Correctional Services

Budget summary

		2010	D/11		2011/12	2012/13
	Total to be	Current	Transfers and	Payments for		
R million	appropriated	payments	subsidies	capital assets	Total	Total
MTEF allocation						
Administration	3 985.9	3 979.7	6.1	_	4 262.9	4 461.2
Security	5 141.5	5 141.5	-	_	5 415.3	5 681.6
Corrections	1 583.1	1 576.2	6.9	_	1 675.8	1 764.7
Care	1 504.0	1 504.0	-	_	1 606.8	1 693.2
Development	526.4	526.4	-	_	555.8	584.5
Social Reintegration	574.7	574.7	-	_	606.4	636.8
Facilities	1 813.5	705.2	-	1 108.3	1 904.4	3 455.2
Total expenditure estimates	15 129.0	14 007.7	13.1	1 108.3	16 027.4	18 277.2
Executive authority	Minister of Correction	onal Services		l .	l l	
Accounting officer	National Commission	ner of Correction	nal Services			

Executive authority

Accounting officer

National Commissioner of Correctional Services

Website address

www.dcs.gov.za

Aim

The aim of the Department of Correctional Services is to contribute to maintaining and protecting a just, peaceful and safe society by enforcing court imposed sentences, detaining inmates in safe custody while maintaining their human dignity and developing their sense of social responsibility, and promoting the general development of all inmates and persons subject to community corrections.

Programme purpose

Programme 1: Administration

Purpose: Provide the administrative, management, financial, information and communication technology, research, policy coordination and good governance support functions necessary for all service delivery by the department and in support of the functions of the ministry.

Programme 2: Security

Purpose: Provide safe and secure conditions for all persons incarcerated, consistent with human dignity, in support of security for personnel and the public.

Programme 3: Corrections

Purpose: Provide needs based correctional sentence plans and interventions, based on an assessment of the security risk and criminal profile of individuals, targeting all elements associated with offending behaviour, and focusing on the offence for which a person is remanded in a correctional centre, sentenced to correctional supervision, or paroled.

The Estimates of National Expenditure booklets for individual votes are available on www.treasury.gov.za. They provide more comprehensive coverage of vote specific information, particularly about goods and services, transfers, public entities and lower level institutional information.

Programme 4: Care

Purpose: Provide needs based care programmes and services aimed at maintaining the personal wellbeing of incarcerated persons in the department's care.

Programme 5: Development

Purpose: Provide needs based personal development programmes and services to all offenders.

Programme 6: Social Reintegration

Purpose: Provide services focused on: offenders' preparation for release; their effective supervision after release on parole and correctional supervision as well as in cases of direct sentences to correctional supervision; and the facilitation of their social reintegration into their communities.

Programme 7: Facilities

Purpose: Physical infrastructure that supports safe and secure custody, humane conditions, and corrective services, care, development, and general administration.

Strategic overview: 2006/07 - 2012/13

The priorities of the Department of Correctional Services relate to effectively contributing to the safety and security of South Africans. In pursuing this objective, the department has identified the following strategic priorities over the medium term: intensifying the fight against crime and corruption; promoting corrections as a societal responsibility; improving centre level service delivery on core mandates; building internal capacity for improved centre level service delivery; and developing policy with a view to aligning it with the Correctional Services Act (1998) and the 2005 White Paper on Corrections in South Africa.

Five strategic priorities over the medium term

Intensifying the fight against crime and corruption

A key outcome of the department's work in the priority area of improved safety is improved security measures to ensure that the rehabilitation of inmates takes place in a safe, secure and humane environment. This contributes to the fight against crime and corruption, as the security of inmates includes a reduction in escapes, assaults and unnatural deaths. The department has also developed a fraud prevention strategy, a whistle blowing policy and a compliance improvement plan. It has also established a risk management committee to improve governance and compliance with the regulatory framework.

Corrections as a societal responsibility

Apart from focused attention on advocacy to encourage civil society to recognise its role in corrections, the societal responsibility priority area includes facilitating the establishment of a structure for stakeholder participation and a remuneration model for civil society organisations supporting the Department of Correctional Services' internal programmes. The justice, crime prevention and security cluster has identified the establishment of community safety forums as a priority activity. The department will participate in setting up these forums in collaboration with other criminal justice system departments. The Department of Correctional Services has provided inputs on the development of the national policy framework for community safety, which is based on a multi-agency government community partnership approach. Other important elements of this priority area are the care and development of inmates, including skills development and formal education, and preparing inmates to be reintegrated into their communities. The social reintegration of inmates requires communities to be fully engaged in the rehabilitation process.

Improved centre level service delivery on core mandates

The focus here is on improving services at the correctional centre level, including services for rehabilitating and reintegrating inmates, of which a central component is the development of correctional sentence plans. The

remand detention management system prioritises the development of a white paper on remand detention, the establishment of independent remand detention facilities and ensuring that appropriate resources are mobilised. Finally, the internal and public safety and security element incorporates the anti-gang strategy aimed at reducing gang activity and violence in correctional centres, and training for emergency security teams.

Building internal capacity for improved centre level service delivery

The department has implemented the occupation specific dispensations and the seven-day establishment as measures to build internal capacity to improve service delivery at the correctional centre level. Another measure to meet this objective has been the migration of officials from non-centre based to centre based positions. The focus over the MTEF period will be to maximise the gains (in terms of extended hours) of the seven-day establishment with regard to the structured day programme and the unit management system, and to align the organisational structure at centre level so that provision is made for a rehabilitation focused correctional system.

Policy development

The department will develop a spending plan in line with the Correctional Services Act (1998) as amended and the 2005 White Paper on Corrections in South Africa to ensure effective service delivery over the medium term. The amendments to the Correctional Services Act (1998) include improving security measures in the correctional centres, managing information and preventing inmate escapes.

Savings and cost effective service delivery

Efficiency savings have been implemented in the department and have resulted in a reduction in its baseline of R22.6 million, R62.5 million and R140.8 million over the medium term.

The implementation of the occupation specific dispensation has required the reprioritisation of resources across programmes. The department has also developed cost containment measures to ensure that spending is aligned with and directed to high priority services. The measures include: a moratorium on filling vacant posts; downscaling the payments of performance bonuses; strict control over travelling, subsistence and related accommodation costs; strict control over appointing consultants; limiting the purchase of uniforms; control over departmental printing; discouraging the use of hired accommodation facilities for meetings, conferences and workshops; strict control over the use of landline and cellular telephones; preventing any unnecessary costs related to the advertising, branding and marketing of departmental activities; suspending the purchases of machinery and equipment; a moratorium on paying allowances to personnel who act in vacant positions; suspending the advertising of vacant posts, externally and internally; not fast tracking delayed building projects or replacing them with other projects; cutting down on meetings, work sessions, excellence awards ceremonies and workshops; and exerting strict control over the purchase of store items and the proper management of stores.

Budget allocations have been reprioritised and aligned with service delivery targets and the department's strategy and priorities.

