PUBLIC FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT
NO. 1 OF 1999

[View Regulation]

[ASSENTED TO 2 MARCH, 1999]
[DATE OF COMMENCEMENT: 1 APRIL, 2000]
(Unless otherwise indicated)
(English text signed by the President)

This Act has been updated to Government Gazette 41534 dated 29 March, 2018.

as amended by
Public Finance Management Amendment Act, No. 29 of 1999
Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, No. 32 of 2000
Judicial Officers (Amendment of Conditions of Service) Act, No. 28 of 2003
[with effect from 1 November, 2003]
Public Audit Act, No. 25 of 2004
South African Airways Act, No. 5 of 2007
[with effect from 13 July, 2009]
Public Service Amendment Act, No. 30 of 2007
[with effect from 1 April, 2008]
Broadband Infraco Act, No. 33 of 2007
South African Express Act, No. 34 of 2007
National Health Amendment Act, No. 12 of 2013
[with effect from 2 September, 2013, unless otherwise indicated]

GENERAL NOTE
Please note that the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, No. 5 of 2000 and its Regulations shall apply to all public entities listed in Schedules 2 and 3 of this Act, under GNR.501 published in Government Gazette No. 34350 dated 8 June, 2011, with effect from 7 December, 2011.

EDITORIAL NOTE
1. Please note that the wording and section numbering in this Act correctly reflects the Act and the amending Act as published in Government Gazette Nos. 19814 of 2 March, 1999, and 19978 of 30 April, 1999 respectively. In addition, we draw your attention to the fact that there are inconsistencies between the English and Afrikaans versions of the Act despite the amendments.
2. Please note that details of Notices published in the Government Gazettes that amend the Schedules to the Act are annotated at the beginning of the Schedules.

ACT
To regulate financial management in the national government and provincial governments; to ensure that all revenue, expenditure, assets and liabilities of those governments are managed efficiently and effectively; to provide for the responsibilities of persons entrusted with financial management in those governments; and to provide for matters connected therewith.

[Long title substituted by s. 47 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]
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CHAPTER 1
INTERPRETATION, OBJECT, APPLICATION AND AMENDMENT OF THIS ACT

1. Definitions.—In this Act, unless the context otherwise indicates—

“accounting officer” means a person mentioned in section 36;

“accounting authority” means a body or person mentioned in section 49;

“Accounting Standards Board” means the board established in terms of section 87;

“annual Division of Revenue Act” means the Act of Parliament which must annually be enacted in terms of section 214 (1) of the Constitution;

“constitutional institution” means an institution listed in Schedule 1;

“department” means a national or provincial department or a national or provincial government component;

[Definition of “department” substituted by s. 1 (a) of Act No. 29 of 1999 and by s. 43 of Act No. 30 of 2007.]

“executive authority”—

(a) in relation to a national department, means the Cabinet member who is accountable to Parliament for that department;

(b) in relation to a provincial department, means the member of the Executive Council of a province who is accountable to the provincial legislature for that department;

(c) in relation to a national public entity, means the Cabinet member who is accountable to Parliament for that public entity or in whose portfolio it falls; and

(d) in relation to a provincial public entity, means the member of the provincial Executive Council who is accountable to the provincial legislature for that public entity or in whose portfolio it falls;

[Definition of “executive authority” substituted by s. 1 (b) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

“financial year”—
(a) means a year ending 31 March; or
(b) in relation to a public entity that existed when this Act took effect and that has a different financial year in terms of other legislation, means that financial year, provided the National Treasury has approved that other financial year;

“financial statements” means statements consisting of at least—
(a) a balance sheet;
(b) an income statement;
(c) a cash-flow statement;
(d) any other statements that may be prescribed; and
(e) any notes to these statements;

“fruitless and wasteful expenditure” means expenditure which was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised;

“generally recognised accounting practice” means an accounting practice complying in material respects with standards issued by the Accounting Standards Board;

“irregular expenditure” means expenditure, other than unauthorised expenditure, incurred in contravention of or that is not in accordance with a requirement of any applicable legislation, including—
(a) this Act; or
(b) the State Tender Board Act, 1968 (Act No. 86 of 1968), or any regulations made in terms of that Act; or
(c) any provincial legislation providing for procurement procedures in that provincial government;

“main division within a vote” means one of the main segments into which a vote is divided and which—
(a) specifies the total amount which is appropriated for the items under that segment; and
(b) is approved by Parliament or a provincial legislature, as may be appropriate, as part of the vote;

“MEC for finance” means the member of an Executive Council of a province responsible for finance in the province;

“Minister” means the Minister of Finance;

“national department” means a department listed in Schedule 1 to the Public Service Act, 1994 (Proclamation No. 103 of 1994), but excluding the Office of a Premier;

“national government business enterprise” means an entity which—
(a) is a juristic person under the ownership control of the national executive;
(b) has been assigned financial and operational authority to carry on a business activity;
(c) as its principal business, provides goods or services in accordance with ordinary business principles; and
(d) is financed fully or substantially from sources other than—
   (i) the National Revenue Fund; or
   (ii) by way of a tax, levy or other statutory money;

“national government component” means a national government component listed in Part A of Schedule 3 to the Public Service Act, 1994;

“national public entity” means—
(a) a national government business enterprise; or
(b) a board, commission, company, corporation, fund or other entity (other than a national government business enterprise) which is—
(i) established in terms of national legislation;
(ii) fully or substantially funded either from the National Revenue Fund, or by way of a tax, levy or other money imposed in terms of national legislation; and
(iii) accountable to Parliament;

"National Treasury" means the National Treasury established by section 5;

"overspending"—
(a) in relation to a vote, means when expenditure under the vote exceeds the amount appropriated for that vote; or
(b) in relation to a main division within a vote, means when expenditure under the main division exceeds the amount appropriated for that main division, subject to section 43;

"ownership control", in relation to an entity, means the ability to exercise any of the following powers to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity in order to obtain benefits from its activities:
(a) To appoint or remove all, or the majority of, the members of that entity’s board of directors or equivalent governing body;
(b) to appoint or remove that entity’s chief executive officer;
(c) to cast all, or the majority of, the votes at meetings of that board of directors or equivalent governing body; or
(d) to control all, or the majority of, the voting rights at a general meeting of that entity;

"prescribe" means prescribe by regulation or instruction in terms of section 76;

"provincial department" means—
(a) the Office of a Premier listed in Schedule 1 to the Public Service Act, 1994;
(b) a provincial department listed in Schedule 2 to the Public Service Act, 1994;
[Definition of "provincial department" inserted by s. 1 (g) of Act No. 29 of 1999 and substituted by s. 43 of Act No. 30 of 2007.]

"provincial government business enterprise" means an entity which—
(a) is a juristic person under the ownership control of a provincial executive;
(b) has been assigned financial and operational authority to carry on a business activity;
(c) as its principal business, provides goods or services in accordance with ordinary business principles; and
(d) is financed fully or substantially from sources other than—
(i) a Provincial Revenue Fund; or
(ii) by way of a tax, levy or other statutory money;
[Definition of "provincial government business enterprise" inserted by s. 1 (g) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

"provincial government component" means a provincial government component listed in Part B of Schedule 3 to the Public Service Act, 1994;
[Definition of "provincial government component" added by s. 43 of Act No. 30 of 2007.]

"provincial public entity" means—
(a) a provincial government business enterprise; or
(b) a board, commission, company, corporation, fund or other entity (other than a provincial government business enterprise) which is—
(i) established in terms of legislation or a provincial constitution;
(ii) fully or substantially funded either from a Provincial Revenue Fund or by way of a tax, levy or other money imposed in terms of legislation; and
(iii) accountable to a provincial legislature;
[Definition of "provincial public entity" inserted by s. 1 (g) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

"provincial treasury" means a treasury established in terms of section 17;
[Definition of "provincial treasury" inserted by s. 1 (g) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

"public entity" means a national or provincial public entity;
“Revenue Fund” means—
(a) the National Revenue Fund mentioned in section 213 of the Constitution; or
(b) a Provincial Revenue Fund mentioned in section 226 of the Constitution.

“this Act” includes any regulations and instructions in terms of section 69, 76, 85 or 91;
“trading entity” means an entity operating within the administration of a department for the provision or sale of goods or services, and established—
(a) in the case of a national department, with the approval of the National Treasury; or
(b) in the case of a provincial department, with the approval of the relevant provincial treasury acting within a prescribed framework.

“treasury” means the National Treasury or a provincial treasury, as may be appropriate in the circumstances;
“vote” means one of the main segments into which an appropriation Act is divided and which—
(a) specifies the total amount which is usually appropriated per department in an appropriation Act; and
(b) is separately approved by Parliament or a provincial legislature, as may be appropriate, before it approves the relevant draft appropriation Act as such.

2. Object of this Act.—The object of this Act is to secure transparency, accountability, and sound management of the revenue, expenditure, assets and liabilities of the institutions to which this Act applies.

3. Institutions to which this Act applies.—(1) This Act, to the extent indicated in the Act, applies to—
(a) departments;
(b) public entities listed in Schedule 2 or 3;
(c) constitutional institutions; and
(d) the provincial legislatures, subject to subsection (2).

(2) To the extent that a provision of this Act applies to—
(a) . . . . .

(3) In the event of any inconsistency between this Act and any other legislation, this Act prevails.

4. Amendments to this Act.—Draft legislation directly or indirectly amending this Act, or providing for the enactment of subordinate legislation that may conflict with this Act, may be introduced in Parliament—
(a) by the Minister only; or
(b) only after the Minister has been consulted on the contents of the draft legislation.
5. **Establishment.**—(1) A National Treasury is hereby established, consisting of—

(a) the Minister, who is the head of the Treasury; and

(b) the national department or departments responsible for financial and fiscal matters.

(2) The Minister, as the head of the National Treasury, takes the policy and other decisions of the Treasury, except those decisions taken as a result of a delegation or instruction in terms of section 10.

6. **Functions and powers.**—(1) The National Treasury must—

(a) promote the national government’s fiscal policy framework and the co-ordination of macro-economic policy;

(b) co-ordinate inter-governmental financial and fiscal relations;

(c) manage the budget preparation process;

(d) exercise control over the implementation of the annual national budget, including any adjustments budgets;

(e) facilitate the implementation of the annual Division of Revenue Act;

(f) monitor the implementation of provincial budgets;

(g) promote and enforce transparency and effective management in respect of revenue, expenditure, assets and liabilities of departments, public entities and constitutional institutions; and

(h) perform the other functions assigned to the National Treasury in terms of this Act.

(2) To the extent necessary to perform the functions mentioned in subsection (1), the National Treasury—

(a) must prescribe uniform treasury norms and standards;

(b) must enforce this Act and any prescribed norms and standards, including any prescribed standards of generally recognised accounting practice and uniform classification systems, in national departments;

(c) must monitor and assess the implementation of this Act, including any prescribed norms and standards, in provincial departments, in public entities and in constitutional institutions; [Para. (c) substituted by s. 3 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(d) may assist departments and constitutional institutions in building their capacity for efficient, effective and transparent financial management;

(e) may investigate any system of financial management and internal control in any department, public entity or constitutional institution;

(f) must intervene by taking appropriate steps, which may include steps in terms of section 100 of the Constitution or the withholding of funds in terms of section 216 (2) of the Constitution, to address a serious or persistent material breach of this Act by a department, public entity or constitutional institution; and

(g) may do anything further that is necessary to fulfil its responsibilities effectively.

(3) Subsections (1) (g) and (2) apply to public entities listed in Schedule 2 only to the extent provided for in this Act.

7. **Banking, cash management and investment framework.**—(1) The National Treasury must prescribe a framework within which departments, public entities listed in Schedule 3 and constitutional institutions must conduct their cash management.

(2) A department authorised to open a bank account in terms of the prescribed framework, a public entity or a constitutional institution may open a bank account only—

(a) with a bank registered in South Africa and approved in writing by the National Treasury; and

(b) after any prescribed tendering procedures have been complied with.

(3) A department, public entity listed in Schedule 3 or constitutional institution may not open a bank account abroad or with a foreign bank except with the written approval of the National Treasury.

(4) The National Treasury may prescribe an investment policy for public entities, constitutional institutions and those departments authorised to open a bank or other account in terms of the prescribed framework.

(5) A bank which has opened a bank account for a department, a public entity listed in Schedule 3 or a constitutional institution, or any other institution that holds money for a department, a public entity listed in Schedule 3 or a constitutional institution, must promptly disclose information regarding the account when so requested by the National Treasury or the Auditor-General, or, in the case of a provincial department or provincial public entity, by the National Treasury, the Auditor-General or the relevant provincial treasury. [Sub-s. (5) substituted by s. 4 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]
8. Annual consolidated financial statements.—(1) The National Treasury must—

(a) prepare consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally recognised accounting practice for each financial year in respect of—

(i) national departments;

(ii) public entities under the ownership control of the national executive;

(iii) constitutional institutions;

(iv) the South African Reserve Bank;

(v) the Auditor-General; and

(vi) Parliament; and

(b) submit those statements for audit to the Auditor-General within three months after the end of that financial year.

(2) The Auditor-General must audit the consolidated financial statements and submit an audit report on the statements to the National Treasury within three months of receipt of the statements.

(3) The Minister must submit the consolidated financial statements and the audit report on those statements within one month of receiving the report from the Auditor-General, to Parliament for tabling in both Houses.

(4) The consolidated financial statements must be made public when submitted to Parliament.

(5) If the Minister fails to submit the consolidated financial statements and the Auditor-General’s audit report on those statements to Parliament within seven months after the end of the financial year to which those statements relate—

(a) the Minister must submit to Parliament a written explanation setting out the reasons why they were not submitted; and

(b) the Auditor-General may issue a special report on the delay.

(Date of commencement of s. 8: 1 April, 2003.)

9. Financial statistics and aggregations.—The National Treasury may annually compile in accordance with international standards, and publish in the national Government Gazette, financial statistics and aggregations concerning all spheres of government.

10. Delegations by National Treasury.—(1) The Minister may—

(a) in writing delegate any of the powers entrusted to the National Treasury in terms of this Act, to the head of a department forming part of the National Treasury, or instruct that head of department to perform any of the duties assigned to the National Treasury in terms of this Act; and

(b) in relation to a provincial department or provincial public entity, in writing delegate any of the powers entrusted to the National Treasury in terms of this Act to a provincial treasury, or request that treasury to perform any of the duties assigned to the National Treasury in terms of this Act, as the Minister and the relevant MEC for finance may agree.

(Para. (b) added by s. 5 (a) of Act No. 29 of 1999.)

(2) A delegation, instruction or request in terms of subsection (1) to the head of a department forming part of the National Treasury, or to a provincial treasury—

(a) is subject to any limitations or conditions that the Minister may impose;

(b) may authorise that head, in the case of subsection (1) (a)—

(i) to sub-delegate, in writing, the delegated power to another National Treasury official, or to the holder of a specific post in the National Treasury, or to the accounting officer of a constitutional institution or a department, or to the accounting authority for a public entity; or

(ii) to instruct another National Treasury official, or the holder of a specific post in the National Treasury, or the accounting officer for a constitutional institution or a department, or the accounting authority for a public entity, to perform the assigned duty;

(c) may authorise a provincial treasury, in the case of subsection (1) (b)—

(i) to sub-delegate, in writing, the delegated power to an official in that provincial treasury, or to the holder of a specific post in that provincial treasury, or to the accounting officer for a provincial department, or to the accounting authority for a provincial public entity; or

(ii) to instruct an official in that provincial treasury, or the holder of a specific post in that provincial treasury, or the accounting officer for a provincial department, or the accounting authority for a provincial public entity, to perform the assigned duty; and
(d) does not divest the Minister of the responsibility concerning the exercise of the delegated power or the performance of the assigned duty.

[Sub-s. (2) amended by s. 5 (b) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(3) The Minister may confirm, vary or revoke any decision taken by the head of a department forming part of the National Treasury, or by a provincial treasury, as a result of a delegation, instruction or request in terms of subsection (1) (a) or (b), or by a treasury official or accounting officer or accounting authority as a result of an authorisation in terms of subsection (2) (b) or (c), subject to any rights that may have become vested as a consequence of the decision.

[Sub-s. (3) substituted by s. 5 (e) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

Part 2: National Revenue Fund

11. Control of National Revenue Fund.—(1) The National Treasury is in charge of the National Revenue Fund and must enforce compliance with the provisions of section 213 of the Constitution, namely that—

(a) all money received by the national government must be paid into the Fund, except money reasonably excluded by this Act or another Act of Parliament; and

(b) no money may be withdrawn from the Fund except—

(i) in terms of an appropriation by an Act of Parliament; or

(ii) as a direct charge against the Fund, subject to section 15 (1) (a) (ii).

