104	38 211	54 113	129 639	133 170	863	346	241			-	81 514	150 502	158 479	296 299	846 591	
					200 000	0.000	000000	701.000		-			000 61	00071		127,001		1000	000 000		-

ANNEXURE W6
ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

1 036 690

948 092

296 752

3 640

234 000

Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities

473 34 038 1124 473 34 302 29 066 31 447 130 923

National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R000) (R000) (R000) SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT 631 923 103 23 567 11 885 3 281 23 276 23 927 20 000 106 639 398 (39 | National and Municipal Financial Year | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | (R'000) | (R'000) | Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant 378 005 76 703 38 302 121 740 141 260 103 151 21 000 18 151 27 000 37 000 | National and Municipal Financial Year | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | (R'000) | (R'000) | Rural Households Infrastructure Grant | Neighbourhood Development Partnership | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Grant | Gran 2 500 ANNEXURE W6
ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B) 2 500 2 500 1 567 893 4 9 20 1 567 473 1 538 883 473 33 782 28 546 Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant | National and Municipal Financial Year | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | (R'000) | (R'000) | 450 1464 841 450 31221 24329 327 697 103 10 992 3 281 22 976 23 627 National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) 520 520 520 520 520 520 Water Services Operating Subsidy 400 300 2 100 300 300 300 300 79 199 144 801 285 447 National and Municipal Financial Year
2014/15 2015/16 2016/17
(R'000) (R'000) Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant \$4 000 \$4 000 28 000 52 000 107 000 76 000 225 000 20 000 Municipality MPUMALANGA Category

2 546 29 445 14 315 673

National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT 9 801 444 800 600 1 218 National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000) Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant Rural Households Infrastructure Grant National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000) 4 500 2 500 (Technical Assistance)
National and Municipal Financial Year
2014/15 2015/16 2016/17
(R000) (R000) Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant 2 500 3 192 77 3 08 14 515 11 095 4 5 78 Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant 2 2 2 80 97 1 7 00 95 4 0 95 695 8 42 9 4 45 9 4 45 1 42 1 73 2 143 93 1 600 91 4 091 691 836 9 619 3 041 74 2 94 14 777 11 910 3 4 56 9 425 136 328 9 934 9 843 13 701 967 1 489 4 470 660 732 204 20 10 867 2 936 8 887 39 259 862 | National and Municipal Financial Vear | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'000) | (R'0 Water Services Operating Subsidy 18 000 29 000 13 000 20 000 National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R7000) (R7000) Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant 16 500 30 000 20 406 8 362 5 550 16 500 800 30 000 16 640 900 5 000 2 000 2 000 25 000 5 000 800 31 000 30 000 800 61 800 Municipality Total: Northern Cape Municipalitie NORTHERN CAPE Category

ANNEXURE W6
ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

	Regional B	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Water Service	Water Services Operating Subsidy		grated National I	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant		Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	ent Partnership ance)	Rural Hot	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	cture Grant	Municipal Wa	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	re Grant	SUB-TC	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	F
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and Mu.	micipal Financial	+	National and Mu	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	Tinancial Year	National	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	inl Year	National and 3	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Category Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (RD00)	2016/17 (R000)	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	R'000) (R		2014/15 2 (R'000) (I	(R'000) (R'000)	5014/15 30) (R'000)	15 2015/16 1) (R'000)	2016/17 (R000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
NORTH WEST																				
NW371	2 000	18 000	41 252	300	400	520	24 437		28 393									29 737	43 536	70 165
B NW372 Madibeng	42 400	20 000	95 215	300	400	520	38 765	34.870	38 113	008 0	005 0		_					81 465	85 270	133 848
NW374	8 000	15 000	15 000	200	200	0.00	92					>						8 092	22 773	23 911
B NW375 Moses Kotane C DG37 Roisnels Platimm District Municipality				300	400	520	49 926	51.552	51328									50 226	51952	51 848
131	55 400	83 000	151 467	1 200	1 500	2 080	114 036	123 595	131 922	1 567 2 500	00 2 500	0						172 203	210 595	287 969
B NW381 Radou							3 040		9006			4 500	0 4 000					7 540	12 434	9 005
							7.251		14 789									7 251	13 752	14 789
NW383							29 973		29 031									29 973	27 649	29 031
B NW388 Ramotshere Moilea							31857	35 043	36 295	803	345							32 750	35 388	36.536
	53 000	115 000	100 000	300	400	520									31 067	62 082	65 372	84 367	177 482	165 892
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	23 000	115 000	100 000	300	400	520	81 705	101 864	926 801	893 34	345 241	1 4 500	0 4 000		31 067	62 082	65 372	171 465	283 691	275 088
B NW392 Naledi							24176		27.269									24 176	26 447	27 269
							5 3 6 8		14 4 10									5 368	13 486	14410
NW394							7 920		10 294	893	345 242	2						8 813	10 149	10 536
B NW396 Lekwa-Teemane							2 000	2 942	2 989									2 000	2 942	2 989
	127 014	30 000	120.055	300	400	620	+50 67		CK0 77						15 000	30 000	31 500	142 314	100 400	152 165
1 2	127 014	70 000	120 055	300	400	520	59 318	74 530	77 055	893	345 242	2			15 000	30 000	31 590	202 525	175 275	229 462
B NW401 Ventersdom	5 586						2 2 1 0	4 191	1 257									7 796	4 191	1 257
	8 000	10 000	40 000								345	1						8 893	10 345	40 241
NW403							1 000	8 245	9 3 5 7	1569 2.50	00 2 500	0						2 569	10 745	11 857
B NW404 Maquassi Hilk C DC40 Dr Kemoth Kaunda District Municipality	28 000	24 600					22 322		23 212				_					50 322	77 183	23 212
12	41 586	64 600	40 000				25 532	35 019	33 826 2	2 462 2 845	15 2 741	-						08 80	102 464	76 567
Total: North West Municipalities	277 000	332 600	411 522	1 800	2.300	3 120	280 591	335 008	351 758	5815 6 035	35 5 724	4 500	4 000		46 067	92 082	6,40,70	615 773	772 025	980 698

Continue Participa Parti											Neighbourhood	Neighbourhood Development Partnership	artnership			H					
Marie Mari		Regional 1	Bulk Infrastruct	ure Grant	Water Serv	rices Operating:	Subsidy	Integrated Natic	nai Enectrificati Eskom) Grant	n rrogramme	(Tecl	Grant vnical Assistance)		Rural Househ	olds Infrastructure G		Municipal Water I	nfrastructure Grant	SUB	TOTAL: INDIRI	T.
Marie Mari		National and	d Municipal Fin.	ancial Year	National and	Municipal Fina	ncial Year	National and	Municipal Fina	ncial Year	National and	Municipal Finan	scial Year	National and	Municipal Financial		National and Muni	cipal Financial Year	National ar	d Municipal Fina	ncial Year
Control of the cont		2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (RD00)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	\vdash	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)			-	-	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ESTERN CAPE																				
Householy 1930 1940 1940 1940 1940 1940 1940 1940 194	- 1							102 867	120 814	126 854	2 260	2 500	2 500			+			105 127	123 314	129 354
Markeling 18 00 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		\$ 000				300	400	51			893	345	242						6 244	20376	29 022
Marketolity Marketolity		15 800				300	400	2763	98 4	15 603									18 863	31 136	25 800
The control of the		000 000						7.113	8 567	8 745									7 113		8 745
1	otal: West Coast Municipalities	20 800				009	800	10 013	23 428	24348	893	345	242						62 306	Ш	115 567
12.50 12.5		888						3 861											4 750		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		12 500						1 910	3.4%	4 180									12 500	13 756	8 500
Control behavious by the control behavious by the control behavious by the control behavious by the control behavious by the control behavious by the control behavious by the control behaviour by th		10 078						3.583	7.805	18 8 81			1						13 661	7 805	18 891
Handen Hander Ha	WC026 Langeberg DC2 Cape Winelands District Municipality										893	345	242						893	345	242
HATTICE STATE THAT THE PROMETER THATE STATE AND STATE AN	otal: Cape Winelands Municipalities	41 637						9 354	11 261	23 080	893	345	242						51 884	45 362	74 839
Hattiguity 2. 30. 13 (a) 2. 30. 14 (b) 2. 30. 14 (c) 2. 3		7 602						5 910	6.578	7 639									13 512	6 578	7 639
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								2 295	10 208	10 117									2 295	10 208	10 117
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,		13 116						182											13 298		
5 50 15 100 15 100	otal: Overberg Municipalities	20 718				Ħ		8 387	16 786	17 756									29 105	16 786	17 756
The control of the		5 500						969											961 9	8 000	15 000
The control of the								34											34		
1, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20		000 F				300	400	1 245	349	000	003	346	247						1 245	349	12.643
15 cm 15 c		000				200	P	1 266	5 649	6 377	893	35 5	242						2 159	5 994	6619
15.80 58.00 46.623 310 410 414 517 518 519 510 415 517 518 519 510		2 500									893	345	241						893	345	241
11 12 15 16 15 15 16 15 15 16 15 15	otal: Eden Municipalities	15 500				300	400	4 641	7 807	8 277	2 679	1 035	725						23 120	57 142	56 025
A 145 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 16								2 034	2 034	2 034									2 034	2 034	2 034
State Stat		4 145						342	342	342									342	342 6 832	342
13.860 15.24 28.600 910 910 12.00 13.86 183.52 20.78 4.25 3.70 1 65.50 67.25 4.25 3.70 1 65.50 67.25 4.25 3.70 1 65.50 17.25 1 12.15 15.15	DC5 Central Karoo District Municipality																				
132 800 153 24 23.66 4 463.602 143 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	otal: Central Karoo Municipalities	4 145	5 772					3 436	3 436	3 436						+			138	9 208	20 119
3.98.896 4.221.64 4.62.402 142.013 151.185 159.199 2.946.057 3.83.00 55.000 65.900 65.900 65.900 13.38 524.826 1.291.729 1.511.545 7.725.572 9.466.939	otal: Western Cape Municipalities	132 800	153 234		006	006	1 200	138 698	183 532	203 751	6.725	4 225	3 709						279 123	341 891	413 660
3 996 896 4 221 664 4 632 662 44 10 13 151 185 159 199 2 14 80 3 151 185 159 199 2 14 80 3 10 151 185 159 159 2 150 150 3 150 150 150 3 150 150 3 150 150 3 150 150 3 150 150 3 150 150 3 150 150 3 150 150 3 150 150 3 150 150 3 150 150 3 150 150 3 150 150 3 150 150 3 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150																					
	ational Total	3 986 896			142 013	151 185	159 199	2 948 037	3 680 043	3 875 085	58 300	55 000	52 000	65 500	67 328				Ш	9 466 939	10 221 431

ANNEXURE W7

EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICPALITIES

ANNEXURE W7
EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

			EQ	UITABLE SHAF	RE ¹	7		L ALLOCATION	
			National an	d Municipal Fina	ancial Year	Natio		nd Municipal Fin	
			2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/1		2015/16	2016/17
Ca	ategory	Municipality	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000		(R'000)	(R'000)
EASTE	ERN CAPE								
A	BUF	Buffalo City	656 674	653 273	641 160		9 723	1 425 218	1 496 323
A	NMA	Nelson Mandela Bay	761 606	771 725	785 837	1 93	3 492	2 162 380	2 231 631
В	EC101	Camdeboo	40 950	43 380	43 906		6 184	69 624	65 658
В	EC102	Blue Crane Route	42 429	44 635	44 191		1 854	61 327	61 422
В	EC103	Ikwezi	18 211	20 719	21 114		9 947	36 498	36 232
В	EC104	Makana	72 184	75 677	76 030		1 936	127 222	144 719
B B	EC105 EC106	Ndlambe	64 894 46 351	72 961	76 514 59 358		8 111 4 232	182 988	327 789 109 280
В	EC106 EC107	Sundays River Valley Baviaans	20 481	55 166 23 535	24 202		6 649	93 311 65 599	42 874
В	EC107	Kouga	66 129	81 630	91 004		6 985	126 750	137 725
В	EC108	Kou-Kamma	33 884	37 570	39 380	1	8 009	57 389	59 977
C	DC10	Cacadu District Municipality	80 008	86 220	88 260		5 538	95 637	97 839
Total: 0	Cacadu Mur		485 521	541 493	563 959		9 445	916 345	1 083 515
		-							
В	EC121	Mbhashe	162 715	209 526	211 432		5 656	333 628	356 818
В	EC122	Mnquma	191 206	234 322	233 214		9 851	375 351	386 915
В	EC123	Great Kei	36 762	42 276	41 659		3 311	58 341	58 319
B B	EC124	Amahlathi	105 384	124 108	121 899		3 338 9 014	169 678	170 868
В	EC126 EC127	Ngqushwa Nkonkobe	71 805 106 485	82 952 130 370	81 457 129 803		9 642	116 606 194 085	119 867 196 099
В	EC127 EC128	Nxuba	23 789	26 569	26 266		6 974	39 094	39 214
C	DC12	Amathole District Municipality	663 551	699 665	741 553		4 802	1 317 948	1 422 286
_		unicipalities	1 361 697	1 549 788	1 587 283		2 588	2 604 731	2 750 386
			200007	22.0,700	2 2 3 7 2 3 2				
В	EC131	Inxuba Yethemba	40 564	40 812	38 419		9 799	59 240	57 470
В	EC132	Tsolwana	31 320	38 783	39 422		0 110	58 966	60 406
В	EC133	Inkwanca	21 231	25 082	25 314	1	4 399	37 359	38 003
В	EC134	Lukanji	118 301	127 277	125 368		8 562	174 270	174 245
B B	EC135 EC136	Intsika Yethu Emalahleni	115 999 92 038	146 291 116 794	147 367 118 123		7 515 3 375	255 939 214 247	259 644 224 111
В	EC136 EC137	Engcobo	103 995	134 274	135 782		1 616	202 183	215 757
В	EC137	Sakhisizwe	48 625	59 556	59 591		2 123	93 738	95 179
C	DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	413 744	446 891	479 451		9 324	1 104 141	1 053 319
Total: 0		Municipalities	985 817	1 135 760	1 168 837		6 823	2 200 083	2 178 134
_	FG1.41		101.050		124 521			227 (26	225 121
В	EC141	Elundini	101 878	132 254	134 621		0 655	227 636	236 434
B B	EC142 EC143	Senqu Maletswai	110 942 25 392	135 923 27 431	136 091 27 599		2 773 1 356	202 620 42 603	207 165 43 322
В	EC143	Gariep	26 296	27 589	26 766		1 006	41 759	41 439
C	DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	194 848	213 968	229 780		6 703	424 412	435 159
Total: J		Iunicipalities	459 356	537 165	554 857		2 493	939 030	963 519
В	EC153	Ngquza Hill	153 542	200 006	202 325		0 250	455 967	468 298
В	EC154	Port St Johns	93 453	120 820	122 183		8 697	186 907	170 330
В	EC155	Nyandeni	169 496	216 524	218 793		3 672	325 831	337 189
В	EC156	Mhlontlo	127 895	159 395	158 578		6 525	232 129	229 593
В	EC157 DC15	King Sabata Dalindyebo	206 246 552 334	250 585 622 004	254 143 673 550		3 080 9 061	413 781	425 880
Total: 4		O.R.Tambo District Municipality Municipalities	1 302 966	1 569 334	1 629 572		1 285	1 707 119 3 321 734	1 818 779 3 450 069
I otal. C	J.K. I allibo	Numcipanties	1 302 900	1 309 334	1 029 3/2	2 69	1 203	3 321 /34	3 430 009
В	EC441	Matatiele	138 979	176 035	176 741	24	7 745	306 211	317 820
В	EC442	Umzimvubu	136 168	169 714	168 943		0 464	302 724	310 486
В	EC443	Mbizana	145 251	181 912	181 688	1	1 223	299 696	296 578
В	EC444	Ntabankulu	79 930	99 000	98 423		1 525	192 130	193 151
C	DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	344 812	372 946	396 351		6 443	908 338	1 094 702
Total: A	Affred Nzo N	Municipalities	845 140	999 607	1 022 146	1 76	7 400	2 009 099	2 212 737
Total: I	Eastern Cap	e Municipalities	6 858 777	7 758 145	7 953 651	13 88	3 249	15 578 620	16 366 314

ANNEXURE W7
EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

			-	JITABLE SHAI	I .	1	L ALLOCATIO UNICIPALITIE	
				d Municipal Fina			d Municipal Fin	
Ca	ategory	Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
ERFE	STATE		(K 000)	(K 000)				
			500 501	504.220	505.004		1 222 155	
A	MAN	Mangaung	603 581	594 328	586 994	1 343 013	1 332 166	1 371 567
В	FS161	Letsemeng	50 185	49 845	47 031	89 988	134 313	140 312
В	FS162	Kopanong	82 502	78 397	70 209	136 981	141 277	134 735
B B	FS163 FS164	Mohokare	52 966 39 311	54 825 40 935	53 784 40 215	122 082 64 552	149 908 67 928	86 961 63 324
C	DC16	Naledi Xhariep District Municipality	27 876	40 935 30 784	31 295	32 992	34 893	35 574
0	Xhariep Mu		252 840	254 786	242 534	446 595	528 319	460 906
В	FS181	Masilonyana	84 850	88 282	86 079	163 522	184 307	191 218
В	FS182	Tokologo	43 895	44 749	43 070	76 872	104 154	94 227
В	FS183	Tswelopele	62 071	62 467	58 962	89 877	86 716	83 952
В	FS184	Matjhabeng	416 018	401 882	376 369	590 535	543 138	521 966
В	FS185	Nala	126 199	120 751	108 164	194 226	169 678	150 005
С	DC18	Lejweleputswa District Municipality	104 747	110 512	112 236	108 706	114 834	116 739
Total: I	Lejweleputs	wa Municipalities	837 780	828 643	784 880	1 223 738	1 202 827	1 158 107
В	FS191	Setsoto	165 381	166 155	157 681	250 378	245 416	249 528
В	FS192	Dihlabeng	131 369	132 147	129 132	217 280	209 034	220 145
В	FS193	Nketoana	79 011	80 443	77 909	143 468	151 844	165 768
В	FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung	392 154	450 848	465 695	627 035	681 827	716 385
В	FS195	Phumelela	58 325	60 252	58 855	121 068	119 009	99 767
В	FS196 DC19	Mantsopa	67 921 86 946	69 105 97 079	66 730 98 845	105 313 92 297	112 579 101 521	113 108 103 470
Total: 7		Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	981 107	1 056 029	1 054 847	1 556 839	1 621 230	1 668 171
I Otal.	I HADO MOTO	itsanyana Frunicipanties	981 107	1 030 029	1 034 847	1 330 639	1 021 230	1 000 1/1
В	FS201	Moqhaka	167 294	169 819	165 644	256 026	256 142	263 522
В	FS203	Ngwathe	160 231	165 946	163 623	222 726	230 650	246 166
B B	FS204	Metsimaholo	107 542	115 040	123 386	166 879	186 397	194 531
C	FS205 DC20	Mafube Fezile Dabi District Municipality	76 678 137 551	78 521 140 157	76 194 142 149	125 130 142 499	146 582 144 413	163 476 146 586
Total: I		Municipalities	649 296	669 483	670 996	913 260	964 184	1 014 281
		•						
Total: I	Free State N	Iunicipalities	3 324 604	3 403 269	3 340 251	5 483 445	5 648 726	5 673 032
GAUTI	ENG							
A	EKU	Ekurhuleni	2 042 951	2 173 369	2 374 368	4 333 661	4 598 767	4 913 242
A	JHB	City of Johannesburg	2 534 723	2 846 914	3 186 449	5 584 810	6 026 859	6 498 891
A	TSH	City of Tshwane	1 375 518	1 642 734	1 877 110	4 294 868	4 437 899	4 845 505
В	GT421	Emfuleni	602 144	599 185	594 434	928 650	1 026 698	1 137 907
В	GT422	Midvaal	60 716	67 900	76 071	184 071	214 447	121 127
В	GT423	Lesedi	71 665	82 464	91 357	107 853	125 774	140 925
С	DC42	Sedibeng District Municipality	239 539	245 811	250 937	244 981	250 453	255 846
Total: S	Sedibeng M	unicipalities	974 064	995 360	1 012 799	1 465 555	1 617 372	1 655 805
В	GT481	Mogale City	238 641	257 793	285 003	367 653	388 532	418 877
В	GT482	Randfontein	100 395	103 247	106 247	139 862	148 472	161 005
В	GT483	Westonaria	113 718	126 795	135 725	226 375	190 062	224 259
В	GT484	Merafong City	175 979	167 895	158 179	248 896	237 049	239 920
C	DC48	West Rand District Municipality	178 344	184 922	189 029	182 713	193 188	197 852
Total: \	West Rand	Municipalities	807 077	840 652	874 183	1 165 499	1 157 303	1 241 913
				0	0.00	44		40
Total: 0	Gauteng Mu	nicipalities	7 734 333	8 499 029	9 324 909	16 844 393	17 838 200	19 155 356