Selected performance and operations indicators

Table 20.1 Correctional Services

Indicator	Programme		Past			Projections		
		2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Number of escapes from correctional centres and remand detention facilities (per 10 000 inmates) per year	Security	6	5	5	4	4	4	3
Number of assaults in correctional centres and remand detention facilities (per 10 000 inmates) per year	Security	113	52	92	83	74	68	61
Percentage of overcrowding in correctional centres and remand detention facilities	Corrections	39% (44 344)	42 % (48 332)	42% (48 681)	40% (47 074)	38% (48 216)	36% (37 219)	34% (45 730)

Table 20.1 Correctional Services (continued)

Indicator	Programme		Past		Current		Projections	S
		2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Percentage of incarcerated offenders with sentences longer than 24 months with correctional sentence plans (calculated against the projected average of 41 828 offenders with sentences longer than 24 months without correctional sentence plans)	Corrections		3.3% (1 400)	6.7% (2 800)	13.4% (5 600)	20.1% (8 400)	31.8% (13 310)	35% (14 640)
Number of offenders on antiretroviral treatment per year	Care	1 528	3 618	4 180	5 100	5 700	6 300	7 056
Number of offenders participating in literacy programmes per year	Development	696	1 388	1 735	2 082	2 394	2 633	2 765
Percentage of offenders participating in skills development programmes (calculated against the total number of offenders eligible for skills development programmes) in terms of their correctional services plans	Development	10.1% (16 212)	25.5% (41 625)	26.8% (43 706)	27.8% (45 891)	28.9% (48 186)	30% (50 595)	31.1% (53 125)
Percentage of parole violations per 10 000 parolees	Social Reintegration	32.4% (8 790/ 27 093)	33.7% (10 746/ 31 884)	19.1% (6 529/ 34 190)	28.1% (10 564/ 37 609)	25.1% (10 354/ 41 370)	22.2% (10 147/ 45 507)	21.7% (9 945/ 47 782)
Number of new bed spaces created	Facilities			_	3 338	946	6 000	7 579

Expenditure estimates

Table 20.2 Correctional Services

Programme				Adjusted	Revised			
	Aud	lited outcome		appropriation	estimate	Medium-term	expenditure es	stimate
R million	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10		2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
1. Administration	2 562.8	2 857.7	3 315.5	3 476.3	3 476.3	3 985.9	4 262.9	4 461.2
2. Security	2 932.0	3 732.3	4 552.0	4 960.0	4 960.0	5 141.5	5 415.3	5 681.6
3. Corrections	722.0	909.3	1 022.5	1 242.8	1 242.8	1 583.1	1 675.8	1 764.7
4. Care	1 090.7	1 263.8	1 349.9	1 584.1	1 584.1	1 504.0	1 606.8	1 693.2
5. Development	347.1	365.9	453.4	438.0	438.0	526.4	555.8	584.5
6. Social Reintegration	319.2	370.8	426.6	474.7	474.7	574.7	606.4	636.8
7. Facilities	1 277.5	1 622.5	1 702.9	1 658.7	1 658.7	1 813.5	1 904.4	3 455.2
Total	9 251.2	11 122.4	12 822.6	13 834.5	13 834.5	15 129.0	16 027.4	18 277.2
Change to 2009 Budget estimate				596.0	596.0	860.5	(2 071.3)	(798.5)
Economic classification			ļ.					
Current payments	8 272.2	9 906.2	11 623.0	12 689.6	12 689.6	14 007.7	14 856.0	15 592.8
Compensation of employees	5 606.6	6 799.2	8 077.8	9 313.0	9 313.0	10 483.8	11 058.5	11 611.2
Goods and services	2 665.5	3 107.0	3 545.2	3 376.6	3 376.6	3 523.9	3 797.5	3 981.6
of which:								
Agency and support / outsourced services	185.9	288.3	378.5	337.4	337.4	341.0	361.1	381.7
Inventory: Food and food supplies	390.4	430.1	251.7	299.2	299.2	302.4	337.1	356.4
Lease payments	714.6	825.4	956.0	974.3	974.3	1 226.5	1 356.0	1 499.8
Property payments	263.4	352.9	375.5	452.2	452.2	454.6	481.9	506.0
Interest and rent on land	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	-	-	-
Transfers and subsidies	35.9	33.0	38.7	38.4	38.4	13.1	8.3	8.8
Provinces and municipalities	5.3	2.1	2.0	6.0	6.0	0.3	0.3	0.4
Departmental agencies and accounts	3.2	3.5	3.9	4.7	4.7	5.2	-	-
Payments for capital assets	939.4	1 180.5	1 158.6	1 106.5	1 106.5	1 108.3	1 163.1	2 675.6
Buildings and other fixed structures	794.8	1 087.0	1 035.5	1 012.5	1 012.5	1 108.3	1 163.1	2 675.6
Machinery and equipment	144.6	87.5	90.8	94.0	94.0	-	-	-
Biological assets	_	_	0.1	-	-	-	-	-
Software and other intangible assets	-	6.0	32.2	-	-	_	-	-
of which:								
Capitalised compensation	15.9	12.0	11.3	13.7	_	_	-	_
Payments for financial assets	3.7	2.6	2.3	-	-	-	-	-
Total	9 251.2	11 122.4	12 822.6	13 834.5	13 834.5	15 129.0	16 027.4	18 277.2

Expenditure grew at an average annual rate of 14.4 per cent, from R9.3 billion in 2006/07 to R13.8 billion in 2009/10, and is projected to reach R18.3 billion in 2012/13 at an average annual rate of 9.7 per cent. This is as a result of additional allocations over the MTEF period for the occupation specific dispensation for correctional officials (R300 million per year) and adjustments to compensation of employees (R583.1 million, R619.4 million and R652. 8 million).

Spending in compensation of employees increased at an average annual rate of 18.4 per cent from 2006/07 to 2009/10. This was mainly due to payments for overtime and general salary increases in line with the 2007 Public Service Coordinating Bargaining Council resolution. The spending in compensation of employees is expected to increase at an average annual rate of 7.6 per cent from 2009/10 to 2012/13. This is mainly due to the implementation of various occupation specific dispensations as required by the 2007 resolution. In addition, the ongoing implementation of the inflation related salary adjustment over the medium term contributed to the increase.

Expenditure is expected to increase to R18.3 billion by 2012/13 at an average annual rate of 9.7 per cent. This is mainly due to the allocation of additional funds for the construction of 4 new public private partnership correctional facilities in Paarl, East London, Klerksdorp and Nigel. This additional allocation also explains the projected expenditure growth of 27.7 per cent in the *Facilities* programme and 34.2 per cent in payments for capital assets over the medium term. There will be no further allocations for machinery and capital equipment from 2010/11 as the department will implement cost saving measures.

The increase in the number of filled posts, from 36 268 in 2006/07 to 41 054 in 2007/08, is due to the additional posts allocated to implement the 7-day establishment and the 2005 White Paper on Corrections in South Africa. The decrease in the number of filled posts from 41 054 in 2007/08 to 40 611 in 2008/09 is due to the implementation of the moratorium on filling vacant posts in order to fund the budget shortfall resulting from the 2007 resolution. The moratorium was revised in 2009/10 to exempt critical posts, which resulted in an increase in filled posts from 40 611 in 2008/09 to 41 549 in 2009/10. With the implementation of the occupation specific dispensation for correctional officials, the department again had to implement the moratorium on filling all vacant posts to partly fund the budget shortfall. The department will continue to implement the moratorium over the medium term, which implies that the staff establishment of 41 500 will be maintained.