(2) Draft legislation that provides for a withdrawal from the National Revenue Fund as a direct charge against the Fund, may be introduced in Parliament only after the Minister has been consulted and has consented to the direct charge.

(3) Money that must be paid into the National Revenue Fund is paid into the Fund by depositing it into a bank account of the Fund in accordance with any requirements that may be prescribed.

(4) The National Treasury must establish appropriate and effective cash management and banking arrangements for the National Revenue Fund.

(5) The National Treasury must ensure that there is at all times sufficient money in the National Revenue Fund.

12. Deposits and withdrawals by South African Revenue Services in Revenue Funds.—(1) The South African Revenue Services must promptly deposit into a Revenue Fund all taxes, levies, duties, fees and other moneys collected by it for that Revenue Fund, in accordance with a framework determined by the National Treasury.

(2) The South African Revenue Services may, despite section 15 (1), withdraw money from the National Revenue Fund—

(a) to refund any tax, levy or duty credits or any other charges in connection with taxes, levies or duties;

(b) to make other refunds approved by the National Treasury; or

(c) to transfer to a member of the South African Customs Union any money collected on its behalf.

(3) The National Treasury must promptly transfer all taxes, levies, duties, fees and other moneys collected by the South African Revenue Services for a province and deposited into the National Revenue Fund, to that province’s Provincial Revenue Fund.

(4) Withdrawals in terms of subsection (2) or (3) are direct charges against the National Revenue Fund.

13. Deposits into National Revenue Fund.—(1) All money received by the national government must be paid into the National Revenue Fund, except money received by—

(a) . . . . . . [Para. (a) repealed by s. 72 (b) (iii) of Act No. 10 of 2009.]

(b) a national public entity;

(c) the South African Reserve Bank;

(d) the Auditor-General;

(e) the national government from donor agencies which in terms of legislation or the agreement with the donor, must be paid to the Reconstruction and Development Programme Fund;

(f) a national department—

(i) operating a trading entity, if the money is received in the ordinary course of operating the trading entity;
14. Withdrawal of exclusions.—(1) The National Treasury may withdraw, from a date determined by it, any exclusion granted to a national department, a constitutional institution or a national public entity in terms of section 13 (1), either with regard to all money or with regard to money of a specific kind received by that department, constitutional institution or public entity, if—

(a) the exclusion is not reasonable within the context of section 213 of the Constitution; or

(b) the National Treasury regards the withdrawal of the exclusion to be necessary for transparency or more effective and accountable financial management.

(2) The exclusion in terms of section 13 (1) of the following public entities may not be withdrawn:

(a) A national government business enterprise which is a company and in which the state is not the sole shareholder; and

(b) the national public entities listed in Schedule 2.

(3) From the date on which the withdrawal of an exclusion in terms of subsection (1) takes effect until the end of the relevant financial year, the National Treasury may transfer money from the National Revenue Fund, as a direct charge against the Fund, to the national department or public entity affected by the withdrawal, provided that the amount of the transfer does not exceed the amount that would otherwise have been excluded from payment into the Fund.

(4) The Minister must promptly inform Parliament of any withdrawal of an exclusion in terms of subsection (1).

15. Withdrawals and investments from National Revenue Fund.—(1) Only the National Treasury may withdraw money from the National Revenue Fund, and may do so only—

(a) to provide funds that have been authorised—

(i) in terms of an appropriation by an Act of Parliament; or

(ii) as a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund provided for in the Constitution or this Act, or in any other Act of Parliament provided the direct charge in such a case is listed in Schedule 5;

(b) to refund money invested by a province in the National Revenue Fund; or

(c) to refund money incorrectly paid into, or which is not due to, the National Revenue Fund.

(2) A payment in terms of subsection (1) (b) or (c) is a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund.

(3) (a) The National Treasury may invest temporarily, in the Republic or elsewhere, money in the National Revenue Fund that is not immediately needed.

(b) When money in the National Revenue Fund is invested, the investment, including interest earned, is regarded as part of the National Revenue Fund.

16. Use of funds in emergency situations.—(1) The Minister may authorise the use of funds from the National Revenue Fund to defray expenditure of an exceptional nature which is currently not provided for and which cannot, without serious prejudice to the public interest, be postponed to a future parliamentary appropriation of funds.

(2) The combined amount of any authorisations in terms of subsection (1), may not exceed two per cent of
the total amount appropriated in the annual national budget for the current financial year.

(3) An amount authorised in terms of subsection (1) is a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund.

(4) An amount authorised in terms of subsection (1) must—

(a) be reported to Parliament and the Auditor-General within 14 days, or if the funds are authorised for
    the deployment of the security services, within a period determined by the President; and

(b) be attributed to a vote.

(5) A report to Parliament in terms of subsection (4) (a) must be submitted to the National Assembly for
    tabling in the Assembly and made public.

(6) Expenditure in terms of subsection (1) must be included either in the next adjustments budget for the
    financial year in which the expenditure is authorised or in other appropriation legislation tabled in the National
    Assembly within 120 days of the Minister authorising the expenditure, whichever is the sooner.

CHAPTER 3
PROVINCIAL TREASURIES AND PROVINCIAL REVENUE FUNDS
[Chapter 3 inserted by s. 6 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

Part 1: Provincial Treasuries

17. Establishment.—(1) There is a provincial treasury for each province, consisting of—

(a) the MEC for finance in the province, who is the head of the provincial treasury; and

(b) the provincial department responsible for financial matters in the province.

(2) The MEC for finance as the head of a provincial treasury takes the policy and other decisions of the
    treasury, except those decisions taken as a result of a delegation or instruction in terms of section 20.
    [S. 17 inserted by s. 6 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

18. Functions and powers.—(1) A provincial treasury must—

(a) prepare the provincial budget;

(b) exercise control over the implementation of the provincial budget;

(c) promote and enforce transparency and effective management in respect of revenue, expenditure,
    assets and liabilities of provincial departments and provincial public entities; and

(d) ensure that its fiscal policies do not materially and unreasonably prejudice national economic policies.

(2) A provincial treasury—

(a) must issue provincial treasury instructions not inconsistent with this Act;

    (Date of commencement of para. (a): 31 August, 2001.)

(b) must enforce this Act and any prescribed national and provincial norms and standards, including any
    prescribed standards of generally recognised accounting practice and uniform classification systems,
    in provincial departments;

(c) must comply with the annual Division of Revenue Act, and monitor and assess the implementation of
    that Act in provincial public entities;

(d) must monitor and assess the implementation in provincial public entities of national and provincial
    norms and standards;

(e) may assist provincial departments and provincial public entities in building their capacity for efficient,
    effective and transparent financial management;

(f) may investigate any system of financial management and internal control applied by a provincial
    department or a provincial public entity;

(g) must intervene by taking appropriate steps, which may include the withholding of funds, to address a
    serious or persistent material breach of this Act by a provincial department or a provincial public
    entity;

(h) must promptly provide any information required by the National Treasury in terms of this Act; and

(i) may do anything further that is necessary to fulfil its responsibilities effectively.
    [S. 18 inserted by s. 6 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

19. Annual consolidated financial statements.—(1) A provincial treasury must—
prepare consolidated financial statements, in accordance with generally recognised accounting practice, for each financial year in respect of—

(i) provincial departments in the province;
(ii) public entities under the ownership control of the provincial executive of the province; and
(iii) the provincial legislature in the province; and

(b) submit those statements to the Auditor-General within three months after the end of that financial year.

(2) The Auditor-General must audit the consolidated financial statements and submit an audit report on the statements to the provincial treasury of the province concerned within three months of receipt of the statements.

(3) The MEC for finance in a province must submit the consolidated financial statements and the audit report, within one month of receiving the report from the Auditor-General, to the provincial legislature for tabling in the legislature.

(4) The consolidated financial statements must be made public when submitted to the provincial legislature.

(5) If the MEC for finance fails to submit the consolidated financial statements and the Auditor-General’s audit report on those statements to the provincial legislature within seven months after the end of the financial year to which those statements relate—

(a) the MEC must submit to the legislature a written explanation setting out the reasons why they were not submitted; and

(b) the Auditor-General may issue a special report on the delay.

[Date of commencement of s. 19: 1 April, 2003.]
22. **Deposits into Provincial Revenue Funds.**—(1) All money received by a provincial government, including the province’s equitable share, and grants made to it, in terms of the annual Division of Revenue Act, must be paid into the province’s Provincial Revenue Fund, except money received by—

(a) the provincial legislature in the province;
(b) a provincial public entity in the province;
(c) the provincial government from donor agencies which in terms of legislation or the agreement with the donor, must be paid to the Reconstruction and Development Programme Fund;
(d) a provincial department in the province—
   (i) operating a trading entity, if the money is received in the ordinary course of operating the trading entity;
   (ii) in trust for a specific person or category of persons or for a specific purpose;
   (iii) from another department to render an agency service on behalf of that department;
   (iv) in terms of the annual Division of Revenue Act, if the money is exempted by that Act from payment into the Revenue Fund; or
   (v) if the money is of a kind described in Schedule 4.

(2) The exclusion in subsection (1) (b) does not apply to a provincial public entity in the province which is not listed in Schedule 3 but which, in terms of section 47, is required to be listed.

(Date of commencement of sub-s. (2): 1 April, 2001.)

(3) Draft legislation that excludes money from payment into a Provincial Revenue Fund may be introduced in Parliament only after the Minister has been consulted on the reasonableness of the exclusion and has consented to the exclusion.

(4) Any legislation inconsistent with subsection (1) is of no force and effect to the extent of the inconsistency.

(5) Money received by a provincial legislature or a provincial public entity listed in Schedule 3 must be paid into a bank account opened by the entity concerned.

[S. 22 inserted by s. 6 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

23. **Withdrawal of exclusions from Provincial Revenue Funds.**—(1) The National Treasury, after having consulted the relevant provincial treasury, may withdraw, from a date determined by it, any exclusion granted to a provincial department or provincial public entity in terms of section 22 (1), either with regard to all money or with regard to money of a specific kind received by that department or public entity, if—

(a) the exclusion is not reasonable within the context of section 226 of the Constitution; or

(b) the National Treasury regards the withdrawal of the exclusion to be necessary for transparency or more effective and accountable financial management.

(2) The exclusion in terms of section 22 (1) of a provincial government business enterprise which is a company and in which the relevant province is not the sole shareholder, may not be withdrawn, provided the National Treasury has given its prior written approval to the province to participate in a company that is not wholly owned by the province.

(3) From the date on which the withdrawal of an exclusion in terms of subsection (1) takes effect until the end of the relevant financial year, a provincial treasury may transfer money from the Provincial Revenue Fund, as a direct charge against the Fund, to the provincial department or provincial public entity affected by the withdrawal of the exclusion—

(a) if a provincial Act provides for the transfer to be a direct charge; and

(b) provided that the amount of the transfer does not exceed the amount that would otherwise have been excluded from payment into the Fund.

(4) The Minister must promptly inform Parliament of any withdrawal of an exclusion in terms of subsection (1).

[S. 23 inserted by s. 6 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

24. **Withdrawals and investments from Provincial Revenue Funds.**—(1) Only a provincial treasury may withdraw money from a Provincial Revenue Fund, and may do so only—

(a) to provide funds that have been authorised—
   (i) in terms of an appropriation by a provincial Act; or
(ii) as a direct charge against the Provincial Revenue Fund provided for in the Constitution or a provincial Act;

(b) to refund money incorrectly paid into, or which is not due to, the Provincial Revenue Fund; or

c) to deposit into or invest money in the National Revenue Fund.

(2) A payment in terms of subsection (1) (b) or (c) is a direct charge against a Provincial Revenue Fund if a provincial Act so provides.

(3) (a) A provincial treasury, in accordance with a prescribed framework, may invest temporarily in the Republic money in the province’s Provincial Revenue Fund that is not immediately needed.

(b) When money in a Provincial Revenue Fund is invested, the investment, including interest earned, is regarded as part of that Fund.

[S. 24 inserted by s. 6 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

25. Use of funds in emergency situations.—(1) The MEC for finance in a province may authorise the use of funds from that province’s Provincial Revenue Fund to defray expenditure of an exceptional nature which is currently not provided for and which cannot, without serious prejudice to the public interest in the province, be postponed to a future appropriation by the provincial legislature.

(2) The combined amount of any authorisations in terms of subsection (1) may not exceed two per cent of the total amount appropriated in the annual provincial budget for the current financial year.

(3) An amount authorised in terms of subsection (1) is a direct charge against the Provincial Revenue Fund if a provincial Act so provides.

(4) An amount authorised in terms of subsection (1) must—

(a) be reported to the provincial legislature and the Auditor-General within 14 days; and

(b) be attributed to a vote.

(5) A report to a provincial legislature in terms of subsection (4) (a) must be submitted to the provincial legislature for tabling in the legislature and made public.

(6) Expenditure in terms of subsection (1) must be included either in the next provincial adjustments budget for the financial year in which the expenditure is authorised, or in other appropriation legislation tabled in the provincial legislature within 120 days of the MEC for finance in the province authorising the expenditure, whichever is the sooner.

[S. 25 inserted by s. 6 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

CHAPTER 4
NATIONAL AND PROVINCIAL BUDGETS
[Heading substituted by s. 8 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

26. Annual appropriations.—Parliament and each provincial legislature must appropriate money for each financial year for the requirements of the state and the province, respectively.

[S. 26 substituted by s. 9 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

27. National annual budgets.—(1) The Minister must table the annual budget for a financial year in the National Assembly before the start of that financial year or, in exceptional circumstances, on a date as soon as possible after the start of that financial year, as the Minister may determine.

(2) The MEC for finance in a province must table the provincial annual budget for a financial year in the provincial legislature not later than two weeks after the tabling of the national annual budget, but the Minister may approve an extension of time for the tabling of a provincial budget.

[Sub-s. (2) inserted by s. 10 (a) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(3) An annual budget must be in accordance with a format as may be prescribed, and must at least contain—

(a) estimates of all revenue expected to be raised during the financial year to which the budget relates;

(b) estimates of current expenditure for that financial year per vote and per main division within the vote;

(c) estimates of interest and debt servicing charges, and any repayments on loans;

(d) estimates of capital expenditure per vote and per main division within a vote for that financial year and the projected financial implications of that expenditure for future financial years;

(e) estimates of revenue excluded in terms of section 13 (1) or 22 (1) from the relevant Revenue Fund for that financial year;

[Para. (e) substituted by s. 10 (b) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(Date of commencement of para. (e): 31 August, 2001.)
(f) estimates of all direct charges against the relevant Revenue Fund and standing appropriations for that financial year;

[Para. (f) substituted by s. 10 (c) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(g) proposals for financing any anticipated deficit for that financial year;

(h) an indication of intentions regarding borrowing and other forms of public liability that will increase public debt during that financial year and future financial years;

(i) the projected—

(i) revenue for the previous financial year;

(ii) expenditure per vote, and per main division within the vote, for the previous financial year; and

(iii) borrowing for the previous financial year; and

(j) any other information as may be prescribed, including any multi-year budget information.

(4) When the annual budget is introduced in the National Assembly or a provincial legislature, the accounting officer for each department must submit to Parliament or the provincial legislature, as may be appropriate, measurable objectives for each main division within the department’s vote. The relevant treasury may co-ordinate these submissions and consolidate them in one document.

[Sub-s. (4) substituted by s. 10 (d) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(Date of commencement of sub-s. (4): 1 August, 2002.)

28. Multi-year budget projections.—(1) The Minister and the MEC for finance in a province must annually table in the National Assembly and in that province’s provincial legislature, respectively, a multi-year budget projection of—

(a) the estimated revenue expected to be raised during each year of the multi-year period; and

(b) the estimated expenditure expected to be incurred per vote during each year of the multi-year period, differentiating between capital and current expenditure.

[Sub-s. (1) amended by s. 11 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(2) A multi-year budget projection tabled by the Minister must contain the Minister’s key macro-economic projections.

29. Expenditure before annual budget is passed.—(1) If an annual budget is not passed before the start of the financial year to which it relates, funds may be withdrawn in accordance with this section from the relevant Revenue Fund for the services of the state or the province concerned during that financial year as direct charges against the Fund until the budget is passed.

[Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 12 (a) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(2) Funds withdrawn from a Revenue Fund in terms of subsection (1)—

(a) may be utilised only for services for which funds were appropriated in the previous annual budget or adjustments budget; and

(b) may not—

(i) during the first four months of that financial year, exceed 45 per cent of the total amount appropriated in the previous annual budget;

(ii) during each of the following months, exceed 10 per cent of the total amount appropriated in the previous annual budget; and

(iii) in aggregate, exceed the total amount appropriated in the previous annual budget.