ANNEXURE W7
EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

			EQ	UITABLE SHAF	RE ¹		L ALLOCATIO	
			National an	d Municipal Fina	ancial Year	National an	d Municipal Fin	ancial Year
	7.4	3.6	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
,	Category	Municipality	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
KWA	ZULU-NATA	L						
A	ETH	eThekwini	1 990 048	2 097 814	2 244 029	4 804 076	5 068 083	5 368 102
В	KZN211	Vulamehlo	48 657	62 344	62 761	81 595	105 140	107 028
В	KZN212	Umdoni	43 638	60 153	63 794	67 292	83 958	93 568
В	KZN213	Umzumbe	105 320	127 211	125 847	204 055	230 372	227 669
В	KZN214	uMuziwabantu	59 072	75 863	77 049	84 702	101 635	105 884
В	KZN215	Ezingoleni	34 499	43 308	43 775	52 836	60 689	64 814
В	KZN216	Hibiscus Coast	103 406	124 645	130 213	183 467	211 171	219 705
C	DC21	Ugu District Municipality	319 564	361 255	394 223	635 035	763 107	835 770
Total:	Ugu Municip	alities	714 156	854 779	897 662	1 308 982	1 556 072	1 654 438
В	KZN221	uMshwathi	69 377	84 554	85 689	101 973	120 625	123 021
В	KZN222	uMngeni	40 229	43 747	46 376	65 178	76 792	80 362
В	KZN223	Mpofana	24 807	27 416	27 516	45 682	52 854	53 510
В	KZN224	Impendle	28 057	32 796	32 722	46 971	58 000	58 471
В	KZN225	Msunduzi	373 541	392 761	413 174	669 910	867 950	895 383
В	KZN226	Mkhambathini	39 424	51 162	52 458	64 624	80 137	82 212
В	KZN227	Richmond	41 243	53 925	55 874	62 725	82 994	85 778
C	DC22	Umgungundlovu District Municipality	366 806	397 401	430 258	500 489	573 275	580 626
Total:		ovu Municipalities	983 484	1 083 762	1 144 067	1 557 552	1 912 627	1 959 363
		•						
В	KZN232	Emnambithi/Ladysmith	118 419	129 021	129 037	230 300	235 437	241 729
В	KZN233	Indaka	67 255	75 582	74 021	92 740	110 727	110 198
В	KZN234	Umtshezi	39 294	49 735	52 011	93 087	102 311	110 192
В	KZN235	Okhahlamba	79 269	98 010	97 758	121 101	146 695	148 042
В	KZN236	Imbabazane	73 871	84 625	82 895	100 392	119 251	118 624
C	DC23	Uthukela District Municipality	286 962	305 091	324 220	530 503	582 104	628 835
Total:	Uthukela Mu	nicipalities	665 070	742 064	759 942	1 168 123	1 296 525	1 357 620
В	KZN241	Endumeni	37 042	40 991	41 713	63 109	68 551	69 853
В	KZN241 KZN242	Ngutu	92 161	115 441	115 392	138 498	193 045	197 395
В	KZN242 KZN244	Msinga	100 755	133 749	136 793	212 931	264 915	276 763
В	KZN245	Umvoti	62 571	84 593	88 553	105 920	144 223	157 216
C	DC24	Umzinyathi District Municipality	213 364	239 080	259 675	561 555	758 457	570 264
Total:	Umzinyathi N		505 893	613 854	642 126	1 082 013	1 429 191	1 271 491
В	KZN252	Newcastle	284 747	296 709	296 695	421 919	486 625	493 220
В			17 467	296 709		38 401	486 625	493 220
В	KZN253 KZN254	Emadlangeni Dannhauser	60 118	74 058	21 210 73 979	38 401 88 774	43 155 103 215	43 759 99 121
C	DC25	Amajuba District Municipality	112 385	120 708	128 382	172 105	186 072	191 110
	DC23	Amajuoa District Municipanty	112 383	120 /08	128 382	1 / 2 105	180 0 / 2	191 110

ANNEXURE W7
EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

			EQU	JITABLE SHAF	RE ¹	l	ALLOCATION UNICIPALITIES	
				d Municipal Fina			d Municipal Fina	
C	ategory	Municipality	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
	ategory	Municipanty	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
В	KZN261	eDumbe	46 398	57 334	57 569	75 404	87 952	89 000
В	KZN262	uPhongolo	76 982	96 330	97 415	120 492	147 432	150 087
В	KZN263	Abaqulusi	95 434	113 865	115 440	157 139	188 823	193 362
В	KZN265	Nongoma	96 234	123 456	123 752	224 824	244 473	242 209
В	KZN266	Ulundi	101 284	127 757	126 931	153 091	183 361	184 486
C	DC26	Zululand District Municipality	297 420	321 220	343 697	642 884	756 372	857 868
Total: 2	Zululand Mu	inicipalities	713 752	839 962	864 804	1 373 834	1 608 413	1 717 012
В	KZN271	Umhlabuyalingana	87 707	120 673	124 992	124 286	166 716	172 641
В	KZN272	Jozini	103 677	136 083	138 265	162 925	213 068	218 351
В	KZN273	The Big 5 False Bay	22 485	30 910	32 405	44 375	53 313	55 321
В	KZN274	Hlabisa	37 118	49 131	50 132	70 278	86 013	87 672
В	KZN275	Mtubatuba	81 379	116 105	121 442	135 046	187 851	196 536
C	DC27	Umkhanyakude District Municipality	226 251	263 765	290 128	861 341	648 992	698 662
Total:	Umkhanyaki	ude Municipalities	558 617	716 667	757 364	1 398 251	1 355 953	1 429 183
В	KZN281	Mfolozi	67 439	93 409	96 596	100 080	145 162	150 307
В	KZN282	uMhlathuze	204 800	227 883	241 990	378 967	432 331	403 672
В	KZN283	Ntambanana	30 881	42 192	42 364	50 314	70 238	70 505
В	KZN284	uMlalazi	110 939	144 684	147 228	243 102	270 797	252 555
В	KZN285	Mthonjaneni	31 674	38 660	38 773	66 688	64 563	65 262
В	KZN286	Nkandla	65 977	82 543	82 178	102 195	141 725	143 694
C	DC28	Uthungulu District Municipality	382 129	409 286	442 161	781 730	1 064 537	865 983
Total:	Uthungulu M	Iunicipalities	893 839	1 038 657	1 091 290	1 723 076	2 189 353	1 951 978
В	KZN291	Mandeni	90 414	118 527	122 464	165 001	195 649	202 724
В	KZN292	KwaDukuza	87 677	103 813	112 289	155 339	167 575	178 292
В	KZN293	Ndwedwe	82 803	109 350	110 993	208 978	215 484	205 376
В	KZN294	Maphumulo	61 091	74 554	74 142	149 060	153 540	156 453
C	DC29	iLembe District Municipality	290 468	336 439	372 497	615 775	827 098	844 566
Total: i	iLembe Mun		612 453	742 683	792 385	1 294 153	1 559 346	1 587 411
В	KZN431	Inguya	66 031	82 678	83 187	98 484	132 883	135 222
В	KZN431 KZN432	Ingwe Kwa Sani	13 627	82 678 15 136	83 187 15 086	98 484 24 920	132 883 25 609	26 604
В	KZN432 KZN433	Greater Kokstad	47 616	47 323	43 451	73 549	75 605	101 099
В		Ubuhlebezwe	66 977	47 323 85 018	43 451 85 758	106 570	139 248	
В	KZN434 KZN435	Umzimkhulu	116 142	150 282	152 963	210 010	238 667	141 870 244 638
C C	DC43		230 622	245 003	259 532	483 522	526 538	683 066
	Sisonke Mun	Harry Gwala District Municipality	541 015	625 440	639 977	997 055	1 138 550	1 332 499
1 Otal: 3	oisonke Mun	ncipanues	541 015	023 440	039 9//	99 / 055	1 138 330	1 334 499
T (1)	V 7.1 N	. 135	0.652.044	0.000.100	10 252 012	17 429 214	10.022.100	20.456.205
i otai:	KwaZulu-Na	tal Municipalities	8 653 044	9 868 168	10 353 912	17 428 314	19 933 180	20 456 307

ANNEXURE W7
EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

			UITABLE SHAF		M	L ALLOCATION IUNICIPALITIE	S
			d Municipal Fina			nd Municipal Fina	
Category	Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
IMPOPO		(11000)	(11 000)	(11 000)	(11000)	(11 000)	(11 000)
B LIM331 Greater G	vani	173 816	221 802	225 314	283 931	340 141	346
LIM332 Greater L		167 589	208 754	210 859	349 350	396 282	402
LIM333 Greater Ta		235 717	288 119	294 096	386 269	476 995	477
LIM334 Ba-Phalab	orwa	83 256	107 603	111 219	131 000	162 725	172
LIM335 Maruleng		71 904	92 648	94 652	116 367	140 882	143
DC33 Mopani D	strict Municipality	561 080	631 427	691 597	1 212 137	1 373 522	1 34
tal: Mopani Municipalities		1 293 362	1 550 353	1 627 737	2 479 054	2 890 547	2 88
LIM341 Musina		38 966	47 620	51 063	64 860	82 117	8
LIM342 Mutale		64 971	88 793	92 164	103 525	143 972	14
LIM343 Thulamela		338 467	432 118	443 807	684 027	778 712	78
		287 643	354 049	361 478	444 365	530 938	55
	istrict Municipality	592 795	681 139	750 765	1 242 715	1 523 305	1 77
otal: Vhembe Municipalities	saret wanicipanty	1 322 842	1 603 719	1 699 277	2 539 492	3 059 044	3 35
I DAGGE DE L		117.073	147.520	140.040	172 106	210 700	22
LIM351 Blouberg		117 073 98 119	147 530	148 949	173 196 146 127	218 790 185 943	23
LIM352 Aganang			123 182	123 637			18
LIM353 Molemole		89 014	106 570	106 230	128 810	147 742	14
LIM354 Polokwan		455 799	520 607	567 041 206 840	1 063 143	1 161 662	1 22
LIM355 Lepele-Ni	umpi District Municipality	161 207	204 682		229 933	281 935	28
DC35 Capricorn otal: Capricorn Municipalitie		465 510 1 386 722	502 596 1 605 167	540 985 1 693 682	816 272 2 557 481	895 620 2 891 692	98 3 06
•							
LIM361 Thabazim	oi .	60 733	59 864	59 030	101 462	105 798	11
LIM362 Lephalale		86 865	91 578	94 719	163 808	169 631	24
LIM364 Mookgope LIM365 Modimolle		33 945	41 433	44 369	53 829	60 621	6
LIM365 Modimolle	;	58 643	59 688	58 443	100 943	96 365	9
LIM366 Bela-Bela		54 332	63 253	68 258	82 262	89 603	9
LIM367 Mogalakw		293 263	341 381	354 048	569 587	695 744	72
	District Municipality	99 036	106 044	108 346	103 999	110 100	11
otal: Waterberg Municipaliti	es	686 817	763 241	787 213	1 175 890	1 327 862	1 45
LIM471 Ephraim N	Iogale	91 614	118 427	121 678	135 728	167 808	17
LIM472 Elias Mots		166 920	212 892	217 043	232 127	296 039	29
B LIM473 Makhudut	hamaga	181 770	228 456	231 637	262 404	315 089	32
B LIM474 Fetakgom)	63 620	83 127	84 749	98 414	132 556	13
B LIM475 Greater To	ibatse	182 650	245 662	257 340	330 186	441 115	45
DC47 Sekhukhu	ne District Municipality	467 284	546 156	607 356	1 563 578	1 768 219	1 86
otal: Sekhukhune Municipali	ties	1 153 858	1 434 720	1 519 803	2 622 437	3 120 826	3 250
otal: Limpopo Municipalities		5 843 601	6 957 200	7 327 712	11 374 354	13 289 971	14 009
IPUMALANGA							
MP301 Albert Lut	huli	188 970	218 951	227 278	304 660	367 413	36
MP302 Msukaligy	/a	114 917	121 213	126 032	208 534	213 183	22
MP303 Mkhondo		127 313	152 821	163 039	241 848	278 006	29
MP304 Pixley Ka	Seme	87 956	91 163	89 202	127 184	139 071	14
MP305 Lekwa		85 034	88 235	89 898	124 252	122 519	12
MP306 Dipalesen		48 618	52 488	53 841	72 737	78 808	8
MP307 Govan Mb		193 583	194 291	196 440	302 401	294 989	30
	de District Municipality	265 947	270 998	275 685	381 781	410 348	43
otal: Gert Sibande Municipal	ities	1 112 338	1 190 160	1 221 415	1 763 397	1 904 337	1 98
MP311 Victor Kh	nnye	59 142	67 153	72 430	90 472	101 108	11
MP312 Emalahler		207 754	228 158	255 184	347 778	401 320	45
MP313 Steve Tsh		103 556	119 110	136 097	165 963	183 254	20
MP314 Emakhaze		42 280	48 369	51 566	66 762	74 624	7
MP315 Thembisil		259 924	299 810	314 819	414 776	469 370	49
MP315 Thembisil MP316 Dr JS Mo		270 810	314 851	322 068	432 552	481 149	49
	District Municipality	318 017	326 271	333 698	344 272	358 498	36
otal: Nkangala Municipalitie		1 261 483	1 403 722	1 485 862	1 862 575	2 069 323	2 19
MP321 Thaba Chy	ren	90 485	104 354	114 240	161 980	237 951	25
		388 663	460 158	502 938	1 004 606	1 041 695	1 16
MP322 Mbombela MP323 Umjindi		58 318	460 158 67 187	71 885	118 771	222 620	23
,		339 878		449 750	639 439	843 468	23 89
	idae	545 094	422 237 648 705		1		
	orge District Municipality	199 678	648 705 217 562	677 568 223 374	1 021 567 282 842	1 257 948 275 922	1 33
otal: Ehlanzeni Municipalitie		1 622 116	1 920 203	2 039 755	3 229 205	3 879 604	4 19
Zamazaa rrumcipantie	:	1 022 110	1 720 203	2 007 100	3 227 203	2 0 / 2 0 0 4	717
			4 514 085	4 747 032	6 855 177	7 853 264	8 37
otal: Mpumalanga Municipa		3 995 937					

ANNEXURE W7
EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

	_	JITABLE SHAF		M	L ALLOCATIO UNICIPALITIE	s
Category Municipality	2014/15	d Municipal Fina 2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	d Municipal Fina 2015/16	2016/17
Category	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
NORTHERN CAPE						
B NC061 Richtersveld	12 817	13 385	13 420	33 534	36 121	31 781
B NC062 Nama Khoi	35 295	36 727	37 332	54 252	59 185	60 442
B NC064 Kamiesberg B NC065 Hantam	15 154 20 566	17 646 20 616	18 209 20 102	28 017 36 361	30 048 51 122	29 932 44 030
B NC066 Karoo Hoogland	14 669	15 790	16 407	27 893	27 243	28 708
B NC067 Khâi-Ma	13 821	14 867	15 359	27 149	29 635	28 466
C DC6 Namakwa District Municipality Total: Namakwa Municipalities	34 464 146 786	35 494 154 525	35 915 156 744	37 648 244 854	40 087 273 441	40 900 264 25 9
Totai: Namakwa Mumcipanties	140 /80	134 323	130 /44	244 654	2/3 441	204 239
B NC071 Ubuntu	21 614	25 201	26 282	36 503	43 031	39 550
B NC072 Umsobomvu B NC073 Emthanjeni	32 382 35 342	34 906 35 873	35 718 35 040	78 764 68 124	86 285 56 552	73 710 79 160
B NC074 Kareeberg	15 096	17 995	18 867	29 067	50 876	31 786
B NC075 Renosterberg	16 521	18 176	18 589	32 996	29 599	42 333
B NC076 Thembelihle	16 735	18 656	19 200	40 936	43 360	35 956
B NC077 Siyathemba B NC078 Siyancuma	22 445 38 021	24 197 39 510	24 931 38 827	39 047 60 010	38 007 62 566	38 673 61 635
C DC7 Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality	32 052	36 079	36 840	36 236	40 953	42 131
Total: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities	230 208	250 593	254 294	421 683	451 229	444 934
B NC081 Mier	12 321	14 570	14 920	25 547	27 327	88 117
B NC082 !Kai !Garib	50 293	52 018	52 758	77 583	76 967	78 729
B NC083 //Khara Hais B NC084 !Kheis	56 129 17 963	57 428	58 653	88 730	88 102 47 917	97 299
B NC084 !Kileis B NC085 Tsantsabane	27 070	19 681 28 125	20 037 28 705	32 531 56 431	58 216	48 479 58 679
B NC086 Kgatelopele	16 094	17 071	17 660	30 607	32 406	35 461
C DC8 Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality	47 645	50 930	51 978	50 829	55 541	56 983
Total: Siyanda Municipalities	227 515	239 823	244 711	362 258	386 476	463 747
B NC091 Sol Plaatjie	145 440	142 823	139 575	237 584	220 550	217 332
B NC092 Dikgatlong	51 671	58 109	59 739	87 877	109 931	112 956
B NC093 Magareng B NC094 Phokwane	32 090 71 353	34 771 77 271	35 020 78 258	47 759 120 238	48 825 132 916	63 743 109 347
C DC9 Frances Baard District Municipality	97 428	103 853	110 545	100 618	108 225	115 291
Total: Frances Baard Municipalities	397 982	416 827	423 137	594 076	620 447	618 669
B NC451 Joe Morolong	93 255	114 787	117 715	255 003	262 013	281 137
B NC452 Ga-Segonyana	86 992	109 209	117 469	238 675	259 047	272 444
B NC453 Gamagara C DC45 John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality	22 045 61 385	22 935 64 952	24 495 66 861	49 879 68 794	61 051 72 924	85 555 76 027
Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities	263 677	311 883	326 540	612 351	655 035	715 163
Total: Northern Cape Municipalities	1 266 168	1 373 651	1 405 426	2 235 222	2 386 628	2 506 772
NORTH WEST						
B NW371 Moretele	209 553	261 158	270 496	353 911	415 726	456 541
B NW372 Madibeng	367 236	454 767	505 482	716 217	834 702	939 255
B NW373 Rustenburg	333 249	395 722	451 764	1 079 670	1 241 833	1 368 349
B NW374 Kgetlengrivier B NW375 Moses Kotane	50 398 275 714	57 411 322 129	60 960 331 607	86 146 472 656	106 609 525 925	112 390 539 254
C DC37 Bojanala Platinum District Municipality	265 044	284 495	293 182	270 186	288 722	297 675
Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities	1 501 194	1 775 682	1 913 491	2 978 786	3 413 517	3 713 464
B NW381 Ratlou	82 376	99 724	99 416	121 871	143 830	141 440
B NW382 Tswaing	74 220	86 125	86 259	112 790	131 426	141 438
B NW383 Mafikeng B NW384 Ditsobotla	144 793	173 208	176 132	236 392	263 220	275 268
B NW384 Ditsobotla B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa	88 496 102 166	96 125 127 202	96 468 128 480	139 063 182 407	166 935 201 511	171 709 218 548
C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	465 801	509 889	552 149	871 658	1 041 270	1 106 328
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	957 852	1 092 273	1 138 904	1 664 181	1 948 192	2 054 731
B NW392 Naledi	36 699	39 510	39 571	89 306	92 737	99 784
B NW393 Mamusa	37 162	43 136	43 690	61 641	74 952	77 134
B NW394 Greater Taung B NW396 Lekwa-Teemane	134 670 32 710	171 845 37 370	172 852 38 013	196 614 59 832	231 389 72 463	234 985 74 214
B NW397 NW397	83 391	102 622	102 534	136 146	157 394	158 576
C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	223 475	260 964	284 932	519 479	514 654	607 301
Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	548 107	655 447	681 592	1 063 018	1 143 589	1 251 994
B NW401 Ventersdorp	54 971	63 333	66 260	96 793	99 042	101 585
B NW402 Tlokwe B NW403 City of Matlosana	103 841 339 136	118 723 338 618	132 919 333 386	161 721 464 208	196 149 463 034	245 710 468 440
B NW404 Maquassi Hills	85 790	91 784	92 680	166 760	199 183	147 299
C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality	160 481	165 730	169 399	165 466	170 099	173 959
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities	744 219	778 188	794 644	1 054 948	1 127 507	1 136 993
Total: North West Municipalities	3 751 372	4 301 590	4 528 631	6 760 933	7 632 805	8 157 182