Mega infrastructure project spending

Construction of the new Kimberley correctional facility, which provides 3 000 bed spaces, started in 2006/07 and was completed in 2009/10. Expenditure was R45 million in 2006/07, R323 million in 2007/08, R356 million in 2008/09 and R186 million in 2009/10. Feasibility studies for the planned additional correctional centres, such as in Paarl, East London, Port Shepstone, Klerksdorp and Nigel, concluded that a public private partnership was the preferred method of procurement. The final request for proposals closed in November 2008 and the adjustment of allocations to provide for the capital contribution towards 4 public private partnership correctional centres was made in 2012/13. The budget for the 4 centres is R1.4 billion in 2012/13. In addition, 2 525 more bed spaces will be created in existing facilities over the medium term through upgrading existing facilities.

Departmental receipts

Revenue grew from R100 million in 2006/07 to R136.7 million in 2009/10. Over the medium term, it is expected to increase to R161 million in 2012/13.

Revenue is mostly generated from selling products made in correctional centres workshops, hiring out offender labour and letting accommodation to personnel. A portion of revenue from offender labour is paid to inmates as a gratuity. The decrease in revenue from 2007/08 to 2008/09 is due to incorrectly deducted rentals for departmental accommodation in 2007/08 and hence having to refund staff members.

Table 20.3 Departmental receipts

				Adjusted	Revised			
	Aud	lited outcome		estimate	estimate	Medium-ter	m receipts es	timate
R thousand	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/1	0	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Departmental receipts	100 034	136 313	80 506	131 154	136 696	143 402	152 006	160 955
Sales of goods and services produced by department	40 557	68 725	14 885	49 825	60 165	63 775	67 601	71 454
Sales of scrap, waste, arms and other used current goods	3 792	8 700	2 383	8 028	8 028	8 510	9 021	9 535
Transfers received	_	_	61	7 720	-	_	_	_
Fines, penalties and forfeits	13 916	15 030	16 836	19 984	20 783	22 030	23 352	24 683
Interest, dividends and rent on land	709	400	375	289	300	318	337	356
Sales of capital assets	317	205	1 412	1 069	1 412	1	1	1
Transactions in financial assets and liabilities	40 743	43 253	44 554	44 239	46 008	48 768	51 694	54 926
Total	100 034	136 313	80 506	131 154	136 696	143 402	152 006	160 955

Programme 1: Administration

Expenditure estimates

Table 20.4 Administration

Subprogramme				Adjusted				
. •	Audited outcome			appropriation	Medium-term expenditure estimate			
R million	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	
Minister ¹	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	
Deputy Minister ¹	0.6	0.9	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	
Management	279.8	315.1	357.8	381.3	403.8	426.8	429.9	
Corporate Services	770.9	856.0	922.7	1 060.2	1 122.6	1 186.7	1 190.8	
Finance	647.5	679.3	890.4	687.6	863.2	932.0	975.7	
Central Services	258.5	256.8	292.6	341.3	448.5	444.5	456.2	
Office Accommodation	588.8	730.2	830.3	983.0	1 124.7	1 249.2	1 384.3	
Staff Accommodation	15.9	18.4	19.0	19.8	19.7	20.3	20.7	
Total	2 562.8	2 857.7	3 315.5	3 476.3	3 985.9	4 262.9	4 461.2	
Change to 2009 Budget estimate				(1.8)	152.5	96.8	14.8	

^{1.} From 2008/09, the current payments relating to the total remuneration package of political office bearers are shown, before this, only salary and car allowance are included. Administrative and other subprogramme expenditure may in addition include payments for capital assets as well as transfers and subsidies.

Economic classification

Current payments	2 446.8	2 801.8	3 225.2	3 386.3	3 979.7	4 262.0	4 460.2
Compensation of employees	1 203.2	1 330.6	1 502.6	1 788.2	2 071.6	2 185.6	2 294.9
Goods and services	1 243.5	1 471.2	1 722.5	1 598.0	1 908.1	2 076.4	2 165.3
of which:							
Agency and support / outsourced services	28.1	57.5	41.2	39.9	42.5	45.0	47.6
Lease payments	354.7	410.3	474.1	467.0	690.6	788.5	899.9
Property payments	259.5	348.2	375.2	451.4	453.8	481.0	505.0
Interest and rent on land	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	_	_	-
Transfers and subsidies	7.4	8.5	9.1	10.7	6.1	1.0	1.0
Provinces and municipalities	2.2	2.1	2.0	6.0	0.3	0.3	0.4
Departmental agencies and accounts	3.2	3.5	3.9	4.7	5.2	-	_
Households	2.1	3.0	3.1	0.0	0.6	0.6	0.7
Payments for capital assets	104.9	44.8	78.9	79.3	-	-	-
Machinery and equipment	104.9	38.8	46.7	79.3	_	-	_
Software and other intangible assets	-	6.0	32.2	-	_	-	_
Payments for financial assets	3.7	2.6	2.3	-	-	-	-
Total	2 562.8	2 857.7	3 315.5	3 476.3	3 985.9	4 262.9	4 461.2
Details of selected transfers and subsidies							
Departmental agencies and accounts							
Departmental agencies (non-business							
entities) Current	3.2	2.5	3.9	4.7	5.2		
Safety and Security Sectoral Education	3.2	3.5 3.5	3.9	4.7	5.2 5.2	<u>-</u>	
and Training Authority	5.2	5.5	0.5	7.7	5.2	_	

The *Administration* programme accounts for bulk stores purchases, IT, office accommodation and staff accommodation costs. Bulk stores purchases include all basic inmates' costs such as food, medication and personal items. Consultants' services in this programme include IT support and technical services procured through State Information Technology Agency.

Expenditure in the programme increased from R2.6 billion in 2006/07 to R3.5 billion in 2009/10 at an average annual rate of 10.7 per cent, and is expected to grow to R4.5 billion in 2012/13 at an average annual rate of 8.7 per cent. This is due to an increase in expenditure for consultant services from R22.8 million in 2006/07 to R90.1 million in 2009/10, mainly due to new computerised systems and information systems maintenance. Provision was also made for payments for legal, internal and external audit consulting services. The strong growth over the medium term is mainly due to the implementation of the occupation specific dispensation, inflation related salary adjustments and allocations for a master information system plan.

The spending focus over the MTEF period is on professionalising correctional services and accelerating the implementation of the objectives set out in the white paper. This is boosted by the introduction of the occupational specific dispensation for correctional officials and other key categories.

Programme 2: Security

• Security funds activities aimed at providing safe and secure conditions for all incarcerated persons, consistent with human dignity, while providing protection for personnel and security for the public.

Objectives and measures

- Enhance safety and security in correctional facilities by:
 - vetting security personnel and installing biometric access and x-rays at 16 correctional facilities by 2012/13
 - implementing the anti-gang and security technology strategies at 35 correctional facilities by 2012/13
 - training 25 emergency security teams by 2012/13.

Service delivery focus

The safety and security enhancement project achieved the following in 2009/10: the operational structure for security personnel was revised and incorporated into the department's structure; roundtable discussions on gangs were concluded and the draft gang management strategy framework is now available; and an audit on security technology systems was completed.