(3) The funds provided for in subsection (1) are not additional to funds appropriated for the relevant financial year, and any funds withdrawn in terms of that subsection must be regarded as forming part of the funds appropriated in the relevant annual budget for that financial year.

[Sub-s. (3) substituted by s. 12 (b) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(4) This section does not apply in respect of a province unless a provincial Act provides that the withdrawal of funds in terms of this section is a direct charge against that province’s Revenue Fund.

[Sub-s. (4) added by s. 12 (c) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

30. National adjustments budgets.—(1) The Minister may table an adjustments budget in the National Assembly as and when necessary.

(2) A national adjustments budget may only provide for—

(a) adjustments required due to significant and unforeseeable economic and financial events affecting
the fiscal targets set by the annual budget;
(b) unforeseeable and unavoidable expenditure recommended by the national executive or any committee of Cabinet members to whom this task has been assigned;
(c) any expenditure in terms of section 16;
(d) money to be appropriated for expenditure already announced by the Minister during the tabling of the annual budget;
(e) the shifting of funds between and within votes or to follow the transfer of functions in terms of section 42;
(f) the utilisation of savings under a main division of a vote for the defrayment of excess expenditure under another main division of the same vote in terms of section 43; and
(g) the roll-over of unspent funds from the preceding financial year.

31. Provincial adjustments budgets.—(1) The MEC for finance in a province may table an adjustments budget in the provincial legislature, subject to subsection (3).

(2) An adjustments budget of a province may only provide for—

(a) the appropriation of funds that have become available to the province;
(b) unforeseeable and unavoidable expenditure recommended by the provincial Executive Council of the province within a framework determined by the Minister;
(c) any expenditure in terms of section 25;
(d) money to be appropriated for expenditure already announced by the MEC for finance during the tabling of the annual budget;
(e) the shifting of funds between and within votes or to follow the transfer of functions in terms of section 42;
(f) the utilisation of savings under a main division within a vote for the defrayment of excess expenditure under another main division within the same vote in terms of section 43; and
(g) the roll-over of unspent funds from the preceding financial year.

(3) The Minister may determine the time when an adjustments budget may be tabled in a provincial legislature, as well as the format for such budgets.

[S. 31 inserted by s. 13 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

32. Publishing of reports on state of budget.—(1) Within 30 days after the end of each month, the National Treasury must publish in the national Government Gazette a statement of actual revenue and expenditure with regard to the National Revenue Fund.

(2) After the end of a prescribed period, but at least quarterly, every provincial treasury must submit to the National Treasury a statement of revenue and expenditure with regard to the Revenue Fund for which that treasury is responsible, for publication in the national Government Gazette within 30 days after the end of each prescribed period.

[Sub-s. (2) inserted by s. 14 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(3) The statement must specify the following amounts and compare those amounts in each instance with the corresponding budgeted amounts for the relevant financial year:

(a) The actual revenue for the relevant period, and for the financial year up to the end of that period;
(b) the actual expenditure per vote (distinguishing between capital and current expenditure) for that period, and for the financial year up to the end of that period; and
(c) actual borrowings for that period, and for the financial year up to the end of that period.

(4) The National Treasury may determine—

(a) the format of the statement of revenue and expenditure; and
(b) any other detail the statement must contain.

33. Withholding of appropriated funds.—The relevant treasury—

(a) may withhold from a department any remaining funds appropriated for a specific function if that function is transferred to another department or any other institution; and
(b) must allocate those remaining funds to that other department or institution.

[S. 33 amended by s. 15 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]
34. **Unauthorised expenditure.**—(1) Unauthorised expenditure does not become a charge against a Revenue Fund except when—

   (a) the expenditure is an overspending of a vote and Parliament or a provincial legislature, as may be appropriate, approves, as a direct charge against the relevant Revenue Fund, an additional amount for that vote which covers the overspending; or

   (b) the expenditure is unauthorised for another reason and Parliament or a provincial legislature, as may be appropriate, authorises the expenditure as a direct charge against the relevant Revenue Fund.

   (2) If Parliament or a provincial legislature does not approve in terms of subsection (1) (a) an additional amount for the amount of any overspending, that amount becomes a charge against the funds allocated for the next or future financial years under the relevant vote.

   [S. 34 substituted by s. 16 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

35. **Unfunded mandates.**—Draft national legislation that assigns an additional function or power to, or imposes any other obligation on, a provincial government, must, in a memorandum that must be introduced in Parliament with that legislation, give a projection of the financial implications of that function, power or obligation to the province.

   [S. 35 inserted by s. 17 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

### CHAPTER 5
DEPARTMENTS AND CONSTITUTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

Part 1: Appointment of Accounting Officers

36. **Accounting officers.**—(1) Every department and every constitutional institution must have an accounting officer.

   (2) Subject to subsection (3)—

   (a) the head of a department must be the accounting officer for the department; and

   (b) the chief executive officer of a constitutional institution must be the accounting officer for that institution.

   (3) The relevant treasury may, in exceptional circumstances, approve or instruct in writing that a person other than the person mentioned in subsection (2) be the accounting officer for—

   (a) a department or a constitutional institution; or

   (b) a trading entity within a department.

   [Sub-s. (3) amended by s. 18 (a) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

   (4) The relevant treasury may at any time withdraw in writing an approval or instruction in terms of subsection (3).

   [Sub-s. (4) substituted by s. 18 (b) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

   (5) The employment contract of an accounting officer for a department, trading entity or constitutional institution must be in writing and, where possible, include performance standards. The provisions of sections 38 to 42, as may be appropriate, are regarded as forming part of each such contract.

37. **Acting accounting officers.**—When an accounting officer is absent or otherwise unable to perform the functions of accounting officer, or during a vacancy, the functions of accounting officer must be performed by the official acting in the place of that accounting officer.

Part 2: Responsibilities of Accounting Officers

38. **General responsibilities of accounting officers.**—(1) The accounting officer for a department, trading entity or constitutional institution—

   (a) must ensure that that department, trading entity or constitutional institution has and maintains—

      (i) effective, efficient and transparent systems of financial and risk management and internal control;

      (ii) a system of internal audit under the control and direction of an audit committee complying with and operating in accordance with regulations and instructions prescribed in terms of sections 76 and 77;

      (iii) an appropriate procurement and provisioning system which is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost-effective;

      (iv) a system for properly evaluating all major capital projects prior to a final decision on the project;

   (b) is responsible for the effective, efficient, economical and transparent use of the resources of the
department, trading entity or constitutional institution;

(c) must take effective and appropriate steps to—
   (i) collect all money due to the department, trading entity or constitutional institution;
   (ii) prevent unauthorised, irregular and fruitless and wasteful expenditure and losses resulting from
criminal conduct; and
   (iii) manage available working capital efficiently and economically;

(d) is responsible for the management, including the safe-guarding and the maintenance of the assets,
and for the management of the liabilities, of the department, trading entity or constitutional
institution;

(e) must comply with any tax, levy, duty, pension and audit commitments as may be required by
legislation;

(f) must settle all contractual obligations and pay all money owing, including inter-governmental claims,
within the prescribed or agreed period;

(g) on discovery of any unauthorised, irregular or fruitless and wasteful expenditure, must immediately
report, in writing, particulars of the expenditure to the relevant treasury and in the case of irregular
expenditure involving the procurement of goods or services, also to the relevant tender board;
[Para. (g) substituted by s. 19 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(h) must take effective and appropriate disciplinary steps against any official in the service of the
department, trading entity or constitutional institution who—
   (i) contravenes or fails to comply with a provision of this Act;
   (ii) commits an act which undermines the financial management and internal control system of the
department, trading entity or constitutional institution; or
   (iii) makes or permits an unauthorised expenditure, irregular expenditure or fruitless and wasteful
expenditure;

(i) when transferring funds in terms of the annual Division of Revenue Act, must ensure that the
provisions of that Act are complied with;

(j) before transferring any funds (other than grants in terms of the annual Division of Revenue Act or to
a constitutional institution) to an entity within or outside government, must obtain a written
assurance from the entity that the entity implements effective, efficient and transparent financial
management and internal control systems, or, if such written assurance is not or cannot be given,
render the transfer of the funds subject to conditions and remedial measures requiring the entity to
establish and implement effective, efficient and transparent financial management and internal control
systems;

(k) must enforce compliance with any prescribed conditions if the department, trading entity or
constitutional institution gives financial assistance to any entity or person;

(l) must take into account all relevant financial considerations, including issues of propriety, regularity
and value for money, when policy proposals affecting the accounting officer's responsibilities are
considered, and when necessary, bring those considerations to the attention of the responsible
executive authority;

(m) must promptly consult and seek the prior written consent of the National Treasury on any new entity
which the department or constitutional institution intends to establish or in the establishment of
which it took the initiative; and

(n) must comply, and ensure compliance by the department, trading entity or constitutional institution,
with the provisions of this Act.

(2) An accounting officer may not commit a department, trading entity or constitutional institution to any
liability for which money has not been appropriated.

(Date of commencement of sub-s. (2): 31 August, 2001.)

39. Accounting officers' responsibilities relating to budgetary control.—(1) The accounting officer for a
department is responsible for ensuring that—

(a) expenditure of that department is in accordance with the vote of the department and the main
divisions within the vote; and

(b) effective and appropriate steps are taken to prevent unauthorised expenditure.

(2) An accounting officer, for the purposes of subsection (1), must—

(a) take effective and appropriate steps to prevent any overspending of the vote of the department or a
main division within the vote;
(b) report to the executive authority and the relevant treasury any impending—
   (i) under collection of revenue due;
   (ii) shortfalls in budgeted revenue; and
   (iii) overspending of the department’s vote or a main division within the vote; and
   [Para. (b) amended by s. 20 (a) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(c) comply with any remedial measures imposed by the relevant treasury in terms of this Act to prevent overspending of the vote or a main division within the vote.
   [Para. (c) substituted by s. 20 (b) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

40. Accounting officers’ reporting responsibilities.—(1) The accounting officer for a department, trading entity or constitutional institution—
   (a) must keep full and proper records of the financial affairs of the department, trading entity or constitutional institution in accordance with any prescribed norms and standards;
   (b) must prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with generally recognized accounting practice;
   (c) must submit those financial statements within two months after the end of the financial year to—
      (i) the Auditor-General for auditing; and
      (ii) the relevant treasury to enable that treasury to prepare consolidated financial statements in terms of section 8 or 19;
      [Sub-para. (ii) substituted by s. 21 (a) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]
   (d) must submit within five months of the end of a financial year to the relevant treasury and, in the case of a department or trading entity, also to the executive authority responsible for that department or trading entity—
      (i) an annual report on the activities of that department, trading entity or constitutional institution during that financial year;
      (ii) the financial statements for that financial year after those statements have been audited; and
      (iii) the Auditor-General’s report on those statements;
      [Para. (d) amended by s. 21 (b) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]
   (e) must, in the case of a constitutional institution, submit to Parliament that institution’s annual report and financial statements referred to in paragraph (d), and the Auditor-General’s report on those statements, within one month after the accounting officer received the Auditor-General’s audit report; and
   (f) is responsible for the submission by the department or constitutional institution of all reports, returns, notices and other information to Parliament, the relevant provincial legislature, an executive authority, the relevant treasury or the Auditor-General, as may be required by this Act.
   [Para. (f) substituted by s. 21 (c) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(2) The Auditor-General must audit the financial statements referred to in subsection (1) (b) and submit an audit report on those statements to the accounting officer within two months of receipt of the statements.

(3) The annual report and audited financial statements referred to in subsection (1) (d) must—
   (a) fairly present the state of affairs of the department, trading entity or constitutional institution, its business, its financial results, its performance against predetermined objectives and its financial position as at the end of the financial year concerned; and
   (b) include particulars of—
      (i) any material losses through criminal conduct, and any unauthorised expenditure, irregular expenditure and fruitless and wasteful expenditure, that occurred during the financial year;
      (ii) any criminal or disciplinary steps taken as a result of such losses, unauthorised expenditure, irregular expenditure and fruitless and wasteful expenditure;
      (iii) any material losses recovered or written off; and
      (iv) any other matters that may be prescribed.

(4) The accounting officer of a department must—
   (a) each year before the beginning of a financial year provide the relevant treasury in the prescribed format with a breakdown per month of the anticipated revenue and expenditure of that department for that financial year;
(b) each month submit information in the prescribed format on actual revenue and expenditure for the preceding month and the amounts anticipated for that month in terms of paragraph (a); and

(c) within 15 days of the end of each month submit to the relevant treasury and the executive authority responsible for that department—

(i) the information for that month;

(ii) a projection of expected expenditure and revenue collection for the remainder of the current financial year; and

(iii) when necessary, an explanation of any material variances and a summary of the steps that are taken to ensure that the projected expenditure and revenue remain within budget.

(5) If an accounting officer is unable to comply with any of the responsibilities determined for accounting officers in this Part, the accounting officer must promptly report the inability, together with reasons, to the relevant executive authority and treasury.

41. Information to be submitted by accounting officers.—An accounting officer for a department, trading entity or constitutional institution must submit to the relevant treasury or the Auditor-General, such information, returns, documents, explanations and motivations as may be prescribed or as the relevant treasury or the Auditor-General may require.

42. Accounting officers’ responsibilities when assets and liabilities are transferred.—(1) When assets or liabilities of a department are transferred to another department or other institution in terms of legislation or following a reorganisation of functions, the accounting officer for the transferring department must—

(a) draw up an inventory of such assets and liabilities; and

(b) provide the accounting officer for the receiving department or other institution with substantiating records, including personnel records of staff to be transferred.

(2) Both the accounting officer for the transferring department and the accounting officer for the receiving department or other institution must sign the inventory when the transfer takes place.

(3) The accounting officer for the transferring department must file a copy of the signed inventory with the relevant treasury and the Auditor-General within 14 days of the transfer.

43. Virement between main divisions within votes.—(1) An accounting officer for a department may utilise a saving in the amount appropriated under a main division within a vote towards the defrayment of excess expenditure under another main division within the same vote, unless the relevant treasury directs otherwise.

(2) The amount of a saving under a main division of a vote that may be utilised in terms of subsection (1), may not exceed eight per cent of the amount appropriated under that main division.

(3) An accounting officer must within seven days submit a report containing the prescribed particulars concerning the utilisation of a saving in terms of subsection (1), to the executive authority responsible for the department and to the relevant treasury.

(4) This section does not authorise the utilisation of a saving in—

(a) an amount specifically and exclusively appropriated for a purpose mentioned under a main division within a vote;

(b) an amount appropriated for transfer to another institution; and

(c) an amount appropriated for capital expenditure in order to defray current expenditure.

(5) A utilisation of a saving in terms of subsection (1) is a direct charge against the relevant Revenue Fund provided that, in the case of a province, that province enacts such utilisation as a direct charge.

(6) The National Treasury may by regulation or instruction in terms of section 76 regulate the application of this section.

Part 3: Other Officials of Departments and Constitutional Institutions

44. Assignment of powers and duties by accounting officers.—(1) The accounting officer for a department, trading entity or constitutional institution may—
in writing delegate any of the powers entrusted or delegated to the accounting officer in terms of this Act, to an official in that department, trading entity or constitutional institution; or

(b) instruct any official in that department, trading entity or constitutional institution to perform any of the duties assigned to the accounting officer in terms of this Act.

(2) A delegation or instruction to an official in terms of subsection (1)—

(a) is subject to any limitations and conditions prescribed in terms of this Act or as the relevant treasury may impose;

[Para. (a) substituted by s. 25 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(b) is subject to any limitations and conditions the accounting officer may impose;

(c) may either be to a specific individual or to the holder of a specific post in the relevant department, trading entity or constitutional institution; and

(d) does not divest the accounting officer of the responsibility concerning the exercise of the delegated power or the performance of the assigned duty.

(3) The accounting officer may confirm, vary or revoke any decision taken by an official as a result of a delegation or instruction in terms of subsection (1), subject to any rights that may have become vested as a consequence of the decision.

45. Responsibilities of other officials.—An official in a department, trading entity or constitutional institution—

(a) must ensure that the system of financial management and internal control established for that department, trading entity or constitutional institution is carried out within the area of responsibility of that official;

(b) is responsible for the effective, efficient, economical and transparent use of financial and other resources within that official's area of responsibility;

(c) must take effective and appropriate steps to prevent, within that official's area of responsibility, any unauthorised expenditure, irregular expenditure and fruitless and wasteful expenditure and any under collection of revenue due;

(d) must comply with the provisions of this Act to the extent applicable to that official, including any delegations and instructions in terms of section 44; and

(e) is responsible for the management, including the safe-guarding, of the assets and the management of the liabilities within that official's area of responsibility.