ANNEXURE W7 EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

		EQU	JITABLE SHAR	RE ¹		L ALLOCATION UNICIPALITIE	
			d Municipal Fina	ıncial Year	National an	d Municipal Fin	
Category	Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
WESTERN CAPI	E.	(R 000)	(R 000)	(R 000)	(R 666)	(R 000)	(R 000)
A CPT	City of Cape Town	1 497 082	1 796 324	2 025 823	4 537 750	4 614 107	4 947 274
B WC011	Matzikama	39 922	41 267	42 803	72 709	87 989	99 188
B WC012	Cederberg	30 797	34 098	36 597	72 289	85 087	83 002
B WC013	Bergrivier	27 489	30 412	33 422	46 970	50 175	53 885
B WC014	Saldanha Bay	46 415	55 108	62 237	70 274	79 612	87 670
B WC015	Swartland	43 093	55 490	64 375	77 721	93 396	104 476
C DC1	West Coast District Municipality	75 984	80 493	82 571	111 128	115 129	139 313
Total: West Coast		263 700	296 868	322 005	451 091	511 388	567 534
B WC022	Witness	54 124	58 709	63 984	83 476	83 128	91 472
	2						
B WC023		85 321	96 228	106 387	137 343	151 799	158 368
B WC024		65 606	84 237	97 061	125 927	154 429	192 395
B WC025		74 231	81 182	88 420	123 635	145 131	172 090
B WC026		55 756	57 186	58 711	81 859	82 536	85 006
C DC2	Cape Winelands District Municipality lands Municipalities	213 606 548 644	217 012 594 554	220 773 635 336	216 790 769 030	221 613 838 636	225 774 925 105
Total: Cape wine	lands Municipalities	548 044	394 334	035 330	/69 030	838 030	925 105
B WC031	Theewaterskloof	62 481	68 141	73 247	108 491	106 176	113 451
B WC032	Overstrand	52 021	64 199	72 027	78 847	90 252	99 134
B WC033	Cape Agulhas	19 386	20 615	22 112	37 717	46 136	48 077
B WC034		20 938	21 855	22 812	49 474	36 325	39 810
C DC3	Overberg District Municipality	50 397	55 183	56 638	53 637	59 553	61 384
Total: Overberg N	Municipalities	205 223	229 993	246 836	328 166	338 442	361 856
B WC041		21 140	22 375	22 556	49 797	52 226	55 856
B WC042		29 993	31 423	33 060	50 743	53 308	51 602
B WC043	,	54 705	63 321	69 721	89 260	98 386	101 935
B WC044		92 397	100 129	109 720	271 059	280 023	286 495
B WC045		49 907	54 204	57 242	89 486	105 431	99 594
B WC047		40 946	57 147	65 154	70 774	90 382	100 977
B WC048		44 808	55 858	62 098	74 733	86 174	93 502
C DC4	Eden District Municipality	134 097	138 960	142 322	169 160	184 309	168 627
Total: Eden Muni	cipalities	467 993	523 417	561 873	865 012	950 239	958 588
B WC051	Laingsburg	10 908	12 115	12 450	26 112	25 544	26 157
B WC052		13 047	15 326	16 168	26 300	28 876	30 040
B WC053		38 990	44 066	46 339	88 440	101 342	120 021
C DC5	Central Karoo District Municipality	16 722	19 898	20 352	21 615	23 909	24 535
0 505	roo Municipalities	79 667	91 405	95 309	170 835	179 671	200 753
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	21 403	2000	1,0 633	1,, 0,1	200 700
Total: Western Co	ape Municipalities	3 062 309	3 532 561	3 887 182	7 121 884	7 432 483	7 961 110
Total Western Co	про плиненриние	3 002 309	3 332 301	3 667 182	363 580	1 261 390	1 395 321
N. C. 175 ()		44 400 4 45	50.205.500	53.969.505			
National Total		44 490 145	50 207 698	52 868 706	88 350 551	98 855 267	104 184 215

National Total

1. Includes equitable share formula allocations, RSC levies replacement and special contribution towards Councillor remuneration, but excludes the sharing of the general fuel levy with metropolitan municipalities. (See Appendix W1)

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPLITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

APPENDIX WI
APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES
(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES +
BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

								Remuneration and Ward Committees	and Ward Co	ommittees						
		밁	Municipal Financial Year	ıncial Year	함		닐	National and Municipal Financial Year	funicipal Fina	ncial Year	}		National and Mun.		-	-
Category Mı	Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	Water 2014/1	Sanitation Refuse	Water	Sanitation Refuse 2015/16 (R'000)	Water 2	Sanitation 016/17 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE																
BUF Buffalo City NMA Nelson Mandela Bay		656 674 761 606	653 273 771 725	641 160 785 837												
EC101 Camdeboo		38 397	40 712					2 553	2 668	2 789						
EC102 Blue Crane Route		40 393	42 509					2 036	2 126	2 22 1						
EC103 Ikwezi		16 808	19 253					1 403	1466	1 532						
EC104 Makana		67 358	70 636					3 4 47	5 041	3 763						
EC105 Nutation EC106 Sundays River Valley		43 434	52 117					2917	3 049	3 188						
EC107 Baviaans		19 078	22 069					1 403	1 466	1 532						
EC108 Kouga		61 101	76 379					5 028	5 251	5 486						
EC109 Kou-Kamma	100	31 848	35 444			000	000	2 0 3 6	2 126	2 22 1						
Total: Cacadu Municipalities	panty	397 195	450 366	469 721	57 507	58 932	60 594	30.819	32 195	33 644						
		152 172	198 514	199 926				10 543	11012	11 506	56 271	45 941	59 369		62 734	49 056
		180 521	223 160	221 550				10 685	11162	11 664	63 183	51 585	66 372		69 831	54 605
EC123 Great Kei		34 362	39 769	39 039				2 400	2 507	2 620	9 100	7 429	9 510	7 600	9 955	7 785
		67 466	78 421	76 724				4 339	4 531	4 733	20 176	16 472	21 087		22 073	17 261
EC127 Nkonkobe		99 389	122 959	122 060				7 096	7411	7 743	31 935	26 073	33 666		35 546	27 796
		22 330	25 045	24 672				1 459	1 524	1 594	5 495	4 487	5 758		6 042	4 724
C DC12 Amathole District Municipality	icipality	393 118	409 127	426 437	270 433	290 538	315 116	42.416	45 3 40	47 305	316 403	176 605	330	101 730	200 000	107 130
all admone with			700 017 1	70/ 1-77	654.014	900 007	011 010	OF CF	OF CF	000 (#	24	2007	666 (44		000 604	001 101
		37 462	37 571	35 033				3 1 0 2	3 2 4 1	3 386	12 545	10 242	13 550	10 829	14 833	11 599
EC132 Isolwana EC133 Intercence		29 358	36 /32	37.276				1 962	1466	2 146	8 347	6 814	9 061		9 968	7/95
		108 994	117 555	115 209				9 307	9 722	10 159	37 972	31 001	41 087		45 054	35 231
		108 341	138 288	139 000				7 658	8 003	8 3 6 7	36 779	30 028	39 591		43 189	33 772
		85 839	110 315	111 350				6199	6479	6 773	28 630	23 375	30 945		33 896	26 505
EC138 Sakhisizwe		45 665	56 465	56 363				2 960	3 091	3 228	13 591	11 096	14 560		15 807	12 361
DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality	nicipality	356 171	385 038	412 365	57 573	61 853	980 29									
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities		888 759	1 032 653	1 058 635	57 573	61 853	980 29	39 485	41 254	43 116	176 495	144 095	190 359	152 128	208 069	162 703
EC141 Elundini		95 679	125 775	127 848				6 199	6 4 7 9	6 7 7 3	34 123	27 859	37 374		41 038	32 090
EC142 Senqu		104 535	129 232	129 100				6 407	1699	6 991	33 277	27 169	36 390	29 082	39 896	31 197
EC143 Maletswai		23 204	25 144	25 208				2 188	2 287	2 391	8 290	6 768	9 183		10 197	7 974
	nicipality	172 418	189 993	203 948	18 294	19 654	21317	4 136	4 321	4 5 1 5	6/0/	9//6	08//		0/00	/0/ 9
륄		420 309	495 828	510878	18 294	19 654	21 317	20 753	21 683	22 662	82 765	67 572	727 06	72 506	60 406	77 968
FC153 Nonrea Hill		142 857	188 844	190 661				10.685	691 11	11 664	46 509	37.972	52 545		58 078	45.415
EC154 Port St Johns		86 312	113 359	114383				7 141	7461	7 800	27 524	22 472	31 038	24 804	34 240	26 775
		158 953	205 512	207 287				10 543	11 012	11 506	52 481	42 847	59 368		65 702	51 377
		118 933	150 033	148 795				8 962	9362	9 783	35 960	29 359	40 170		43 901	34 329
EC157 King Sabata Daintdyebo DC15 O.R.Tambo District Municipality	o unicipality	487 142	551 965	597 586	65 192	70 039	75 964				8 928	04 439	066 68		79 48/	96/ //
Total: O.R.Tambo Municipalities		1 200 443	1 460 298	1 512 855	65 192	70 039	75 964	37 331	38 997	40 753	241 402	197 089	117 272	217 939	301 408	235 692
EC441 Mataticle		130 017	166 673	166 958				8 9 62	9 3 62	9 783	44 157	36 051	47 676		51 828	40 527
EC442 Umzimvubu		126 861	159 992	158 784				9 3 0 7	9 722	10 159	40 862	33 361	43 892		47 469	37 119
EC443 Mbizana		134 099	170 258	169 506				11 152	11 654	12 182	42 817	34 957	46 211	36 930	50 214	39 266
	micipality	306 560	332 056	352 287	31358	33 689	36 539	6 8 9 4	7201	7 525	71 020	11 013	7		2000	06/61
Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities		770 903	921 119	938 786	31 358	33 689	36 539	42 879	44 799	46 821	149 662	122 188	161 202	128 826	174 819	136 702
													_			
													_			

APPENDIX WI
APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES
(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES +
BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

	Equitab	Equitable Share Formula	nula	RSC Lev	RSC Levies Replacement		Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	Special Support for Councillor nuneration and Ward Committ	ncillor 9 mmittees	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	QUITABLESH	ARE FOR DIST	RICT MUNICIPAL	ITIES AUTHOI	RISED FOR SEF	VICES
	National and N	Tunicipal Fins	\top	National and Municipal Financial Year	micipal Fina		National and Municipal Financial Year	unicipal Fina	uncial Year			National and Mu	National and Municipal Financial Year	ar		
Category Municipality	2014/15	2015/16 2016/17	1	2014/15	2015/16		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	Water Sanitation	Refuse	Water	Sanitation	Refuse Water	er Sanitation	Refuse
		(K000)	(K.000)		(K1000)	(8,000)	(K.000)	(K.000)	(8,000)	2014/13 (K'000			015/10 (K'000)		7010/1/ (K.O.	(0)
A MAN Mangaung	603 581	594328	586 994													
3 3 3	07707															
B FS161 Letsemeng	79 887	75 667	67 357				2 036	2 126	2 221							
B FS163 Mohokare	50 930		51 563				2 036	2 126	2 22 1							
B FS164 Naledi	37 852		38 621				1 459	1 524	1 594							
C DC16 Xhariep District Municipality	13 184	15 668	15 700	11775	12 067	12 407	2917	3 049	3 188							
Lotal: Anariep Municipanues	700 007		100 017	6// 11	17 00 /	1240/	000 11	ece II	0/071							
B FS181 Masilonyana	81 403	84 681	82 316				3 447	3 601	3 763							
B FS182 Tokologo	42 326	43 108	41 353				1 569	1541	1 717							
B FS183 Tswelopele	59 456	59 737	276 360				2 615	2 730	2 852							
B FS185 Nala	122 063	116 430	103 649				4 136	4 321	4 515							
C DC18 Lejweleputswa District Municipality	26 260	30 080	29 536	78 487	80 432	82 700										
Total: Lejweleputswa Municipalities	747 526	735 918	689 333	78 487	80 432	82 700	11 767	12 293	12 847							
B FS191 Setsoto	159 319	159 824	151 066				6 062	6 331	6 615							
FS192	124 475	124 946	121 607				6 894	7 201	7 525							
FS193	75 909	77 202	74 523				3 102	3 241	3 386							
FS194	392 154	450 848	465 695													
FS195	55 710	57 522	56 003				2 615	2 730	2 852							
C DC19 Thabo Mofutsanvana District Municipality	34 307	43 136	43.380	52 639	53 943	55 465	7 200	2 091	977 6							
otal: Thabo Mofuts	906 835	979 492	975 776	52 639	53 943	55 465	21 633	22 594	23 606							
								0000	0							
B FS201 Moquaka	153 480	158895	156 25/				6.751	7 051	7 367							
FS204	107 542	115 040	123 386													
FS205	73 718	75 430	72 966				2 960	3 091	3 228							
C DC20 Fezile Dabi District Municipality	11 860	11351	9711	125 691	128 806	132 438	000									
Total: Fezile Dabi Municipalities	505 277	521 533	518 556	125 691	128 806	132 438	18 328	19 144	20 002							
Total: Free State Municipalities	2 993 221	3 062 435	2 988 710	268 592	275 248	283 010	62 791	986 59	68 531							
GAUTENG																
	2 042 951		2374368													
A JHB City of Johannesburg	2 534 723	2 846 914	3 186 449													
1161	01000		100													
B GT421 Emfuleni	602 144		594 434				60,7	100	011							
	67 184	77 783	86 466				4 481	4 681	4 891							
C DC42 Sedibeng District Municipality	19 609		19 201	219 930	225 380	1										
Total: Sedibeng Municipalities	744 970	760 408	771 062	219 930	225 380	231 736	9 164	9 572	10 001							
B GT481 Mogale City	238 641	257 793	285 003													
GT482	92 812	95326	696 46				7 583	7 921	8 278							
B GT483 Westonaria	108 345	121 184	129 863				5 373	5 611	5 862							
	27 825	30 673	30 430	150 519	154 249	158 599										
Σ	643 602	672 871	701 444	150 519	154 249	158 599	12 956	13 532	14 140							
Total: Gauteng Municipalities	7 341 764	8 096 296	8 910 433	370 449	379 629	390 335	22 120	23 104	24 141				_			
Harana and a		1	-		-											

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(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES +
BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PRE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

	- Equitab	Equitable Share Formula	nula	RSCL	RSC Levies Replacement	nent	Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	Special Support for Councillor nuneration and Ward Committ	ncillor mmittees	BREAKDOV	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	E SHARE FOR DI	STRICT MUN	ICIPALITIES A	UTHORISED	FOR SERVICES
	National and Municipal Financial Year	Iunicipal Fina	Н	National and Municipal Financial Year	Aunicipal Fina		National and Municipal Financial Year	funicipal Fina	ncial Year			National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıncial Year		
Category Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	Water 201	Sanitation R. 2014/15 (R'000)	Refuse Water	2015/16 (R'000)	tion Refuse	Water 20	Sanitation Refuse
KWAZULU-NATAL																
A ETH eThekwini	1 990 048	2 097 814	2 244 029													
3 KZN211 Vulamehlo	45 210	58 743	58 998				3 447	3 601	3 763	13 075	10 675			206	16 056	12.555
	40 333	56 702	60 189				3 3 0 5	3 451	3 605	16 048				14 925	21 266	16 629
KZN213	98 392	119 970					6 9 2 8	7 2 4 1	7 570	28 382	23 172	3		356	34 703	27 137
KZN214	55 767	72 412					3 3 0 5	3 451	3 605	17 507		_		5 837	21 947	17 162
3 KZN215 Ezmgolem 3 KZN216 Hibisons Coast	32 463	124 645	130 213				2 036	2 1 2 6	2 221	9 064	37 946		10 200	8 151	60.82	8 781
DC21	264 748	302 364	330 350	54816	58 891	63 873				0		-		000	779 00	190
Total: Ugu Municipalities	640 319	776 018	813 025	54 816	58 891	63 873	19 021	19 870	20 764	130 554	106 589	41	148 821 113	118 931	166 023	129 825
o Machanotti	207	009 01	005.00				4 140	1054	001.9	23 146	100 01			1700	303.7.0	01510
NZN221	36 735	39 576	80.309				3 9 9 4	1717	3 180	25 146			22 110 2	7 7 5 7	27 083	10 536
K ZN223	23 501	26 052					1306	364	1 425	8 025		-		6 901	9 409	7 358
KZN224	26 654	31 330					1 403	1 466	1 532	7 251	5 920		7 737	6 183	8 360	6 537
KZN225	373 541	392 761	•													
KZN226	36 871	48 494	49 669				2 553	2 668	2 789	12 397	10 122		13 463	10 759	14 805	11 577
B KZN227 Richmond DC32 Hammoundlean District Municipality	38 690	51 257	53 085	102 306	206.602	224.080	2 5 5 3	2 668	2 789	13 930				5 205	16 956	13 259
otal: Umgungundlo	774 629	698 658	901915	192 306	206 602	224 080	16549	17 291	18 072	84 762	69 203	6	92 437 7.	73 872	102 098	79 837
CCC1AT-71	330 001	110 440	200011				271.0	CES	100 01	220 67				0.70	4 50 04	20.046
	109 233	119449					9104	93/2	10 001	45 550		-		0 /00	49 934	39 040
	36 334	46 644	70.03/				3 646	3 0 0 1	3 228	18 313	14 953		16 350	13 066	18 186	16 042
KZN235	74 443	92 969	92 490				4 826	5 041	5 268	24 036		- 61		164	27 087	21 181
KZN236	69 283	79 831	77 885	:			4 5 8 8	4 7 9 4	5 010	19 579		2		5 375	21 932	17 150
C DC23 Uthukela District Municipality	245 822	260 893	276 283	41 140	44 198	47 937	, ,	00000	10, 10	0.00				100		000
I otal: Uthukeia Municipalities	298 746	6/1 35/	084 514	41 140	861 44	47.937	75 L84	26 309	7/ 491	120 318	757 86	71	12/ 249 10	101 091	13/ 655	10 / 040
KZN241	31 182	34 870	35317				5 860	6 121	6 396	11 004				9 997	14 069	11 001
KZN242	85 754	108 750	108 401				6 4 0 7	169 9	6 991	25 148		- 3		2 295	30 618	23 942
KZN244	93 979	126 669					9229	7 080	7 401	32 905	26 865	ĕ.	36 801 2	29 410	40 717	31 839
B KZN245 Umvoti	58 779	80 632		237 76	000 90	10.731	3 792	3 961	4 139	22 512) 474	28 844	22 555
otal: Umzinyathi N	458 401	563 511	588 468	24 657	26 490	18.731	27.835	23.853	24 927	91 569	74.760	01	878 (01	82 176	114 248	80 117
V ZNJ N Namonalia	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	001 300	307 700						i							
K 7N753	14/ 407	10 545	19 678				1 403	1 466	1 532	1 53 1				3775	2002	3 064
	56 259	70 026	69 765				3 8 5 9	4 032	4 214	17 238	14 074		18 053	14 428	19 561	15 296
C DC25 Amajuba District Municipality	55 797	59 913	62 444	56 588	60 795	65 938										
The start of a section between the section of the s	730 011	446 103	448 582	26 5 88	207 03	000 27	2000	400	7700	21 750				40.00	74770	0000