In 2008/09, the department reduced the number of escapes and assaults against targets. The escape rate was 4.1 per 10 000 inmates against the target of 4.7 and the assault rate was 83 per 10 000 inmates against the target of 92. In the first half of 2009/10, there was a decrease in the escape rate to 1.1 per 10 000 and in the assault rate to 39. The number of unnatural deaths per 10 000 inmates was 2.5 in the first half of 2009/10 in comparison to 3.9 in the same period of 2008/09.

Expenditure estimates

Table 20.5 Security

Subprogramme				Adjusted			
	Aud	lited outcome		appropriation	Medium-tern	n expenditure est	imate
R million	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Security	2 932.0	3 732.3	4 552.0	4 960.0	5 141.5	5 415.3	5 681.6
Total	2 932.0	3 732.3	4 552.0	4 960.0	5 141.5	5 415.3	5 681.6
Change to 2009 Budget estimate				534.7	361.6	390.3	405.3

Table 20.5 Security (continued)

				Adjusted				
	Audited outcome			appropriation	Medium-term expenditure estimate			
R million	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	
Economic classification			Į.	*				
Current payments	2 901.2	3 692.0	4 533.8	4 957.1	5 141.5	5 415.3	5 681.6	
Compensation of employees	2 802.7	3 538.9	4 367.0	4 835.4	5 042.0	5 311.9	5 572.3	
Goods and services	98.5	153.2	166.7	121.7	99.5	103.3	109.2	
of which:								
Agency and support / outsourced services	44.2	88.2	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	
Inventory: Food and food supplies	0.8	1.2	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	
Transfers and subsidies	10.7	7.2	10.5	2.1	-	-	-	
Provinces and municipalities	1.8	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Households	8.8	7.2	10.5	2.1	_	_	-	
Payments for capital assets	20.1	33.0	7.7	0.8	-	-	-	
Machinery and equipment	20.1	33.0	7.6	0.8	_	_	_	
Biological assets	_	_	0.1	_	_	_	_	
Total	2 932.0	3 732.3	4 552.0	4 960.0	5 141.5	5 415.3	5 681.6	

Expenditure increased from R2.9 billion in 2006/07 to R5 billion in 2009/10 at an average annual rate of 19.2 per cent, and is expected to increase to R5.7 billion at an average annual rate of 4.6 per cent. The growth in expenditure provided for improving security in correctional centres, and for the ongoing implementation of the occupation specific dispensation for correctional officials and the 7-day establishment.

The programme's activities are labour intensive and expenditure in compensation of employees accounts for 98 per cent of the programme's budget over the medium term. R73.5 million was paid to a service provider for the maintenance and staffing of security control rooms in 2008/09. R52.1 million is to be paid to a service provider in 2009/10 for the maintenance and staffing of the security control rooms and the maintenance of security access control systems and security fences.

Spending over the MTEF period will focus on the implementation of the occupation specific dispensation in conjunction with the 7-day establishment.

Programme 3: Corrections

Personal Corrections provides needs based correctional sentence plans and interventions based on an
assessment of the security risk and criminal profile of individuals, targeting all elements associated with
offending behaviour and focusing on the offence for which a person is remanded in a correctional centre,
sentenced to correctional supervision, or sentenced to the parole supervision. Funding will mainly be used
for compensation of employees and the management of inmates and persons under correctional and parole
supervision.

Objectives and measures

- Improve rehabilitation by increasing the number of correctional sentence plans for offenders serving more than 24 months from 8 400 in 2010/11 to 14 640 in 2012/13.
- Create an environment conducive to rehabilitation by reducing the level of overcrowding from 48 332 (42 per cent) in 2007/08 to 45 730 (34 per cent) in 2012/13.

Service delivery focus

In 2008/09, 146 393 sentenced inmates were involved in work opportunities against the target of 108 000. In the same year, 60 543 offenders participated in correctional programmes against the target of 15 704, translating to 30 per cent of the relevant offender population, including special categories of offenders.

Personal tracking devices in 12 targeted facilities were not installed due to procurement problems at the State Information Technology Agency. The process has been cancelled and the project has been divided into 2 phases. The first phase, which covers identification and facial recognition, will be implemented in 17 correctional facilities by the end of March 2010; and the second phase, which is the tracking of offenders inside correctional facilities, will be further explored in 2012/13.

The video arraignment project is now operational at the St Albans and Westville correctional facilities. Funding was secured from the Department of Justice and Constitutional Development to complete a further 6 remaining centres by March 2010.

The offender rehabilitation path was implemented in 2006/07 and progress thus far is as follows: phases 2, 3, 5 and 6 are at least 70 per cent implemented; phases 1 and 7 are less than 40 per cent implemented; and phase 4 is about 50 per cent implemented. Within the path, the admission risk and needs assessment tool has been developed to determine offenders' immediate risk and needs on admission, and is administered within 6 hours of admission by the interim correctional assessment officials. The tool was computerised in 2008/09 and implemented in April 2009, and is linked to the admission and release system. Statistics will be available on the management information system. The admission security risk classification automation tool was completed in 2009 and beta testing was concluded in January 2010 at 3 sites in Gauteng. The tool will be implemented in February 2010.

In 2008/09, minimum facilities standards were approved for remand detention management but the identified centres can only be upgraded when funds become available over the MTEF period.

Expenditure estimates

Table 20.6 Corrections

Subprogramme				Adjusted			
	Aud	lited outcome		appropriation	Medium-tern	n expenditure est	imate
R million	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Personal Corrections	722.0	909.3	1 022.5	1 242.8	1 583.1	1 675.8	1 764.7
Total	722.0	909.3	1 022.5	1 242.8	1 583.1	1 675.8	1 764.7
Change to 2009 Budget estimate				130.8	392.0	392.9	417.7
Economic classification			I				
Current payments	706.7	894.1	1 005.7	1 220.1	1 576.2	1 668.5	1 757.0
Compensation of employees	680.3	858.5	973.4	1 193.8	1 565.2	1 656.8	1 744.7
Goods and services	26.4	35.7	32.3	26.3	10.9	11.6	12.3
Transfers and subsidies	14.8	14.9	16.3	21.9	6.9	7.3	7.8
Provinces and municipalities	0.6	0.1	-	-	_	_	-
Households	14.2	14.8	16.3	21.9	6.9	7.3	7.8
Payments for capital assets	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.9	-	-	-
Machinery and equipment	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.9	_	-	-
Total	722.0	909.3	1 022.5	1 242.8	1 583.1	1 675.8	1 764.7

Expenditure trends

Expenditure in this programme increased from R722 million in 2006/07 to R1.2 billion in 2009/10, at an average annual rate of 19.8 per cent. This is due to additional allocations for the implementation of the 2005 White Paper on Corrections in South Africa.

Expenditure is expected to increase to R1.8 billion in 2012/13, at an average annual rate of 12.4 per cent over the medium term. This is due to a substantial increase in compensation of employees spending between 2009/10 and 2012/13 to provide for the ongoing implementation of the occupation specific dispensation for correctional officials and the inflation related salary adjustment carry through costs.

Spending over the MTEF period will focus on the implementation of the occupational specific dispensation in conjunction with the 7-day establishment.

Programme 4: Care

Personal Wellbeing provides needs based programmes and services aimed at maintaining the personal
wellbeing of incarcerated persons by facilitating physical fitness, social functioning, healthcare, and
spiritual, moral and psychological wellbeing. Funding will mainly be used for compensation of employees
and goods and services.