CHAPTER 6
PUBLIC ENTITIES

Part 1: Application of this Chapter

46. Application.—The provisions of this Chapter apply, to the extent indicated, to all public entities listed in Schedule 2 or 3.

47. Unlisted public entities.—(1) The Minister, by notice in the national Government Gazette—

(a) must amend Schedule 3 to include in the list all public entities that are not listed; and

(b) may make technical changes to the list.

[General Note: Amended list of public entities has been published under General Notice No. 3366 in Government Gazette 25778 of 5 December, 2003.]

(2) The accounting authority for a public entity that is not listed in either Schedule 2 or 3 must, without delay, notify the National Treasury, in writing, that the public entity is not listed.

(3) Subsection (2) does not apply to an unlisted public entity that is a subsidiary of a public entity, whether the latter entity is listed or not.

(4) The Minister may not list the following institutions in Schedule 3:

(a) A constitutional institution, the South African Reserve Bank and the Auditor-General;

(b) any public institution which functions outside the sphere of national or provincial government; and

[Para. (b) substituted by s. 26 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(c) any institution of higher education.

48. Classification of public entities.—(1) The Minister may by notice in the national Government Gazette classify public entities listed in Schedule 3 in accordance with the relevant definitions set out in section 1, as—
49. **Accounting authorities.**—(1) Every public entity must have an authority which must be accountable for the purposes of this Act.

(2) If the public entity—

(a) has a board or other controlling body, that board or controlling body is the accounting authority for that entity; or

(b) does not have a controlling body, the chief executive officer or the other person in charge of the public entity is the accounting authority for that public entity unless specific legislation applicable to that public entity designates another person as the accounting authority.

(3) The relevant treasury, in exceptional circumstances, may approve or instruct that another functionary of a public entity must be the accounting authority for that public entity.

(4) The relevant treasury may at any time withdraw an approval or instruction in terms of subsection (3).

(5) A public entity must inform the Auditor-General promptly and in writing of any approval or instruction in terms of subsection (3) and any withdrawal of an approval or instruction in terms of subsection (4).

50. **Fiduciary duties of accounting authorities.**—(1) The accounting authority for a public entity must—

(a) exercise the duty of utmost care to ensure reasonable protection of the assets and records of the public entity;

(b) act with fidelity, honesty, integrity and in the best interests of the public entity in managing the financial affairs of the public entity;

(c) on request, disclose to the executive authority responsible for that public entity or the legislature to which the public entity is accountable, all material facts, including those reasonably discoverable, which in any way may influence the decisions or actions of the executive authority or that legislature; and

(d) seek, within the sphere of influence of that accounting authority, to prevent any prejudice to the financial interests of the state.

(2) A member of an accounting authority or, if the accounting authority is not a board or other body, the individual who is the accounting authority, may not—

(a) act in a way that is inconsistent with the responsibilities assigned to an accounting authority in terms of this Act; or

(b) use the position or privileges of, or confidential information obtained as, accounting authority or a member of an accounting authority, for personal gain or to improperly benefit another person.

(3) A member of an accounting authority must—

(a) disclose to the accounting authority any direct or indirect personal or private business interest that that member or any spouse, partner or close family member may have in any matter before the accounting authority; and

(b) withdraw from the proceedings of the accounting authority when that matter is considered, unless the accounting authority decides that the member’s direct or indirect interest in the matter is trivial or irrelevant.

51. **General responsibilities of accounting authorities.**—(1) An accounting authority for a public entity—

(a) must ensure that that public entity has and maintains—
(i) effective, efficient and transparent systems of financial and risk management and internal control;
(ii) a system of internal audit under the control and direction of an audit committee complying with
and operating in accordance with regulations and instructions prescribed in terms of sections 76
and 77; and
(iii) an appropriate procurement and provisioning system which is fair, equitable, transparent,
competitive and cost-effective;
(iv) a system for properly evaluating all major capital projects prior to a final decision on the project;

(b) must take effective and appropriate steps to—
(i) collect all revenue due to the public entity concerned; and
(ii) prevent irregular expenditure, fruitless and wasteful expenditure, losses resulting from criminal
conduct, and expenditure not complying with the operational policies of the public entity; and
(iii) manage available working capital efficiently and economically;

(c) is responsible for the management, including the safe-guarding, of the assets and for the
management of the revenue, expenditure and liabilities of the public entity;

(d) must comply with any tax, levy, duty, pension and audit commitments as required by legislation;

(e) must take effective and appropriate disciplinary steps against any employee of the public entity who
—
(i) contravenes or fails to comply with a provision of this Act;
(ii) commits an act which undermines the financial management and internal control system of the
public entity; or
(iii) makes or permits an irregular expenditure or a fruitless and wasteful expenditure;

(f) is responsible for the submission to the public entity of all reports, returns, notices and other
information to Parliament or the relevant provincial legislature and to the relevant executive authority
or treasury, as may be required by this Act;

[Para. (f) substituted by s. 29 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(g) must promptly inform the National Treasury on any new entity which that public entity intends to
establish or in the establishment of which it takes the initiative, and allow the National Treasury a
reasonable time to submit its decision prior to formal establishment; and

(h) must comply, and ensure compliance by the public entity, with the provisions of this Act and any other
legislation applicable to the public entity.

(2) If an accounting authority is unable to comply with any of the responsibilities determined for an
accounting authority in this Part, the accounting authority must promptly report the inability, together with reasons,
to the relevant executive authority and treasury.

52. Annual budget and corporate plan by Schedule 2 public entities and government business
enterprises.—The accounting authority for a public entity listed in Schedule 2 or a government business enterprise
listed in Schedule 3 must submit to the accounting officer for a department designated by the executive authority
responsible for that public entity or government business enterprise, and to the relevant treasury, at least one
month, or another period agreed with the National Treasury, before the start of its financial year—

(a) a projection of revenue, expenditure and borrowings for that financial year in the prescribed format; and

(b) a corporate plan in the prescribed format covering the affairs of that public entity or business
enterprise for the following three financial years, and, if it has subsidiaries, also the affairs of the
subsidiaries.

[S. 52 amended by s. 30 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(Date of commencement of s. 52: 1 April, 2001.)

53. Annual budgets by non-business Schedule 3 public entities.—(1) The accounting authority for a public
entity listed in Schedule 3 which is not a government business enterprise must submit to the executive authority
responsible for that public entity, at least six months before the start of the financial year of the department
designated in terms of subsection (2) or another period agreed to between the executive authority and the public
entity, a budget of estimated revenue and expenditure for that financial year, for approval by the executive
authority.

(2) The budget must be submitted to the executive authority through the accounting officer for a department
designated by the executive authority, who may make recommendations to the executive authority with regard to
the approval or amendment of the budget.

(3) A public entity which must submit a budget in terms of subsection (1), may not budget for a deficit and
may not accumulate surpluses unless the prior written approval of the National Treasury has been obtained.

(4) The accounting authority for such a public entity is responsible for ensuring that expenditure of that public entity is in accordance with the approved budget.

(5) The National Treasury may regulate the application of this section by regulation or instruction in terms of section 76.

54. Information to be submitted by accounting authorities.—(1) The accounting authority for a public entity must submit to the relevant treasury or the Auditor-General such information, returns, documents, explanations and motivations as may be prescribed or as the relevant treasury or the Auditor-General may require.

[Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 31 (a) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(2) Before a public entity concludes any of the following transactions, the accounting authority for the public entity must promptly and in writing inform the relevant treasury of the transaction and submit relevant particulars of the transaction to its executive authority for approval of the transaction:

(a) establishment or participation in the establishment of a company;
(b) participation in a significant partnership, trust, unincorporated joint venture or similar arrangement;
(c) acquisition or disposal of a significant shareholding in a company;
(d) acquisition or disposal of a significant asset;
(e) commencement or cessation of a significant business activity; and
(f) a significant change in the nature or extent of its interest in a significant partnership, trust, unincorporated joint venture or similar arrangement.

[Sub-s. (2) amended by s. 31 (b) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(3) A public entity may assume that approval has been given if it receives no response from the executive authority on a submission in terms of subsection (2) within 30 days or within a longer period as may be agreed to between itself and the executive authority.

(4) The executive authority may exempt a public entity listed in Schedule 2 or 3 from subsection (2).

55. Annual report and financial statements.—(1) The accounting authority for a public entity—

(a) must keep full and proper records of the financial affairs of the public entity;
(b) prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice, unless the Accounting Standards Board approves the application of generally recognised accounting practice for that public entity;
(c) must submit those financial statements within two months after the end of the financial year—

(i) to the auditors of the public entity for auditing; and
(ii) if it is a business enterprise or other public entity under the ownership control of the national or a provincial government, to the relevant treasury; and

[Sub-para. (ii) substituted by s. 32 (a) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(d) must submit within five months of the end of a financial year to the relevant treasury, to the executive authority responsible for that public entity and, if the Auditor-General did not perform the audit of the financial statements, to the Auditor-General—

(i) an annual report on the activities of that public entity during that financial year;
(ii) the financial statements for that financial year after the statements have been audited; and
(iii) the report of the auditors on those statements.

[Para. (d) amended by s. 32 (b) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(2) The annual report and financial statements referred to in subsection (1) (d) must—

(a) fairly present the state of affairs of the public entity, its business, its financial results, its performance against predetermined objectives and its financial position as at the end of the financial year concerned;
(b) include particulars of—

(i) any material losses through criminal conduct and any irregular expenditure and fruitless and wasteful expenditure that occurred during the financial year:
(ii) any criminal or disciplinary steps taken as a consequence of such losses or irregular expenditure or fruitless and wasteful expenditure;
(iii) any losses recovered or written off;
(iv) any financial assistance received from the state and commitments made by the state on its behalf; and

(v) any other matters that may be prescribed; and

(c) include the financial statements of any subsidiaries.

(3) An accounting authority must submit the report and statements referred to in subsection (1) (d), for tabling in Parliament or the provincial legislature, to the relevant executive authority through the accounting officer of a department designated by the executive authority.  

[Sub-s. (3) substituted by s. 32 (c) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(4) The relevant treasury may direct that, instead of a separate report, the audited financial statements of a Schedule 3 public entity which is not a government business enterprise must be incorporated in those of a department designated by that treasury.  

[Sub-s. (4) substituted by s. 32 (d) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

Part 3: Other Officials of Public Entities

56. Assignment of powers and duties by accounting authorities.—(1) The accounting authority for a public entity may—

(a) in writing delegate any of the powers entrusted or delegated to the accounting authority in terms of this Act, to an official in that public entity; or

(b) instruct an official in that public entity to perform any of the duties assigned to the accounting authority in terms of this Act.

(2) A delegation or instruction to an official in terms of subsection (1)—

(a) is subject to any limitations and conditions the accounting authority may impose;

(b) may either be to a specific individual or to the holder of a specific post in the relevant public entity; and

(c) does not divest the accounting authority of the responsibility concerning the exercise of the delegated power or the performance of the assigned duty.

(3) The accounting authority may confirm, vary or revoke any decision taken by an official as a result of a delegation or instruction in terms of subsection (1), subject to any rights that may have become vested as a consequence of the decision.

57. Responsibilities of other officials.—An official in a public entity—

(a) must ensure that the system of financial management and internal control established for that public entity is carried out within the area of responsibility of that official;

(b) is responsible for the effective, efficient, economical and transparent use of financial and other resources within that official’s area of responsibility;

(c) must take effective and appropriate steps to prevent, within that official’s area of responsibility, any irregular expenditure and fruitless and wasteful expenditure and any under collection of revenue due;

(d) must comply with the provisions of this Act to the extent applicable to that official, including any delegations and instructions in terms of section 56; and

(e) is responsible for the management, including the safe-guarding, of the assets and the management of the liabilities within that official’s area of responsibility.

Part 4: External Auditors

58. . . . . . .  

[S. 58 repealed by s. 53 of Act No. 25 of 2004.]

59. . . . . . .  

[S. 59 repealed by s. 53 of Act No. 25 of 2004.]

60. . . . . . .  

[S. 60 repealed by s. 53 of Act No. 25 of 2004.]

61. . . . . . .  

[S. 61 repealed by s. 53 of Act No. 25 of 2004.]

62. . . . . . .
CHAPTER 7
EXECUTIVE AUTHORITIES

63. Financial responsibilities of executive authorities. — (1) (a) Executive authorities of departments must perform their statutory functions within the limits of the funds authorised for the relevant vote.

(b) In performing their statutory functions executive authorities must consider the monthly reports submitted to them in terms of section 39 (2) (b) and 40 (4) (c).

(2) The executive authority responsible for a public entity under the ownership control of the national or a provincial executive must exercise that executive’s ownership control powers to ensure that that public entity complies with this Act and the financial policies of that executive.

[Sub-s. (2) substituted by s. 34 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

64. Executive directives having financial implications. — (1) Any directive by an executive authority of a department to the accounting officer of the department having financial implications for the department must be in writing.

(2) If implementation of the directive is likely to result in unauthorised expenditure, the accounting officer will be responsible for any resulting unauthorised expenditure unless the accounting officer has informed the executive authority in writing of the likelihood of that unauthorised expenditure.

(3) Any decision of the executive authority to proceed with the implementation of the directive, and the reasons for the decision, must be in writing, and the accounting officer must promptly file a copy of this document with the National Treasury and the Auditor-General, and if a provincial department is involved, also with the relevant provincial treasury.

[Sub-s. (3) substituted by s. 35 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

65. Tabling in legislatures. — (1) The executive authority responsible for a department or public entity must table in the National Assembly or a provincial legislature, as may be appropriate—

(a) the annual report and financial statements referred to in section 40 (1) (d) or 55 (1) (d) and the audit report on those statements, within one month after the accounting officer for the department or the accounting authority for the public entity received the audit report; and

(b) the findings of a disciplinary board, and any sanctions imposed by such a board, which heard a case of financial misconduct against an accounting officer or accounting authority in terms of section 81 or 83.

[Sub-s. (1) amended by s. 36 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(2) If an executive authority fails to table, in accordance with subsection (1) (a), the annual report and financial statements of the department or the public entity, and the audit report on those statements, in the relevant legislature within six months after the end of the financial year to which those statements relate—

(a) the executive authority must table a written explanation in the legislature setting out the reasons why they were not tabled; and

(b) the Auditor-General may issue a special report on the delay.

CHAPTER 8
LOANS, GUARANTEES AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

Part 1: General principles

66. Restrictions on borrowing, guarantees and other commitments. — (1) An institution to which this Act applies may not borrow money or issue a guarantee, indemnity or security, or enter into any other transaction that binds or may bind that institution or the Revenue Fund to any future financial commitment, unless such borrowing, guarantee, indemnity, security or other transaction—

(a) is authorised by this Act; and

(b) in the case of public entities, is also authorised by other legislation not in conflict with this Act; and

(c) in the case of loans by a province or a provincial government business enterprise under the ownership control of a provincial executive, is within the limits as set in terms of the Borrowing Powers of Provincial Governments Act, 1996 (Act No. 48 of 1996).

[Para. (c) added by s. 37 (a) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(2) A government may only through the following persons borrow money, or issue a guarantee, indemnity or security, or enter into any other transaction that binds or may bind a Revenue Fund to any future financial
commitment:

(a) The National Revenue Fund: The Minister or, in the case of the issue of a guarantee, indemnity or security, the responsible Cabinet member acting with the concurrence of the Minister in terms of section 70.

(b) A Provincial Revenue Fund: The MEC for finance in the province, acting in accordance with the Borrowing Powers of Provincial Governments Act, 1996.

(3) Public entities may only through the following persons borrow money, or issue a guarantee, indemnity or security, or enter into any other transaction that binds or may bind that public entity to any future financial commitment:

(a) A public entity listed in Schedule 2: The accounting authority for that Schedule 2 public entity.

(b) A national government business enterprise listed in Schedule 3 and authorised by notice in the national Government Gazette by the Minister: The accounting authority for that government business enterprise, subject to any conditions the Minister may impose.

(c) Any other national public entity: The Minister or, in the case of the issue of a guarantee, indemnity or security, the Cabinet member who is the executive authority responsible for that public entity, acting with the concurrence of the Minister in terms of section 70.

(d) A provincial government business enterprise listed in Schedule 3 and authorised by notice in the national Government Gazette by the Minister: The MEC for finance in the province, acting with the concurrence of the Minister, subject to any conditions that the Minister may impose.