APPENDIX WI
APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES
(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES +
BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

		quitable sna	Equitable Share Formula	RSC	KSC Levies Replacement		Remuneration	Remuneration and Ward Committees	nuneration and Ward Committees	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	NN OF EQUIL		E FOR DISTR		ALIHES A			S
,	Nationa	and Municit	National and Municipal Financial Year	+	National and Municipal Financial Year	_	National and Municipal Financial Year	funicipal Fins	ıncial Year			Na	National and Municipal Financial Year	cipal Financial	Year			
Category Municipality	pality 2014/15 (R'000)	15 2015/16 3) (R'000)	5/16 2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	Water 2014	Sanitation 2014/15 (R'000)	Refuse	Water 201	Sanitation 2015/16 (R'000)	Refuse	Water 20	Sanitation 2016/17 (R'000)	Refuse
KZN261	4			7			2 615	2 730	2 8 5 2	13 356			14 305			15 541	12 152	
	7.	72 299 9		2			4 683	4 891	5 110	24 475	19 982		26 429	21 121		28 948	22 636	
KZN263				2			7 583	7 921	8 278	33 586			36 410			40 035	31 306	
B KZN265 Nongoma	-		115 895 115 850	6			7 238	7 561	7 902	26 949			28 915			31 468	24 607	
	6		119 266 118 059	6			8 130	8 491	8 872	26 278			28 075			30 424	23 790	
				41 601	44 694	48 475												
Total: Zululand Municipalities			763 674 783 315		44 694	48 475	30 249	31 594	33 014	124 644	101 763		134 134	107 195		146 416	114 491	
			114 194 118 219	6			6 1 9 9	6479	6 773	27 451	22 412		32 253	25 775		36 431	28 488	
KZN272	_	96 384 12		9			7 293	7 622	4 696	29 711			34 539	27 602		38 602	30 185	
B KZN273 The Big 5 False Bay	- 1		29 444 30 873	3			1 403	1 466	1 532	6 2 7 6			7374	5 893		8 330	6 514	
KZN274	9			4			2 917	3 049	3 188	8 870			10 337	8 261		11 582	9 0 0 6	
S							6 928	7 2 4 1	7 570	25 027			29 668	23 709		33 811	26 439	
C DC27 Umkhanyakude District Municipality					27 007	29 292												
Total: Umkhanyakude Municipalities	90	508 739 66	663 803 701 040	0 25138	27 007	29 292	24 740	25 857	27 032	97 335	79 466		114 171	91 240		128 756	100 682	
B KZN281 Mfolozi	9	8 696 19	87 693 90 619				5 470	5716	5 977	20 861	17 032		22 761	18 189		25 230	19 729	
	20		(4	6									_					
KZN283	2			9			2 917	3 049	3 188	10 493		7 181	11 155	8 914	7 473	12 048	9 421	7 897
B KZN284 uMlalazi	10			2			8 962	9362	9 783	36 417			39 216	31 340		42 903	33 549	
B KZN285 Mthonjaneni	4		36 650 36 674	4			1 926	2 0 1 0	2 099	8 499			9 039	7 222		9 761	7 633	
B KZN286 Nkandla				6			4 953	5 1 7 5	5 409	17 927			100 61	15 185		20 460	15 999	
C DC28 uThungulu District Municipality	_			0 197 121	211 775	229 691												
Total: Uthungulu Municipalities		672 490 80	801 570 835 143	3 197 121	211 775	229 691	24 228	25 312	26 456	94 197	76 905	7 181	101 169	80 850	7 473	110 402	86 331	7 897
B KZN291 Mandeni	~		2 406	~			0985	6121	908 9	28 802			34.020	77 187		38 581	30 169	
KZN292		01 277 10	103 813 112 289							47 142			26 677	45 294		65 426	51 161	
KZN293	-			,			6 407	6 691	166 9	22 512			26 1901	20 930		29 254	22.876	
	· 's			6			4 011	4 192	4 383	15 477	12 636		17 761	14 194		19 569	15 303	
C DC29 iLembe District Municipality			269 337 299 718	8 62 459	67 102	72 779												
Total: iLembe Municipalities	53	533 716 65	658 577 701 836	6 62 459	67 102	72 779	16 278	17 004	17 770	113 933	93 018		134 648	107 605		152 830	119 509	
B KZN431 Inowe	9	62 020	78 486 78 804				4 011	4 192	4 383	20 709			21 818	17 436		23.522	18 393	
KZN432				-			1 403	1466	1 532	2 827			2 9561			3 161	2.472	
KZN433							2 757	2 880	3 0 10	13 930			14 561	11 636		15.575	12 179	
							4 376	4 573	4 781	20 894	17 058		22 042	17 615		23 796	18 607	
B KZN435 Umzimkhulu	10	109 248 14	143 081 145 438	00			6 894	7 2 0 1	7 525	40 122			42 654	34 087		46 402	36 285	
				6 22 335	23 995	26 025	4 481	4 681	4 891				_					
Total: Sisonke Municipalities		494 758 57	576 452 587 830	0 22335	23 995	26 025	23 922	24 993	26 122	98 482	80 404		104 031	83 136		112 456	87 936	
Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities	772	7 7 26 615 8 87	8 879 038 9 289 697	718161	771 549	836 821	208 268	217 581	227 394	977 563	798 113	7 181	1 082 265	864 899		7 473 1 195 540	934 868	7 897

APPENDIX WI
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BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

	Equits	Equitable Share Formula	mula	RSCL	RSC Levies Replacement		Remuneration	Remuneration and Ward Committees	mmittees	BREAKDOV	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	ESHARE FOR DIST	RICTMUNICIPALI	TIES AUTHUR	SED FOR SERV	ICES
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	H	National and Municipal Financial Year	funicipal Fins		ational and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year			National and M	National and Municipal Financial Year	ar		
Category Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	Water 2014	2014/15 (R'000)	Refuse Water	Sanitation R 2015/16 (R'000)	Refuse Water	2016/17 (R'000	Refuse
LIMPOPO																
B UM331 Greater Givani	163 475	211000	214 026				10 341	10.802	11 288	53.771	43 900	809		7 19		
LIM332	157 735						9.854	10 292	10.754	50 722		57.258	58 45.758	63 729	49 834	
LIM333	235 717							100	-	87 192		991.		=		
LIM334	230 77						6 2 04	6 481	6.773	27 5811	22.518	31 502		354		
	66 951						4 953	5 175	5 409	20856		23 673	73 18 918	26 493	3 20 716	
DC33	478 946	- 7	•,	82 134	88 240	95 705										
Total: Mopani Municipalities	1 179 876	_	-	82 134	88 240	95 705	31 352	32 750	34 224	240 122	196 043	272 378	78 217 673	304 635	35 238 213	
3																
LIM341	36 7/8						2 188	7 287	2 391	15 992		061	57 15 229	22 1		
LIM342	60 231						4 7 4 0	4 9 5 4	5 180	19 759		22 9		258		
	338 467									126 282	103 100	145 568	_	163 630	30 127 953	
B LIM344 Makhado	287 643	354 049	361 478	52 373	57.341	00103				105 490		121 5	87 97 168	136 6		
DC34	153 636 1	-	1630631	53 373	57 341	261 192	000 9	7 341	1 571	267 573	210.414	311 000	247.033	346 330	277 277	
Total: Vicinos Municipalities	1407071	1	1	010 00	16 16	76170	0760	14	1161	646 104	1	1606		040	1	
LIM351	109 977						2 096	7 411	7 743	37446		40 370		442		
LIM352	91 343						9229	7 080	7 401	29 478	24 066	316	14 25 264	34 435	35 26 927	
	84 061		100 821				4 953	5 175	5 409	26 186		28 133		30 6		
LIM354	455 799															
LIM355	151 353			1000	000	904	9 854	10 292	10 754	50337	41 096	54 503	03 43 556	59 937	37 46 869	
C DC35 Capricorn District Municipality	291/33			10/1//	180 250	195 499	-									
Total: Capricorn Municipalities	1 190 266	1 394 959	1 466 876	167 777	180 250	195 499	28 679	29 958	31 307	143 447	117 113	154 620	20 123 565	169 274	74 132 367	
B LIM361 Thahazimhi	56 739	55 693	54 673				3 994	4 171	4 357							
1 IM362	82.730		90 204				4 136	4 321	4 515							
LIM364	32 122		42 377				1 823	1 905	1 992							
LIM365	55 541		55 057				3 102	3 241	3 386							
	51 372		65 030				2 960	3 091	3 228							
LIM367	293 263	(-,	(-,													
C DC36 Waterberg District Municipality	23 762			75 274	77 139	79 315										
Total: Waterberg Municipalities	595 528	669 373	690 420	75 274	77 139	79315	16 015	16 729	17 478							
B LIM471 Ephraim Mogale	660 98	112 666	115 658				5 5 15	5 761	6 020	26581		31417	25 107	35.7		
LIM472	156 579						10 341	10.802	11 288	46 5431		54 972		\$ 69		
	171 227						10 543	11 012	11 506	52345	42 736	61372	72 49 046	69 273	73 54 169	
LIM474	59 032						4 588	4 794	5 010	16 628		194		219		
LIM475	171 965						10 685	11 162	11 664	58251	47.557	12869	77 55 843	8		
DC47	403 271			64 013	68 772	74 590				_						
Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities	1 048 173	1 322 417	1 399 725	64 013	68 772	74 590	41 672	43 531	45 488	200348	163 569	237 100	00 189 481	270 158	38 211 255	
Total: Limpopo Municipalities	5 276 384	6 355 249	6 684 343	442.571	471 742	507.301	124 646	130 200	136 068	851 440	605 130	073713	13 777 751	1 000 267	84 208	

APPENDIX WI
APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES
(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNEATION AND WARD COMMITTEES +
BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

	Equita	Equitable Share Formula	mula	RSCL	RSC Levies Replacement	nent	Remuneratio,	Remuneration and Ward Committees	Committees	BREAKD	OWN OF EQU	ITABLE SH/	ARE FOR DIS	FRICT MUNIC	PALITIESA	UTHORISE	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	+	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	Municipal Fin	ancial Year				Vational and M.	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year			
	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	Water	Sanitation	Refuse	Water	Sanitation	1 Refuse	Water	Sanitation	Refuse
Category	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	20	2014/15 (R'000)			2015/16 (R'000)		2	2016/17 (R'000)	
MPUMALANGA																		
B MP301 Albert Luthuli	180 495	210 100	218 030				8 475	8 851	9 248									
	108 368		118 883				6 5 4 9	6 841	7 149									
B MP303 Mkhondo	120 764	145 980					6 5 4 9	6 841	7 149									
	84 307	87 352	85 221				3 649	3 811	3 981									
B MP305 Lekwa	79 864	82 834	84254				5 170	5 401	5 644						_			
MP306	46 430	50 201	51450				2 188	2 287	2 391									
	193 583	194 291	196 440															
C DC30 Gert Sibande District Municipality	16 098	14 958	12 424	249 849	256 040	263 261	1											
Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	829 909	880 006	922 592	249 849	256 040	263 261	32 580	34 032	35 562									
B MP311 Victor Khanye	56 182						2 960	3 091	3 228									
B MP312 Emalahleni	207 754														_			
B MP313 Steve Tshwete	103 556	119 110													_			
B MP314 Emakhazeni	39 515						2 7 65	2 888	3 018									
B MP315 Thembisile Hani	248 894		302 779				11 030	11 522	12 040						_			
B MP316 Dr JS Moroka	259 506	303 037	309 716				11 304	11 814	12 352						_			
C DC31 Nkangala District Municipality	20 243	21 118	19 940	297 774	305 153	313 758												
Total: Nkangala Municipalities	935 650	1 069 254	1 141 466	297 774	305 153	313 758	28 0 29	29 315	30 638									
B MP321 Thaba Chweu	85 802	99 463	109 130				4 683	4 891	5 110									
MP322	388 663	7																
B MP323 Unijindi	55 216						3 102	3 241	3 386						_			
	339 878																	
B MP325 Bushbuckridge	532 341		663 646				12 753	13 322	13 922									
C DC32 Ehlanzeni District Municipality	52 000	66 224	62 769	147 678	151 338	155 605												
Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities	1 453 900	1 747 411	1 861 732	147 678	151 338	155 605	20 538	21 454	22 418									
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities	3 219 459	3 716 753	3 925 790	695 301	712 531	732 624	81 177	84 801	88 618									

APPENDIX WI
APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES
(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNEATION AND WARD COMMITTEES +
BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

	Equita	Equitable Share Formula		RSCL	RSC Levies Replacement	ment	Special S Remuneratio	Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	uncillor Committees	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	ARE FOR DISTRI	CT MUNICIPALITIES	AUTHORISED FOR SEI	VICES
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	t	National and Municipal Financial Year	Municipal Fin		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	Į	National and Muni	National and Municipal Financial Year		
Category Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)		2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)		2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	Water Sanitation Refuse 2014/15 (R'000)	Water 201	Sanitation Refuse	Water Sanitation 2016/17 (R'000	Refuse
NORTHERN CAPE														
B NC061 Richtersveld	11358	11861	11 826				1 459	1 524	1 594					
NC062	32 165						3 130	3 269	3 417					
NC064	13 751						1 403	1 466	1 532					
NC065	18 895						1 671	1 745	1 823					
NC066	13 266		14 875				1 403	1 466	1 532					
B NC067 Khāi-Ma C DC6 Namakwa District Municipality	12 418	13 401		25671	26 307	27 049	2 615	2.730	2.852					
otal: Namakwa Mu	108031	114 552	1	25 671	26 307	27 049	13 084	13 666	14 282					
B NC071 Uhuntu	20 155	23 677					1 459	1 524	1 594					
NC072	30 559						1 823	1 905	1 992					
	32 789		32 251				2 553	2 668						
NC074	13 790						1 306	1 364						
NC075	15 118						1 403	1 466						
NC076	15 332						1 403	1 466	1 532					
NC07	26 02	226/3	75 53/				1 439	1 524						
	35 985			17.151	17.576	18 071	3 282	3 430	3 586					
Total: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities	196333	215 544	ľ		17 576	18 071	16 724	17 473	18 265					
B NC081 Mich	10 918	13 104	13 388				2 960	3 001	3 22 2					
NC082	51 446						7 683	4 891	077 6					
NC085	16 560						1 403	1 466	1.532					
NC085	25 034						2 036	2 126	2 221					
2	14 635						1 459	1 524	1 594					
C DC8 Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality	10 492	12 785		33 504	34 334	35 302	3 649	3 811	3 981					
Total: Siyanda Municipalities	176 418	187 114	190 211	33 504	34 334	35 302	17 593	18 375	19 198					
B NC091 Sol Plaatjie	145 440	142 823	139 575											
NC092	49 271						2 400	2 507	2 620					
	30 419		33 197				1 671	1 745	1 823					
DC0 Francos Board Dietrict Municipality	162.80	10.028		087.780	88 034	06.458	20102	3 241	5 386					
otal: Frances Baard	303 346	3	3]	82 780	88 934	96 458	11 856	12 384	12 939					
R NC451 Ine Maralana	87 938						5 317	9 5 5	5 807	81218		14 749	0	15 774
NC452	82 653						4 339	4 531	4 733					
	20 222						1 823	1 905	1 992					
C DC45 John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality	25 307			32 631	33 440	34383	3 447	3 601	3 763					
Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities	216120	262 850	275 862	32 631	33 440	34383	14 926	15 593	16 295	14 218		14749	66	15 774
Total: Northern Cape Municipalities	1 000 248	1 095 569	1113 184	191 737	200 591	211 263	74 183	77 491	80 979	14 218		14740	0	15 774

APPENDIX WI
APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES
(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES +
BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

	Equitabl	Equitable Share Formula	elu	RSCLe	RSC Levies Replacement		Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	Special Support for Councillor nuneration and Ward Committ	ncillor ommittees	BREAKDOW	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	SHARE FOF	DISTRICT A	(UNICIPALITI	ES AUTHORIS	ED FOR SERVI	CES
	National and Municipal Financial Y	unicipal Fina	ear	National and Municipal Financial Year	Iunicipal Fins		National and Municipal Financial Year	funicipal Fina	ıncial Year			National	and Municipal	National and Municipal Financial Year			
Category Municipality	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	Water	Sanitation Re	Refuse W	Water Sanitatio	Sanitation Refuse	use Water	Sanitation Sanitation	Refuse
NORTH WEST	(mon w)	6000 W	(man w)	(200 W)	(GOO W)	(000 W)	(WO.00)	(000 W)	(000 W)		(000 00)						
B NW371 Morestolo	100 405	250 648	259 500				10.058	10 510	10 087								
NW372	367 236	454 767	505 482				000		100 01								
NW373	333 249	395 722	451 764														
B NW374 Kgetlengrivier B NW375 Moses Kotane	48 210 265 029	55 124 310 967	319 943				2 188	2 287	2 391								
C DC37 Bojanala Platinum District Municipality	45 273	59 278	61 614	219 771	225 217	231 568											
Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities	1 258 492	1 526 506	1 656 881	219 771	225 217	231 568	22 931	23 959	25 042								
	17.5.77	04 380	03 636				5 105	5 3 3 5	5 5 79	23 580	10.252		25.867	399 00	26.30		
B NW297 Tomoing	020 03	94 369	93 939				5 170	5 401	5 644	72 020	10 544		22 602	270 076	70 00		
NW383	144 793	173 208	176 132				0/10	10+0	†	59 268	48 388		65 730	52 529	72 592	56 764	
NW384	81 258	88 564	88 566				7 238	7 561	7 902	31 980	26 109		35 323	28 22 9	38.85		
NW385	95 415	120 151	121 113				6.751	7 051	7 367	31 887	26 033		35 284	28 197	38.87		
C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	332 375	366 544	396677	133 426	143 345	155 472											
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	800 162	923 580	956 941	133 426	143 345	155 472	24 264	25 348	26 491	170 654	139 326		188 571	150 699	207 500	162 258	
B NW392 Naledi	33 597	36 269	36 185				3 1 0 2	3 241	3 386	11 612	9 481		13 780	11 013	15 495	12116	
B NW393 Mamusa	34 397	40 248	40 672				2 7 65	2 888	3 018	10 204	8 331		12 196	9 747	13 813		
B NW394 Greater Taung	125 341	162 097	162 662				9 3 2 9	9 748	10 190	37 666	30 752		44 278	35 386	49 319		
NW396	30 157	34 702	35 224				2 553	2 668	2 789	869 6	7 91 7		11 597	9 268	13 140		
	77 921	906 96	96 557				5 470	5 716	5 977	22 003	17 964		25 815	20 630	28 69		
C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	187 896	222 891	243 847	30 551	32 822	35 599	5 028	5 251	5 486	***************************************			222 000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,		Ī
I otal: Dr Kuth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	489 309	595 113	615 147	30.551	27.875	35 599	78 747	71 2 67	30 846	91 183	74 445		10/ 666	80 044	120 464	94 198	
B NW401 Ventersdorp	52 783	61 046	63 869				2 188	2 2 8 7	2 391								
B NW402 Tlokwe	103 841	118 723	132 919														
B NW403 City of Matlosana	339 136	338 618	333 386														
NW404	82 141	87 973	669 88				3 649	3 811	3 981								
C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality	18 398	20 126	19 689	142 083	145 604	149 710											
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities	596 299	626 486	638 562	142 083	145 604	149 710	5 837	860 9	6 372								
Total: North West Municipalities	3 144 262	3 669 685	3 867 531	525 831	546 988	572 349	81 279	84 917	88 751	261 837	213 771		296 237	236 743	327 964	1 256 456	