Objectives and measures

• Improve the health and personal wellbeing of inmates by increasing the number of offenders on antiretroviral treatment per year from 3 618 in 2007/08 to 7 056 in 2012/13.

Service delivery focus

In 2007/08, 116 115 offenders participated in social work sessions against a target of 101 000. The target was exceeded due to the commitment of personnel and the involvement of external service providers.

In 2008/09, the department provided psychological wellbeing services to 9 073 sentenced offenders against the targeted 10 200. The target was not met due to a decrease in the number of psychologists from 33 in April 2008 to 22 in March 2009. More than 168 784 spiritual care sessions were conducted against the target of 166 000. This was due to the appointment of 7 new chaplains in Eastern Cape, KwaZulu-Natal, Free State and Northern Cape, and the training of spiritual care staff.

Expenditure estimates

Table 20.7 Care

Subprogramme				Adjusted			
	Aud	lited outcome		appropriation	Medium-tern	n expenditure est	imate
R million	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Personal Wellbeing	1 090.7	1 263.8	1 349.9	1 584.1	1 504.0	1 606.8	1 693.2
Total	1 090.7	1 263.8	1 349.9	1 584.1	1 504.0	1 606.8	1 693.2
Change to 2009 Budget estimate				(7.7)	(241.6)	(356.6)	(368.4)
Economic classification							
Current payments	1 086.9	1 260.2	1 344.4	1 580.5	1 504.0	1 606.8	1 693.2
Compensation of employees	354.9	442.5	526.4	658.2	704.1	742.8	780.0
Goods and services	732.0	817.7	818.0	922.3	799.9	864.0	913.3
of which:							
Agency and support / outsourced services	113.2	140.8	335.4	296.1	297.0	314.5	332.5
Inventory: Food and food supplies	388.8	428.1	249.6	298.5	301.6	336.4	355.5
Lease payments	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6
Transfers and subsidies	1.1	0.9	0.6	-	-	-	-
Provinces and municipalities	0.3	-	_	-	-	-	-
Households	0.8	0.9	0.6	_	_	_	-
Payments for capital assets	2.7	2.7	4.8	3.6	_	-	-
Machinery and equipment	2.7	2.7	4.8	3.6	_	-	-
Total	1 090.7	1 263.8	1 349.9	1 584.1	1 504.0	1 606.8	1 693.2

Expenditure trends

The growth in expenditure from R1.1 billion in 2006/07 to R1.6 billion in 2009/10, at an average annual rate of 13.2 per cent, provides for the implementation of the 3-meal system. The projected growth to R1.7 billion, at an average annual rate of 2.2 per cent, provides for the additional remuneration of healthcare workers in line with the occupation specific dispensation and carry through costs for the inflation salary adjustment. The increase in expenditure on consultant services from R16 000 in 2006/07 to R53.1 million in 2009/10 is due to payments for the feasibility studies for outsourcing pharmaceutical services and nutritional services. The expected increase in expenditure over the medium term is due to payments for pharmaceutical and nutritional services and the implementation of the occupational specific dispensation.

The comprehensive HIV and AIDS programme is being implemented nationally. The department received donor funding of US\$1 million (R5.9 million in 2006/07, R2.4 million 2008/09 and R1.6 million in 2009/10) to fund the ongoing coordination of HIV and AIDS programmes among inmates and staff members.

Programme 5: Development

• Personal Development of Offenders provides programmes and services aimed at developing competencies by providing opportunities for skills and social development. Programmes and services include technical training, recreation, sports, education, and the operation of agriculture and production workshops.

Objectives and measures

- Facilitate the reintegration of offenders into communities by:
 - increasing the number of inmates in literacy programmes per year from 1 388 in 2007/08 to 2 765 in 2012/13
 - increasing the number of inmates in skills development programmes from 41 625 in 2007/08 to 53 125 in 2012/13.

Service delivery focus

In 2008/09, a consultative concept document was disseminated to regions to implement a comprehensive offender skills development plan in 12 centres of excellence. There was a shift from formal education to skills development after introducing the national certificate (vocational) programme to improve learners' chances of employment.

The introduction of the national curriculum statement in 2006 by the Department of Education, which requires that schools are full-time institutions, exacerbated reduced enrolment in formal education because correctional centres do not meet this requirement. The department does not have the human resources or infrastructure to support the requirements of full-time tuition. Arrangements for acquiring pre-fabricated classrooms will be made and acquiring suitable infrastructure requirements will be explored over the medium term.

Expenditure estimates

Table 20.8 Development

Subprogramme				Adjusted			
	Aud	lited outcome		appropriation	Medium-tern	n expenditure est	imate
R million	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Personal Development of Offenders	347.1	365.9	453.4	438.0	526.4	555.8	584.5
Total	347.1	365.9	453.4	438.0	526.4	555.8	584.5
Change to 2009 Budget estimate				(10.7)	57.1	57.2	60.9
Economic classification				<u> </u>			
Current payments	331.9	354.0	422.6	428.9	526.4	555.8	584.5
Compensation of employees	206.9	225.0	242.4	308.1	415.8	438.7	460.6
Goods and services	125.0	129.0	180.2	120.8	110.7	117.2	123.9
of which:							
Agency and support / outsourced services	0.4	1.7	1.5	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0
Inventory: Food and food supplies	0.8	0.8	1.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6
Lease payments	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
Transfers and subsidies	0.4	0.8	0.4	-	-	-	-
Provinces and municipalities	0.2	(0.1)	-	-	_	_	-
Households	0.2	0.9	0.4	_	_	_	-
Payments for capital assets	14.7	11.2	30.4	9.1	-	-	_
Machinery and equipment	14.7	11.2	30.4	9.1	-	-	_
Total	347.1	365.9	453.4	438.0	526.4	555.8	584.5

Expenditure increased from R347.1 million in 2006/07 to R438 million in 2009/10, at an average annual rate of 8.1 per cent. This was mainly due to a 14.2 per cent increase in compensation of employees spending due to the separate occupational specific dispensations for correctional officials and educators.

Expenditure is projected to increase to R584.5 million over the medium term, at an average annual rate of 10.1 per cent. This is mainly due to the inflation salary adjustment carry through costs and the implementation of occupation specific dispensations. The increase in expenditure on consultant services from R1.1 million in 2006/07 to R1.3 million in 2009/10 is mainly due to payments for external service providers for agricultural services.

The spending focus over the MTEF period will be on implementing the occupation specific dispensation in conjunction with the 7-day establishment.

Programme 6: Social Reintegration

• Community Liaison provides for all services, including supervision and pre-release resettlement, that prepare offenders for completing their sentences in order to facilitate their social acceptance and effective reintegration into their communities. Funding will mainly be used for compensation of employees.

Objectives and measures

- Facilitate the social acceptance and effective reintegration of offenders on parole and probation by:
 - increasing the number of probationers from 17 919 in 2007/08 to 20 204 in 2012/13
 - decreasing the number of violations from 10 746 in 2007/08 to 9 945 in 2012/13.