(4) Constitutional institutions and provincial public entities not mentioned in subsection (3) (d) may not borrow money, nor issue a guarantee, indemnity or security, nor enter into any other transaction that binds or may bind the institution or entity to any future financial commitment.

(5) Despite subsection (4), the Minister may in writing permit a public entity mentioned in subsection (3) (c) or (d) or a constitutional institution to borrow money for bridging purposes up to a prescribed limit, including a temporary bank overdraft, subject to such conditions as the Minister may impose.

(6) A person mentioned in subsection (2) or (3) may not delegate a power conferred in terms of that subsection, except with the prior written approval of the Minister.

(7) A public entity authorised to borrow money—

(a) must annually submit to the Minister a borrowing Programme for the year; and

(b) may not borrow money in a foreign currency above a prescribed limit, except when that public entity is a company in which the state is not the only shareholder.

67. No provincial foreign commitments.—A provincial government, including any provincial public entity, may not borrow money or issue a guarantee, indemnity or security or enter into any other transaction that binds itself to any future financial commitment, denominated in a foreign currency or concluded on a foreign financial market.

68. Consequences of unauthorised transactions.—If a person, otherwise than in accordance with section 66, lends money to an institution to which this Act applies or purports to issue on behalf of such an institution a guarantee, indemnity or security, or enters into any other transaction which purports to bind such an institution to any future financial commitment, the state and that institution is not bound by the lending contract or the guarantee, indemnity, security or other transaction.

69. Regulations on borrowing by public entities.—The Minister may regulate by regulation in terms of section 76 the borrowing of money by or for or on behalf of public entities referred to in section 66 (3) (b), (c) and (d).

70. Guarantees, indemnities and securities by Cabinet members.—(1) A Cabinet member, with the written concurrence of the Minister (given either specifically in each case or generally with regard to a category of cases and subject to any conditions approved by the Minister), may issue a guarantee, indemnity or security which binds—
(a) the National Revenue Fund in respect of a financial commitment incurred or to be incurred by the national executive; or

(b) a national public entity referred to in section 66 (3) (c) in respect of a financial commitment incurred or to be incurred by that public entity.

(Date of commencement of para. (b): 1 April, 2001.)

(2) Any payment under a guarantee, indemnity or security issued in terms of—

(a) subsection (1) (a), is a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund, and any such payment must in the first instance be defrayed from the funds budgeted for the department that is concerned with the issue of the guarantee, indemnity or security in question; and

(b) subsection (1) (b), is a charge against the national public entity concerned.

(3) A Cabinet member who seeks the Minister’s concurrence for the issue of a guarantee, indemnity or security in terms of subsection (1) (a) or (b), must provide the Minister with all relevant information as the Minister may require regarding the issue of such guarantee, indemnity or security and the relevant financial commitment.

(4) The responsible Cabinet member must at least annually report the circumstances relating to any payments under a guarantee, indemnity or security issued in terms of subsection (1) (a) or (b), to the National Assembly for tabling in the National Assembly.

Part 2: Loans by National Government

71. **Purposes for which Minister may borrow money.**—The Minister may borrow money in terms of section 66 (2) (a) for the following purposes only:

(a) To finance national budget deficits;

(b) to refinance maturing debt or a loan paid before the redemption date;

(c) to obtain foreign currency;

(d) to maintain credit balances on a bank account of the National Revenue Fund;

(e) to regulate internal monetary conditions should the necessity arise; or

(f) any other purpose approved by the National Assembly by special resolution.

72. **Signing of loan agreements.**—The Minister, on conditions determined by the Minister, may authorise another person to sign a loan agreement when the Minister borrows money in terms of section 66 (2) (a).

73. **Interest and repayments of loans to be direct charges.**—The following payments in connection with loans are direct charges against the National Revenue Fund:

(a) the repayment of money borrowed by the Minister in terms of section 66 (2) (a) or repaid in terms of section 74;

(b) the interest payable on money borrowed; and

(c) any costs associated with such borrowing and approved by the National Treasury.

74. **Repayment, conversion and consolidation of loans.**—The Minister may, on such terms and conditions as the Minister may determine, and, when necessary, with the concurrence of the lender—

(a) repay any loan prior to the redemption date of that loan;

(b) convert the loan into any other loan, or

(c) consolidate two or more loans into an existing or new loan.

75. **Obligations from lien over securities.**—Neither the Minister, nor the National Treasury is responsible for the fulfilment of any obligation resulting from any lien, whether expressed, implied or construed, held over any security issued in terms of this Act, despite the fact that the Minister or the National Treasury was notified of the lien.

CHAPTER 9
GENERAL TREASURY MATTERS

76. **Treasury regulations and instructions.**—(1) The National Treasury must make regulations or issue instructions applicable to departments, concerning—

(a) any matter that must be prescribed for departments in terms of this Act;

(b) the recovery of losses and damages;
(c) the handling of, and control over, trust money and property;
(d) the rendering of free services;
(e) the writing off of losses of state money or other state assets or amounts owed to the state;
(f) liability for losses and damages and procedures for recovery;
(g) the cancellation or variation of contracts to the detriment of the state;
(h) the settlement of claims by or against the state;
(i) the waiver of claims by the state;
(j) the remission of money due to the Revenue Fund, refunds of revenue and payments from the Revenue Fund, as an act of grace;
(k) the alienation, letting or other disposal of state assets; and
(l) gifts or donations by or to the state.

(2) The National Treasury may make regulations or issue instructions applicable to departments, concerning—

(a) any matter that may be prescribed for departments in terms of this Act;
(b) the charging of expenditure against particular votes;
(c) the establishment of and control over trading entities;
(d) the improvement and maintenance of immovable state assets;
(e) fruitless and wasteful, unauthorised and irregular expenditure;
(f) the determination of any scales of fees, other charges or rates relating to revenue accruing to, or expenditure from, a Revenue Fund;
(g) the treatment of any specific expenditure;
(h) vouchers or other proofs of receipts or payments, which are defective or have been lost or damaged;
(i) assets which accrue to the state by operation of any law; or
(j) any other matter that may facilitate the application of this Act.

(3) Regulations in terms of subsection (1) or (2) may prescribe matters for which the prior approval of a treasury must be obtained.

(4) The National Treasury may make regulations or issue instructions applicable to all institutions to which this Act applies concerning—

(a) any matter that may be prescribed for all institutions in terms of this Act;
(b) financial management and internal control;
(c) the determination of a framework for an appropriate procurement and provisioning system which is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost-effective;
(d) audit committees, their appointment and their functioning;
(e) internal audit components and their functioning;
(f) the administration of this Act; and
(g) any other matter that may facilitate the application of this Act.

(5) A treasury regulation or instruction in terms of this section may—

(a) differentiate between different categories of—

(i) institutions to which this Act applies;
(ii) accounting officers; or
(iii) accounting authorities; or

(b) be limited in its application to a specific category of—

(i) institutions to which this Act applies;
(ii) accounting officers; or
(iii) accounting authorities.

77. Audit committees. — An audit committee—
(a) must consist of at least three persons of whom, in the case of a department—
   (i) one must be from outside the public service;
   (ii) the majority may not be persons in the employ of the department, except with the approval of the relevant treasury; and
   [Sub-para. (ii) substituted by s. 40 (a) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]
   (iii) the chairperson may not be in the employ of the department;
(b) must meet at least twice a year; and
(c) may be established for two or more departments or institutions if the relevant treasury considers it to be more economical.
   [Para. (c) substituted by s. 40 (b) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

78. Publishing of draft treasury regulations for public comment.—Draft regulations in terms of section 76 must be published for public comment in the national Government Gazette before their enactment.

79. Departures from treasury regulations, instructions or conditions.—The National Treasury may on good grounds approve a departure from a treasury regulation or instruction or any condition imposed in terms of this Act and must promptly inform the Auditor-General in writing when it does so.

80. Determination of interest rates for debt owing to state.—(1) The Minister, by notice in the national Government Gazette, must determine—
   (a) a uniform interest rate applicable to loans granted out of a Revenue Fund; and
   (b) a uniform interest rate applicable to all other debts which must be paid into a Revenue Fund.
   [Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 41 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

   (2) An interest rate determined in terms of subsection (1) (b) may differentiate between different categories of debt.

CHAPTER 10
FINANCIAL MISCONDUCT
Part 1: Disciplinary proceedings

81. Financial misconduct by officials in departments and constitutional institutions.—(1) An accounting officer for a department or a constitutional institution commits an act of financial misconduct if that accounting officer wilfully or negligently—
   (a) fails to comply with a requirement of section 38, 39, 40, 41 or 42; or
   (b) makes or permits an unauthorised expenditure, an irregular expenditure or a fruitless and wasteful expenditure.

   (2) An official of a department, a trading entity or a constitutional institution to whom a power or duty is assigned in terms of section 44 commits an act of financial misconduct if that official wilfully or negligently fails to exercise that power or perform that duty.

82. Financial misconduct by treasury officials.—An official of a treasury to whom a power or duty is assigned in terms of section 10 or 20 commits an act of financial misconduct if that official wilfully or negligently fails to exercise that power or perform that duty.
   [S. 82 substituted by s. 42 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

83. Financial misconduct by accounting authorities and officials of public entities.—(1) The accounting authority for a public entity commits an act of financial misconduct if that accounting authority wilfully or negligently—
   (a) fails to comply with a requirement of section 50, 51, 52, 53, 54 or 55; or
   (b) makes or permits an irregular expenditure or a fruitless and wasteful expenditure.

   (2) If the accounting authority is a board or other body consisting of members, every member is individually and severally liable for any financial misconduct of the accounting authority.

   (3) An official of a public entity to whom a power or duty is assigned in terms of section 56 commits an act of financial misconduct if that official wilfully or negligently fails to exercise that power or perform that duty.

   (4) Financial misconduct is a ground for dismissal or suspension of, or other sanction against, a member or person referred to in subsection (2) or (3) despite any other legislation.
84. Applicable legal regime for disciplinary proceedings.—A charge of financial misconduct against an accounting officer or official referred to in section 81 or 83, or an accounting authority or a member of an accounting authority or an official referred to in section 82, must be investigated, heard and disposed of in terms of the statutory or other conditions of appointment or employment applicable to that accounting officer or authority, or member or official, and any regulations prescribed by the Minister in terms of section 85.

85. Regulations on financial misconduct procedures.—(1) The Minister must make regulations prescribing—

(a) the manner, form and circumstances in which allegations and disciplinary and criminal charges of financial misconduct must be reported to the National Treasury, the relevant provincial treasury and the Auditor-General, including—

(i) particulars of the alleged financial misconduct; and

(ii) the steps taken in connection with such financial misconduct;

[Para. (a) amended by s. 43 (a) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(b) matters relating to the investigation of allegations of financial misconduct;

(c) the circumstances in which the National Treasury or a provincial treasury may direct that disciplinary steps be taken or criminal charges be laid against a person for financial misconduct;

[Para. (c) substituted by s. 43 (b) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(d) the circumstances in which a disciplinary board which hears a charge of financial misconduct must include a person whose name appears on a list of persons with expertise in state finances or public accounting compiled by the National Treasury;

(e) the circumstances in which the findings of a disciplinary board and any sanctions imposed by the board must be reported to the National Treasury, the relevant provincial treasury and the Auditor-General; and

[Para. (e) substituted by s. 43 (c) of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(f) any other matters to the extent necessary to facilitate the object of this Chapter.

(2) A regulation in terms of subsection (1) may—

(a) differentiate between different categories of—

(i) accounting officers;

(ii) accounting authorities;

(iii) officials; and

(iv) institutions to which this Act applies; and

(b) be limited in its application to a particular category of accounting officers, accounting authorities, officials or institutions only.

Part 2: Criminal proceedings

86. Offences and penalties.—(1) An accounting officer is guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine, or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding five years, if that accounting officer wilfully or in a grossly negligent way fails to comply with a provision of section 38, 39 or 40.

(2) An accounting authority is guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine, or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding five years, if that accounting authority wilfully or in a grossly negligent way fails to comply with a provision of section 50, 51 or 55.

(3) Any person, other than a person mentioned in section 66 (2) or (3), who purports to borrow money or to issue a guarantee, indemnity or security for or on behalf of a department, public entity or constitutional institution, or who enters into any other contract which purports to bind a department, public entity or constitutional institution to any future financial commitment, is guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding five years.

CHAPTER 11
ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD

87. Establishment.—(1) The Minister by regulation in terms of section 91 must establish a board to be known as the Accounting Standards Board.

(2) The Accounting Standards Board is a juristic person.

(Date of commencement of s. 87: 2 March, 1999.)

88. Composition.—(1) The Accounting Standards Board consists of no more than 10 members as the Minister
may determine.

(2) The Minister, after consulting the Auditor-General, appoints the members of the Board.

(3) The Board may establish its own operating procedures.

(Date of commencement of s. 88: 2 March, 1999.)

89. Functions of Board.—(1) The Accounting Standards Board must—

(a) set standards of generally recognised accounting practice as required by section 216 (1) (a) of the Constitution, for the annual financial statements of—

(i) departments;
(ii) public entities;
(iii) constitutional institutions;
(iv) municipalities and boards, commissions, companies, corporations, funds or other entities under the ownership control of a municipality; and
(v) Parliament and the provincial legislatures;

[Sub-para. (v) substituted by s. 44 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

(b) prepare and publish directives and guidelines concerning the standards set in terms of paragraph (a);

(c) recommend to the Minister effective dates of implementation of these standards for the different categories of institutions to which these standards apply; and

(d) perform any other function incidental to advancing financial reporting in the public sector.

(2) In setting standards the Board must take into account all relevant factors, including—

(a) best accounting practices, both locally and internationally; and

(b) the capacity of the relevant institutions to comply with the standards.

(3) The Board may set different standards for different categories of institutions to which these standards apply.

(4) The standards set by the Board must promote transparency in and effective management of revenue, expenditure, assets and liabilities of the institutions to which these standards apply.

(Date of commencement of s. 89: 2 March, 1999.)

90. Powers of Board.—The Accounting Standards Board may do all that is necessary or expedient to perform its functions effectively, which includes the power to—

(a) determine its own staff establishment and appoint employees to posts on its staff establishment;

(b) obtain the services of any person or entity to perform any specific act or function;

(c) confer with any person or entity;

(d) acquire or dispose of any right in or to property, but ownership in immovable property may be acquired or disposed of only with the consent of the Minister;

(e) insure itself against any loss, damage, risk or liability;

(f) perform legal acts, or institute or defend any legal action in its own name;

(g) do research and publish reports; and

(h) do anything that is incidental to the exercise of any of its powers.

(Date of commencement of s. 90: 2 March, 1999.)

91. Regulations on accounting standards of Board.—(1) The Minister, after consulting the Auditor-General, may make regulations—

(a) concerning the qualifications, remuneration, term of office and removal of members of the Accounting Standards Board, the filling of vacancies, the chairperson of the Board, and the finances and administration of the Board;

(b) prescribing the standards set by the Board in terms of section 89; and

(c) concerning any other matter that may facilitate the proper functioning of the Board or the implementation of those standards.

(2) The Minister must consult the Board on the implementation date of a regulation made in terms of subsection (1) (b).
(3) Different regulations may be made in terms of subsection (1) (b) for different categories of institutions to which the standards set in terms of section 89 apply.

(4) Draft regulations prescribing standards in terms of subsection (1) (b) must be published for public comment in the national Government Gazette before their enactment.

(Date of commencement of s. 91: 2 March, 1999.)

CHAPTER 12
MISCELLANEOUS

92. Exemptions.—The Minister, by notice in the national Government Gazette, may exempt any institution to which this Act applies, or any category of those institutions, from any specific provisions of this Act for a period determined in the notice.


93. Transitional provisions.—(1) Anything done in terms of a provision of the Exchequer Act, 1975 (Act No. 66 of 1975), which can be done in terms of a provision of this Act, must be regarded as having been done in terms of this Act.

(2) All treasury regulations and instructions made or issued in terms of the Exchequer Act, 1975, remain in force until repealed in terms of section 76 of this Act.

(3) Until the Accounting Standards Board is established, the National Treasury may perform the functions of the Board.

(4) The provisions of the Revenue Funds Interim Arrangements Act, 1997 (Act No. 95 of 1997), despite the fact that they have lapsed, must be regarded as forming part of this Act until 1 April 2000.

(Date of commencement of sub-s. (4): 2 March, 1999.)

94. Repeal of legislation.—The legislation mentioned in Schedule 6 is repealed to the extent specified in the third column.