APPENDIX WI
APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES
(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES +
BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

Maintenarch Maintenarch		Equital	Equitable Share Formula	ula	RSCL	RSC Levies Replacement	ment	Special St Remuneration	Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	ncillor	BREAKDOW	VN OF EQUIT.	ABLE SHAR	E FOR DISTR	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	ALITIES AU	UTHORISE	FOR SERVIC.	
Market M		National and	Aunicipal Fins	+	National and N	funicipal Fin		National and	Junicipal Fina	ancial Year			Na	tional and Mur	nicipal Financial	lYear			
Tr. Crypt Craps Trans. Tr. Cr		2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)		Sanitation 715 (R'000)	Refuse		Sanitation 015/16 (R'000)	Refuse	Water 20	Sanitation 2016/17 (R'000)	Refuse
11 Variet/Gene Trems	WESTERN CAPE																		
13. Cedering 13. No. 1. No	CPT	1 497 082	1 796 324	2 025 823															
10 Conference 10 Conferenc	WC011	37 307	38 537	39 951				2 615	2 730	2 852									
1. Statember 1. Statember 2. S	WC012	28 761	31 972					2 036	2 126	2 22 1		_							
13 Searchinal Design Management 11 Secretary	WC013	25 089	27 905					2 400	2 507	2 620		_							
11 West Control Derive Maniepality 11 10 11 14 15 14 14	WC014 WC015	39 099	51 319					3 994	4 551	4 /55									
Marchelight Marchelight	DC1	11 192	14 095		64 792	968 998	68 270					_[
12.2 Wizenbrug 12.2	Total: West Coast Municipalities	183 524	214 405	236 952	64 792	966 398	68 270	15 384	16 065	16 783									
10.00 10.0	WC022	50 130	54 538	59 627				3 994	4 171	4 357									
December Control Browner	WC023	85 321	96 228	106387								_							
Care Winderwelling State	WC024	65 606	84 237	190 26								_							
2.0. Laughchaille, 2.0. State 2.0. Sta	WC025	74 231	81 182	88 420								_							
The control particle of the control part of the control part of the control particle of the control part o	WC026	51 762	53 015	54354				3 994	4 171	4 357		_							
13 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	C DC2 Cape Winelands District Municipality	7 870	6 178	3 993	205 736	210 834	216 780												
17 Theoremens 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1	Total: Cape Winelands Municipalities	334 920	375378	409 842	205 736	210 834	216 780	7 988	8 342	8 714							1	+	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	WC031	58 142	63 610					4 3 3 9	4 531	4 733									
17.15 18.80 2.00	WC032	47 682	59 668					4 3 3 9	4 531	4 733		_							
3.4 Swellendam (19.67) 2.01 (20.98) 3.4 St. 2.1 (20.11) 2.0 St. 3.4 St	WC033	17 715	18 870					1 671	1 745	1 823		_							
3. Movelety District Municipality 148 66 15 61 18 10 18 86 15 61 18 10 18 80 14 802	WC034	19 267	20 110					1 671	1 745	1 823		_							
March Marc	DC3	11 856	15 615	15 892	34892	35 757	36 765	3 649	3 811	3 981									
Oct Messel was a control of the Control of San San San San San San San San San San	Total: Overberg Municipalities	154 662	177 873	192 978	34 892	35 757	36 765	15 669	16 363	17 093									
942 Hesequa 27.22s 38.64 36.61 30.02 38.84 30.04 45.04 30.04 30.04 45.04 45.03 45.04 45.03 45.04	WC041	19 834	21 011	21 131				1 306	1364	1 425									
943 Mosel Bay 50022 58 430 64 611 4881 4891 5110 944 George 45 368 45 072 100720 109720 109720 4339 4531 4733 9510	WC042	27 228	28 535	30 042				2 765	2 888	3 018		_							
94 George 95 97 1001 29 109720	WC043	50 022	58 430	64 611				4 683	4 891	5 110		_							
045 Dutkhoom 45 568 49 673 5 250 49 673 5 250 4733 4 734 7 744	WC044	92 397	100 129	109 720								_							
14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	WC045	45 568	49 673	52 509				4 339	4 531	4 733		_							
1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	WC047	38 546	54 640	62.534				2 400	2 507	2 620		_							
unicipalities 327 818 379 400 413 470 121 385 127 882 18 798 19 632 20 511 051 Laingsburg 9 505 10 649 10 918 1 403 1 466 1 532 052 Laingsburg 11 644 13 80 1 4 556 1 4 656 1 532 053 Bandow Wast 36 500 1 4 556 1 6 49 6 495 2 400 2 507 2 620 5.5 Central Karoo District Municipalities 8 158 1 1 074 1 1 237 6 164 6 137 6 495 7 606 7 946 8 304 1. Cape Municipalities 2 583 903 3 020 525 4 32 961 4 445 601 4 56 202 6 5 445 6 8 3 48 7 1 405 1. Cape Municipalities 2 563 903 3 020 525 4 32 961 4 445 601 4 56 202 6 5 445 6 8 3 48 7 1 405	DC4	12 720	14 575	14 430	121 377	124 385	127 892	coc c	10+0	2 000		_							
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Total: Eden Municipalities	327 818	379 400	413 470	121 377	124 385	127 892	18 798	19 632	20 511									
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	WC051	505 6	10.649					1 403	1 466	1 532									
Second Relation 36.590 41.559 43.719 6164 6317 6495 2.400 2.507 2.620	WC052	11 644	13 860					1 403	1 466	1 532		_							
Section Sect	WC053	36 590	41 559					2 400	2 507	2 620		_							
Cape Municipalities 65 897 77142 89 510 6 164 6 317 6 495 7606 7946 8 304	DC5	8 1 5 8	11 074		6 164	6317	6 495	2 400	2 507	2 620									
L Cape Municipalities 2 563 903 3 020 572 3 359 575 432 961 443 691 456 202 65 445 68 348 71 405 68 71 405 68	Total: Central Karoo Municipalities	65 897	77 142	80 510	6 164	6 317	6 495	909 2	7 946	8 304									
1 Cape Municipalities 2 563 903 3 020 522 563 903 3 020 522 2 563 903 3 020 522 2 563 903 3 020 522 2 563																			
39 419 501 44 804 711 47 281 917 4 145 940 4 3 3 4 6 6 5 2 1 0 3 4 5 0 5 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Total: Western Cape Municipalities	2 563 903	3 020 522	3 359 575	432 961	443 691	456 202	65 445	68 348	71 405									
39 419 503 44 894711 47 281 917 4 145 960 4 336 674 4 566 521 934 592 976 313 11030 268 2 2414 662 21 399 3 294 113																			
CITE TO COLD T	National Total	39 409 593	44 894 711	47 281 917	4 145 960	4 336 674	4 566 521	934 592	976 313	1 020 268	2 957 587	2 414 662	21399	3 294 11:	3 2 632 520		22 222 3 639 202	2 845 727	23 671

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

(BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND MWIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MIG) AND MUNICIPAL WATER INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MWIG) BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND MWIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES

SCHEDULE 6, PART B SCHEDULE 5, PART B Breakdown of MIG allocations for district Breakdown of MWIG allocations for district Breakdown of MWIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services municipalities authorised for services municipalities authorised for services National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 National and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 Municipality (R'000) (R'000)(R'000) (R'000)(R'000) (R'000)(R'000)(R'000)(R'000)EASTERN CAPE 134 640 134 257 140 429 12 595 42 625 27 697 35 726 3 407 147 022 147 203 13 202 44 681 29 033 37 449 3 571 7 500 2 190 EC122 Mnquma 2 000 EC123 Great Kei 12 04 EC124 EC126 Amahlathi 40 752 Ngqushwa Nkonkobe Nxuba 34 156 3 257 DC12 Amathole District Municipality C DC12 Amathole Total: Amathole Municipalities 422 761 385 583 403 308 28 850 88 850 50 190 EC131 EC132 EC133 Inxuba Yethemba Tsolwana Inkwanca 2 597 5 610 1 057 2 602 5 622 1 059 21 880 2 728 5 893 1 110 22 936 B B B B B 21 835 EC134 Lukanji 76 725 39 162 75 666 17 772 80 426 41 051 79 316 58 372 10 700 37 393 14 143 EC135 Intsika Yethu 76 567 39 081 9 9 7 5 15 472 EC136 Emalahleni 8 762 24 429 Engcobo Sakhisizwe 75 510 17 736 20 193 10 179 18 630 21 102 Chris Hani District Municipality C DC13 Chris Han Total: Chris Hani Municipalities 252 090 70 273 239 993 240 488 48 528 120 608 FC141 Elundini 74 803 77 460 81 197 77 460 51 319 5 185 2 553 53 795 5 435 2 676 10 000 10 000 1 217 1 100 C DC14 Joe Gqab Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities Joe Gqabi District Municipality 20 009 5 011 5 011 7 328 131 835 136 517 143 103 25 011 126 991 72 217 129 445 79 504 146 580 20 000 58 000 40 000 34 372 EC153 EC154 EC155 131 612 74 844 134 155 137 961 78 455 140 627 8 000 64 000 15 000 24 000 Ngquza Hill Port St Johns 33 122 Nyandeni Mhlontlo 4 500 7 476 EC156 82 397 86 372 EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo 151 914 159 242 22 344 13 303 23 303 O.R.Tambo District Municipality Total: O.R.Tambo Municipalities 81 695 Matatiele 15 200 EC442 Umzimvubu 80 025 83 306 87 324 14 700 44 671 47 671 129 622 54 451 EC443 Mbizana 118 786 123 657 13 857 18 600 45 600 FC444 Ntabankulu 49 899 51 945 13 600 38 600 Alfred Nzo District Municipality 327 187 357 033 54 857 170 219 Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities 340 603 91 071

1 639 335

1 695 838

1 777 644

157 979

269 922

253 276

83 707

179 921

220 409

Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MIG) AND MUNICIPAL WATER INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MWIG) BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND MWIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES

			of MIG allocation		Breakdown of	MWIG allocation		Breakdown of	EDULE 6, PAR MWIG allocation	ons for district
			ities authorised f nd Municipal Fin			ties authorised fo d Municipal Fina			ies authorised fo d Municipal Fin:	
	Municipality	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
		(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
KWAZULU-N										
	N211 Vulamehlo	26 831	27 752	29 091		8 317	19 307	1		
	N212 Umdoni N213 Umzumbe	16 945 72 600	17 527 75 094	18 373 78 716	9 243	4 752 39 207	7 723 46 337	1		
	N214 uMuziwabantu	29 816	30 840	32 328	7243	9 505	18 020	1		
B KZ	N215 Ezingoleni	13 127	13 578	14 233		7 128	10 297	1		
	N216 Hibiscus Coast	53 958	55 812	58 504	18 257	49 899	27 029	1		
C Do Total: Ugu Mu	C21 Ugu District Municipality	213 277	220 603	231 245	27 500	118 808	128 713	—		
Total. Ogu Mui	nicipanties	213 2//	220 003	231 243	27 300	110 000	128 /13			
	N221 uMshwathi	22 226	22 981	24 089	28 611	80 080	50 235	1		
	N222 uMngeni	13 039	13 482	14 132				1		
	N223 Mpofana N224 Impendle	7 176 9 593	7 420 9 919	7 778 10 397				1		
	N224 Impendle N225 Msunduzi	9 393	9 919	10 397	11 389	58 333	26 721	1		
	N226 Mkhambathini	17 482	18 076	18 948	11309	30 333	20 /21	1		
B KZ	N227 Richmond	13 856	14 327	15 018				1		
	C22 Umgungundlovu District Municipality		06.00	00.050	40.000	400 440	2 6.0 2 6			
Total: Umgung	undlovu Municipalities	83 372	86 205	90 362	40 000	138 413	76 956			
B KZ	N232 Emnambithi/Ladysmith	36 597	38 088	39 925				10 802	15 000	28 35
B KZ	N233 Indaka	26 975	28 074	29 428				6 533	10 000	28 35
	N234 Umtshezi	17 482	18 194	19 072				1	6 544	18 90
	N235 Okhahlamba	37 182	38 696	40 563				2 665	5 000	22 68
	N236 Imbabazane C23 Uthukela District Municipality	32 170	33 480	35 095				1	13 456	
Total: Uthukela		150 406	156 532	164 083				20 000	50 000	98 30
	N241 Endumeni	6 349	6 591	6 909	1 817	1 620	4 324	1		
	N242 Nqutu	40 461	42 006	44 032	93	42 285	24 866	1		
	N244 Msinga N245 Umvoti	74 128 36 147	76 958 37 527	80 670 39 337	5 215 12 650	20 244 14 101	51 893 27 028	1		
	C24 Umzinyathi District Municipality	30 147	37 327	37 331	12 050	14 101	27 020	1		
	thi Municipalities	157 085	163 082	170 948	19 775	78 250	108 111			
	N252 Newcastle	0.102	0.010	0.452	7 040	14 825	13 613	1		
	N253 Emadlangeni N254 Dannhauser	9 183 22 973	9 018 22 561	9 453 23 649	5 747 6 293	8 046 11 779	6 631 8 502	1		
	C25 Amajuba District Municipality	22 9 / 3	22 301	23 049	6 293	11 //9	8 302	1		
Total: Amajuba		32 156	31 579	33 102	19 080	34 650	28 746			
	N261 eDumbe	12 743	12 956	13 580			21 835	1		
	N262 UPhongolo N263 Abaqulusi	39 768 38 593	40 431 39 236	42 381 41 129			53 028 49 908	1		
	N265 Nongoma	61 758	62 787	65 816	12 168	29 941	49 908	1		
	N266 Ulundi	39 462	40 119	42 054	27 037	49 065		1		
	C26 Zululand District Municipality									
Total: Zululand	l Municipalities	192 324	195 529	204 960	39 205	79 006	124 771			
B KZ	N271 Umhlabuyalingana	51 367	53 319	55 891				5 203	15 595	38 098
	N271 Oninabuyanngana N272 Jozini	61 655	63 997	67 085				5 329	18 284	44 666
B KZ	N273 The Big 5 False Bay	6 609	6 860	7 191				5 170	1 613	3 94
B KZ	N274 Hlabisa	16 638	17 270	18 103				5 177	6 453	15 76
	N275 Mtubatuba	45 619	47 352	49 637				6 141	11 830	28 90
	C27 Umkhanyakude District Municipality yakude Municipalities	181 888	188 798	197 907				27 020	53 775	131 37
- Juni Olikidii	,	101 000	100 / 70	27/70/				2, 020	35 113	131 3/
	N281 Mfolozi	25 626	26 554	27 835	717	328	12 750	1		
	N282 uMhlathuze	40		***	18 850	50 882	7 921	1		
	N283 Ntambanana N284 uMlalazi	19 230	19 926 64 782	20 887 67 907	11 149 22 986	69 191 30 217	20 035 33 696	1		
	N284 uMlalazi N285 Mthonjaneni	62 518 12 709	64 782 13 169	67 907 13 804	22 986 717	30 217 1 318	7 286	1		
	N285 Mtnonjaneni N286 Nkandla	29 575	30 646	32 124	1 843	8 429	17 302	1		
	C28 uThungulu District Municipality							I		
Total: Uthungu	lu Municipalities	149 658	155 077	162 557	56 262	160 365	98 990			
D 11.00	N201 M	22.725	35 105	36,005	0.252	44.50	20.070	1		
	N291 Mandeni N292 KwaDukuza	33 725 49 003	35 197 51 142	36 895 53 609	8 353 1 822	44 796 9 772	29 079 10 950	1		
	N293 Ndwedwe	36 605	38 203	40 045	9 455	50 705	31 683	1		
B KZ	N294 Maphumulo	37 270	38 897	40 774	19 370	103 881	30 320	1		
	C29 iLembe District Municipality									
Total: iLembe !	Municipalities	156 603	163 439	171 323	39 000	209 154	102 032	—		
B KZ	N431 Ingwe	36 878	38 623	40 486	5 239	659	25 097	1		
	N431 Ingwe N432 Kwa Sani	2 587	2 709	2 840	9 872	1 995	1 091	1		
	N433 Greater Kokstad	7 202	7 543	7 906	367	444	3 274	1		
B KZ	N434 Ubuhlebezwe	35 552	37 234	39 030	6 189	40 251	26 188	1		
	N435 Umzimkhulu	83 261	87 200	91 406	1 133	151	53 468	1		
C Do Total: Sisonke	C43 Harry Gwala District Municipality Municipalities	165 480	173 309	181 668	22 800	43 500	109 118	\vdash		
i otai. Sisonke l	линерание	105 480	1/3 309	101 008	22 800	43 300	109 118	—		
	u-Natal Municipalities	1 482 249	1 534 153	1 608 155	263 622	862 146	777 437	47 020	103 775	229 67

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MIG) AND MUNICIPAL WATER INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MWIG) BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND MWIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES

				SCHEDULE	5, PART B		1	SCI	IEDULE 6, PAR	ТВ
		Breakdown o	f MIG allocation			MWIG allocation	ons for district		MWIG allocation	
			ties authorised fo			ties authorised fo			ties authorised fo	
			d Municipal Fin			d Municipal Fin			d Municipal Fin:	
	Municipality	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
		(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
LIMPOPO										
B LIM331	Greater Giyani	96 763	101 939	106 856				10 425	24 295	25 000
	Greater Letaba	75 679	79 727	83 573				10 445	24 306	25 500
B LIM333	Greater Tzaneen	151 816	159 937	167 652				14 662	37 770	39 600
B LIM334	Ba-Phalaborwa	24 497	25 807	27 052				3 382	4 227	7 866
B LIM335	Maruleng	32 240	33 965	35 603				4 147	11 934	10 000
C DC33	Mopani District Municipality									
Total: Mopani Munici		380 995	401 375	420 736				43 061	102 532	107 966
	Musina	11 814	12 448	13 048				360	450	500
	Mutale	26 501	27 923	29 270				19 921	22 921	25 700
	Thulamela	222 912	234 874	246 204				22 952	86 120	90 000
	Makhado	171 065	180 245	188 940				22 653	90 741	94 644
C DC34 Total: Vhembe Munic	Vhembe District Municipality	432 292	455 490	477 462				65 886	200 232	210 844
rotai: viiembė Munic	правись	432 292	455 490	4 / / 462				05 886	200 232	210 844
B LIM351	Blouberg	64 162	67 257	70 501	6 508	8 135	15 000			
B LIM352	Aganang	39 726	41 642	43 651	5 813	7 266	15 000			
B LIM353	Molemole	39 596	41 506	43 509	1 140	1 425	9 438			
	Polokwane									
	Lepele-Nkumpi	79 271	83 095	87 103	13 918	34 872	15 000			
C DC35	Capricorn District Municipality									
Total: Capricorn Mur		222 755	233 500	244 764	27 379	51 698	54 438			
B LIM471	Ephraim Mogale	39 696	41 511	43 514				10 578	14 455	15 221
B LIM472	Elias Motsoaledi	97 912	102 390	107 330				27 135	46 891	49 376
B LIM473	Makhuduthamaga	111 894	117 011	122 656				13 505	18 132	19 093
	Fetakgomo	29 762	31 123	32 625				1 503	1 879	1 979
B LIM475 C DC47	Greater Tubatse Sekhukhune District Municipality	127 804	133 649	140 096				28 803	69 145	72 810
Total: Sekhukhune Mi		407 068	425 684	446 221				81 524	150 502	158 479
Totali Scalianianic 172	unicipanies	107 000	120 001	110 221				01.021	150 502	150 175
Total: Limpopo Munic	cinalities	1 443 110	1 516 049	1 589 183	27 379	51 698	54 438	190 471	453 266	477 289
NORTH WEST	· · ·	143110	1010015	150, 105	21515	51 050	51.150	150 471	155 200	477.205
B NW381	Ratlou	41 546	43 828	45 942				3 426	10 644	9 806
B NW382	Tswaing	30 966	32 666	34 242				1 899	5 900	5 883
B NW383	Mafikeng	90 046	94 991	99 573			I	1 832	7 575	20 265
B NW384	Ditsobotla	36 132	38 116	39 955				12 398	22 979	15 036
B NW385	Ramotshere Moiloa	46 915	49 491	51 878				11 512	14 984	14 382
C DC38	Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality									
Total: Ngaka Modiri!	Molema Municipalities	245 605	259 092	271 590				31 067	62 082	65 372
B NW392	Naledi	8 513	8 934	9 365						
	Mamusa	7 407	7 774	9 365 8 149						
B 1111333		60 781	63 789	66 866			I	10 780	21 560	22 700
1111331	Greater Taung Lekwa-Teemane	1 949	2 045	2 144				10 780	21 560	22 700
	NW397	30 562	2 045 32 075	33 622				4 220	8 440	8 890
C DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	30 302	32 073	33 022				4 220	0 440	6 890
	notsi Mompati Municipalities	109 212	114 617	120 146				15 000	30 000	31 590
	•									
Total: North West Mu	unicipalities	354 817	373 709	391 736				46 067	92 082	96 962
	•									
National Total		4 919 511	5 119 749	5 366 718	534 150	1 380 205	1 302 002	524 826	1 291 729	1 511 545
· ·······/ilai Totai		7 /1/ 311	3 117 /47	3 300 /10	337 130	1 300 203	1 302 302	324 820	1 2/1 /27	1 311 343