Service delivery focus

In 2008/09, the parole boards considered 47 362 submissions and approved 22 252 conditional placements (46.9 per cent). In the same year, 17 cases were referred for review, there were 10 966 violations against a targeted 10 780, and 1 664 absconders were registered against the target of 2 300. The target for parole violations in 2009/10 was 10 564 (28.1 per cent).

The implementation of alternative strategies for incarceration is dependent on stakeholders, including the other justice, corrections and protection services cluster departments. These strategies impact on some targets, such as the formalisation of relationships with external organisations and multi-sectoral rehabilitation programmes for offenders. However, significant progress has been made in gaining cooperation and buy-in from these stakeholders.

Expenditure estimates

Table 20.9 Social Reintegration

Subprogramme				Adjusted			
	Auc	lited outcome		appropriation	Medium-tern	n expenditure est	imate
R million	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Community Liaison	319.2	370.8	426.6	474.7	574.7	606.4	636.8
Total	319.2	370.8	426.6	474.7	574.7	606.4	636.8
Change to 2009 Budget estimate				48.8	128.3	156.8	164.8
Economic classification			<u> </u>				
Current payments	317.3	370.0	424.8	470.9	574.7	606.4	636.8
Compensation of employees	288.6	337.5	390.7	435.6	555.1	585.7	615.0
Goods and services	28.7	32.4	34.1	35.3	19.6	20.7	21.9
of which:							
Lease payments	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7

Table 20.9 Social Reintegration (continued)

				Adjusted			
	Aud	lited outcome		appropriation	Medium-tern	n expenditure est	imate
R million	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Economic classification				<u> </u>			
Transfers and subsidies	1.3	0.5	1.6	3.7	-	-	-
Provinces and municipalities	0.2	-	-	-	_	_	-
Households	1.1	0.5	1.6	3.7	-	_	-
Payments for capital assets	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	-	-	-
Machinery and equipment	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	-	-	-
Total	319.2	370.8	426.6	474.7	574.7	606.4	636.8
Details of selected transfers and subsi	dies		l_	<u> </u>			
Households							
Other transfers to households							
Current	1.1	0.5	-	3.7	-	-	-
Cash Payment Indigence Grant	1.1	0.5	-	3.7	_	_	-

Expenditure increased at an average annual rate of 14.1 per cent from R319.2 million in 2006/07 to R474.7 million in 2009/10, due to an increase in activities at community corrections offices following the implementation of the special remissions initiatives. The increase in expenditure between 2006/07 and 2008/09 was also due to overtime payments for Saturdays and public holidays in line with the requirements of the Public Service Coordinating Bargaining Council Resolution no. 01 of 2007.

Expenditure is projected to increase to R636.8 million in 2012/13, at an average annual rate of 10.3 per cent. This is mainly due to the implementation of the occupation specific dispensation for correctional officials and carry through costs for the general annual inflation related salary adjustment.

Programme 7: Facilities

- Public Private Partnership Prisons funds the department's financial commitment to the suppliers of two public private partnership correctional facilities.
- Facilities Planning funds the provision of infrastructure for correctional and other facilities.
- Building and Maintenance funds the maintenance and upgrading of correctional and other facilities and the provision of power supplies, water purification and sanitation services.

Objectives and measures

- Ensure that physical infrastructure supports safe and secure custody by:
 - increasing the number of new bed spaces for sentenced offenders from 3 338 in 2009/10 to 17 863 by 2012/13
 - increasing the number of new correctional centres from 241 in 2007/08 to 243 in 2012/13.

Service delivery focus

The Kimberley facility, which provides 3 000 bed spaces, was handed over and has been operational since January 2010. Progress has been made on upgrading 3 facilities: Warm Bokkeveld, Ceres (47 per cent complete); Van Rhynsdorp (66 per cent complete); and Brandvlei (51 per cent complete).

In 2008/09, the department planned 94 maintenance projects, of which 58 were under construction, 12 on tender and 14 under planning. Project completion is dependent on the disbursement of funds by the Department of Public Works, and projects are currently running at different phases. Some will be completed in 2010/11 and the remainder in 2011/12. 10 projects were not funded due to the financial constraints. The Tzaneen correctional centre was handed over to the contractor in January 2010. When complete, the centre will generate 500 new bed spaces.

Expenditure estimates

Table 20.10 Facilities

Subprogramme				Adjusted			
	Aud	lited outcome		appropriation	Medium-terr	n expenditure es	timate
R million	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Public-Private Partnership Prisons	560.3	617.5	677.0	710.7	727.6	759.0	2 255.3
Facilities Planning	582.1	879.8	887.1	790.3	913.5	968.3	1 016.8
Building and Maintenance	135.1	125.2	138.8	157.7	172.3	177.0	183.1
Total	1 277.5	1 622.5	1 702.9	1 658.7	1 813.5	1 904.4	3 455.2
Change to 2009 Budget estimate				(98.2)	10.6	(2 808.7)	(1 493.6)
Economic classification							
Current payments	481.3	534.0	666.6	645.9	705.2	741.3	779.6
Compensation of employees	69.9	66.2	75.3	93.7	129.9	137.0	143.9
Goods and services	411.5	467.9	591.3	552.3	575.3	604.3	635.7
of which:							
Lease payments	358.2	413.1	479.7	504.5	532.9	564.3	596.5
Property payments	3.9	4.6	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Transfers and subsidies	0.2	0.2	0.2	-	-	-	-
Provinces and municipalities	0.1	-	-	-	_	_	-
Households	0.2	0.2	0.2	_	_	_	-
Payments for capital assets	795.9	1 088.2	1 036.0	1 012.8	1 108.3	1 163.1	2 675.6
Buildings and other fixed structures	794.8	1 087.0	1 035.5	1 012.5	1 108.3	1 163.1	2 675.6
Machinery and equipment	1.1	1.2	0.5	0.3	_	_	-
of which:							
Capitalised compensation	15.9	12.0	11.3	13.7	_	-	-
Total	1 277.5	1 622.5	1 702.9	1 658.7	1 813.5	1 904.4	3 455.2

Expenditure trends

Expenditure increased from R1.3 billion in 2006/07 to R1.7 billion in 2009/10, at an average annual rate of 9.1 per cent. This was mainly due to the allocation of rollover funds for the construction of the new Kimberley correctional facility.

Expenditure is expected to grow at an average annual rate of 27.7 per cent to R3.5 billion in 2012/13. This is mainly due to the allocation of additional funds for the construction of 4 new public private partnership correctional facilities at Paarl, East London, Klerksdorp and Nigel.

The bulk of this programme's expenditure is on capital assets, which includes the construction, upgrading and renovation of existing correctional facilities over the medium term. This will create an additional 2 525 bed spaces (excluding Kimberley and the 4 public private partnerships). Consultant expenditure is for the public private partnership transaction advisor.