95. Short title and commencement.—This Act is called the Public Finance Management Act, 1999, and takes effect on 1 April 2000 except—

(a) Chapter 11 and section 93 (4), which take effect on the date of publication of this Act; and

(b) those provisions determined by the Minister by notice in the national Government Gazette, which will take effect on a date determined in the notice, but which may not be a date later than 1 April 2003.

Schedule 1
CONSTITUTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

[General Note: Amended public entities have been published under General Notice No. 1863 in Government Gazette 22577 of 24 August, 2001 with effect from 24 August, 2001; under General Notice No. 2302 in Government Gazette 22860 of 30 November, 2001 with effect from 30 November, 2001; and under Government Notice No. 1396 in Government Gazette 24042 of 15 November, 2002.]

The Commission for Gender Equality

The Commission for the Promotion and Protection of the Rights of Cultural, Religious and Linguistic Communities

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[“The Commission on the Remuneration of Persons Holding Public Office” deleted by GN 1396 in GG 24042 of 15 November, 2002.]

The Financial and Fiscal Commission

The Human Rights Commission

......

[“The Independent Broadcasting Authority” deleted by GN 2302 in GG 22860 of 30 November, 2001.]

Independent Communications Authority of South Africa

[“Independent Communications Authority of South Africa” previously “Independent Communications Authority” amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]
The Independent Electoral Commission
The Municipal Demarcation Board
The Pan South African Language Board
The Public Protector

Schedule 2
MAJOR PUBLIC ENTITIES

[General Note: Please note that the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, No. 5 of 2000 and its Regulations shall apply to all public entities listed in Schedules 2 and 3 of this Act, under GNR.501 published in Government Gazette 34350 dated 8 June, 2011, with effect from 7 December, 2011. Amended public entities have been published under General Notice No. 1863 in Government Gazette 22577 of 24 August, 2001 with effect from 24 August, 2001; under General Notice No. 2302 in Government Gazette 22860 of 30 November, 2001 with effect from 30 November, 2001; under General Notice No. 683 in Government Gazette 23407 of 17 May, 2002, with effect from 17 May, 2002; under General Notice No. 1283 in Government Gazette 23619 of 19 July, 2002 with effect from 19 July, 2002; under General Notice No. 1261 in Government Gazette 24731 of 17 April, 2003 with effect from 17 April, 2003, under General Notice No. 765 in Government Gazette 27599 of 27 May, 2005 with effect from 27 May, 2005, under Act No. 5 of 2007 with effect from the transfer date (the date on which the transfer of shares and claims is finalised under an agreement between Transnet and the State) and the conversion date, (the date on which the conversion of South African Airways (Pty.) Ltd. into a public company is registered in terms of section 4 (3), under Act No. 33 of 2007 with effect from the transfer date, (the date on which the transfer of shares and claims is finalised under an agreement between Eskom and the State), and the conversion date (the date determined by the Minister in terms of section 8 (1)) and under Act No. 34 of 2007 with effect from the transfer date, (the date on which the transfer of shares and claims is finalised under an agreement between Transnet and the State), and the conversion date (the date on which the conversion of South African Express (Propriety) Limited into a public company is registered in terms of section 6 (1)).]

Air Traffic and Navigation Services Company
Airports Company
Alexkor Limited
["Alexander Bay Development Corporation Limited" previously "Alexander Bay Development Corporation" amended by GN 683 in Government Gazette 23407 of 17 May, 2002.]

Armaments Corporation of South Africa

Broadband Infraco (Proprietary) Limited
["Broadband Infraco (Proprietary) Limited" inserted by s. 11 (a) of Act No. 33 of 2007 with effect from the transfer date, (the date on which the transfer of shares and claims is finalised under an agreement between Eskom and the State).]

Broadband Infraco Limited
["Broadband Infraco Limited" previously "Broadband Infraco (Proprietary) Limited" substituted by s. 11 (b) of Act No. 33 of 2007 with effect from the conversion date, (the date determined by the Minister in terms of section 8 (1)).]

CEF (Pty) Ltd

DENEL
Development Bank of Southern Africa
ESKOM
Independent Development Trust
Industrial Development Corporation of South Africa Limited
Land and Agricultural Bank of South Africa

SA Broadcasting Corporation Limited
["SA Broadcasting Corporation" previously "SA Broadcasting Commission" amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]
South African Express (Proprietary) Limited

South African Airways Limited

SA Forestry Company Limited

SA Nuclear Energy Corporation

SA Post Office Limited

South African Airways Limited

Telkom SA Limited

Trans-Caledon Tunnel Authority

Transnet Limited

Any subsidiary or entity under the ownership control of the above public entities

Schedule 3

OTHER PUBLIC ENTITIES

Part A: National Public Entities


"SA Broadcasting Corporation Limited" previously "SA Broadcasting Corporation" amended by GN 2302 in GG 22860 of 30 November, 2001.]

Accounting Standards Board

African Renaissance and International Cooperation Fund

Afrikaanse Taalmuseum, Paarl

Agrément South Africa

Agricultural Research Council

AGRISETA

Artscape

Banking Sector Education and Training Authority

Boxing South Africa

Brand SA

Breede-Gouritz Catchment Management Agency

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Accounting Standards Board

African Renaissance and International Cooperation Fund

Afrikaanse Taalmuseum, Paarl

Agrément South Africa

Agricultural Research Council

AGRISETA

Artscape

Banking Sector Education and Training Authority

Boxing South Africa

Brand SA

Breede-Gouritz Catchment Management Agency

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Castle Control Board
["Castle Control Board" previously "Castle Management Board" added by GN 1397 in GG 22321 of 1 June, 2001 and amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001 and by GN 2302 in GG 22860 of 30 November, 2001.]


Chemical Industries Education and Training Authority
["Chemical Industries Education and Training Authority" added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]


Construction Industry Development Board
["Construction Industry Development Board" added by GN 2302 in GG 22860 of 30 November, 2001.]


Council for Built Environment (CBE)
["Council for Built Environment (CBE)" added by GN 765 in GG 27599 of 27 May, 2005.]


Council for Geoscience


Council for Medical Schemes
["Council for Medical Schemes" added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]


Council for Nuclear Safety
["Council for Nuclear Safety" deleted by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003.]
Council on Higher Education
["Council on Higher Education" added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

Cross-Border Road Transport Agency
["Cross-Border Road Transport Agency" added by GN 1397 in GG 22321 of 1 June, 2001.]

Culture, Arts, Tourism, Hospitality and Sports Education and Training Authority (CATHSSETA)
["Culture, Arts, Tourism, Hospitality and Sports Education and Training Authority (CATHSSETA)" added and classified by GN 796 in GG 34631 of 30 September, 2011.]

["Diplomacy, Intelligence, Defence and Trade & Industry Sector Education and Training Authority" added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and deleted by GN 1000 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Education and Labour Relations Council
["Education and Labour Relations Council" added by GN 1396 in GG 24042 of 15 November, 2002 and deleted by GN 358 in GG 38735 of 30 April, 2015 w.e.f 31 March, 2015 (Editorial Note: GN 358 in GG 38735 made reference to "Education Labour Relations Council (ELRC)". We suggest "Education and Labour Relations Council" was intended).]

Education, Training and Development Practices SETA (ETDP)

Electricity Distribution Industry Holdings (Pty) Ltd
["Electricity Distribution Industry Holdings (Pty) Ltd" added by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003.]

Electronic Communications Security (Pty) Ltd
["Electronic Communications Security (Pty) Ltd" added and classified by GN 311 in GG 32013 of 20 March, 2009.]

Energy and Water Sector Education and Training Authority (EWSETA)
["Energy and Water Sector Education and Training Authority (EWSETA)" previously "Energy Sector Education and Training Authority" added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and amended by GN 800 in GG 34631 of 30 September, 2011.]

Estate Agency Affairs Board
["Estate Agency Affairs Board" added by GN 1397 in GG 22321 of 1 June, 2001.]

["Export Credit Reinsurance Fund" added by GN 1397 in GG 22321 of 1 June, 2001 and deleted by GN 683 in GG 23407 of 17 May, 2002.]

Fibre Processing Manufacturing Sector Education and Training Authority (FPMSETA)
["Fibre Processing Manufacturing Sector Education and Training Authority (FPMSETA)" added and classified by GN 796 in GG 34631 of 30 September, 2011.]

Film and Publication Board
["Film and Publication Board" added by GN 1397 in GG 22321 of 1 June, 2001.]

["Film & Publications Review Board" added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and deleted by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.]
Financial and Accounting Services SETA (FASSET)
[“Financial and Accounting Services SETA (FASSET)” previously “Financial and Accounting Services Training Authority” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and amended by GN 800 in GG 34631 of 30 September, 2011.]

Financial Intelligence Centre
[“Financial Intelligence Centre” added by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003.]

Financial Services Board

Food and Beverages Manufacturing Industry (FOODBEV)
[“Food and Beverages Manufacturing Industry (FOODBEV)” previously “Food and Beverages Manufacturing Industry Sector Education and Training Authority” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and amended by GN 800 in GG 34631 of 30 September, 2011.]

[“Forest Industries Sector Education and Training Authority” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and deleted by GN 797 in GG 34631 of 30 September, 2011.]


Freedom Park Trust
[“Freedom Park Trust” added by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.]

[“Godisa Trust” added by GN 1139 in GG 26477 of 25 June, 2004 and deleted by GN 1000 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Health and Welfare Sector Education and Training Authority
[“Health and Welfare Sector Education and Training Authority” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

Housing Development Agency
[“Housing Development Agency” added and classified by GN 311 in GG 32013 of 20 March, 2009.]

Human Sciences Research Council

[“Immigrants Selection Board” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and deleted by GN 1396 in GG 24042 of 15 November, 2002.]

[“Independent Communications Authority” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and deleted by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors
[“Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors” added by GN 1011 in GG 29050 of 28 July, 2006.]

Information Systems, Electronics and Telecommunications Technologies Training Authority
[“Information Systems, Electronics and Telecommunications Technologies Training Authority” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

Ingonyama Trust Board
[“Ingonyama Trust Board” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

Inkomati-Usuthu Catchment Management Agency
[“Inkomati-Usuthu Catchment Management Agency”, previously “Inkomati Catchment Management Agency”, added by GN 396 in GG 28605 of 17 March, 2006 and amended by GN 353 in GG 38735 of 30 April, 2015.]

Insurance Sector Education and Training Authority
[“Insurance Sector Education and Training Authority” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

International Trade Administration Commission
["International Trade Administration" added by GN 1139 in GG 26477 of 25 June, 2004 and amended by GN 765 in GG 27599 of 27 May, 2005.]

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["Investment South Africa" added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and deleted by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

iSimangaliso Wetland Park
["iSimangaliso Wetland Park" previously "Greater St. Lucia Wetland Park Authority" added by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002 and amended by GN 1003 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Iziko Museums of South Africa

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["JLB Institute of Itchyology" added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and deleted by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

(Editorial Note: Wording as per original Government Gazette. It is suggested that the word "Itchyology" is intended to be "Ichthyology".)

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......
["Judicial Services Commission" deleted by GN 683 in GG 23407 of 17 May, 2002.]

KwaZulu-Natal Museum

......
["KwaZulu Ingonyama Trust" added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and deleted by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.]

Legal Aid South Africa
["Legal Aid South Africa" previously "Legal Aid Board" amended by GN 1250 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010.]

Local Government Education and Training Authority (LGSETA)
["Local Government Education and Training Authority (LGSETA)" previously "Local Government, Water and Related Services Sector Education and Training Authority" added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and amended by GN 800 in GG 34631 of 30 September, 2011.]

Luthuli Museum
["Luthuli Museum" added by GN 1269 in GG 28237 of 25 November, 2005.]

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["Manufacturing Advisory Council" added by GN 1397 in GG 22321 of 1 June, 2001 and deleted by GN 1000 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

......
["Manufacturing Development Board" added by GN 1397 in GG 22321 of 1 June, 2001 and deleted by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003.]

Manufacturing, Engineering and Related Services Education and Training Authority
["Manufacturing, Engineering and Related Services Education and Training Authority" added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

Marine Living Resources Fund
["Marine Living Resources Fund" added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

Market Theatre Foundation
["Market Theatre Foundation" added by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

(Editors)
Media Development and Diversity Agency

Media, Information and Communication Technologies Sector Education and Training Authority (MICTS)

Mine Health & Safety Council

Mining Qualifications Authority

National Agricultural Marketing Council

National Arts Council

National Botanical Institute

National Consumer Commission

National Consumer Tribunal

National Coordination Office of the Manufacturing Advisory Centre Programme—NAMAC

National Credit Regulator

National Development Agency

National Economic, Development and Labour Council

National Electronic Media Institute of SA
National Empowerment Fund
[“National Empowerment Fund” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

National Energy Regulator of South Africa
[“National Energy Regulator of South Africa” added by GN 1271 in GG 28237 of 25 November, 2005.]

National Film and Video Foundation
[“National Film and Video Foundation” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

National Gambling Board of SA
[“National Gambling Board of SA” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

National Health Laboratory Service
[“National Health Laboratory Service” added by GN 683 in GG 23407 of 17 May, 2002.]

National Heritage Council (NHC)
[“National Heritage Council (NHC)” added by GN 765 in GG 27599 of 27 May, 2005.]

National Home Builders Registration Council—NHBRC
[“National Home Builders Registration Council—NHBRC” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

National Housing Finance Corporation

National Library, Pretoria/Cape Town
[“National Library, Pretoria/Cape Town” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

National Lotteries Commission

National Metrology Institute of South Africa
[“National Metrology Institute of South Africa” added and classified by GN 1000 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

National Museum, Bloemfontein
[“National Museum, Bloemfontein” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

National Nuclear Regulator
[“National Nuclear Regulator” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

National Regulator for Compulsory Specifications
[“National Regulator for Compulsory Specifications” added and classified by GN 1000 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

National Research Foundation
[“National Research Foundation” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

National Student Financial Aid Scheme
[“National Student Financial Aid Scheme” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

National Urban Reconstruction and Housing Agency—NURCHA
[“National Urban Reconstruction and Housing Agency—NURCHA” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

National Year 2000 Decision Support Centre
[“National Year 2000 Decision Support Centre” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and deleted by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003.]
National Youth Development Agency
["National Youth Development Agency’ added and classified by GN 311 in GG 32013 of 20 March, 2009.]

Ditsong: Museums of South Africa
["Ditsong: Museums of South Africa” previously "Northern Flagship Institution, Pretoria” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and amended by GN 1250 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010.]

Office of Health Standards Compliance
["Office of Health Standards Compliance” added and classified by GN 393 in GG 37653 of 23 May, 2014 w.e.f 1 April, 2014 and by s. 8 of Act No. 12 of 2013.]

(EDITORIAL NOTE: Please note that both GN 393 in GG 37653 of 23 May, 2014 and section 8 of the National Health Amendment Act, No. 12 of 2013 add/insert the expression “Office of Health Standards Compliance” in Schedule 3, Part A with effect from 1 April, 2014.)

Office of the Ombudsman for Financial Services Providers
["Office of the Ombudsman for Financial Services Providers” added and classified by GN 1000 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Office of the Pension Funds Adjudicator
["Office of the Pension Funds Adjudicator” added and classified by GN 1000 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Performing Arts Council of the Free State
["Performing Arts Council Orange Free State (PACOFS), Bloemfontein” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

["Performing Arts Council of the Free State” previously “Performing Arts Council Orange Free State (PACOFS), Bloemfontein” amended by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

Perishable Products Export Control Board
["Perishable Products Export Control Board” added by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

Ports Regulator of South Africa
["Ports Regulator of South Africa” added and classified by GN 1000 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

["Primary Agricultural Education and Training Authority (PAETA)” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and deleted by GN 1010 in GG 29050 of 28 July, 2006.]

Private Security Industry Regulatory Authority
["Private Security Industry Regulatory Authority” added and classified by GN 1000 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Productivity SA
["Productivity SA” previously “National Productivity Institute” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and amended by GN 1003 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

["Public Investment Commissioners” added by GN 1397 in GG 22321 of 1 June, 2001 and deleted by GN 1114 in GG 27773 of 15 July, 2005.]
Public Service Sector Education and Training Authority (PSETA)
["Public Service Sector Education and Training Authority (PSETA)" previously "Public Sector Education and Training Authority" added by GN 667 in GG 28847 of 26 May, 2006 and amended by GN 800 in GG 34631 of 30 September, 2011.]

Quality Council for Trades and Occupations (QCTO)
["Quality Council for Trades and Occupations (QCTO)" added by GN 1254 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010 with effect retrospectively from 1 April, 2010.]