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: TARGETS FOR EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME INTEGRATED GRANT FOR MUNICIPALITIES

APPENDIX W3 TARGETS FOR EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME INTEGRATED GRANT FOR MUNICIPALITIES

			Expanded Pu	blic Works Progr Municip		ed Grant for
C	ategory	Municipality	2014/15 FTE		l Municipal Fin	ancial Year
		y	Performance	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
			Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
EASTE	CRN CAPE		Turzu	, , ,		, , ,
4	BUF	Buffalo City	1 417	1 890		
4	NMA	Nelson Mandela Bay	1 756	13 439		
3	EC101	Camdeboo	33	1 000		
3	EC102	Blue Crane Route	39	1 000		
3	EC103	Ikwezi	23	1 000		
3	EC104	Makana	54	1 007		
3	EC105	Ndlambe	59	1 000		
3	EC106	Sundays River Valley	56	1 000		
3	EC107	Baviaans	29	1 390		
3	EC108	Kouga	69	1 285		
3	EC109	Kou-Kamma	37	1 000		
<u> </u>	DC10	Cacadu District Municipality	8	1 236		
l'otal: (Cacadu Muni	cipalities	407	10 918		
3	EC121	Mbhashe	117	1 153		
3	EC122	Mnquma	131	1 522		
3	EC123	Great Kei	33	1 000		
3	EC124	Amahlathi	71	1 245		
3	EC126	Ngqushwa	53	1 000		
3	EC127	Nkonkobe	72	1 070		
3	EC128	Nxuba	26	1 000		
2	DC12	Amathole District Municipality	876	3 045		
Fotal: A	Amathole Mu	nicipalities	1 379	11 035		
В	EC131	Inxuba Yethemba	41	1 487		
В	EC132	Tsolwana	33	1 177		
В	EC133	Inkwanca	27	1 281		
В	EC134	Lukanji	87	1 714		
В	EC135	Intsika Yethu	90	1 849		
В	EC136	Emalahleni	70	1 217		
В	EC137	Engcobo	83	1 687		
В	EC138	Sakhisizwe	42	1 000		
C	DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	620	9 124		
Fotal: (Chris Hani M	unicipalities	1 093	20 536		
В	EC141	Elundini	84	1 590		
В	EC142	Senqu	85	1 976		
3	EC143	Maletswai	32	1 201		
3	EC144	Gariep	29	1 000		
J	DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	314	1 309		
Fotal: J	Joe Gqabi Mu	nicipalities	544	7 076		
3	EC153	Ngquza Hill	109	1 000		
3	EC154	Port St Johns	71	1 119		
3	EC155	Nyandeni	121	1 172		
3	EC156	Mhlontlo	90	1 221		
3	EC157	King Sabata Dalindyebo	171	1 529		
2	DC15	O.R.Tambo District Municipality	1 303	12 994		
Γotal: (O.R.Tambo M	Sunicipalities	1 865	19 035		
3	EC441	Matatiele	122	4 485		
3	EC441 EC442	Umzimvubu	98	1 593		
3	EC442 EC443	Mbizana	97	1 000		
3	EC443	Ntabankulu	60	1 298		
C	DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	775	8 323		
	Alfred Nzo M		1 152	16 699		
Cotol: 1	Fastorn C	Municipalities	0.612	100 (30		
otal: I	Lastern Cape	Municipalities	9 613	100 628		

APPENDIX W3 TARGETS FOR EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME INTEGRATED GRANT FOR MUNICIPALITIES

Category		Municipality	Expanded Pul	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities			
			2014/15 FTE				
	-		Performance	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	
			Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	
			Target	(11 000)	(11 000)	(11000)	
REE	STATE						
4	MAN	Mangaung	1 382	2 431			
3	FS161	Letsemeng	42	1 010			
3	FS162	Kopanong	48	1 225			
В	FS163	Mohokare	42	1 033			
В	FS164	Naledi	34	1 000			
C	DC16	Xhariep District Municipality	8	1 080			
Fotal: 2	Xhariep Mun	icipalities	174	5 348			
3	FS181	Masilonyana	65	1 023			
3	FS182	Tokologo	41	1 083			
В	FS183	Tswelopele	56	1 223			
3	FS184	Matjhabeng	322	1 139			
3	FS185	Nala	94	1 034			
2	DC18	Lejweleputswa District Municipality	[]	1 054			
		a Municipalities	578	5 502			
	*	•					
3	FS191	Setsoto	138	2 632			
3	FS192	Dihlabeng	88	1 067			
3	FS193	Nketoana	60	1 104			
3	FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung	367	4 866			
3	FS195	Phumelela	49	1 000			
3	FS196	Mantsopa	50	1 001			
C	DC19	Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	9	1 282			
Fotal: '	Thabo Mofut	sanyana Municipalities	761	12 952			
В	FS201	Moghaka	85	1 195			
В	FS203	Ngwathe	87	1 000			
В	FS204	Metsimaholo	92	1 109			
В	FS205	Mafube	50	1 000			
С	DC20	Fezile Dabi District Municipality	7	1 055			
Total: Fezile Dabi Municipalities			321	5 359			
Fotal:	Free State Mi	ınicipalities	3 216	31 592			
GAUT	ENG						
A	EKU	Ekurhuleni	3 670	6 422			
A	JHB	City of Johannesburg	3 651	36 492			
4	TSH	City of Tshwane	3 160	30 760			
,	CT421	Emfoloni	245	4 101			
3	GT421	Emfuleni	345	4 191			
3	GT422	Midvaal	68	1 135			
3	GT423	Lesedi	59	1 269			
C DC42 Sedibeng District Municipality Total: Sedibeng Municipalities			7 479	1 000 7 595			
	Jeanneng 111u	pm	1/2	1 3/3			
3	GT481	Mogale City	207	2 052			
3	GT482	Randfontein	79	1 003			
3	GT483	Westonaria	118	2 231			
3	GT484	Merafong City	129	1 954			
2	DC48	West Rand District Municipality	9	1 290			
Total: \	West Rand M	unicipalities	542	8 530			
otal:	Gauteng Mur	nicipalities	11 502	89 799			

			Expanded Pu	blic Works Progr	ramme Integrat	ed Grant for
			L'apanded I d	Municip	_	cu Grant tor
C	ategory	Municipality	2014/15 FTE		l Municipal Fin	ancial Vear
٠.	aregor,		Performance	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
				(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
			Target	(K 000)	(K 000)	(K 000)
KWAZI	ULU-NATAL					
A	ETH	eThekwini	3 847	34 154		
В	KZN211	Vulamehlo	43	1 000		
В	KZN212	Umdoni	47	1 261		
В	KZN213	Umzumbe	74	1 020		
В	KZN214	uMuziwabantu	51	1 000		
В	KZN214 KZN215	Ezingoleni	35	1 053		
В	KZN215 KZN216	Hibiscus Coast	103	1 033		
C	DC21		502			
	Jgu Municipa	Ugu District Municipality	855	1 368 7 786		
1 otal: U	gu Municipa	intes	833	/ /80		
В	KZN221	uMshwathi	59	1 000		
В	KZN222	uMngeni	50	1 000		
В	KZN223	Mpofana	31	1 000		
В	KZN223	Impendle	33	1 294		
В	KZN225	Msunduzi	347	2 782		
В	KZN225 KZN226	Mkhambathini	41	1 132		
В	KZN220 KZN227	Richmond	43	1 255		
С			200			
	DC22	Umgungundlovu District Municipality vu Municipalities	804	3 321 12 784		
1 otal: U	mgungunaio	vu Municipalities	804	12 /84		
В	KZN232	Emnambithi/Ladysmith	109	4 032		
В	KZN232	Indaka	50	1 000		
В	KZN234	Umtshezi	42	1 000		
В	KZN235	Okhahlamba	61	1 159		
В	KZN235 KZN236	Imbabazane	53	1 000		
C	DC23	Uthukela District Municipality	379	3 299		
-	thukela Muni		694	11 490		
1 otal: U	tnukela Muni	cipanties	094	11 490		
В	KZN241	Endumeni	36	1 000		
В	KZN242	Ngutu	67	1 254		
В	KZN244	Msinga	86	1 899		
В	KZN245	Umvoti	65	2 132		
C	DC24	Umzinyathi District Municipality	372	1 790		
-	mzinyathi M		626	8 075		
			320	0 0 / 3		
В	KZN252	Newcastle	232	2 411		
В	KZN253	Emadlangeni	25	1 000		
В	KZN254	Dannhauser	48	1 000		
C	DC25	Amajuba District Municipality	93	1 276		
-	majuba Mun	<u> </u>	398	5 687		
ı otar. A	amajuva Muli	ncipanties	390	3 00/		I

			Expanded Pul	blic Works Prog		ted Grant for
	C-4	M	2011/12 77777	Municip		. 187
١ '	Category	Municipality	2014/15 FTE		d Municipal Fir	
			Performance	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
			Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
В	KZN261	eDumbe	41	1 081		
В	KZN262	uPhongolo	66	1 837		
В	KZN262 KZN263	Abaqulusi	78	1 376		
В	KZN265	Nongoma	67	1 041		
		_				
В	KZN266	Ulundi	65	1 031		
C	DC26	Zululand District Municipality	462	2 486		
Total:	Zululand Mun	icipalities	779	8 852		
В	KZN271	Umhlabuyalingana	74	1 355		
В	KZN272	Jozini	83	2 011		
В	KZN273	The Big 5 False Bay	29	1 000		
В	KZN274	Hlabisa	35	1 000		
В	KZN275	Mtubatuba	66	1 059		
C	DC27	Umkhanyakude District Municipality	422	1 126		
		le Municipalities	709	7 551		
I Otal.	Ulikilaliyakuu	te Municipanties	709	7 331		
В	KZN281	Mfolozi	57	1 455		
В	KZN282	uMhlathuze	196	1 896		
В	KZN283	Ntambanana	41	1 771		
В	KZN284	uMlalazi	90	2 172		
В	KZN285	Mthonjaneni	41	2 375		
В	KZN285 KZN286	Nkandla	54	1 648		
C	DC28		382	5 337		
_		uThungulu District Municipality				
I otai:	Uthungulu Mu	inicipalities	861	16 654		
В	KZN291	Mandeni	77	1 646		
В	KZN292	KwaDukuza	104	1 248		
В	KZN293	Ndwedwe	63	1 000		
В	KZN294	Maphumulo	49	1 000		
C	DC29	iLembe District Municipality	387	2 218		
	iLembe Munic		680	7 112		
10000	1201100 1/141110	· panines	000	, 112		
В	KZN431	Ingwe	54	1 000		
В	KZN432	Kwa Sani	22	1 081		
В	KZN433	Greater Kokstad	45	1 754		
В	KZN434	Ubuhlebezwe	54	1 090		
В	KZN435	Umzimkhulu	96	1 913		
C	DC43	Harry Gwala District Municipality	394	2 729		
	Sisonke Munic		665	9 567		
1 Otal:	SISOURE MIUIIC	ираниез	003	9 30 /		
Total:	KwaZulu-Nata	al Municipalities	10 918	129 712		

			Expanded Pul	blic Works Progr Municip	_	ted Grant for
	Category	Municipality	2014/15 FTE		l Municipal Fin	ancial Year
		1 0	Performance	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
			Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
LIMP	ОРО					
В	LIM331	Greater Giyani	123	1 480		
В	LIM332	Greater Letaba	119	1 731		
В	LIM333	Greater Tzaneen	189	2 060		
В	LIM334	Ba-Phalaborwa	68	1 212		
В	LIM335	Maruleng	60	1 316		
C	DC33	Mopani District Municipality	879	2 195		
Total:	Mopani Munio	cipalities	1 438	9 994		
_						
В	LIM341	Musina	45	1 067		
В	LIM342	Mutale	57	1 357		
В	LIM343	Thulamela	266	1 737		
В	LIM344	Makhado	223	1 128		
С	DC34	Vhembe District Municipality	1 004	3 696		
Total:	Vhembe Muni	cipalities	1 595	8 985		
ъ	I D (25)	DI 1	0.0	1.651		
В	LIM351	Blouberg	88	1 651		
В	LIM352	Aganang	75	1 536		
В	LIM353	Molemole	68	1 454		
В	LIM354	Polokwane	563	3 960		
В	LIM355	Lepele-Nkumpi	111	1 712		
С	DC35	Capricorn District Municipality	520	1 964		
Total:	Capricorn Mu	inicipalities	1 425	12 277		
В	LIM361	Thabazimbi	76	1 486		
В	LIM362	Lephalale	79	1 035		
В	LIM364	Mookgopong	40	1 134		
В	LIM365	Modimolle	75	1 502		
В	LIM366	Bela-Bela	53	1 123		
В	LIM367	Mogalakwena	293	2 015		
C	DC36	Waterberg District Municipality	7	1 000		
	Waterberg Mu		623	9 295		
		-				
В	LIM471	Ephraim Mogale	71	1 279		
В	LIM472	Elias Motsoaledi	110	1 187		
В	LIM473	Makhuduthamaga	123	1 032		
В	LIM474	Fetakgomo	50	1 052		
В	LIM475	Greater Tubatse	133	1 364		
C	DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	930	3 466		
Total:	Sekhukhune M	1 7	1 417	9 380		
Total:	Limpopo Mun	icipalities	6 498	49 931		

			Expanded Pul	olic Works Prog Municir		ed Grant for
(Category	Municipality	2014/15 FTE		l Municipal Fin	ancial Year
	0 .		Performance	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
			Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
MPUN	MALANGA					
В	MP301	Albert Luthuli	192	4 105		
В	MP302	Msukaligwa	107	1 144		
В	MP303	Mkhondo	165	2 905		
В	MP304	Pixley Ka Seme	75	3 554		
В	MP305	Lekwa	76	1 190		
В	MP306	Dipaleseng	46 158	1 435		
В	MP307	Govan Mbeki		2 071		
С	DC30	Gert Sibande District Municipality	11	1 587		
Total:	Gert Sibande	Municipalities	830	17 991		
В	MP311	Victor Khanye	59	1 823		
В	MP312	Emalahleni	240	2 446		
В	MP313	Steve Tshwete	104	1 705		
В	MP314	Emakhazeni	43	1 235		
В	MP315	Thembisile Hani	257	3 757		
В	MP316	Dr JS Moroka	258	3 406		
C	DC31	Nkangala District Municipality	14	2 121		
Total:	Nkangala Mui	nicipalities	975	16 493		
В	MP321	Thaba Chweu	102	1 657		
В	MP322	Mbombela	615	6 040		
В	MP323	Umjindi	72	1 795		
В	MP324	Nkomazi	460	5 451		
В	MP325	Bushbuckridge	725	2 192		
C	DC32	Ehlanzeni District Municipality	19	2 887		
Total:	Ehlanzeni Mu	nicipalities	1 993	20 022		
Total:	Mpumalanga	Municipalities	3 798	54 506		

			Expanded Pu	blic Works Prog Municip	_	ted Grant for
(Category	Municipality	2014/15 FTE		d Municipal Fir	nancial Year
			Performance	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
			Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
NORT	HERN CAPE					
В	NC061	Richtersveld	21	1 000		
В	NC062	Nama Khoi	35	1 000		
В	NC064	Kamiesberg	25	1 000		
В	NC065	Hantam	29	1 308		
В	NC066	Karoo Hoogland	25	1 000		
В	NC067	Khâi-Ma	24	1 000		
С	DC6	Namakwa District Municipality	7	1 000		
Total:	Namakwa Mu		166	7 308		
	\	T				
В	NC071	Ubuntu	26	1 000		
В	NC072	Umsobomvu	29	1 000		
В	NC073	Emthanjeni	32	1 000		
В	NC074	Kareeberg	23	1 000		
В	NC075	Renosterberg	23	1 000		
В	NC076	Thembelihle	28	1 000		
В	NC077	Siyathemba	27	1 000		
В	NC078	Siyancuma	39	1 000		
C	DC7	Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality	7	1 000		
Total:	Pixley Ka Sem	e Municipalities	234	9 000		
В	NC081	Mier	25	1 000		
В	NC082	!Kai !Garib	52	1 374		
В	NC082	//Khara Hais	51	1 015		
В	NC084	!Kheis	29	1 000		
В	NC084 NC085	Tsantsabane	37	1 000		
В	NC085	Kgatelopele	23	1 000		
С	DC8	Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality	7	1 000		
_	Siyanda Muni		224	7 389		
1 Otal:	Siyanua Muni	cipanties	224	/ 369		
В	NC091	Sol Plaatjie	131	5 330		
В	NC092	Dikgatlong	48	1 192		
В	NC093	Magareng	31	1 348		
В	NC094	Phokwane	58	1 215		
C	DC9	Frances Baard District Municipality	7	1 006		
		I Municipalities	275	10 091		
В	NC451	Joe Morolong	128	1 969		
В	NC452	Ga-Segonyana	110	1 000		
В	NC453	Gamagara	30	1 000		
C	DC45	John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality	7	1 000		
Total:	John Taolo Ga	netsewe Municipalities	275	4 969		
Total	Northern Can	e Municipalities	1 174	38 757		
	ap		11/7	30 ,31		1