Additional tables

Table 20.A Summary of expenditure trends and estimates per programme and economic classification

Programme	Appro	priation	Audited		Appropriation		Revised
	Main	Adjusted	outcome	Main	Additional	Adjusted	estimate
R million	200	08/09	2008/09		2009/10		2009/10
1. Administration	3 111.6	3 169.8	3 315.5	3 478.1	(1.8)	3 476.3	3 476.3
2. Security	3 873.2	4 176.8	4 552.0	4 425.3	534.7	4 960.0	4 960.0
3. Corrections	1 064.7	1 062.1	1 022.5	1 112.1	130.8	1 242.8	1 242.8
4. Care	1 394.7	1 416.9	1 349.9	1 591.8	(7.7)	1 584.1	1 584.1
5. Development	396.6	447.0	453.4	448.7	(10.7)	438.0	438.0
6. Social Reintegration	386.5	412.7	426.6	425.9	48.8	474.7	474.7
7. Facilities	1 444.4	1 653.6	1 702.9	1 756.8	(98.2)	1 658.7	1 658.7
Total	11 671.8	12 338.8	12 822.6	13 238.6	596.0	13 834.5	13 834.5
Economic classification			II.			l .	
Current payments	10 521.4	11 045.9	11 623.0	11 901.5	788.2	12 689.6	12 689.6
Compensation of employees	7 144.1	7 604.6	8 077.8	8 292.4	1 020.6	9 313.0	9 313.0
Goods and services	3 377.2	3 441.2	3 545.2	3 609.1	(232.5)	3 376.6	3 376.6
Interest and rent on land	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	-	0.1	0.1
Transfers and subsidies	34.4	35.3	38.7	37.6	0.8	38.4	38.4
Provinces and municipalities	5.8	5.8	2.0	6.0	-	6.0	6.0
Departmental agencies and accounts	4.3	4.3	3.9	4.7	-	4.7	4.7
Households	24.3	25.2	32.8	26.9	0.8	27.7	27.7
Payments for capital assets	1 116.0	1 257.6	1 158.6	1 299.5	(193.0)	1 106.5	1 106.5
Buildings and other fixed structures	894.2	1 099.8	1 035.5	1 120.5	(108.0)	1 012.5	1 012.5
Machinery and equipment	221.8	157.8	90.8	179.0	(85.0)	94.0	94.0
Biological assets	_	_	0.1	-	-	-	-
Software and other intangible assets	_	-	32.2	-	_	-	-
Payments for financial assets	_	-	2.3	-	-	-	-
Total	11 671.8	12 338.8	12 822.6	13 238.6	596.0	13 834.5	13 834.5

Table 20.B Detail of approved establishment and personnel numbers according to salary level ¹

	Personnel post	status as at 30	September 2009	Number	of personn	el posts fil	led / planne	d for on fund	led establis	hment
	Number of posts		Number of posts							
	on approved	Number of	additional to the		Actual		Mid year ²	Mediu	m-term esti	mate
	establishment	funded posts	establishment	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Department	45 941	45 941	43	36 268	41 054	40 611	41 549	41 500	41 500	41 500
Salary level 1 – 6	26 165	26 165	19	20 090	24 876	24 256	25 153	25 104	25 104	25 104
Salary level 7 – 10	18 874	18 874	14	15 470	15 470	15 622	15 657	15 657	15 657	15 657
Salary level 11 – 12	701	701	3	533	533	555	561	562	562	562
Salary level 13 – 16	201	201	7	175	175	178	178	177	177	177
Administration	8 068	8 068	35	6 566	6 566	6 620	6 539	6 537	6 537	6 537
Salary level 1 – 6	3 150	3 150	18	2 381	2 381	2 397	2 334	2 334	2 334	2 334
Salary level 7 – 10	4 321	4 321	8	3 707	3 707	3 739	3 701	3 701	3 701	3 701
Salary level 11 – 12	420	420	2	320	320	332	343	342	342	342
Salary level 13 – 16	177	177	7	158	158	152	161	160	160	160
Security	24 861	24 861	1	17 812	22 598	22 090	23 223	23 174	23 174	23 174
Salary level 1 – 6	18 251	18 251	-	12 289	17 075	16 437	17 487	17 438	17 438	17 438
Salary level 7 – 10	6 568	6 568	1	5 514	5 514	5 628	5 724	5 724	5 724	5 724
Salary level 11 – 12	41	41	-	9	9	15	11	11	11	11
Salary level 13 – 16	1	1	_	-	-	10	1	1	1	1

Table 20.B Detail of approved establishment and personnel numbers according to salary level ¹(continued)

	Personnel post	status as at 30	September 2009	Number	of personn	el posts fil	led / planne	d for on fund	led establis	hment
	Number of posts		Number of posts							
	on approved	Number of	additional to the		Actual		Mid year ²	Mediu	m-term estii	mate
	establishment	funded posts	establishment	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Corrections	6 343	6 343	-	5 765	5 765	5 713	5 594	5 594	5 594	5 594
Salary level 1 – 6	2 696	2 696	-	2 721	2 721	2 699	2 573	2 573	2 573	2 573
Salary level 7 – 10	3 542	3 542	_	2 954	2 954	2 929	2 941	2 941	2 941	2 941
Salary level 11 – 12	99	99	-	85	85	83	78	78	78	78
Salary level 13 – 16	6	6	_	5	5	2	2	2	2	2
Care	2 403	2 403	5	2 426	2 426	2 489	2 517	2 517	2 517	2 517
Salary level 1 – 6	424	424	-	1 240	1 240	1 303	1 350	1 350	1 350	1 350
Salary level 7 – 10	1 894	1 894	5	1 103	1 103	1 097	1 074	1 074	1 074	1 074
Salary level 11 – 12	77	77	_	77	77	82	86	86	86	86
Salary level 13 – 16	8	8	_	6	6	7	7	7	7	7
Development	1 700	1 700	1	1 406	1 406	1 413	1 398	1 398	1 398	1 398
Salary level 1 – 6	715	715	1	600	600	581	570	570	570	570
Salary level 7 – 10	961	961	_	789	789	813	809	809	809	809
Salary level 11 – 12	19	19	-	13	13	14	14	14	14	14
Salary level 13 – 16	5	5	_	4	4	5	5	5	5	5
Social Reintegration	2 020	2 020	-	1 819	1 819	1 828	1 811	1 813	1 813	1 813
Salary level 1 – 6	787	787	-	743	743	738	724	724	724	724
Salary level 7 – 10	1 202	1 202	-	1 055	1 055	1 068	1 067	1 067	1 067	1 067
Salary level 11 – 12	29	29	-	20	20	21	19	21	21	21
Salary level 13 – 16	2	2	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Facilities	546	546	1	474	474	458	467	467	467	467
Salary level 1 – 6	142	142	-	116	116	101	115	115	115	115
Salary level 7 – 10	386	386	_	348	348	348	341	341	341	341
Salary level 11 – 12	16	16	1	9	9	8	10	10	10	10
Salary level 13 – 16	2	2	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

^{1.} Data has been provided by the department and may not necessarily reconcile with official government personnel data.
2. As at 30 September 2009.