Railway Safety Regulator
["Railway Safety Regulator" added by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003.]

Rent Control Board
["Rent Control Board“ added by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002 and deleted by GN 765 in GG 27599 of 27 May, 2005.]

Road Accident Fund

Road Traffic Infringement Agency (RTIA)
["Road Traffic Infringement Agency (RTIA)" added by GN 1254 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010 with effect retrospectively from 1 April, 2010.]

Road Traffic Management Corporation
["Road Traffic Management Corporation" added by GN 1396 in GG 24042 of 15 November, 2002.]

Robben Island Museum, Cape Town
["Robben Island Museum, Cape Town" added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

Rural Housing Loan Fund
["Rural Housing Loan Fund“ added by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003.]

Safety and Security Sector Education and Training Authority (SASSETA)
["Safety and Security Sector Education and Training Authority (SASSETA)" previously "Safety and Security Sector Education and Training" added by GN 240 in GG 33059 of 1 April, 2010 with effect retrospectively from 1 July, 2005 and amended by GN 800 in GG 34631 of 30 September, 2011.]

South African Diamond and Precious Metals Regulator
["SA Bureau of Standards (SABS)“ moved from Schedule 3A to Schedule 3B by GN 504 in GG 22337 of 8 June, 2001.]

SA Civil Aviation Authority

SA Council for Educators
["SA Council for Educators“ added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

South African Diamond and Precious Metals Regulator

South African Civil Aviation Authority
["SA Communications Regulatory Authority“ added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and deleted by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

South African Council for Architects

Rural Housing Loan Fund
SA Diamond Board

SA Excellence Foundation
[“SA Excellence Foundation” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and deleted by GN 1268 in GG 28237 of 25 November, 2005.]

SA Geographical Names Commission

SA Heritage Resources Agency
[“SA Heritage Resources Agency” previously “National Heritage Council” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and amended by GN 683 in GG 23407 of 17 May, 2002.]

SA Housing Development Board
[“SA Housing Development Board” previously “National Housing Board” amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001 and deleted by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

SA Housing Fund
[“SA Housing Fund” deleted by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003.]

SA Housing Trust Limited
[“SA Housing Trust Limited” deleted by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003.]

SA Institute for Drug-free Sport
[“SA Institute for Drug-free Sport” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

SA Library for the Blind, Grahamstown
[“SA Library for the Blind, Grahamstown” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

SA Local Government Association
[“SA Local Government Association” added by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

SA Maritime Safety Authority
[“SA Maritime Safety Authority” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

SA Medical Research Council

SA National Accreditation System
[“SA National Accreditation System” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

South African Health Products Regulatory Authority (SAHPRA)
[“South African Health Products Regulatory Authority (SAHPRA)” added and classified by GN 159 in GG 40637 of 24 February, 2017.]

South African National Biodiversity Institute (SANBI)
[“South African National Biodiversity Institute (SANBI)” added by GN 765 in GG 27599 of 27 May, 2005.]

South African National Energy Development Institute (SANEDI)
[“South African National Energy Development Institute (SANEDI)” added by GN 1254 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010 with effect retrospectively from 1 April, 2010.]

South African National Parks
[“South African National Parks” previously “National Parks Board” amended by GN 683 in GG 23407 of 17 May, 2002.]

SA National Roads Agency
[“SA National Roads Agency” previously “National Road Fund” amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

South African National Space Agency
[“South African National Space Agency” added and classified by GN 311 in GG 32013 of 20 March, 2009.]

SA Nuclear Energy Corporation
SA Qualifications Authority

[TSA Quality Institute added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and deleted by GN 1000 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

SA Revenue Service

[SAR Road Board deleted by GN 1396 in GG 24042 of 15 November, 2002.]

[SAR Road Safety Council deleted by GN 1396 in GG 24042 of 15 November, 2002.]

South African Social Security Agency


[SAR Sport Commission added by GN 1397 in GG 22321 of 1 June, 2001 and deleted by GN 1000 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

[SAR Telecommunications Regulatory Authority deleted by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

SA Tourism Board

South African Weather Service

[TSA South African Weather Service added by GN 2302 in GG 22860 of 30 November, 2001.]

[Secondary Agricultural Sector Education and Training Authority (SETSA) added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and deleted by GN 1010 in GG 29050 of 28 July, 2006.]

Servcon

[TSA Servcon added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

Services Sector Education and Training Authority

[TSA Services Sector Education and Training Authority added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

Small Enterprise Development Agency (SEDA)

[TSA Small Enterprise Development Agency (SEDA) added by GNs 1263, 1264 and 1265 in GG 28237 of 25 November, 2005.]

[Social Housing Foundation added by GN 1397 in GG 22321 of 1 June, 2001 and deleted by GN 161 in GG 40637 of 24 February, 2017.]

Special Investigation Unit

[TSA Special Investigation Unit added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

State Information Technology Agency

State Theatre, Pretoria

[TSA State Theatre, Pretoria added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

Technology Innovation Agency

[TSA Technology Innovation Agency added and classified by GN 311 in GG 32013 of 20 March, 2009.]

The Co-Operative Banks Development Agency

[TSA The Co-Operative Banks Development Agency added and classified by GN 1000 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

The National English Literary Museum, Grahamstown

[TSA The National English Literary Museum, Grahamstown added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

The National Radioactive Waste Disposal Institute (NRWDI)

[TSA The National Radioactive Waste Disposal Institute (NRWDI) added and classified by GN 796 in GG 34631 of 30
The National Skills Fund (NSF)
[“The National Skills Fund (NSF)” added by GN 821 in GG 35759 of 12 October, 2012 with effect from 1 April, 2012.]

The Playhouse Company, Durban
[“The Playhouse Company, Durban” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

The Social Housing Regulatory Authority (SHRA)
[“The Social Housing Regulatory Authority (SHRA)” added by GN 1254 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010 with effect retrospectively from 1 April, 2010.]

Thubelisha Homes
[“Thubelisha Homes” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

Tourism and Hospitality Education and Training Authority
[“Tourism and Hospitality Education and Training Authority” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

......
[“Tourism, Hospitality & Sport Education and Training Authority” deleted by GN 824 in GG 35759 of 12 October, 2012 with effect retrospectively from 1 April, 2011.]

......
[“Investment South Africa” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

[“Trade and Investment South Africa” previously “Investment South Africa” amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

[“Trade and Investment South Africa” moved from Schedule 3B to Schedule 3A by GN 2302 in GG 22860 of 30 November, 2001.]

[“Trade and Investment South Africa” deleted by GN 1000 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Transport Education and Training Authority
[“Transport Education and Training Authority” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

uMalusi Council for Quality Assurance in General and Further Education and Training

uMsunduzi Museum
[“Voortrekker Museum, Pietermaritzburg” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

[“uMsunduzi Museum” previously “Voortrekker Museum, Pietermaritzburg” amended by GN 190 in GG 36225 of 15 March, 2013 with effect from 15 March, 2013.]

Unemployment Insurance Fund

Universal Service and Access Agency of South Africa
[“Universal Services Agency” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

[“Universal Service Agency” previously “Universal Services Agency” amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

[“Universal Service and Access Agency of South Africa” previously “Universal Service Agency” amended by GN 1003 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Universal Service and Access Fund
[“Universal Services Fund” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

[“Universal Service Fund” previously “Universal Services Fund” amended by GN 2302 in GG 22860 of 30 November, 2001.]

[“Universal Service and Access Fund” previously “Universal Service Fund” amended by GN 1003 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Urban Transport Fund
[“Urban Transport Fund” added by GN 1397 in GG 22321 of 1 June, 2001.]

Valuer-General, Office of the
[“Valuer-General, Office of the” added by GN 388 in GG 41534 of 29 March, 2018.]
Part B: National Government Business Enterprises


[“Albany Coast Water Board” previously “Albaniekus Waterraad” amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001 and deleted by by GN 1252 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010 with effect from 1 April, 2010.]

Amatola Water Board
[“Amatola Water Board” previously “Amatola Water” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

Aventura
[“Aventura” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

Bala Farms (Pty) Ltd
[“Bala Farms (Pty) Ltd” previously “Bala-Bala Farms (Pty) Ltd” amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001 and deleted by GN 431 in GG 28630 of 24 March, 2006.]

Bloem Water

[“Bosveld Waterraad” substituted by “Lepelle Northern Water”]
["Botshelo Water" previously "North West Water Supply Authority Board" added by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001, amended by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003 and deleted by GN 357 in GG 38735 of 30 April, 2015 w.e.f 31 March, 2015 (Editorial Note: GN 357 in GG 38735 made reference to "Botshelo Water Board”. We suggest "Botshelo Water” was intended).]

["Bushbuckridge Water Board” previously "Bushbuckridge Water” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001, amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001 and deleted by GN 357 in GG 38735 of 30 April, 2015 w.e.f 31 March, 2015.]

Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR)
["Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR)” moved from Schedule 3A to Schedule 3B by GN 504 in GG 22337 of 8 June, 2001.]

Export Credit Insurance Corporation of South Africa Limited

["Ikangala Water” added by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001 and deleted by GN 1252 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010 with effect from 1 April, 2010.]

Inala Farms (Pty) Ltd
["Inala Farms (Pty) Ltd” previously "Iniala Farms (Pty) Ltd” amended by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.]

["Kalahari East Water Board” previously “Kalahari-Oos Waterraad” amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001 and deleted by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003.]

["Kalahari West Water Board” previously “Kalahari-Wes Waterraad” amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001 and deleted by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003.]

["Karos-Geelkoppens Waterraad” deleted by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

["Khula Enterprises” deleted by GN 164 in GG 40637 of 24 February, 2017.]

Lepelle Northern Water
[“Lepelle Northern Water” inserted by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

Magalies Water

Mhlathuze Water

Mintek
["Mintek”, previously “Council for Mineral Technology (Mintek)” moved from Schedule 3A to Schedule 3B by GN 504 in GG 22337 of 8 June, 2001 and amended by GN 352 in GG 38735 of 30 April, 2015.]

["Mjindi Farming (Pty) Ltd” deleted from Schedule 3B and moved to Schedule 3D by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

[“Mpendle-Ntambanana Agricultural Company (Pty) Ltd” deleted from Schedule 3B and moved to Schedule 3D by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

["Namakwa Water” deleted by GN 357 in GG 38735 of 30 April, 2015 w.e.f 31 March, 2015 (Editorial Note: GN 357 in GG 38735 made reference to “Namakwa Water Board”. We suggest "Namakwa Water” was intended).]

Ncera Farms (Pty) Ltd

["Noord Transvaal Water/Meetse” substituted by “Lepelle Northern Water”.]

["Ntsika Enterprises” deleted by GNs 1263, 1264 and 1265 in GG 28237 of 25 November, 2005.]
Onderstepoort Biological Products

[“Onderstepoort Biological Products” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

Overberg Water

Passenger Rail Agency of South Africa

[“Passenger Rail Agency of South Africa” previously “SA Rail Commuter Corporation Limited” amended by GN 242 in GG 33059 of 1 April, 2010.]

......

[“Pelladrift Water Board” previously “Pelladrift Water” amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001 and deleted by GN 357 in GG 38735 of 30 April, 2015 w.e.f 31 March, 2015.]

......

[“Phalaborwa Water” substituted by “Lepelle Northern Water”.]

Public Investment Corporation Limited

[“Public Investment Corporation Limited” added by GN 1114 in GG 27773 of 15 July, 2005.]

Rand Water

[“Rand Water” previously “Rand Water Board” amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

SA Bureau of Standards (SABS)

[“SA Bureau of Standards (SABS)” moved from Schedule 3A to Schedule 3B by GN 504 in GG 22337 of 8 June, 2001.]

Sasria Limited

[“Sasria Limited” previously “Sasria” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001 and amended by GN 1251 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010.]

Sedibeng Water

[“Sedibeng Water” previously “Goudveld Water” amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

Sentech

[“Sentech” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

State Diamond Trader

[“State Diamond Trader” included by GN 647 in GG 30074 of 20 July, 2007.]

......

[“Trade and Investment South Africa” previously “Investment South Africa” amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001 and moved from Schedule 3B to Schedule 3A by GN 2302 in GG 22860 of 30 November, 2001.]

Umgeni Water

[“Umgeni Water” previously “Umgeni Water Board” amended by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.]

......

[“Umsobomvu Youth Fund” previously “Umsombomvu Fund” added by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003, amended by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003 and deleted by GN 1252 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010 with effect from 1 April, 2010.]

Any subsidiary or entity under the ownership control of the above public entities

Part C: Provincial Public Entities

[Part C added by s. 45 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

Commissioner for the Environment

[“Commissioner for the Environment” added by GN 765 in GG 27599 of 27 May, 2005 (Editorial Note: No Province indicated).]

Dube TradePort Corporation (DTPC)

[“Dube TradePort Corporation (DTPC)” added and classified by GN 798 in GG 34631 of 30 September, 2011 w.e.f 1 April 2011 (Editorial Note: No Province indicated).]

Royal Household Trust

[“Royal Household Trust” added and classified by GN 822 in GG 35759 of 12 October, 2012 w.e.f 14 November, 2007 (Editorial Note: No Province indicated).]

XHASA ATC Agency

[“XHASA ATC Agency” added and classified by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008 (Editorial Note: No Province indicated).]

Eastern Cape:

[“Centre for Investment and Marketing in the Eastern Cape” deleted by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

[“Eastern Cape Appropriate Technology Unit” deleted by GN 356 in GG 38735 of 30 April, 2015 w.e.f 1 March, 2015 (Editorial Note: GN 356 in GG 38735 made reference to “Eastern Cape Appropriate Technology Unit (ECATU)”. We suggest “Eastern Cape Appropriate Technology Unit” was intended).]

Eastern Cape Provincial Arts and Culture Council

[“Eastern Cape Provincial Arts and Culture Council”, previously “Eastern Cape Arts Council” amended by GN 388 in GG 41534 of 29 March, 2018.]

[“Eastern Cape Consumer Affairs Court” deleted by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

[“Eastern Cape Development Corporation” moved from Schedule 3C to Schedule 3D.]

[“Eastern Cape Development Tribunal” deleted by GN 1396 in GG 24042 of 15 November, 2002.]

Eastern Cape Gambling and Betting Board
Eastern Cape Liquor Board

.......

[“Eastern Cape Local Road Transport Board” deleted by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

.......

[“Eastern Cape Museums” deleted by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Eastern Cape Parks and Tourism Agency (ECPTA)

[“Eastern Cape Parks and Tourism Agency (ECPTA)” added by GN 1248 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010 with effect from 1 July, 2010.]

.......

[“Eastern Cape Parks Board” added by GN 1270 in GG 28237 of 25 November, 2005 and deleted by GN 1249 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010.]

.......

[“Eastern Cape Provincial Housing Board” deleted by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Eastern Cape Provincially Aided Libraries

.......

[“Eastern Cape Regional Authorities” deleted by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Eastern Cape Rural Development Agency

[“Eastern Cape Rural Finance Corporation Limited” previously “Eastern Cape Agricultural Bank” amended by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]


Eastern Cape Socio-Economic Consultative Council

.......

[“Eastern Cape Tender Board” deleted by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

.......

[“Eastern Cape Tourism Board” deleted by GN 1249 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010.]

.......

[“Eastern Cape Township Board” deleted by GN 1396 in GG 24042 of 15 November, 2002.]

.......

[“Eastern Cape Youth Commission” added by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003 and deleted by GN 523 in GG 39985 of 13 May, 2016.]

.......

[“East London Industrial Development Zone Corporation” added by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003 moved from Schedule 3C to Schedule 3D by GN 1267 in GG 28237 of 25 November, 2005.]

Free State:

.......

[“Free State Consumer Affairs” added by GN 1396 in GG 24042 of 15 November, 2002 and deleted by GN 462 in GG 28679 of 7 April, 2006.]

.......

[“Free State Council for Citizenship, Education and Conflict Resolution” added by GN 683 in GG 23407 of 17 May, 2002 and deleted by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Free State Gambling, Liquor and Tourism Authority

[“Free State Gambling, Liquor and Tourism Authority”, previously “Free State Gambling and Liquor Authority (FSGLA)” added by GN 1248 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010 with effect from 8 June, 2010 and amended by GN 388 in GG 41534 of 29 March, 2018.]

.......

[“Free State Gambling and Racing Board” previously “Free State Gambling and Gaming Board” amended by GN 765 in GG 27599 of 27 May, 2005 and deleted by GN 1249 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010.]
Gauteng:

["Gauteng Agriculture and Farming Development Trust" added by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001 and deleted by GN 1475 in GG 29293 of 20 October, 2006 (Editorial Note: GN 1475 in GG 29293 made reference to "Gauteng Agriculture and Farming Trust". We suggest "Gauteng Agriculture and Farming Development Trust" was intended).]