			Expanded Pu	blic Works Progr Municip		ted Grant for
(Category	Municipality	2014/15 FTE		l Municipal Fin	ancial Year
			Performance	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
			Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
NORT	TH WEST					
В	NW371	Moretele	217	2 546		
В	NW372	Madibeng	507	2 288		
В	NW373	Rustenburg	426	4 611		
В	NW374	Kgetlengrivier	61	2 207		
В	NW375	Moses Kotane	275	1 845		
C	DC37	Bojanala Platinum District Municipality	8	1 191		
		num Municipalities	1 494	14 688		
	•	•				
В	NW381	Ratlou	67	1 757		
В	NW382	Tswaing	62	1 092		
В	NW383	Mafikeng	129	2 291		
В	NW384	Ditsobotla	77	1 181		
В	NW385	Ramotshere Moiloa	80	1 464		
C	DC38	Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	592	3 142		
Total:	Ngaka Modiri	Molema Municipalities	1 007	10 927		
В	NW392	Naledi	44	1 846		
В	NW393	Mamusa	39	1 386		
В	NW394	Greater Taung	97	1 205		
В	NW396	Lekwa-Teemane	36	1 236		
В	NW397	NW397	64	1 000		
С	DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	281	2 141		
Total:	Dr Ruth Segor	notsi Mompati Municipalities	561	8 814		
В	NW401	Ventersdorp	53	1 388		
В	NW402	Tlokwe	98	1 000		
В	NW403	City of Matlosana	205	1 913		
В	NW404	Maquassi Hills	62	1 189		
С	DC40	Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality	7	1 000		
Total:	Dr Kenneth K	aunda Municipalities	425	6 490		
Total:	North West M	unicipalities	3 487	40 919		

			Expanded Pu	blic Works Progr	ramme Integrate	d Grant for
C	ategory	Municipality	2014/15 FTE		d Municipal Fina	ncial Year
			Performance	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
			Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
WESTE	ERN CAPE					
A	CPT	City of Cape Town	2 873	21 204		
В	WC011	Matzikama	48	1 201		
В	WC011	Cederberg	39	1 328		
В	WC012 WC013	Bergrivier	36	1 147		
В	WC014	Saldanha Bay	44	1 086		
В	WC015	Swartland	48	1 213		
C	DC1	West Coast District Municipality	7	1 000		
1 otai: v	Vest Coast M	unicipalities	222	6 975		
В	WC022	Witzenberg	50	1 000		
В	WC023	Drakenstein	74	1 000		
В	WC024	Stellenbosch	77	1 544		
В	WC025	Breede Valley	72	1 006		
В	WC026	Langeberg	52	1 440		
C	DC2	Cape Winelands District Municipality	7	1 000		
-		ds Municipalities	332	6 990		
100011	ape wineian	us Humerpanetes	332	0 770		
В	WC031	Theewaterskloof	57	1 106		
В	WC031 WC032	Overstrand	54	1 768		
В	WC033	Cape Agulhas	29	1 120		
В	WC034	Swellendam	32	1 305		
C	DC3	Overberg District Municipality	7	1 056		
Total: O	Overberg Mu	nicipalities	179	6 355		
В	WC041	Kannaland	27	1 000		
В	WC042	Hessequa	35	1 335		
В	WC043	Mossel Bay	57	1 844		
В	WC044	George	96	2 933		
В	WC044 WC045	Oudtshoorn	52	1 665		
В	WC043 WC047	Bitou	47	1 371		
В	WC047 WC048	Knysna	55	1 000		
С	DC4	Eden District Municipality	7	1 000		
	den Municip		376	12 148		
I Otali E	acii ivrumcip	MILLED	3/0	12 170		
В	WC051	Laingsburg	20	1 013		
В	WC052	Prince Albert	22	1 000		
В	WC053	Beaufort West	46	1 834		
C	DC5	Central Karoo District Municipality	8	1 212		
-		O Municipalities	96	5 059		
			1	2 302		
Total: V	Vestern Cane	Municipalities	4 078	58 731		
- Other V	. састи сарс		7070	30 /31		
Unalloca	ated:				618 966	705 99
Nationa	l Total		54 284	594 575		

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART B: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

APPENDIX W4
APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT
BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

		I I COURT I EN LOY			Natio	National Financial Year	Year
Project Code	Project Name	Category	Water Service Authority	Benefiting Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
	EASTERN CAPE						
ECR040	Nahoon Dam/ East Coast	A BUF	Buffalo City	Buffalo City			20 000
		Total: Buffalo	Fotal: Buffalo City Metropolitan Municipality				20 000
ECR038 ECR047	Graaf Reinet Emergency Water Supply Scheme James Kleynhans Bulk Water Supply (BWS)	B DC10 B DC10	Cacadu Distret Municipal ity Makana Local Municipality	Camdeboo Local Municipality Makana Local Municipality	14 400	20 000	36 000
ECR037 ECR043	Numerice Dativ Atomy Const Dws (Uranianstownee Port Autred Augmentation) Kirkwood Water Treatment Works		Cacadu Distret Municipality Sundays River Valley Local Municipality	Ndlame Local Municipality Sundays River Valley Local Municipality	113 464	80 000	220 000 10 000
ECR039	Steytlerville Water Supply Scheme	B DC10	Cacadu Distret Municipality	Baviaans Local Municipality	20 000	23 808	
		Total: Cacadu	Fotal: Cacadu Municipalities		157 864	123 808	266 000
ECR010 ECR015 ECR006	Mnewansa Bulk Water Supply Xhora East Water Supply Ibika Water Supply	C DC12 C DC12 C DC12	Amathole District Municipality Amathole District Municipality Amathole District Municipality	Mbaste Local Municipality Mbaste Local Municipality Mnquma Local Municipality	34 400 25 000	35 000 25 000	71 746 81 640
		Total: Amatole	Fotal: Amatole Municipalities		29 400	000 09	153 386
ECR033	Cluster 4 CHDM Bulk Water Supply	C DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality (CHDM)	Engcobo Local Municipality	54 300	20 000	28 01
ECR028	Cluster 6 CHDM Bulk Water Supply	C DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	Engcobo Local Municipality	35 000	10 268	53 000
ECR029	Cluster 9 CHDM Bulk Water Supply	C DCI3	Chris Hani District Municipality	Intsika yethu Local Municipality	92 600	88 000	00 06
ECR002 ECR005	Xonxa Bulk Water Supply Hofinever Ground Water Supply	C DCI3	Chris Hani District Municipality Chris Hani District Municipality	Engcobo Local Municipality Tsolwana Local Municipality	58 672 4 666	95 235	
		Total: Chris Ha	Hani Municipalities		218 238	243 503	201 000
ECR046	Sterkspruit Waste Water Treatment Works	C DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	Senqu Local Municipality	10 000	15 000	24 000
		Total: Joe Gcal	Total: Joe Geabi Municipalities		10 000	15 000	24 000
ECR019	O.R. Tambo, Mthatha, King Sabato Dalinyebo Water Supply O.R. Tambo, Mthatha, King Sabato Dalinyebo Sanitation	c DCI5	O.R. Tambo District Municipality O.R. Tambo District Municipality	King Sabatha Dalindyebo Local Municipality King Sabatha Dalindyebo Local Municipality	180 000	200 000	300 000
	S. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.	Total: O.R. Ta	Fotal: O.R. Tambo Municipalities		280 000	315 000	300 000
ECR001 ECR036 ECR008	Mataticle Bulk Water Supply Scheme Mourt Ayliff Bulk Water Supply Scheme Mbzana Regional Bulk Water Supply	C DC44 C DC44 C DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality Alfred Nzo District Municipality Alfred Nzo District Municipality	Matatiele Local Municipality Mzinvubu Local Municipality Mbizana Local Municipality	25 000 25 000 60 000	49 689	36 000 60 000 25 000
		Total: Alfred N	Fotal: Alfred Nzo Municipalities		110 000	49 689	121 000
		Total: Eastern	Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities		835 502	807 000	1 115 386

	FREE STATE						
FSR002 FSR005	Jagersfontein /Fauresmith Bulk Water Supply Rouxville /Smithfield /Zastron BWS	B FS162 B FS163	Kopanong Local Municipality Mohokare Local Municipality	Kopanong Local Municipality Mohokare Local Municipality	10 000	15 000	20 000
		Total: Xhariep	Fotal: Xhariep Municipalities		50 000	78 000	20 000
FSR011	Masilonyana BWS	B FS181	Masilonyana Local Municipality	Masilonyana Local Municipality	46 000	000 09	72 000
FSR008	Tokologo Regional Water Supply Nala Bulk Sewer	B FS182 B FS185	Tokologo Local Municipality Nala Local Municipality	Tokologo, Saul Platjie LMs Nala Local Municipality	10 000	33 000	25 000
		Total: Lejwelep	Fotal: Lejweleputswa Municipalities		74 000	105 000	97 000
FSR013	Setsoto Bulk Water Supply	B FS191	Sersoto Local Municipality	Setsoto Local Municipality	20 000	20 000	30 000
FSR003	Dihlabeng Bulk Water Supply	B FS192	Dihlabeng Local Municipality	Dihlabeng Local Municipality	25 000	21 054	35 000
FSR012	Nketoana Regional Water Supply	B FS193	Nketoana Local Municipality	Nketoana Local Municipality	20 000	30 000	45 000
FSR007	Sterkfontein Dam Bulk Water Supply	B FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung Local Municipality	Maluti-a-Phofung Local Municipality	30 896	32 600	55 000
FSR006	Phumelela Bulk Water Supply	B FS195	Phumelela Local Municipality	Phumelela Local Municipality	30 000	20 000	
FSR015	Mantsopa-Tweespruit, Excelsior, Hobhouse Bulk Water Supply	B FS196	Mantsopa Local Municipality	Mantsopa Local Municipality	7 000	10 000	10 000
		Total: Thabo N.	otal: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities		132 896	133 654	175 000
FSR010	Moohaka BWS	B FS201	Moohaka Local municipality	Modhaka Local municipality	15 000	20 000	30 000
FSR009	Ngwathe Bulk Water Supply Phase 2	B FS203	Ngwathe Local Municipality	Ngwathe Local Municipality	14 000	15 000	30 000
	Mafube Bulk Water Supply	B FS205	Mafube Local Municipality	Mafube Local Municipality	20 249	30 000	40 000
		Total: Fezile Da	Fotal: Fezile Dabi Municipalities		49 249	000 59	100 000
		Total: Free Star	Total: Free State Municipalities		306 145	381 654	392 000

APPENDIX W4 APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

BKEARDOW	BKEANDOWN OF REGIONAL BULKTNFKASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT	TIONS PER LO	SAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT		Natio	National Financial Year	ear
Project Code	Project Name	Category	Water Service Authority	Benefiting Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
	GAUTENG						
GPR004	Westerm Highveld Bulk Water Scheme	A TSH	City of Tshwane	City of Tshwane Metropolitan Municipality	20 000	000 09	95 000
		Total: City of T	Total: City of Tshwane Metropolitan Municipality		50 000	000 09	95 000
GPR001	Sedibeng Waste Water Treatment Works		Sedibeng District Municipality	Various	40 000	15 000	80 000
GPR005 GPR006	Sebokeng Waste Water Treatment Works Meverton Waste Water Treatment Works	B GT421 B GT422	Emfuleni Local Municipality Midvaal Local Municipality	Emfuleni Local Municipality Midvaal Local Municipality	110 000	172 000	250 000
	,	Total: Sediben	Total: Sedibeng Municipalities		240 000	295 000	330 000
GPR002	Westonaria Regional Bulk Sanitation (Zuurbekom)	B GT483	Westonaria Local Municipality	Westonaria Local Municipality	47 700		15 000
		Total: West Ka	Total: West Rand Municipalities		47 700		15 000
		Total: Gauteng	Total: Gauteng Municipalities		337 700	355 000	440 000
	KWAZULU-NATAL						
KNR013	Mhlabatshane Bulk Water Supply	C DC21	Ugu District Municipality	Umzumbe Local Municipality	35 000	18 834	35 000
		Total: Ugu Municipalities	nicipalities		35 000	18 834	35 000
KNR010	Driefontein Complex Bulk Water Supply	C DC23	Uthukela District Municipality	Ennambithi/ Ladysmith Local Municipality	25 000	30 000	5 000
		Total: Uthukela	Total:Uthukela Municipalities		25 000	30 000	2 000
KNR008	Greytown Regional Bulk Scheme	C DC24 Total: Umzinya	C DC24 Umzinyathi District Municipality Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities	Unvoti Local Municipality	135 000	243 000 243 000	
KNR001 KNR002	Nongoma BWS Mandlakazi Bulk Water Supply	C DC26 C DC26	Zululand District Municipality Zululand District Municipality	Nongoma Local Municipali ty uPhongolo & Nongoma Local Municipalities	35 000	88 000	145 000
		Total: Zululan	Total: Zululand Municipalities		74 000	123 000	145 000
KNR015 KNR003 KNR014	Pongolap oort Bulk Water Scheme Hlabisa Bulk Water Supply Dukuduku Resettlement	C DC27 C DC27 C DC27	Umkhanyakade District Municipality Umkhanyakade District Municipality Umkhanyakade District Municipality	Jozini Local Municipality Habisa Local Municipality Mubatuba/ Big 5 False Bay Local Municipalities	330 000 45 000 17 000	90 000	45 000
		Total: Umkhan	Total: Umkhanyakude Municipalities		392 000	105 000	45 000
KNR005 KNR016	Greater Mthonjaneni Bulk Water Supply Middledriff (Nandla) Regional Bulk Water Sumply	C DC28	uThungulu District Municipality uThungulu District Municipality	Mtonjaneni/ Nkandla Local Municipalities Nkandla Local Municinality	150 000	330 000	58 000
		Total: uThung	Total: uThungulu Municipalities		180 000	360 000	138 000
KNR017	Ngcebo Regional Water Bulk (Lower Tugela)	C DC29	iLembe District Municipality	Ndwedwe/ KwaDukuza/ Maphumulo/ Mandeni LM's	000 06	81 166	160 000
		Total: iLembe Municipalities	Municipalities		000 06	81 166	160 000
KNR007	Greater Bulwer Domybrook Water Scheme	C DC43 Harry Gwala I Total: Sisonke Municipalities	Harry Gwala District Municipality Municipalities	Ingwe Local Municipality	28 200	30 000	100 000
		Total: KwaZul	Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities		959 200	991 000	628 000

APPENDIX W4 APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

BREAKDOW	BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT	ATIONS PER LOC	SAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT				
					Мапо	National Financial Year	ear
Project Code	Project Name	Category	Water Service Authority	Benefiting Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
	LIMPOPO						
LPR006	Nwamitwa Regional Water Supply Scheme		Mopani District Municipality	Greater Letaba Local Municipality	250		
LPR018	Giyani Bulk W ater Supply Drought relief Mametia Sekororo	C C	Mopani District Municipality Mopani District Municipality	Greater Giyani Local Municipality Maruleng Local Municipality	90 000	140 167	
		Total: Mopani Municipalities	Municipalities		135 165	140 167	
LPR020	Mutash Hub Bulk Water Supp ly		Vhembe District Municipality	Musina Local Municipality	1 500		20 2 17
LPR002	Nzhelele Valley Bulk Water Supply Sinthumule Kutama Bulk Water Sumply	C DC34	Vhembe District Municipality Vhembe District Municipality	Makhodo Local Municipality Makhodo Local Municipality	750	30.000	150 000
	Structural Curk Pract Supply	Total: Vhembe	Fotal: Vhembe Municipalities	reactions rocal remodernity	27 250	30 000	170 217
LPR022	Aganang Bulk Water Supply	B DC35	Capricom District Municipality	Aganang Local Municipality	650		30 000
LPR001	Matoks Regional Water Supply	B DC35	Capricom District Municipality	Molemole Local Municipality	900		
LPR023	Folokwane waste water freatment works Capricorn Master Plan		Potokwane Local Municipality Capricom District Municipality	Polokwane Local Municipality Various	200		
		Total: Capricor	Total: Capricon Municipalities		2 350		30 000
LPR003	Lephalale - Bulk Water Augmentation	B LIM362	Lephalale Local Municipality	Lephalale Local Municipality	250		70 400
LPR004	Magalies Water to Waterberg	B LIM364	Mookgopong Local Municipality	Mookgopong Local Municipality	250		
LPR008	Matoks Kegional water Supply Glen Alphine Regional Water Supply		Modimore Local Municipality Modimole Local Municipality	Modimolle Local Municipality	230		
LPR015	Mogalakwena Bulk Water Supply		Mogalakwena Local Municipality	Mogalakwena Local Municipality	84 000	141 500	160 000
		Total: Waterbe	Total: Waterberg Municipalities		85 250	141 500	230 400
1.PR019	Moutse Bulk Water Sumply	C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	Enhraim Mogale/ Elias Motsoaledi I.Ms	48 500	64 500	4 600
LPR011	Nebo Bulk Water Supply	C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	Greater Tubatse/ Makhudutmahaga LMs	40 000	80 000	120 000
LPR012	Mooihoek/Tubatse Bulk Water Supply	C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	Greater Tubatse Local Municipality	43 000	80 000	110 000
LPR012	Sekhukhune DM Regional Bulk Water Supply (De Hoop)		Sekhukhune District Municipality	Various	364 984	305 500	280 000
LPR021	Sekhukhune Master Plan	C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	Various	200		
		Total: Sekhukh	Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities		497 484	530 000	514 600
		Total: Limpopo Municipalities	Municipalities		747 499	841 667	945 217
	MPUMALANGA						
MPR021	Eerstehoek/Ekulindeni Bulk Water Supply	C DC30	Gert Sibande District Municipality	Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	24 000	28 000	20 000
MPR022	Empul/Methu/Amster Bulk Water Supply		Gert Sibande District Municipality	Albert Luthuli Local Municipality			10 000
MPR026	Lushushwane Bulk water scheme	C DC30	Gert Sibande District Municipality	Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	24 497	25 000	25 801
MPR027	Amsterdam and Sheepmore Bulk Water Scheme		Gert Sibande District Municipality	Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	15 503	15 000	40.000
MPR023	insukatigwa kegionat w ater Suppry Scheme Ermelo Bulk Water Supply	C DC30	Gert Stbande District Municipality	Msukatigwa Local Municipality Msukaliswa Local Municipality	000 C7	20 000	40 000
MPR024	Balf/Siyat/Greyl/Willem/Nthor Bulk Water Supply	DC30	Gert Sibande District Municipality	Dipaleseng Local Municipality	20 000	22 000	49 000
		Total: Gert Sib	Sibande Municipalities		107 000	128 000	144 801
MPR017	Emalahleni Water Scheme	B MP312	Emalahleni Local Municipality	Emalahleni Local Municipality	22 000	24 000	30 000
MPR005	Western Highveld Scheme	B MP316	Dr JS Moroka Local Municipality	Dr JS Moroka Local Municipality	20 000	28 000	31 447
		Total: Nkangal	Total: Nkangala Municipalities		42 000	52 000	61 447
MPR019	Northern Nzikazi Bulk Water Supply		Ehlanzeni District Municpality	Mbombela Local Municipality	25 000		
MPR018	Driekoppies Upgrading	C DC32	Ehlanzeni District Municpality	Nkomazi Local Municipality	25 000	34 000	35 000
MPK020	Stbange BWS Bushbuckridge Water Master Plan		Entanzeni District Municpatity Ehlanzeni District Municpality	Nkomazi Local Municipatity Bushbuckridge Local Municipality	1 000	70 000	44 199
		Total: Ehlanze	Total: Ehlanzeni Municpalities		26 000	54 000	79 199
		Total: Mpumal	Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities		225 000	234 000	285 447

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALL OCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