Table 20.C Summary of expenditure on training

				Adjusted			
	Aud	ited outcome		appropriation	Medium-term	n expenditure e	stimate
	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Compensation of employees (R million)	5 606.6	6 799.2	8 077.8	9 313.0	10 483.8	11 058.5	11 611.2
Training expenditure (R million)	111.4	125.6	76.0	89.5	64.0	100.5	105.6
Training as percentage of compensation	2.0%	1.8%	0.9%	1.0%	0.6%	0.9%	0.9%
Total number trained in department (head count)	19 980	21 900	_	-			
of which:							
Employees receiving bursaries (head count)	318	_	_	-			
Learnerships trained (head count)	3 052	3 116	_	-			
Internships trained (head count)	397	978	_	-			
Households receiving bursaries (R million)	2.0	_	2.4	3.0	3.6	-	_
Households receiving bursaries (head count)	42	-	_	-			

Table 20.D Summary of departmental public private partnership (PPP) projects

Project description: PPP prisons	Project				
	annual				
	unitary fee	Budgeted			
	at time of	expenditure	Medium-	term expenditure es	timate
R million	contract	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Projects signed in terms of Treasury Regulation 16	-	710.7	727.6	759.0	791.2
PPP unitary charge	-	710.0	727.0	758.5	790.6
Advisory fees	-	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.5
Project monitoring cost	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Projects in preparation, registered in terms of Treasury Regulation 16 ¹	-	-	-	-	1 464.1
PPP unitary charge	-	-	_	_	1 464.1
Total	-	710.7	727.6	759.0	2 255.3

^{1.} Only projects that have received Treasury Approval: .

Disclosure notes for projects signed in terms of Treasury Regulation 16

Project name	Two PPP Prisons, Mangaung Correctional Centre and Kutama Sinthumule
•	Correctional Centre
Brief description	The design, construction, operation, maintenance and financing of two new Public, Private Partnership correctional centres to make provision for additional beds to the
Date PPP agreement was signed	stock of prison accommodation Mangaung Correctional Centre: 24 March 2000 Kutama Sinthumule Correctional Centre: 3 August 2000
Duration of PPP agreement	25 years
Escalation index for unitary fee	As stipulated in Schedule E of both contracts
Net Present Value of all payment obligations discounted at appropriate duration government bond yield	N/A
Variations / amendments to PPP agreement	None
Cost implications of variations / amendments	None
Significant contingent fiscal obligations including termination payments, guarantees, warranties and indemnities and maximum estimated value of such liabilities	N/A

Project name	Project name Service delivery Curr	Current	Total				Adiusted			
	outputs	project stage	project cost	Audit	Audited outcome		appropriation	Medium-term	Medium-term expenditure estimate	stimate
R million	5			2006/07	2007/08	5008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Kimberley minimum security prison for	peds	Construction	961.5	45.4	323.4	356.2	186.3	1	1	1
3 000 inmates Future public private partnership prisons	1 200 beds	Tender	2 790.4	ı	I	I	I	I	1	1 464.1
IT cabling at the Kimberley minimum security prison	IT infrastructure	Construction	25.0	1	1	I	25.0	1	ı	1
Replacement of temporary cell accommodation with permanent cells at the Worcester, Brandvlei, prison	346 beds	Construction	386.8	15.3	6.7	51.1	175.3	139.7	1	1
Replacement of existing temporary prison and facilities at the Van Rhysndorp prison	338 beds	Construction	278.5	5.0	18.8	86.8	90.3	6.96	1	1
Construction of housing for married and single personnel with mess at Caledon, Helderstroom prisons	79 houses and 19 single quarter blocks Various	Various	167.6	37.7	64.5	51.5	1.9	1	1	1
Upgrading of the water channel and water line at the Goedemoed prison	Maintained building	Construction	I	1	1	1	ı	1	ı	1
Upgrading of the entire correctional facility including feasibility study at the Ceres, Warm Bokkeveld, prison	262 beds	Construction	70.6	1	4.9	43.6	16.1	£.3	1	1
Upgrading, repair and renovation of the existing facility Burgersdorp prison	500 beds	Design	298:0	2.4	0.2	0.1	ı	70.0	111.2	96.2
Demolition of existing corrugated iron buildings at the Estcourt prison	309 beds	Design	230.0	3.4	.	1.7	4.9	56.0	65.0	69.2
Replacement of temporary prison with a facility for 252 inmates at the Tzaneen prison	435 beds	Tender	264.0	2.0	4.2	8.4	15.0	81.3	79.0	24.7

Project name	Project name Service delivery Current		Total				Adjusted		1	
Rmillion	outputs	project stage pro	project cost	Audite 2006/07	Audited outcome	2008/09	appropriation 2009/10	Medium-term 2010/11	Medium-term expenditure estimate 2010/11 2012/	stimate 2012/13
Departmental infrastructure	ıcture									
Upgrading of prison including erection of additional 6 cells Bergville prison	29 beds	Feasibility	39.0	1.5	-	6.0	0.7	12.6	8.2	17.5
Upgrading of prison and erection of additional 5 cells at Ingwavuma complex	198 beds	Design	278.0	1	1	I	2.0	48.8	85.0	73.0
Total upgrading of the prison complex at the Zeerust prison	127 beds	Design	230.0	1.6	0.3	1.2	I	27.4	73.8	80.0
Upgrading of prison including additional 10 cells and the erection of 2 unit managers' offices at Nongoma prison	ı	Design	219.0	0.1	0.3	0.3	I	41.0	64.2	68.8
Upgrading of prison including erection of 5 additional cells and 1 unit manager's office at Nkandla prison	153 beds	Design	225.0	0.5	ı	I	I	30.8	44.1	87.6
Upgrading of prison including the erection of additional 4 cells at Mapumulo prison	39 beds	Design	89.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	I	21.0	40.2	17.7
Replacement of dilapidated and temporary structures at the Makhado and Atteridgeville prisons	Maintained building	Identification	293.9	1	1	1	1	1	108.2	185.8
Adaptation and completion of correctional centre at Standerton prison	819 beds	Design	244.9	1	1	I	5.5	13.9	123.2	102.3
Upgrading of prison including erection of 10 cells at the Matatiele prison	24 beds	Design	19.0	ı	1	I	I	5.5	10.9	2.7
Upgrading and additional accommodation at the Calvinia prison	Upgrading	Various	21.2	1	I	I	I	3.7	15.2	2.3
Existing public private partnership prisons fixed fees	5 952 bed space	Handed over	1	213.4	208.2	150.0	222.6	194.7	194.7	194.7

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2012/13

58.2

36.5

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4.7

Medium-term expenditure estimate 1 163.1 2011/12 2010/11 ı ı ı 40.3 37.3 1 44.4 1 108.3 5.0 27.1 10.0 appropriation 2009/10 96.9 0.2 0.2 4.0 33.6 15.4 1012.5 5.0 10.0 5.5 12.0 Adjusted 1 035.5 2008/09 245.4 Audited outcome 1 087.0 ı ı ı 446.2 2007/08 794.8 1 ı ı ı ı 2006/07 465.7 9.8 Total project cost 99.9 31.8 4.0 7 648.7 Table 20.E Summary of expenditure on infrastructure (continued) project stage Various Various Various Various Design Design Various Various Various Various Various Various Public private partnership projects Backup power supply feasibility study
Audit of facility
Audit of kitchen Kitchen replacement Prison replacement Service delivery Improved security Prison upgrading Feasibility study Site clearance Site clearance Maintenance New offices Departmental infrastructure equipments and boilers Consultants for the Replacement of correctional centre and visitors waiting room at Parole boards offices Lichtenburg prison Site clearance for the Maintenance Other small grouped Upgrading and additions at the Parys prototype adult male correctional centre at Construction of new site clearance at the prison Standby generator feasibility Remand detention partnership projects Head office site access gate and the Nigel prison construction of Project name the Odi prison public private clearance

22.3

16.2

2.0

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108.5 2 675.6

76.4