["Gauteng Consumer Affairs Court" deleted by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

["Gauteng Development Tribunal" deleted by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.]

["Gauteng Economic Development Agency" deleted by GN 395 in GG 37653 of 23 May, 2014 w.e.f 1 April, 2014.]

["Gauteng Education and Training Board" deleted by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

Gauteng Enterprise Propeller
["Gauteng Enterprise Propeller" added and classified by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Gauteng Gambling Board

["Gauteng Housing Fund" previously "Gauteng Provincial Housing Board" amended by GN 2302 in GG 22860 of 30 November, 2001 and deleted by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

Gauteng Growth and Development Agency (GGDA)
["Gauteng Growth and Development Agency (GGDA)" previously "Blue IQ Investment Holdings (Pty) Ltd" added by...

["Gauteng Municipal Demarcation Board" deleted by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

Gauteng Partnership Fund (GPF)
["Gauteng Partnership Fund (GPF)" added by GN 1266 in GG 28237 of 25 November, 2005.]

["Gauteng Rental Housing Tribunal" added by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002 and deleted by GN 3366 in GG 25778 of 5 December, 2003.]

["Gauteng Services Appeal Board" deleted by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

Gauteng Tourism Authority
["Gauteng Townships Board" deleted by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.]

Gautrain Management Agency
["Gautrain Management Agency" added by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

KwaZulu-Natal:

Amafa Akwazulu Natali
["Amafa Akwazulu Natali" previously "KwaZulu-Natal Monuments Council" amended by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.]

Ezemvelo KwaZulu-Natal Wildlife
["Ezemvelo KwaZulu-Natal Wildlife" previously "KwaZulu-Natal Conservation Services" amended by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.]

Agri-Business Development Agency

["KwaZulu-Natal Appeals Tribunal" deleted by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.]

["KwaZulu-Natal Development Tribunal" deleted by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.]

["KwaZulu-Natal Economic Council" deleted by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.]

KwaZulu-Natal Film Commission
["KwaZulu-Natal Film Commission" added and classified by GN 355 in GG 38735 of 30 April, 2015 w.e.f 1 April, 2013.]

["KwaZulu-Natal Gambling Board" deleted by GN 395 in GG 37653 of 23 May, 2014 w.e.f 1 April, 2014.]

KwaZulu-Natal Gaming and Betting Board
["KwaZulu-Natal Gaming and Betting Board" added and classified by GN 798 in GG 34631 of 30 September, 2011 w.e.f 1 April, 2011.]

KwaZulu-Natal House of Traditional Leaders
["KwaZulu-Natal International Airport Development Initiative" deleted by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April 2003.]

KwaZulu-Natal Liquor Authority
["KwaZulu-Natal Liquor Authority" added and classified by GN 189 in GG 36225 of 15 March, 2013 w.e.f 15 March, 2013.]

["KwaZulu-Natal Liquor Board" deleted by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.]
KwaZulu-Natal Provincial Planning and Development Commission
["KwaZulu-Natal Provincial Planning and Development Commission” previously "KwaZulu-Natal Town and Regional Planning Commission" amended by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.]

KwaZulu-Natal Tourism Authority

Natal Sharks Board

Trade and Investment KwaZulu-Natal
["Trade and Investment KwaZulu-Natal” added and classified by GN 798 in GG 34631 of 30 September, 2011 w.e.f 1 April, 2011.]

Mpumalanga:

Mpumalanga Economic Empowerment Corporation
["Mpumalanga Economic Empowerment Corporation” added by GN 683 in GG 23407 of 17 May, 2002.]


["Mpumalanga Gambling Board” previously "Mpumalanga Gaming Board” deleted by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19
EDITORIAL NOTE: Please note that GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008 removes the entity "Mpumalanga Gambling Board" from this list. However, the name of this entity prior to removal is "Mpumalanga Gaming Board". This entity is later corrected, after removal from the list, to "Mpumalanga Gambling Board" by GN 309 in GG 32013 of 20 March, 2009.

duto

Mpumalanga Regional Training Trust
["Mpumalanga Regional Training Trust" added by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

Mpumalanga Tourism and Parks Board
["Mpumalanga Tourism and Parks Board" added and classified by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Northern Cape:

Kalahari Kid Corporation (KKC)
["Kalahari Kid Corporation (KKC)" added by GN 1248 in GG 33900 of 31 December, 2010 with effect from 1 April, 2004.]

McGregor Museum (Kimberley)
["McGregor Museum (Kimberley)" added and classified by GN 394 in GG 37653 of 23 May, 2014 w.e.f 1 April, 2014.]

Northern Cape Economic Development, Trade and Investment Promotion Agency (NCEDA)
["Northern Cape Economic Development, Trade and Investment Promotion Agency (NCEDA)" added by GN 364 in GG 34233 of 29 April, 2011 with effect retrospectively from 1 April, 2010.]

Northern Cape Gambling Board
["Northern Cape Gambling Board" added and classified by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Northern Cape Housing Board deleted by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.

Northern Cape Liquor Board
["Northern Cape Liquor Board" deleted by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003 and re-added and classified by...
Northern Cape:

Northern Cape Local Transportation Board

Northern Cape Provincial Tender Board

Northern Cape Tourism Authority

Northern Province:

Gateway International Airport

Limpopo Agribusiness Development Corporation

Limpopo Appeal Tribunals

Limpopo Development Enterprise

Limpopo Development Tribunals

Limpopo Economic Development Agency (Leda)

Limpopo Gambling Board

Limpopo Liquor Board

Limpopo Local Business Centres

Limpopo Panel of Mediators

Limpopo Planning Commission

Limpopo Roads Agency

Limpopo Tourism and Parks Board

Northern Cape Youth Commission

Gateway International Airport

Limpopo Economic Development Agency (Leda)

Limpopo Economic Development Enterprise (LimDev)
Northern Province:

- "Northern Province Agricultural and Rural Development Corporation" deleted by GN 476 in GG 28679 of 7 April, 2006.
- "Northern Province Gaming Board" deleted by GN 476 in GG 28679 of 7 April, 2006.
- "Northern Province Investment Initiative“ deleted by GN 476 in GG 28679 of 7 April, 2006.
- "Northern Province Tourism Board“ deleted by GN 476 in GG 28679 of 7 April, 2006.
- "Trade and Investment Limpopo“ inserted by GN 476 in GG 28679 of 7 April, 2006 and deleted by GN 188 in GG 36225 of 15 March, 2013 with effect retrospectively from 1 December, 2012.

North West:


Mmabana Arts, Culture and Sport Foundation

- "Mmabana Arts, Culture and Sport Foundation“ previously "NW Arts Council” and “NW Mmabana Cultural Foundation” amended by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.
- "NW Agricultural Services Corporation“ deleted by GN 1001 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.

NW Parks Board


NW Gambling Board

NW Housing Corporation

NW Tourism Board
["NW Tourism Board” added and classified by GN 162 in GG 40637 of 24 February, 2017.]

Provincial Arts and Culture Council
["Provincial Arts and Culture Council” added by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

["NW Tender Board” deleted by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

["NW Youth Development Trust” added by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002 and deleted by GN 160 in GG 40637 of 24 February, 2017.]

Western Cape:

Western Cape Cultural Commission
["Western Cape Cultural Commission” added by GN 1397 in GG 22321 of 1 June, 2001.]

WC Gambling and Racing Board

["WC Housing Development Board” deleted by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

Western Cape Language Committee
["Western Cape Language Committee” added by GN 1397 in GG 22321 of 1 June, 2001.]

Western Cape Nature Conservation Board
["Western Cape Nature Conservation Board” added by GN 402 in GG 22047 of 16 February, 2001.]

Western Cape Liquor Authority
["Western Cape Liquor Authority” previously “WC Liquor Board” amended by GN 191 in GG 36225 of 15 March, 2013 with effect from 15 March, 2013.]

["WC Provincial Development Council” deleted by GN 523 in GG 39985 of 13 May, 2016.]

["WC Provincial Tender Board” deleted by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002.]

Western Cape Tourism, Trade and Investment Promotion Agency
["Western Cape Tourism, Trade and Investment Promotion Agency”, previously "WC Investment and Trade Promotion Agency”, amended by GN 391 in GG 37653 of 23 May, 2014.]

["WC Tourism Board” deleted by GN 7 in GG 30637 of 4 January, 2008.]

["Western Cape Provincial Youth Commission” added by GN 765 in GG 27599 of 27 May, 2005 and deleted by GN 241 in GG 33059 of 1 April, 2010.]

Any subsidiary or entity under the ownership control of the above public entities

Part D: Provincial Government Business Enterprises
[Part D added by s. 45 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]


Entity:


"Casidra (Pty) Ltd" previously "Lanok (Pty) Ltd" amended by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.

Cowslip Investments (Pty) Ltd


Eastern Cape Development Corporation

"Eastern Cape Development Corporation" moved from Schedule 3C to Schedule 3D.

East London Industrial Development Zone


"Free State Agri-Eco (Pty) Ltd" deleted by GN 1396 in GG 24042 of 15 November, 2002.

Free State Development Corporation

Gateway Airport Authority Limited

"Gateway Airport Authority Limited" inserted by GN 476 in GG 28679 of 7 April, 2006.

Ithala Development Finance Corporation


"Mafikeng Industrial Development Zone (Pty) Ltd" added and classified by GN 1002 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008 and deleted by GN 160 in GG 40637 of 24 February, 2017.

Mayibuye Transport Corporation

Mjindi Farming (Pty) Ltd

"Mjindi Farming (Pty) Ltd" deleted from Schedule 3B and moved to Schedule 3D by GN 1863 in GG 22577 of 24 August, 2001.

Mpendle Ntambanana Agricultural Company (Pty) Ltd


"Mpumalanga Agricultural Development Corporation" added by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002 and deleted by GN 395 in GG 37653 of 23 May, 2014 w.e.f 1 April, 2014 (Editorial Note: Please note that GN 395 of 23 May, 2014 instructs that this entity be removed from Schedule 3, Part C. It is suggested that Schedule 3, Part D was in fact meant).

Mpumalanga Economic Growth Agency
[“Mpumalanga Economic Growth Agency” added and classified by GN 1002 in GG 31417 of 19 September, 2008.]

Mpumalanga Economic Regulator
[“Mpumalanga Economic Regulator” added by GN 388 in GG 41534 of 29 March, 2018. (Editorial note: The instruction in GN 388 of 2018 states that “Mpumalanga Economic Regulator” should be inserted under “Mpumalanga Economic Growth Agency” in Part C, however, we suggest that the instruction was intended to be read as Part D.)]


“Mpumalanga Housing Finance Company” added by GN 1283 in GG 23619 of 19 July, 2002 and deleted by GN 395 in GG 37653 of 23 May, 2014 w.e.f 1 April, 2014 (Editorial Note: Please note that GN 395 of 23 May, 2014 instructs that this entity be removed from Schedule 3, Part C. It is suggested that Schedule 3, Part D was in fact meant.).

“Natal Trust Farms (Pty) Ltd” deleted by GN 1261 in GG 24731 of 17 April, 2003.

Limpopo Economic Development Agency
[“Limpopo Economic Development Agency” previously “Northern Province Development Corporation” and “Limpopo Development Enterprise” replaced by GN 165 in GG 40637 of 24 February, 2017 with effect from 7 April, 2006 and by GN 165 in GG 40637 of 24 February, 2017 with effect from 15 March, 2013.]

Northwest Transport Investments (Pty) Ltd
[“Northwest Transport Investments (Pty) Ltd” added and classified by GN 799 in GG 34631 of 30 September, 2011.]

North West Youth Entrepreneurship Services Fund
[“North West Youth Entrepreneurship Services Fund” added by GN 388 in GG 41534 of 29 March, 2018. (Editorial note: The instruction in GN 388 of 2018 states that “North West Youth Entrepreneurship Services Fund” should be inserted under “Northwest Transport Investments (Pty) Ltd” in Part C, however, we suggest that the instruction was intended to be read as Part D.)]

NW Development Corporation

Richards Bay Industrial Development Zone Company
[“Richards Bay Industrial Development Zone Company”, previously “Richards Bay Industrial Development Zone” added and classified by GN 823 in GG 35759 of 12 October, 2012 with effect from 1 April, 2012 and amended by GN 388 in GG 41534 of 29 March, 2018.]

Saldanha Bay IDZ Licencing Company SOC Ltd
[“Saldanha Bay IDZ Licencing Company SOC Ltd” added and classified by GN 163 in GG 40637 of 24 February, 2017.]

Any subsidiary or entity under the ownership control of the above public entities

Schedule 4
EXCLUSIONS FROM REVENUE FUNDS
(In terms of section 13 (1) or 22 (1))
[Heading substituted by s. 46 of Act No. 29 of 1999.]

1. SA Schools Act (covering school fees)
2. Fines and estreated bails paid in respect of offences and alleged offences in terms of—
   (a) by-laws enacted by municipalities; or
   (b) national or provincial legislation, the administration of which is assigned to municipalities.
   [Item 2 added by s. 121 of Act No. 32 of 2000.]

Schedule 5
DIRECT CHARGES AGAINST NATIONAL REVENUE FUND
Payments in terms of the following Acts:
1. Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act, 1998 (Act No. 20 of 1998) (Covering the President’s salary and the salaries of members of Parliament sections 2 (7) and 3 (7));

2. Remuneration and Allowances of Deputy Presidents, Ministers and Deputy Ministers Act, 1994 (Act 53 of 1994) (Covering the salary of the Deputy President section 4 (a));


[Item 4 added by s. 13 of Act No. 28 of 2003.]

### Schedule 6

#### REPEAL OF LEGISLATION

(Section 94)

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<tr>
<td>Act No. 123 of 1993</td>
<td>Finance Act, 1993</td>
<td>The whole</td>
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<tr>
<td>Act No. 142 of 1993</td>
<td>Exchequer Second Amendment Act, 1993</td>
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<td>Act No. 182 of 1993</td>
<td>Exchequer Third Amendment Act, 1993</td>
<td>The whole</td>
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<td>Act No. 41 of 1994</td>
<td>Finance Act, 1994</td>
<td>Sections 17 and 18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Act No. 93 of 1992</td>
<td>Reporting by Public Entities Act, 1992</td>
<td>The whole</td>
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<td>(c) Act No. 66 of 1975</td>
<td>Exchequer and Audit Act, 1975</td>
<td>The whole insofar as it is in force in the area of the former Republic of Transkei</td>
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<td>Act No. 102 of 1976</td>
<td>Finance Act, 1976</td>
<td>Sections 23, 24 and 25 insofar as it is in force in the area of the former Republic of Transkei</td>
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<td>(d) Act No. 29 of 1992 (Bophuthatswana)</td>
<td>Exchequer Act, 1992</td>
<td>The whole</td>
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<td>Act No. 16 of 1993 (Bophuthatswana)</td>
<td>Exchequer Amendment Act, 1993</td>
<td>The whole</td>
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<td>(e) Act No. 66 of 1975</td>
<td>Exchequer and Audit Act, 1975</td>
<td>The whole insofar as it is in force in the area of the former Republic of Venda</td>
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<td>Act No. 111 of 1977</td>
<td>Finance Act, 1977</td>
<td>Sections 9, 10 and 11 insofar as it is in force in the area of the former Republic of Venda</td>
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<td>Act No. 94 of 1978</td>
<td>Finance Act, 1978</td>
<td>Sections 12, 13 and 14 insofar as it is in force in the area of the former Republic of Venda</td>
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<td>Proclamation No. R.85 of 1979</td>
<td>Exchequer and Audit Proclamation</td>
<td>Sections 16 and 17 insofar as it is in force in the area of the former Republic of Venda</td>
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<td>Act No. 21 of 1983 (Venda)</td>
<td>Exchequer and Audit Amendment Act, 1983</td>
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<td>Act No. 18 of 1987 (Venda)</td>
<td>Exchequer and Audit Amendment Act, 1987</td>
<td>The whole</td>
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<td>Act No. 28 of 1989 (Venda)</td>
<td>Exchequer and Audit Amendment Act, 1989</td>
<td>The whole</td>
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<td>Proclamation No. 25 of 1993 (Venda)</td>
<td>Exchequer and Audit Amendment Act, 1993</td>
<td>The whole</td>
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<td>(f) Act No. 28 of 1985 (Ciskei)</td>
<td>Exchequer and Audit Act, 1985</td>
<td>The whole</td>
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