Project Code NORTHERN CAPE NORTHERN CAPE NCR017 Bulk Water Supply to Parth Nolloth NCR026 Locrieschenien Balls Water Supply to Parth Supply NCR021 Cocrischenien Balls Water Supply NCR021 NCR020 NCR030 NCR0	Category					
> >>		Water Service Authority	Benefiting Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
> >>						
3 33						
> >>	B NC061	Richtersveld Local Municipality	Richtersveld Local Municipality	9 801	12.543	5 857
> >>		Hantam Local Municipality	Hantam Local Municipality		16 500	11 000
> >>	B NC065	Hantam Local Municipality Karoo Hoorland Local Municipality	Hantam Local Municipality K area Hoorland Local Municipality	800		
> >>	Total: Namakw	Total: Namakwa Municipalities	Carrella and a second second second	11 201	29 043	16 857
> >>	B NC023	rijoniciany lood Turmodomil	Three chows to Local Mension and its	30,000	30.000	11,000
>>		Unsobomyu Local Municipality	Unsobonyu Local Municipality	200	200	7 000
**	B NC073	Emthanjeni Local Municipality	Emthanjeni Local Municipality	16 640		29 000
>>	B NC074	Kareeberg Local Municipality	Kareeberg Local Municipality	006	20 4 0 6	
>	B NC075	Renosterberg Local Municipality	Renosterberg Local Municipality	2 000		
pag pag pag pag pag pag pag pag	B NC075	Renosterberg Local Municipality	Renosterberg Local Municipality			13 000
20 pm pm pm pm pm pm pm pm pm pm pm pm pm	B NC076	Thembelihle Local Municipality	Thembelihle Local Municipality	1 500	0,00	
100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	B NCU/6	Inembelline Local Municipality	Thembelline Local Municipality	3 899	8 302	
	DC7	Styatnemba Local Municipality Pixley ka Seme District Municipality	Styamemba Local Municipality Various	0007		
300 300 300 300	Total: Pixley ka	Total: Pixley ka Seme Municipalities		60 939	58 768	000 09
304 304 304 304						
300 7 7 300 300	B NC081	Mier Local Municipality	Mier Local Municipality	009		000 09
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	B NC082	Kai-Garib Local Municipality	Kai-Garib Local Municipality	800		
101 PM 1001 1001	Total: Z.F. Mgc	Total: Z.F. Mgcawu Municipalities		1 400		000 09
	B NC091	Sol Plaatije Local Municipality	Sol Plaatije Local Municipality	25 000	5 5 5 0	
		Dikgatlong Local Municipality	Dikgatlong Local Municipality	5 000	16 500	20 000
pag jag jag	B NC093	Magareng Local Municipality	Magareng Local Municipality	800		14 173
pac pac pac	Total: Frances	Total: Frances Baard Municipalities		30 800	22 050	34 173
	B NC451	Joe Morolong Local Municipality	Joe Morolong Local Municipality	31 000		
		Ga-Segonyana Local Municipality	Ga-Segonyana Local Municipality	30 000	5 638	
	B NC453	Gamagara Local Municipality	Gamagara Local Municipality	800	10 000	30 000
	Total: John Tac	Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities		91 800	15 638	30 000
	Total: Northern	Total: Northern Cape Municipalities		166 140	125 499	201 030

	NORTH WEST						
WROOM	Moratele Bulk	B NW371	Monetels I oce I Municipality	Monetels I over Municipality	000 \$	000 81	41 252
JWR005	Madibeng Bulk Water Supply	B NW372	Madibera Local Municipality	Madibens Local Municipality	42 400	20 000	95 215
VWR013	Koster Waste Water Treatment Works upgrade	B NW374	Kgetlengrivier Local Municipality	Kgetlengrivier Local Municipality	8 000	15 000	15 000
		Total: Bojanals	Fotal: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities		55 400	83 000	151 467
1WR002	Ration Bulk Water Supply	C DC38	Ngaka Modiri Molema	Ratlou Local Municipality	23 000	45 000	20 000
VWR014	Mafikeng South Bulk Water Supply	C DC38	Ngaka Modiri Molema	Mafikeng Local Municipality	30 000	70 000	50 000
		Total: Ngaka N	Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities		53 000	115 000	100 000
VWR009	Taung/ Nated Bulk Water Supply	C DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	Greater Taung/ Naledi Local Municipalities	95 014	2 147	
MWR008	Greater Mamusa Bulk Water Supply	C DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	Mamusa Local Municipality	30 000	60 853	105 05 5
4WR018	Kagisano/Molopo	C DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	Kagisano/Molopo Local Municipality	2 000	7 000	15 000
		Total: Dr Ruth	Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities		127 014	20 000	120 055
WR010	Ventersdorp Bulk Water Supply	B NW401	Ventersdorp Local Municipality	Ventersdorp Local Municipality	5 586		
VWR016	Potchefstroom Waste Water Treatment Works upgrade	B NW402	Tlokwe Local Municipality	Tlokwe Local Municipality	8 000	10 000	40 000
VWR015	Wolmaransstad Waste Water Treatment Works	B NW404	NW404 Maquassi Hills Local Municipality	Maquassi Hills Local Municipality	28 000	54 600	
		Total: Dr Kenr	Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities		41 586	64 600	40 000
		Total: North W	Total: North West Municipalities		277 000	332 600	411 522

APPENDIX W4

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT
BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

BREAKDOV	BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCAT	TIONS PER LO	ASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT		Nation	National Financial Year	rear
Project Code	e Project Name	Category	Water Service Authority	Benefiting Municipality	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
	WESTERN CAPE						
WCR018	Vaurhynsdom Raw Water	B WC011	Matzikama Local Municipality	Matzikama Local Municipality	2 500	15 158	20 003
WCR019	Klawer Bulk Water	B WC011	Matzikama Local Municipality	Matzikama Local Municipality	2 500	4 573	8 377
WCR020	Citrusdal Waste Water Treatment Plant	B WC012	Cederberg Local Municipality	Cederberg Local Municipality	11 800	10 000	767 6
WCR021 WCR004	Clanwilliam Water Treatment Works West Coast Bulk Water Supply	B WC012 C DC1	Cederberg Local Municipality West Coast District Municipality	Cederberg Local Municipality West Coast District Municipality	30 000	5 975	52 000
		Total: West Co	Total: West Coast Municipalities		20 800	92 29	90 177
WCR003	Tulbagh Bulk Water Supply	B WC022	Witzenberg Local Municipality	Witzenberg Local Municipality	688		
WCR022	Paarl Bulk Sewer	B WC023	Drakenstein Local Municipality	Drakenstein Local Municipality	12 500	13 756	8 200
WCR023	Stellenbosch Waste Water Treatment Works	B WC024	Stellenbosch Local Municipality	Stellenbosch Local Municipality	18 170	20 000	43 017
WCR005	Worcester Bulk Water	B WC025	Breede Valley Local Municipality	Breede Valley Local Municipality	10 078		
		Total: Cape W	Total: Cape Winelands Municipalities		41 637	33 756	51 517
WCR009	Grahonw Waste Water Treatment Plant	B WC031	The ewaters kloof Local Municipality	The ewaters kloof Local Municipality	7 602		
WCR012	Swellendam Waste Water Treatment Works	B WC034	Swellendam Local Municipality	Swellendam Local Municipality	13 116		
		Total: Overber	Total: Overberg Municipalities		20 718		
2100071	V		77	7	005 C	000	000 3
WCR014	Calizdorn & Ladismith Waste Water Treatment Works	B WC041	Kannaland Local Municipality	Kannaland Local Municipality	3 000	3 000	10 000
WCR017	Outdishoom Groundwater	B WC045	Outdtshoom Local Municipality	Outdtshoom Local Municipality	7 500	20 000	10 000
WCR016	Bitou Cross Border Bulk	B WC047	Bitou Local Municipality	Knysna/ Bitou Local Municipalities	2 500	20 000	21 623
		Total: Eden Municipalities	unicipalities		15 500	48 000	46 623
WCR024	Beaufort West Bulk Water	B WC053	Beaufort West Local Municipality	Beaufort West Local Municipality	4 145	5 772	16 683
		Total: Central	Total: Central Karoo Municipalities		4 145	5 772	16 683
		Total: Western	Total: Western Cape Municipalities		132 800	153 234	205 000
National Total	al .				3 986 986	4 221 654	4 623 602

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF EPWP INTEGRATED GRANT FOR PROVINCES: TARGETS AND ALLOCATIONS
PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT

APPENDIX W5

ANNEXURE TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF EPWP INTEGRATED GRANT FOR PROVINCES: TARGETS AND ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT

Public Works (Vote 7)	EPWI	Integrated Gra	ant to Province	s
Province/Provincial Department	Financial Year			
	FTE Performance Target	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE				
Rural Development and Agrarian Reform	47	2 681		
Economic Development, Environmental Affairs and Tourism	14	2 102		
Education	21	3 115		
Health	13	2 000		
Human Settlements	18	2 654		
Local Government and Traditional Affairs	13	2 000		
Roads and Public Works	3 503	46 791		
Social Development and Special Programmes	13	2 000		
Sport, Recreation, Arts and Culture	14	2 102		
Transport	27	4 099		
Total: Eastern Cape	3 683	69 544	-	_
FREE STATE				
Agriculture	30	2 254		
Human Settlements	13	2 000		
Economic Development, Tourism and Environmental Affairs	14	2 102		
Education	16	2 416		
Health	21	3 108		
Police, Roads and Transport	3 191	4 635		
Social Development	13	2 000		
Sport, Arts, Culture and Recreation	14	2 131		
Public Works and Rural Development	40	5 955		
Total: Free State	3 352	26 601	-	-
GAUTENG	20	2 454		
Agriculture and Rural Development	29	2 454		
Education	16	2 450		
Health	13 13	2 010 2 000		
Housing Infrastructure Development	37	5 511		
Local Government	13	2 000		
Roads and Transport	1 277	3 140		
Social Development	13	2 000		
Sport, Arts, Culture and Recreation	13	2 000		
Total: Gauteng	1 424	23 565	-	_
KWAZULU-NATAL	1 727	23 303		
Agriculture, Environmental Affairs and Rural Development	156	19 008		
Arts and Culture	14	2 102		
Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs	23	3 471		
Economic Development and Tourism	13	2 000		
Education	14	2 070		
Health	17	2 581		
Public Works	21	3 168		
Social Development	13	2 000		
Sport and Recreation	14	2 102		
Transport	5 092	59 443		
Total: KwaZulu-Natal	5 377	97 945	-	-
LIMPOPO				
Agriculture	113	12 777		
Economic Development, Environment and Tourism	14	2 102		
Education	13	2 000		
Health	14	2 089		
Co-operative Governance, Human Settlements and Traditional Affairs	14	2 144		
Public Works	15	2 252		
Roads and Transport	2 902	4 518		
Rural Development	15	2 263		
Sport, Arts and Culture	14	2 102		
Total: Limpopo	3 114	32 247	-	-

APPENDIX W5

ANNEXURE TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF EPWP INTEGRATED GRANT FOR PROVINCES: TARGETS AND ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT

Public Works	EPWP Integrated Grant to Provinces				
(Vote 7)	EPWI	Integrated Gra	ant to Province	S	
			E!!		
Province/Provincial Department]	Financial Year		
	FTE Performance	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	
	Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	
MPUMALANGA					
Agriculture, Rural Development and Land Administration	92	11 274			
Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs	13	2 000			
Culture, Sport and Recreation	15	2 199			
Economic Development, Environment and Tourism	24	3 561			
Education	22	3 340			
Health	18	2 732			
Public Works, Roads and Transport	4 141	12 798			
Social Development	14	2 024			
Total: Mpumalanga	4 339	39 928	-	-	
NORTHERN CAPE					
Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development	34	2 102			
Cooperative Governance, Human Settlements and Traditional Affairs	19	2 836			
Economic Development and Tourism	27	4 102			
Education	14	2 025			
Environment and Nature Conservation	14	2 102			
Health	14	2 115			
Roads and Public Works	1 854	2 964			
Sport, Arts and Culture	14	2 102			
Total: Northern Cape	1 990	20 348	_	_	
NORTH WEST	1,,,,	20010			
Agriculture and Rural Development	39	2 509			
Economic Development, Environment, Conservation and Tourism	14	2 102			
Education	13	2 000			
Local Government and Traditional Affairs	13	2 000	l		
Public Works, Roads and Transport	1 828	5 638			
Total: North West	1 907	14 249	_	_	
WESTERN CAPE	1 707	17 27			
Agriculture	26	2 248			
Cultural Affairs and Sport	15	2 224	l		
Environmental Affairs and Development Planning	18	2 748	l		
Health	16	2 417			
Human Settlements	26	3 842	l		
Transport and Public Works	1 662	8 477			
Education	17	2 564	l		
Total: Western Cape	1 780	24 520			
Unallocated	1 /80	24 320	356 574	411 798	
Grand Total	26 966	348 947	356 574	411 798	
Oranu rotal	20 900	348 94 /	330 3/4	411 /98	

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF SOCIAL SECTOR EPWP INCENTIVE GRANT FOR PROVINCES: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT

APPENDIX W6

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF SOCIAL SECTOR EPWP INCENTIVE GRANT FOR PROVINCES: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT

	Social Sector Expanded	d Public Works I Province	_	tive Grant for
Province/Provincial Department	Number of FTEs		Financial Year	
1	to be created from allocations in 2014/15	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 ('R000)
EASTERN CAPE				
Education	111	2 580		
Health	1 351	31 242		
Safety and Liaison	111	2 580		
Social Development and Special Programmes	111	2 580		
Sport, Recreation, Arts and Culture	118	2 732		
Unallocated			43 259	60 583
Total: Eastern Cape	1 802	41 714	43 259	60 583
FREE STATE	Ï			
Education	123	2 846		
Health	111	2 580		
Social Development	159	3 694		
Sport, Arts, Culture and Recreation	111	2 580		
Unallocated			12 133	16 992
Total: Free State	504	11 700	12 133	16 992
GAUTENG	Î	Ĭ	ĺ	
Education	1 558	36 016		
Health	626	14 475		
Social Development	876	20 267		
Sport, Arts, Culture and Recreation	111	2 580		
Unallocated			76 055	106 511
Total: Gauteng	3 171	73 338	76 055	106 511
KWAZULU-NATAL				
Community Safety and Liaison	111	2 580		
Education	111	2 580		
Health	111	2 580		
Social Development	162	3 746		
Sport and Recreation	348	8 058		
Unallocated			20 268	28 384
Total: KwaZulu-Natal	843	19 544	20 268	28 384
LIMPOPO	İ			
Education	574	13 280		
Health	111	2 580		
Social Development	119	2 772		
Unallocated			19 322	27 060
Total: Limpopo	804	18 632	19 322	27 060
MPUMALANGA	i i			
Community Safety, Security and Liaison	111	2 580		
Culture, Sport and Recreation	111	2 580		
Education	273	6 312		
Health	146	3 384		
Social Development	172	3 988		
Unallocated			19 542	27 368
Total: Mpumalanga	813	18 844	19 542	27 368

APPENDIX W6

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF SOCIAL SECTOR EPWP INCENTIVE GRANT FOR PROVINCES: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT

	Social Sector Expanded Public Works Programme Incentive Grant for Provinces					
Province/Provincial Department	Number of FTEs		Financial Year			
	to be created from allocations in 2014/15	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 ('R000)		
NORTHERN CAPE						
Education	140	3 237				
Health	317	7 337				
Social Development	266	6 161				
Sport, Arts and Culture	111	2 580				
Transport, Safety and Liaison	116	2 703				
Unallocated			22 834	31 978		
Total: Northern Cape	950	22 018	22 834	31 978		
NORTH WEST	İ					
Education	111	2 580				
Health	725	16 775				
Social Development, Women, Children and Persons with Disabilities	187	4 323				
Sport, Arts and Culture	113	2 628				
Unallocated			27 281	38 205		
Total: North West	1 136	26 306	27 281	38 205		
WESTERN CAPE						
Community Safety	171	3 970				
Cultural Affairs and Sport	146	3 392				
Health	111	2 580				
Social Development	111	2 580				
Education	577	13 354				
Unallocated			26 835	37 581		
Total: Western Cape	1 116	25 876	26 835	37 581		
Grand Total	11 139	257 972	267 529	374 662		

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF NATIONAL HEALTH GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

APPENDIX W7

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF NATIONAL HEALTH GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

Health (Vote 16)	Nati	onal Health Gr	ant
(100:10)		Financial Year	
	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Province/Components/Sub-components	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
Total Per Province/Components			
Eastern Cape	167 997	314 193	283 130
Free State	49 847	32 826	23 888
Gauteng	96 143	136 613	204 613
KwaZulu-Natal	45 016	45 016	-
Limpopo	445 598	427 611	401 611
Mpumalanga	144 242	134 173	120 410
Northern Cape	17 006	16 884	3 145
North West	11 113	10 863	6 429
Western Cape	17 396	17 396	
Unallocated	580 504	499 398	472 754
Total	1 574 862	1 634 973	1 515 980
of which:			
Health Facility Revitalisation Grant Component			
Eastern Cape	135 674	281 870	283 130
Free State	38 623	21 602	23 888
Gauteng	62 903	103 373	204 613
KwaZulu-Natal	-	-	-
Limpopo	420 424	402 437	401 611
Mpumalanga	127 382	117 313	120 410
Northern Cape	3 072	2 950	3 145
North West	6 280	6 030	6 429
Western Cape			
Unallocated	185 504	85 398	71 812
Total	979 862	1 020 973	1 115 038
Human Papillomavirus Vaccine Grant Component			
Eastern Cape	32 323	32 323	-
Free State	11 224	11 224	-
Gauteng	33 240	33 240	-
KwaZulu-Natal	45 016	45 016	-
Limpopo	25 174	25 174	-
Mpumalanga	16 860	16 860	-
Northern Cape	13 934	13 934	-
North West	4 833	4 833	-
Western Cape	17 396	17 396	-
Total	200 000	200 000	
	200 000	200 000	
National Health Insurance Grant Component			
of which:			
(a) National Health Insurance - Central Hospitals			
Eastern Cape	-	-	-
Free State	-	-	-
Gauteng	-	-	•
KwaZulu-Natal	-	-	•
Limpopo	-	-	
Mpumalanga	-	-	
Northern Cape	-	-	
North West	-	-	
Western Cape	-	-	
Unallocated	20 000	25 000	30 000
Total	20 000	25 000	30 000

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF NATIONAL HEALTH GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

Health	Nati	National Health Grant			
(Vote 16)	Nati	Trational Istattii Grant			
		Financial Year			
Province/Components/Sub-components	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2016/17 (R'000)		
(b) National Health Insurance - Medical Practitioner Contracting					
Eastern Cape	-	-	-		
Free State	-	-	-		
Gauteng	-	-	-		
KwaZulu-Natal	-	-	-		
Limpopo	-	-	-		
Mpumalanga	-	-	-		
Northern Cape	-	-	-		
North West	-	-	-		
Western Cape	-	-	-		
Unallocated	375 000	389 000	370 942		
Total	375 000	389 000	370 942		
National Health Insurance Grant Component Total	395 000	414 000	400 942		

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF HUMAN SETTLEMENTS DEVELOPMENT GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCE PER PROVINCE

APPENDIX W8

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF HUMAN SETTLEMENTS
DEVELOPMENT GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCE

Human Settlements (Vote 31)	Human Settlements Development Gran	Human Settlements Development Grant			
Provinces	Financial Year	Financial Year			
Bucket Eradication	2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)				
Eastern Cape	143 443 155 602	_			
Free State	335 337 363 763	-			
Gauteng	98 915 107 299	-			
KwaZulu-Natal	36 086 39 145	-			
Limpopo	1 851 2 008	-			
Mpumalanga	13 850 15 024	-			
Northern Cape	125 297 135 919	-			
North West	38 748 42 032	-			
Western Cape	105 650 114 606	-			
Total	899 177 975 399	_			

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF SCHOOL INFRASTRUCTURE BACKLOGS GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCE

APPENDIX W9

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF SCHOOL INFRASTRUCTURE BACKLOGS GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCE

Basic Education (Vote 15)	School In	School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant			
Province		Financial Year 2014/15			
Eastern Cape	1 598 27	1 1 323 489	1 419 952		
Free State	515 21	7 426 640	457 736		
Gauteng	12 73	7 10 544	11 313		
KwaZulu-Natal	182 57	8 151 190	162 209		
Limpopo	76 79	2 63 591	68 225		
Mpumalanga	106 17	7 87 924	94 332		
Northern Cape	15 67	1 12 978	13 924		
North West	33 38	4 27 646	29 661		
Western Cape	397 67	6 329 308	353 310		
Total	2 938 50	3 2 433 310	2 610 662		